



wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Jul 13, 2026 – 10:25 AM JST

PDB ID : 9VY9 / pdb_00009vy9
Title : Structure of MIF binding with Gadolinium ions
Authors : Du, Y.X.; Li, Z.Q.; Liu, L.
Deposited on : 2025-07-20
Resolution : 1.41 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Xtriage (Phenix) : 2.0
EDS : 3.0
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
CCP4 : 9.0.015 (Gargrove)
Density-Fitness : 1.0.12
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.50

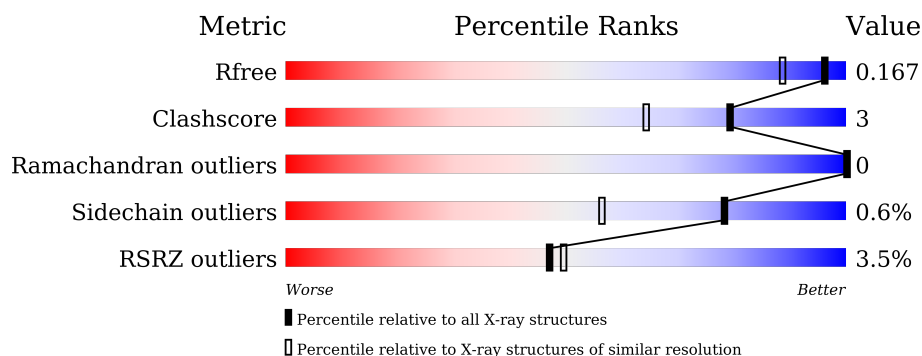
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.41 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	180053	4041 (1.44-1.40)
Clashscore	190562	4154 (1.44-1.40)
Ramachandran outliers	187476	4083 (1.44-1.40)
Sidechain outliers	187428	4082 (1.44-1.40)
RSRZ outliers	180081	4039 (1.44-1.40)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	153	4% 96% ..
1	B	153	3% 91% 7% ..
1	C	153	3% 95% ..
1	D	153	4% 95% ..

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit crite-

ria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
3	BR	C	209	-	-	X	-

2 Entry composition

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 9954 atoms, of which 4501 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Propeptide, PepSY and peptidase M4.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	152	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2295	737	1119	187	250	2			
1	B	150	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2293	736	1125	184	246	2			
1	C	150	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2293	736	1125	184	246	2			
1	D	151	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2310	742	1132	187	247	2			

There are 4 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	1	MET	-	initiating methionine	UNP Q1H2G7
B	1	MET	-	initiating methionine	UNP Q1H2G7
C	1	MET	-	initiating methionine	UNP Q1H2G7
D	1	MET	-	initiating methionine	UNP Q1H2G7

- Molecule 2 is GADOLINIUM ATOM (CCD ID: GD) (formula: Gd) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	7	Total	Gd	0	0
			7	7		
2	B	6	Total	Gd	0	0
			6	6		
2	C	8	Total	Gd	0	0
			8	8		
2	D	6	Total	Gd	0	0
			6	6		

- Molecule 3 is BROMIDE ION (CCD ID: BR) (formula: Br).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	B	1	Total 1	Br 1	0	0
3	C	1	Total 1	Br 1	0	0
3	D	1	Total 1	Br 1	0	0

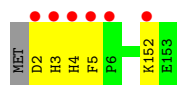
- Molecule 4 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	179	Total 179	O 179	0	0
4	B	169	Total 169	O 169	0	0
4	C	187	Total 187	O 187	0	0
4	D	198	Total 198	O 198	0	0

3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Propeptide, PepSY amd peptidase M4



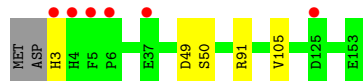
- Molecule 1: Propeptide, PepSY amd peptidase M4



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- Molecule 1: Propeptide, PepSY amd peptidase M4



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	57.80Å 101.15Å 115.40Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	51.68 – 1.41 51.68 – 1.41	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.6 (51.68-1.41) 99.6 (51.68-1.41)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.18	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	1.41 (at 1.42Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX 1.19.2_4158	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.150 , 0.166 0.151 , 0.167	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	6480 reflections (5.00%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	13.4	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.302	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.40 , 34.8	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.47$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.30$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.97	EDS
Total number of atoms	9954	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	25.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 5.91% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: BR, GD

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.75	0/1196	0.88	1/1616 (0.1%)
1	B	0.72	0/1188	0.86	0/1603
1	C	0.82	0/1188	0.87	0/1603
1	D	0.74	0/1199	0.86	0/1618
All	All	0.76	0/4771	0.87	1/6440 (0.0%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	3	HIS	N-CA-C	7.90	122.35	112.87

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1176	1119	1118	3	0
1	B	1168	1125	1125	8	0
1	C	1168	1125	1125	11	0
1	D	1178	1132	1132	2	0
2	A	7	0	0	0	0
2	B	6	0	0	0	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	C	8	0	0	0	0
2	D	6	0	0	0	0
3	B	1	0	0	0	0
3	C	1	0	0	6	0
3	D	1	0	0	0	0
4	A	179	0	0	2	0
4	B	169	0	0	2	0
4	C	187	0	0	6	0
4	D	198	0	0	0	0
All	All	5453	4501	4500	25	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 3.

The worst 5 of 25 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:C:152:LYS:HB3	3:C:209:BR:BR	2.35	0.81
1:C:152:LYS:CB	3:C:209:BR:BR	2.88	0.77
1:C:152:LYS:HG3	3:C:209:BR:BR	2.49	0.67
1:C:152:LYS:CG	4:C:460:HOH:O	2.45	0.63
1:A:4:HIS:O	1:A:5:PHE:C	2.44	0.61

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	150/153 (98%)	148 (99%)	2 (1%)	0	100	100
1	B	148/153 (97%)	148 (100%)	0	0	100	100

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	C	148/153 (97%)	146 (99%)	2 (1%)	0	100	100
1	D	149/153 (97%)	148 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
All	All	595/612 (97%)	590 (99%)	5 (1%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	125/128 (98%)	125 (100%)	0	100	100
1	B	125/128 (98%)	124 (99%)	1 (1%)	73	47
1	C	125/128 (98%)	124 (99%)	1 (1%)	73	47
1	D	126/128 (98%)	125 (99%)	1 (1%)	73	47
All	All	501/512 (98%)	498 (99%)	3 (1%)	78	56

All (3) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	29	LYS
1	C	29	LYS
1	D	3	HIS

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (1) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	C	144	ASN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 30 ligands modelled in this entry, 30 are monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	152/153 (99%)	0.15	6 (3%) 43 46	15, 24, 44, 78	0
1	B	150/153 (98%)	0.20	4 (2%) 56 59	16, 24, 39, 80	0
1	C	150/153 (98%)	0.01	5 (3%) 49 52	15, 22, 35, 88	0
1	D	151/153 (98%)	0.14	6 (3%) 42 45	14, 23, 40, 73	0
All	All	603/612 (98%)	0.13	21 (3%) 47 49	14, 23, 40, 88	0

The worst 5 of 21 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	5	PHE	6.1
1	C	153	GLU	6.0
1	D	3	HIS	4.5
1	C	4	HIS	4.0
1	C	152	LYS	3.9

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

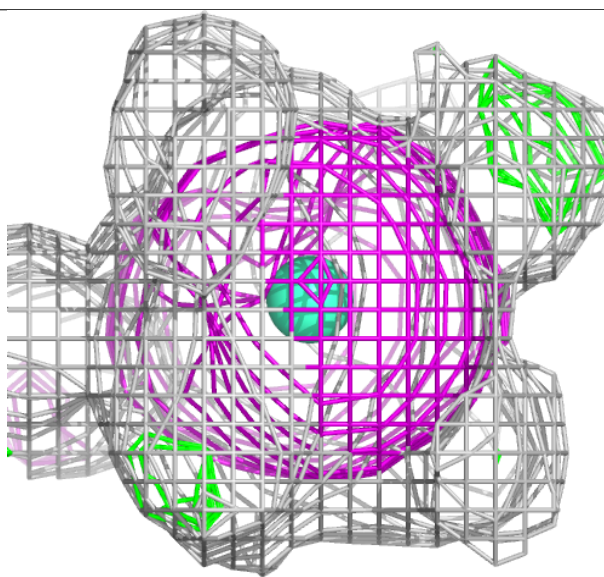
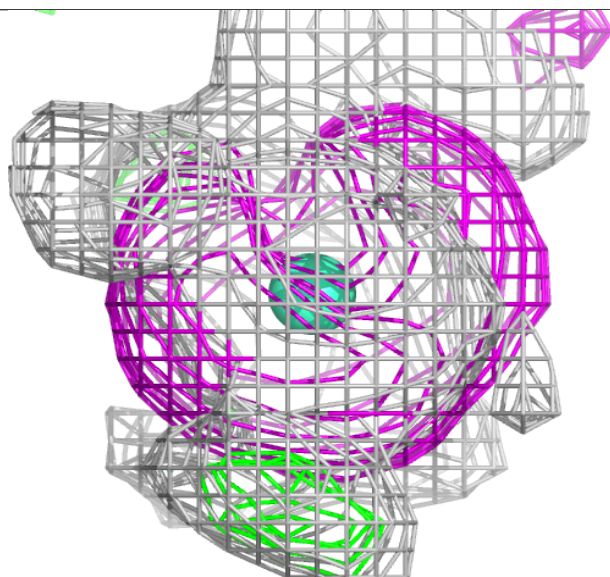
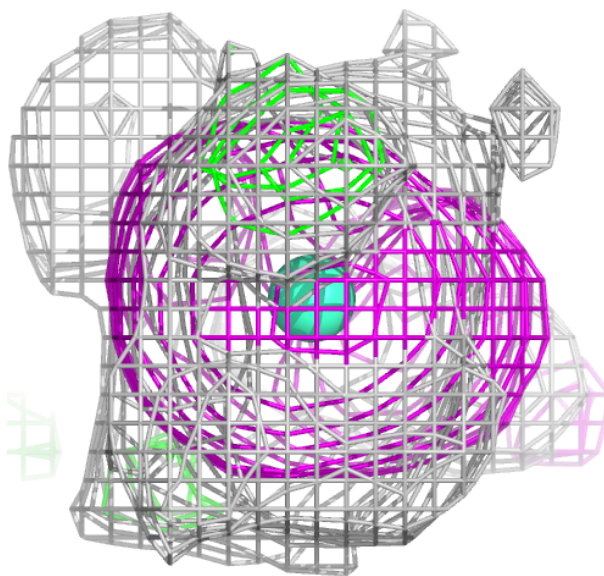
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors($\text{\AA}^2$)	Q<0.9
3	BR	C	209	1/1	0.87	0.34	63,63,63,63	0
2	GD	C	208	1/1	0.92	0.20	42,42,42,42	0
3	BR	B	207	1/1	0.93	0.27	62,62,62,62	0
3	BR	D	207	1/1	0.97	0.28	38,38,38,38	0
2	GD	A	205	1/1	1.00	0.01	15,15,15,15	0
2	GD	A	206	1/1	1.00	0.01	16,16,16,16	0
2	GD	A	207	1/1	1.00	0.04	19,19,19,19	0
2	GD	B	201	1/1	1.00	0.01	16,16,16,16	0
2	GD	B	202	1/1	1.00	0.03	15,15,15,15	0
2	GD	B	203	1/1	1.00	0.01	15,15,15,15	0
2	GD	B	204	1/1	1.00	0.01	17,17,17,17	0
2	GD	B	205	1/1	1.00	0.01	16,16,16,16	0
2	GD	B	206	1/1	1.00	0.02	20,20,20,20	0
2	GD	C	201	1/1	1.00	0.01	14,14,14,14	0
2	GD	C	202	1/1	1.00	0.02	15,15,15,15	0
2	GD	C	203	1/1	1.00	0.01	15,15,15,15	0
2	GD	C	204	1/1	1.00	0.02	14,14,14,14	0
2	GD	C	205	1/1	1.00	0.02	18,18,18,18	0
2	GD	C	206	1/1	1.00	0.01	15,15,15,15	0
2	GD	C	207	1/1	1.00	0.01	15,15,15,15	0
2	GD	A	201	1/1	1.00	0.02	14,14,14,14	0
2	GD	D	201	1/1	1.00	0.02	14,14,14,14	0
2	GD	D	202	1/1	1.00	0.01	16,16,16,16	0
2	GD	D	203	1/1	1.00	0.02	19,19,19,19	0
2	GD	D	204	1/1	1.00	0.01	14,14,14,14	0
2	GD	D	205	1/1	1.00	0.02	17,17,17,17	0
2	GD	D	206	1/1	1.00	0.01	14,14,14,14	0
2	GD	A	202	1/1	1.00	0.01	14,14,14,14	0
2	GD	A	203	1/1	1.00	0.01	15,15,15,15	0
2	GD	A	204	1/1	1.00	0.01	16,16,16,16	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

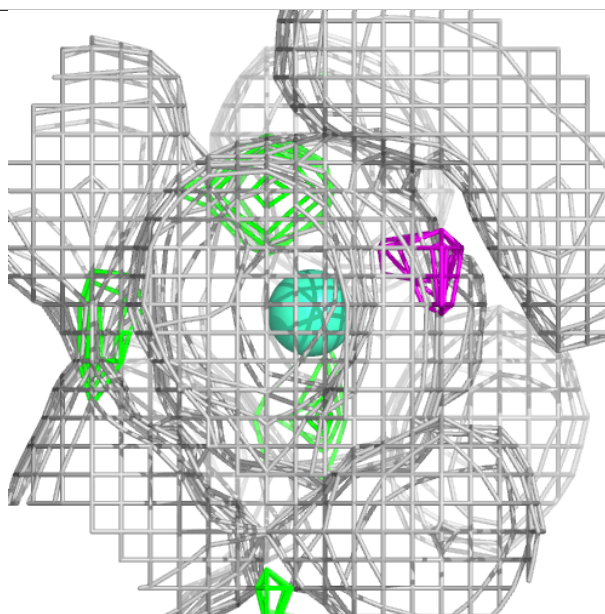
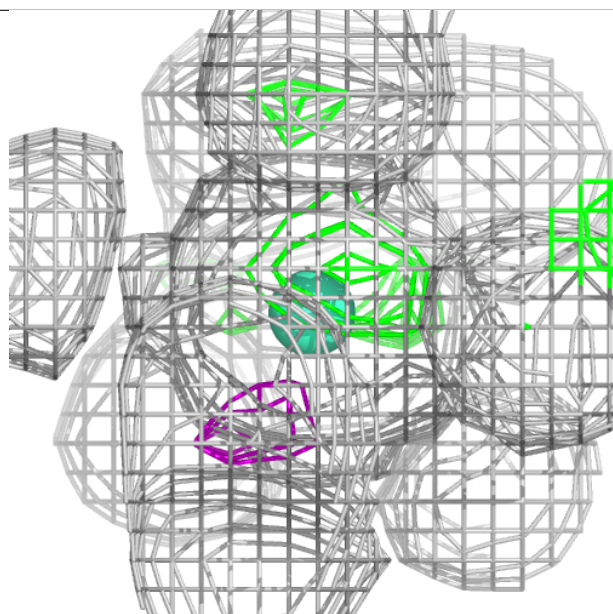
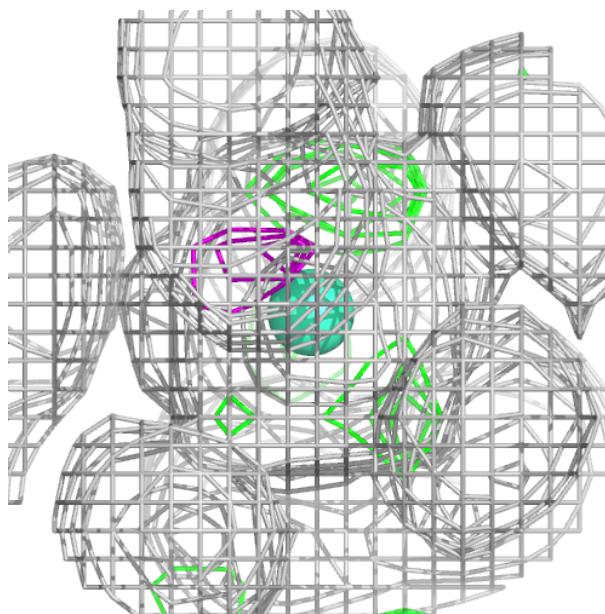
Electron density around GD C 208:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



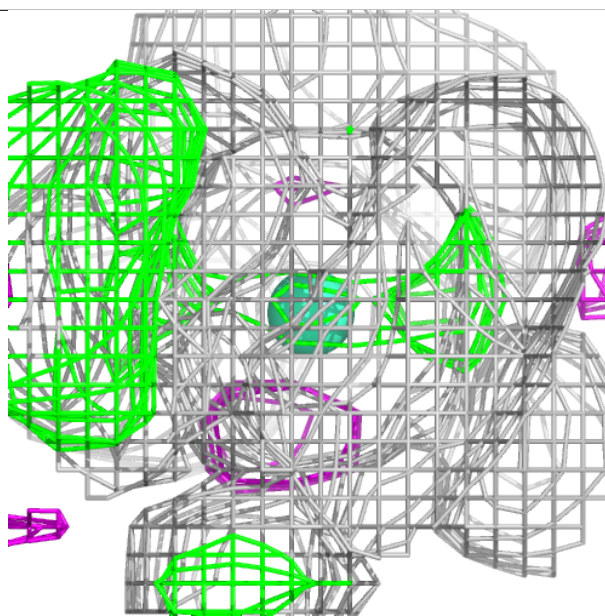
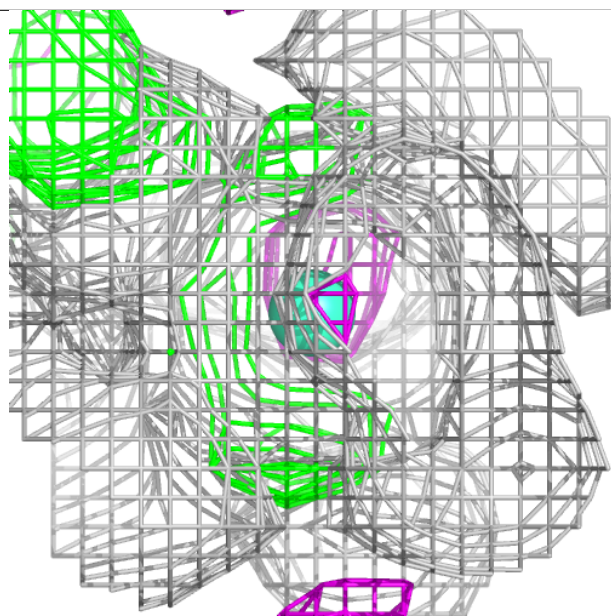
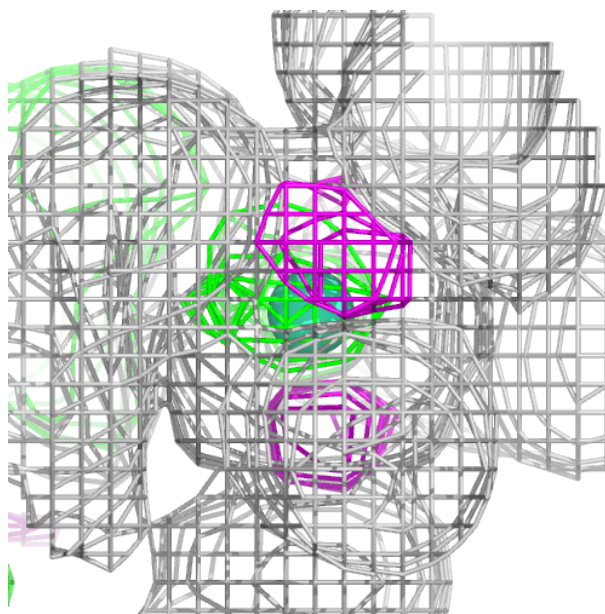
Electron density around GD A 205:

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 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



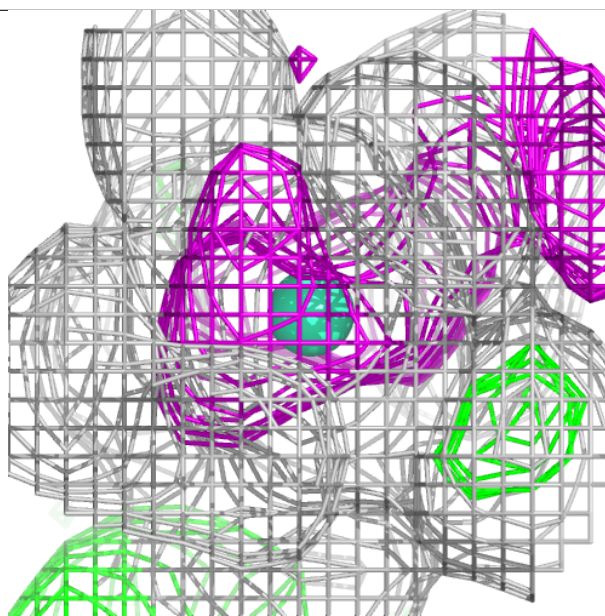
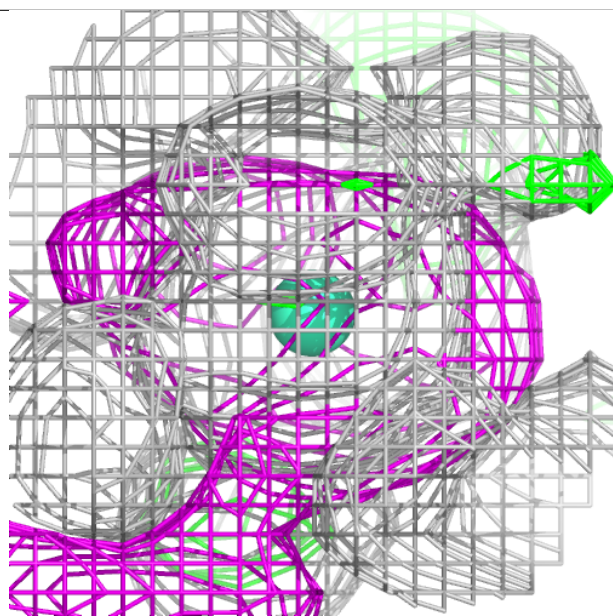
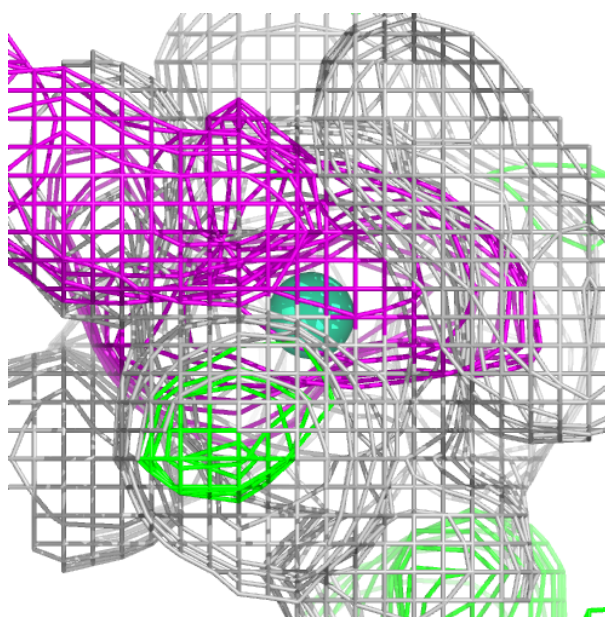
Electron density around GD A 206:

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 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



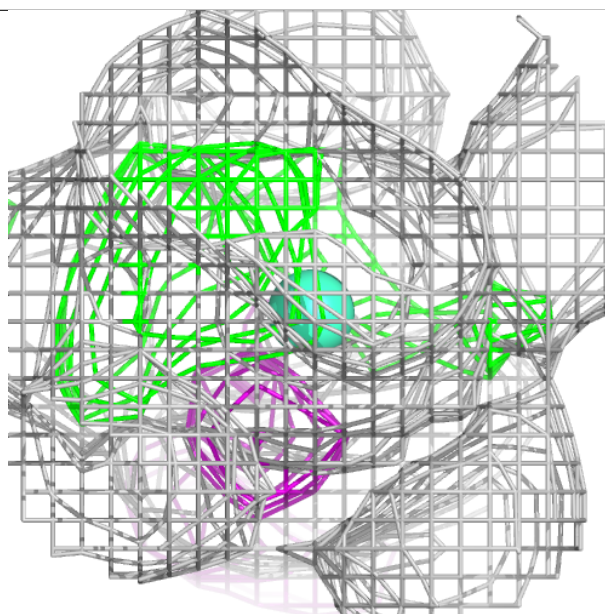
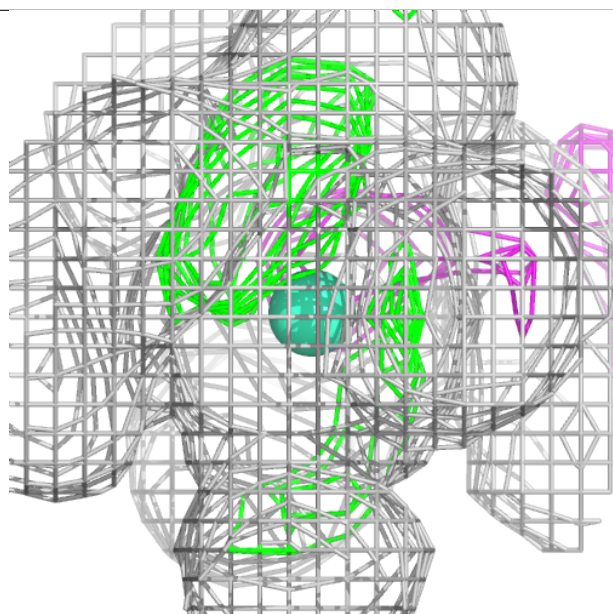
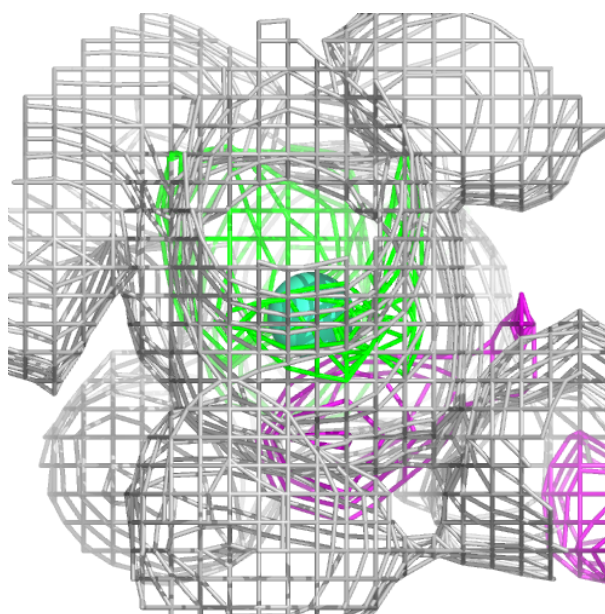
Electron density around GD A 207:

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 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



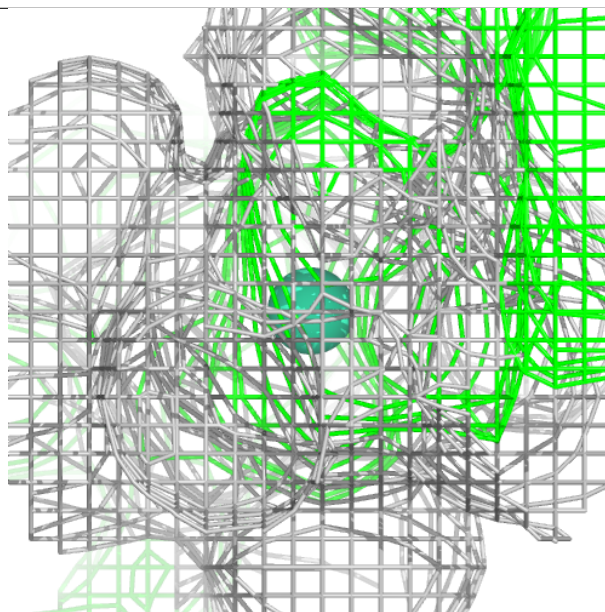
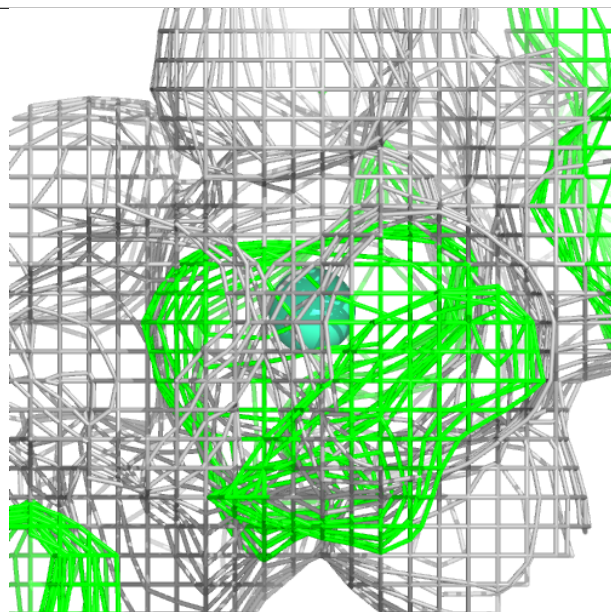
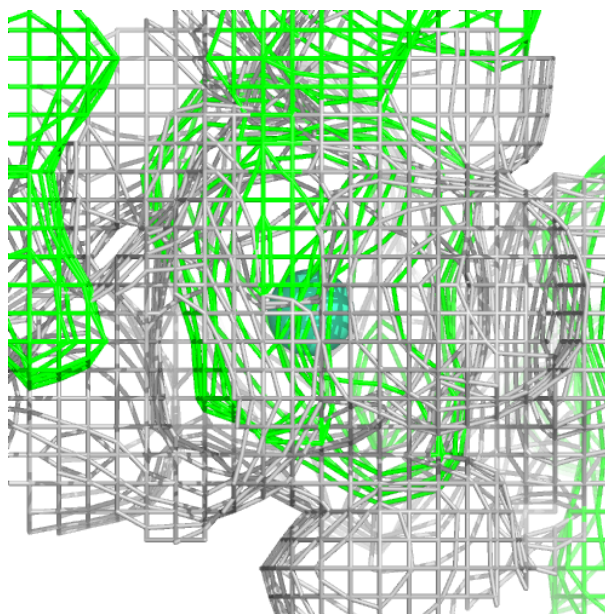
Electron density around GD B 201:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



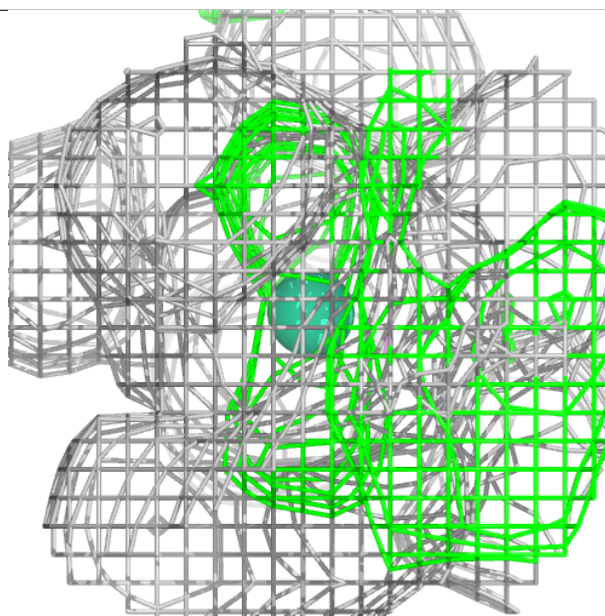
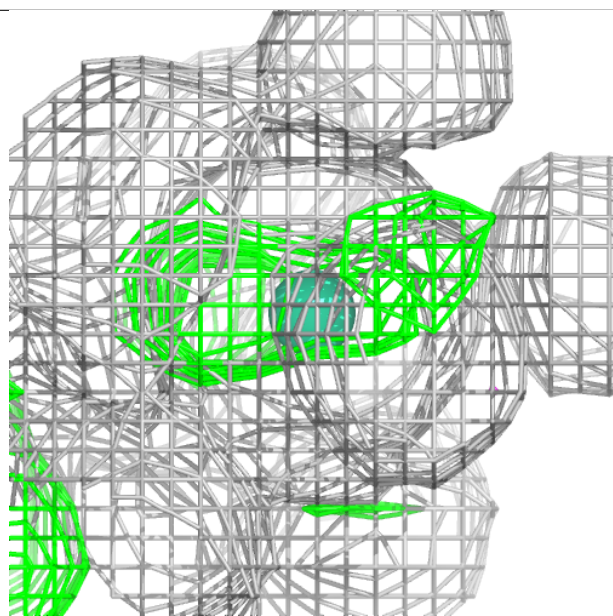
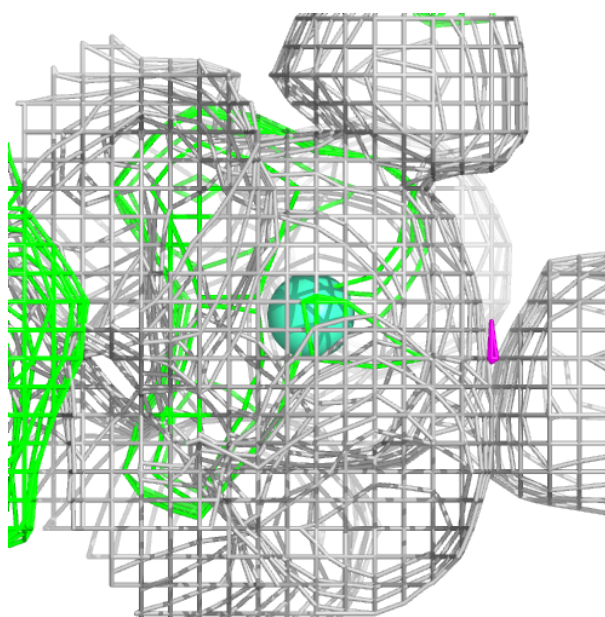
Electron density around GD B 202:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



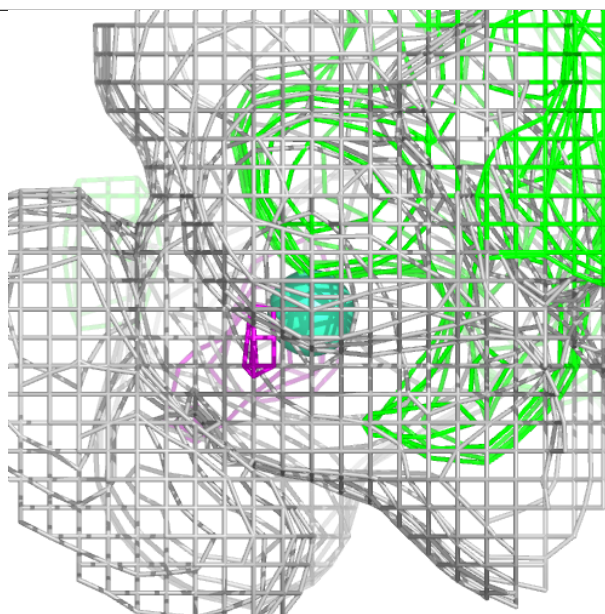
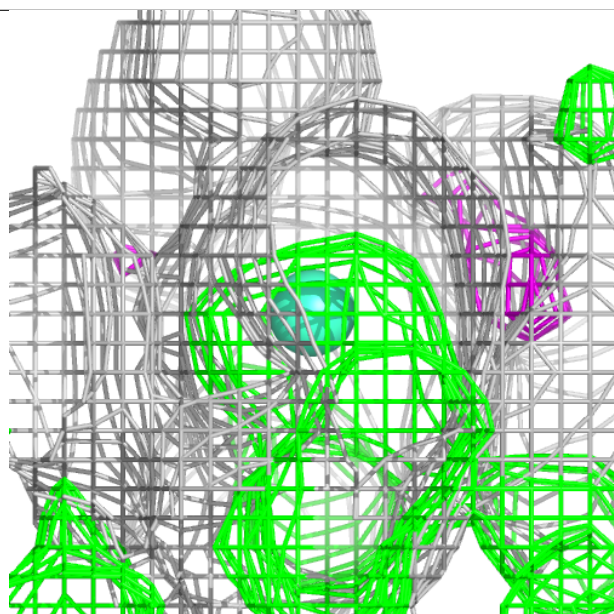
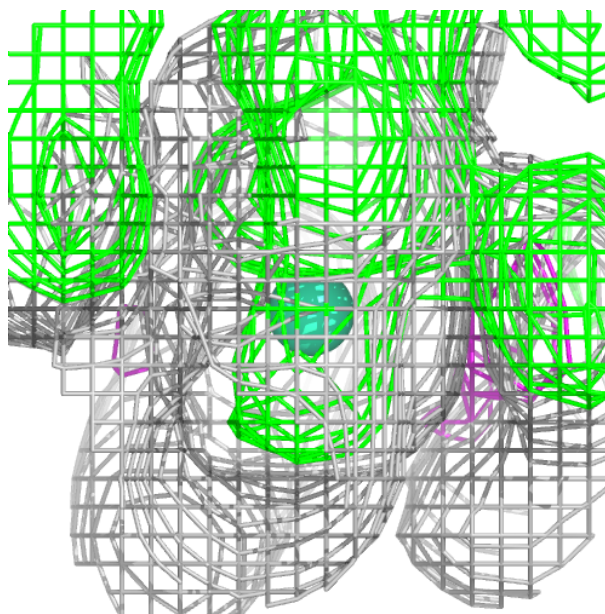
Electron density around GD B 203:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



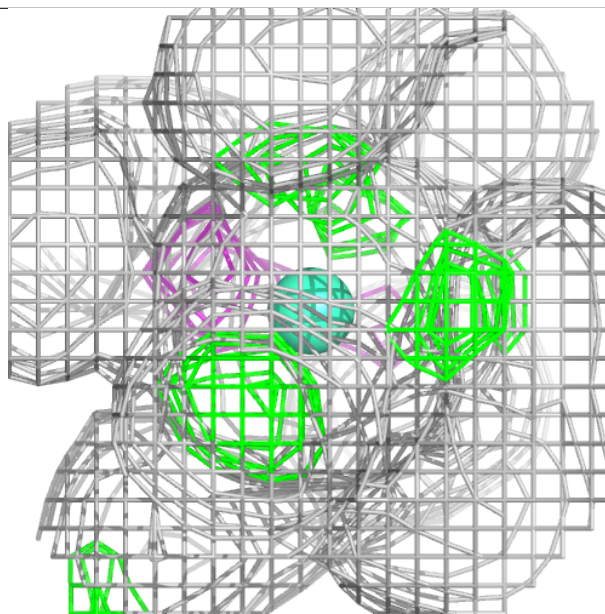
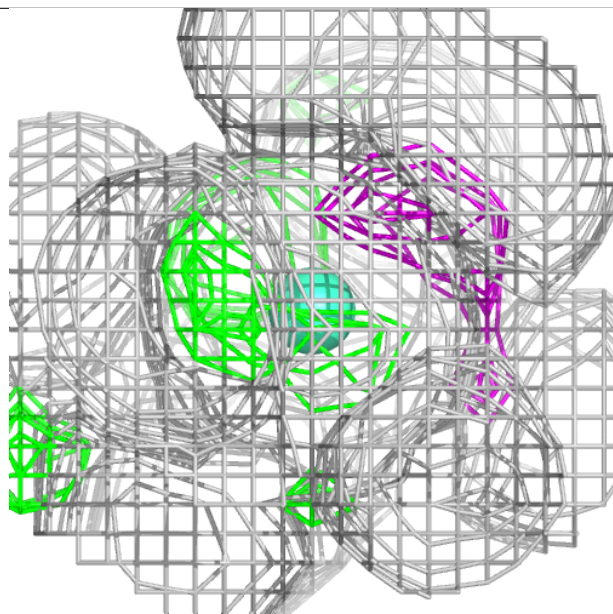
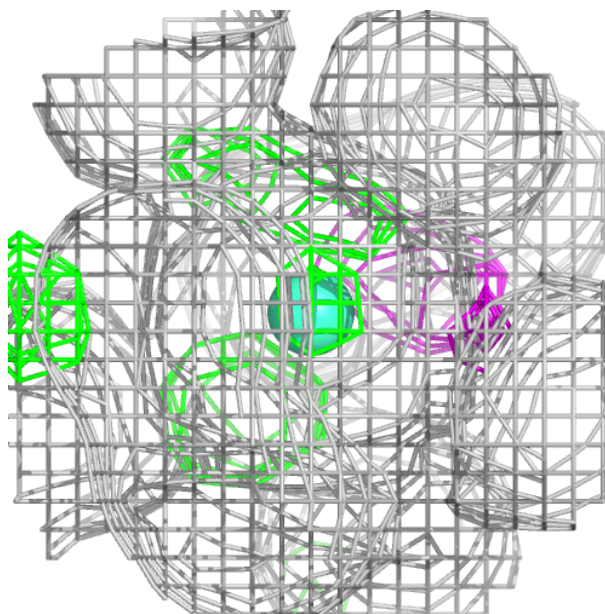
Electron density around GD B 204:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



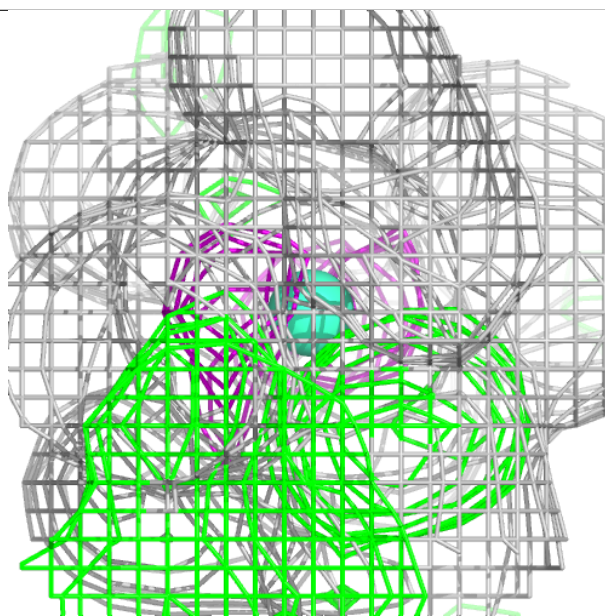
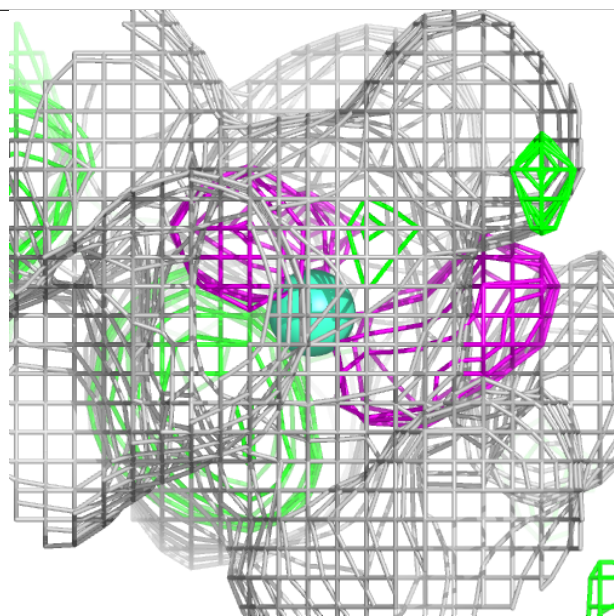
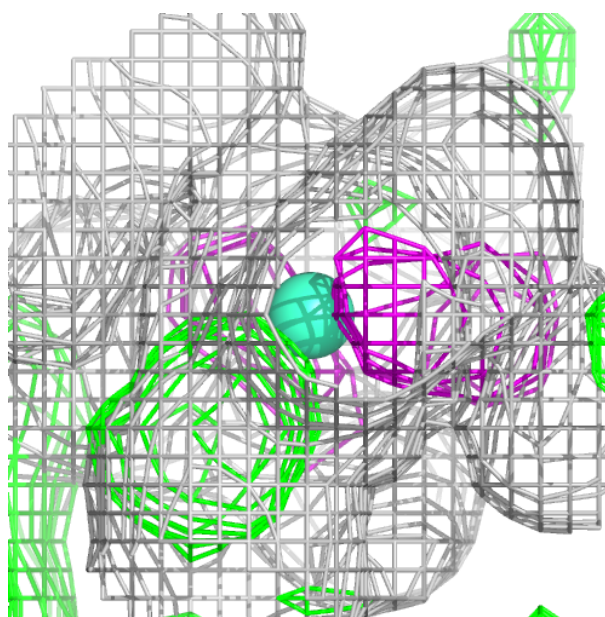
Electron density around GD B 205:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



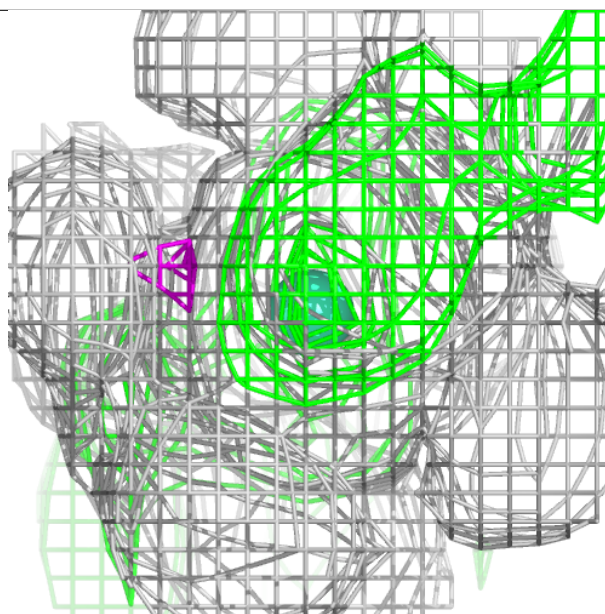
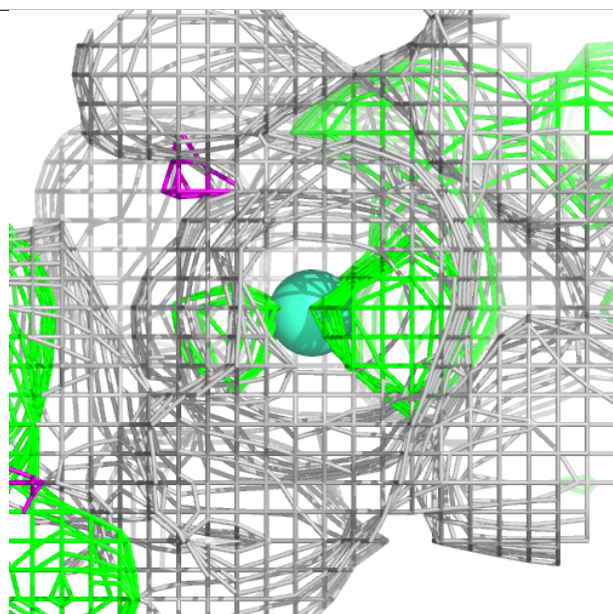
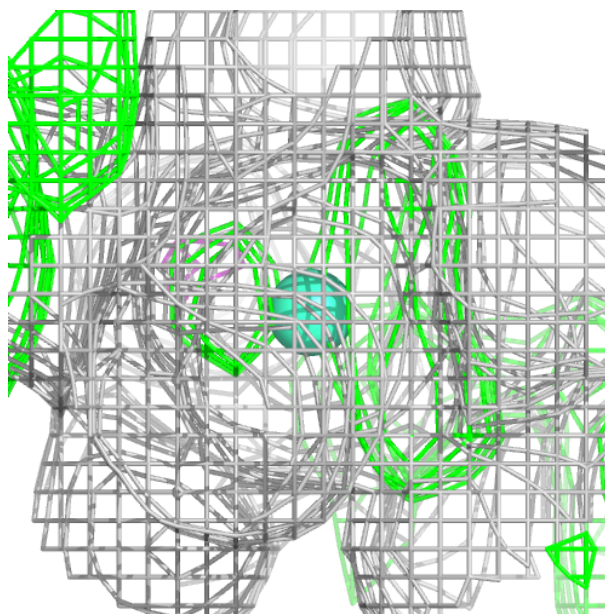
Electron density around GD B 206:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



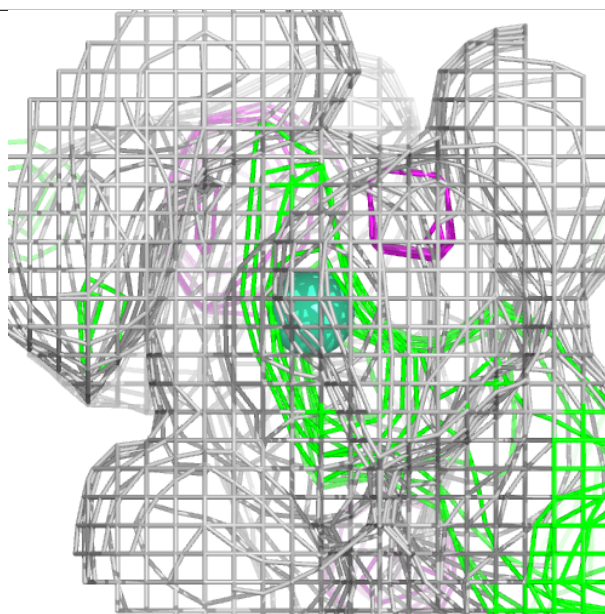
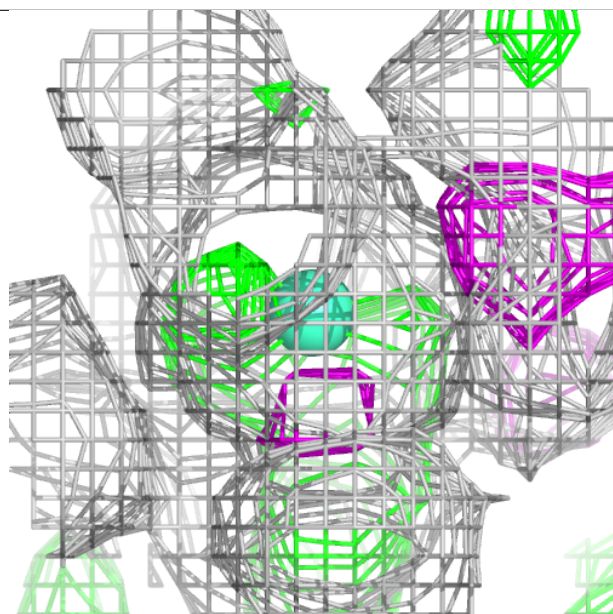
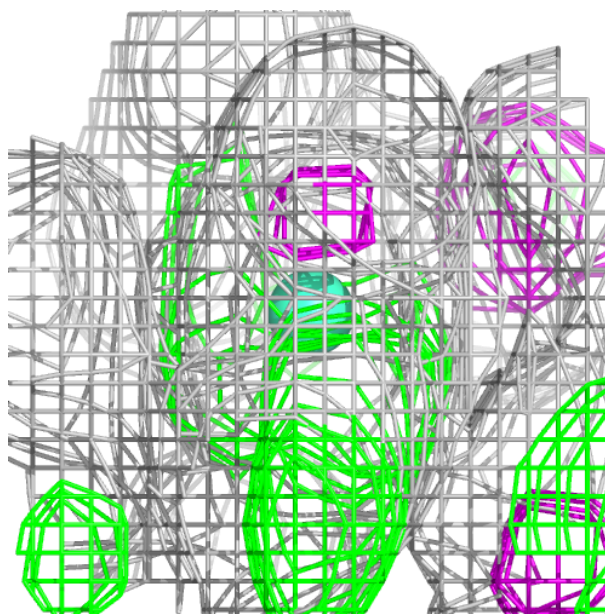
Electron density around GD C 201:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



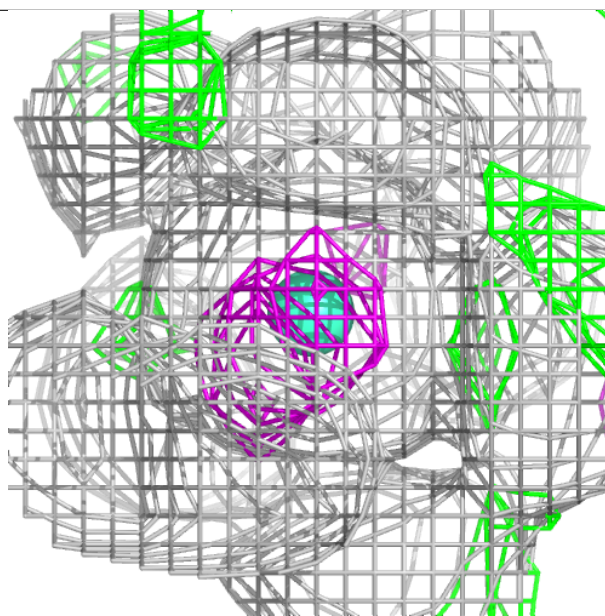
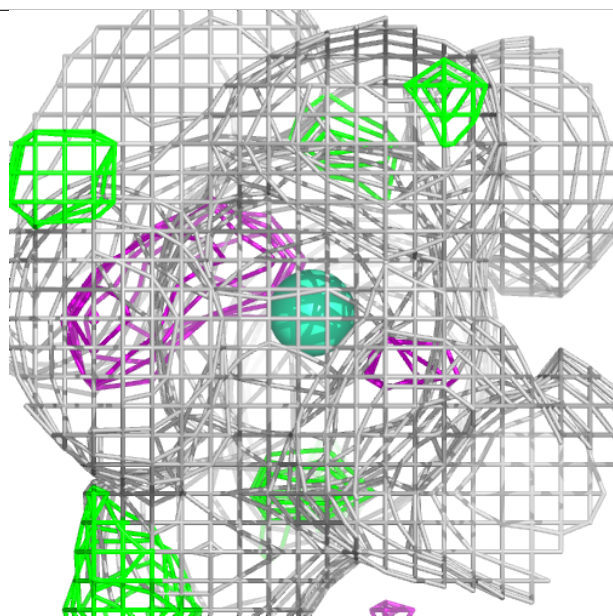
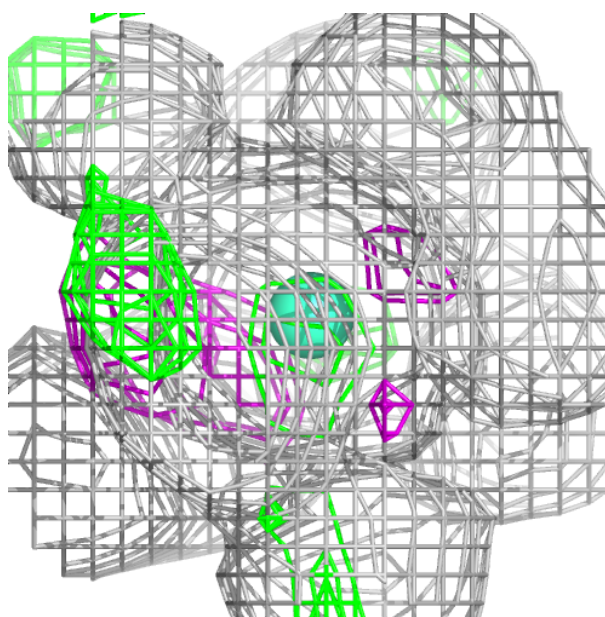
Electron density around GD C 202:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



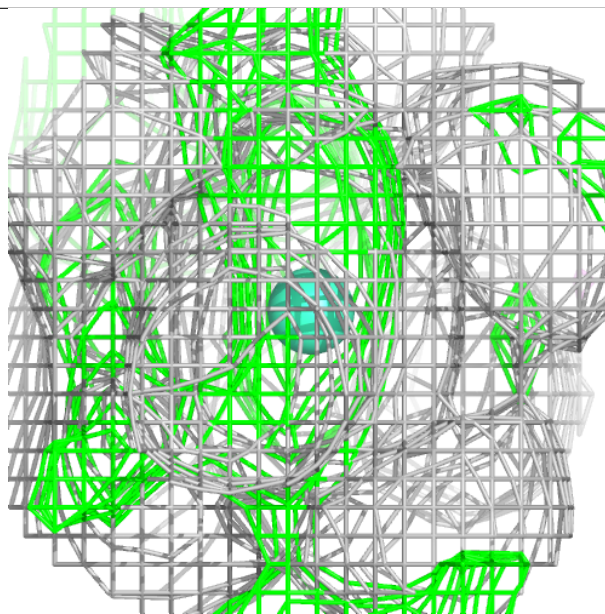
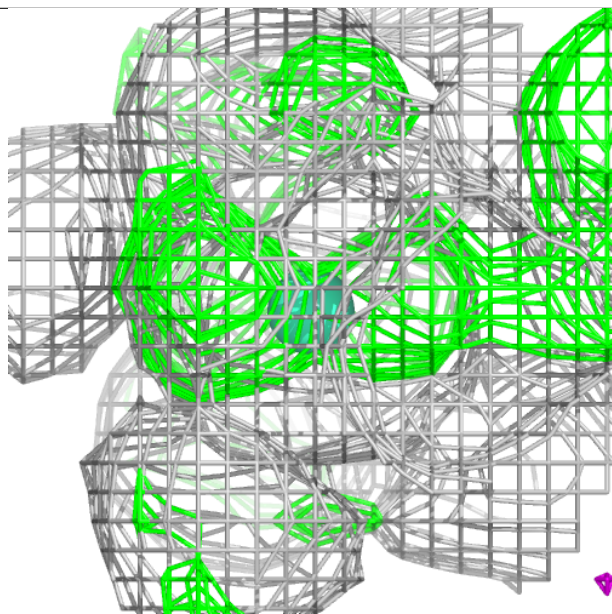
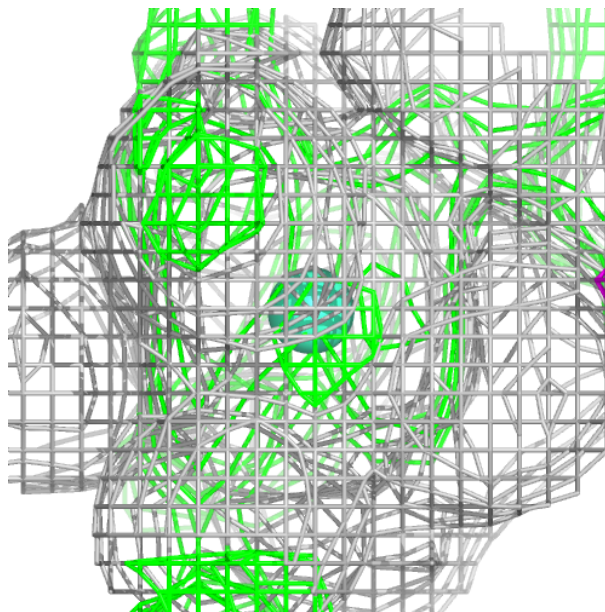
Electron density around GD C 203:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



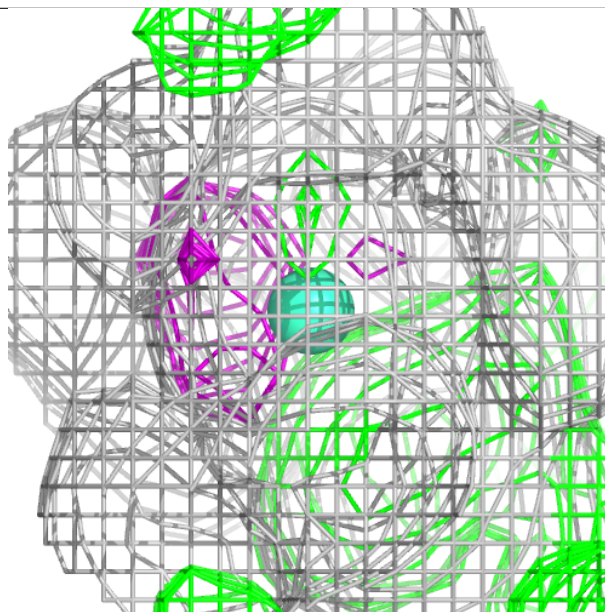
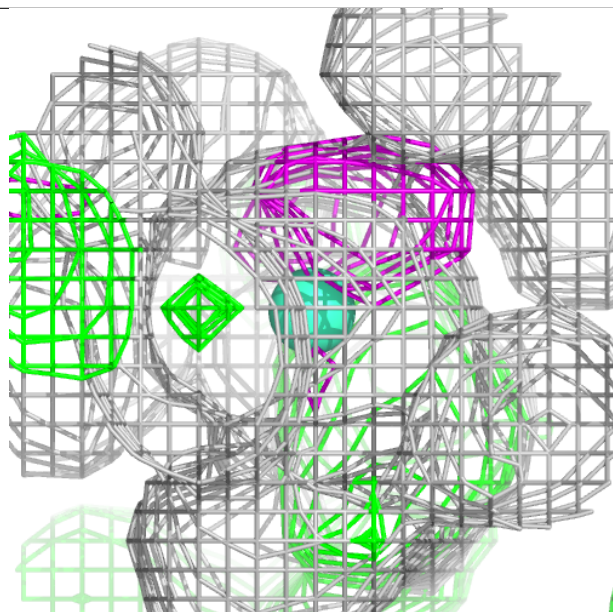
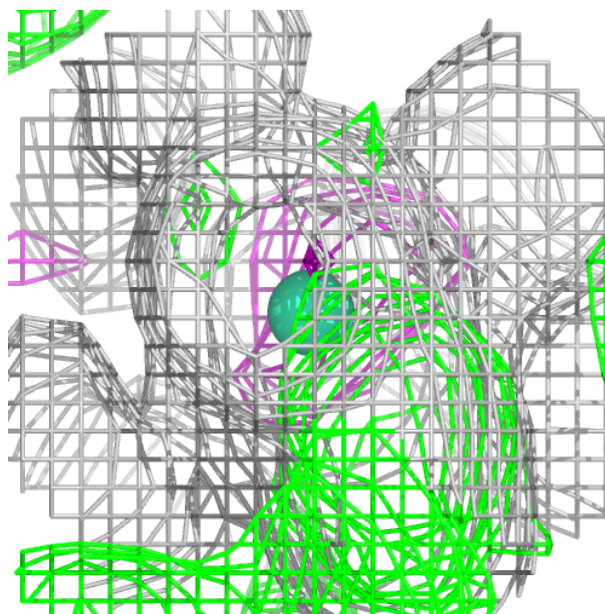
Electron density around GD C 204:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



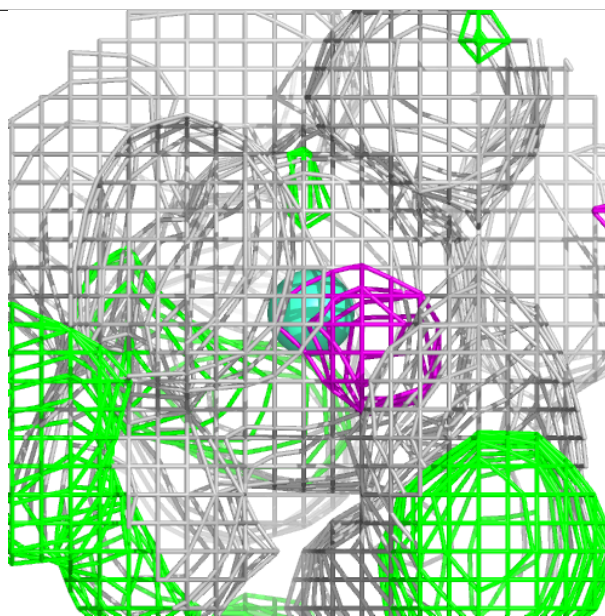
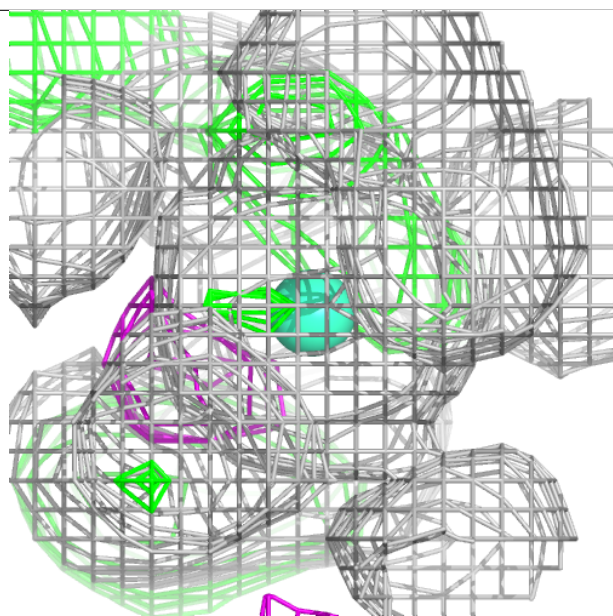
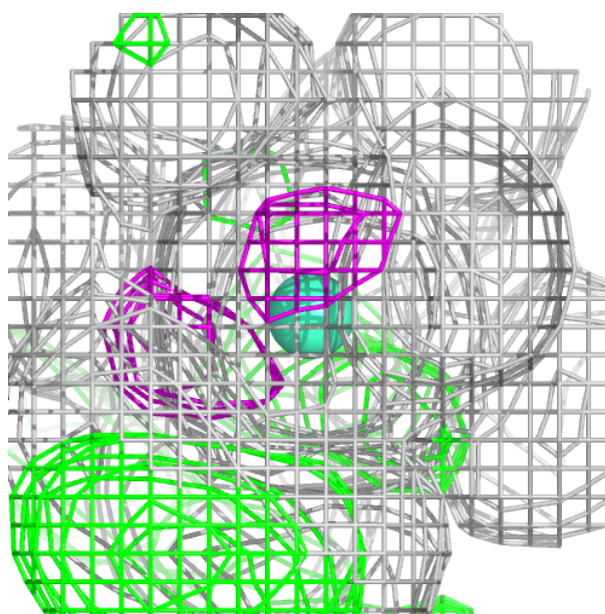
Electron density around GD C 205:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



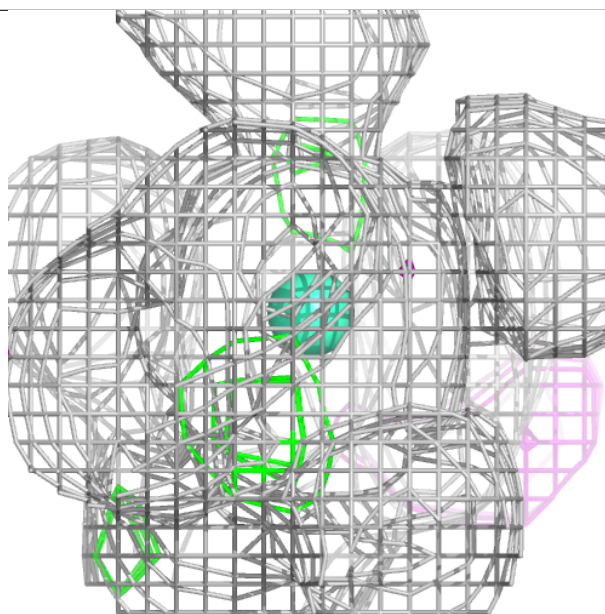
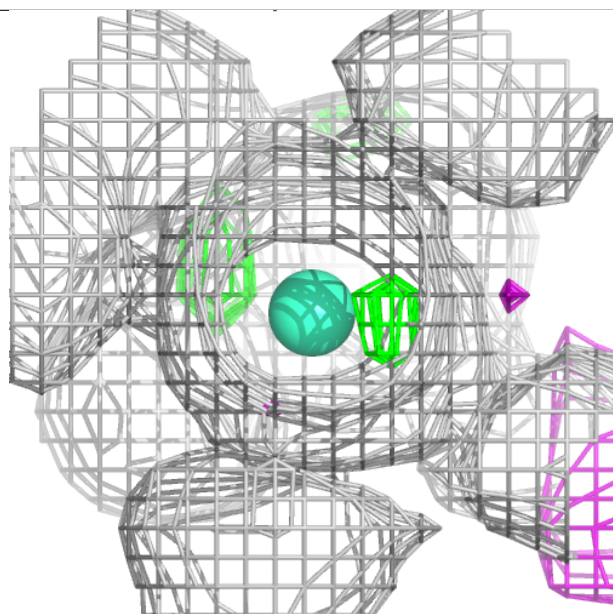
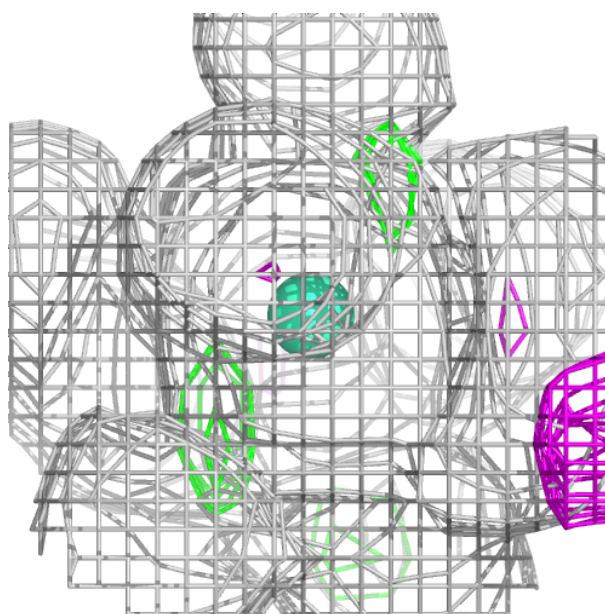
Electron density around GD C 206:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



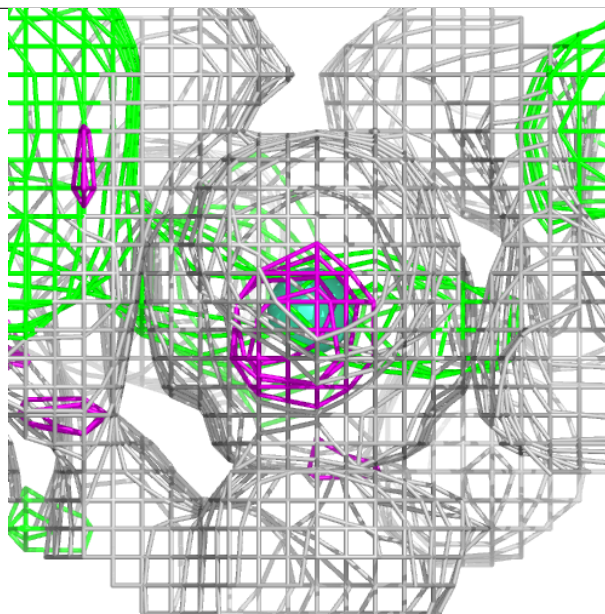
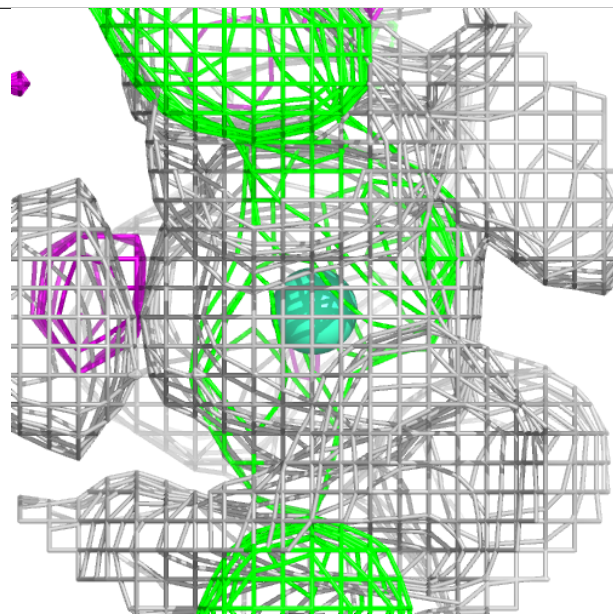
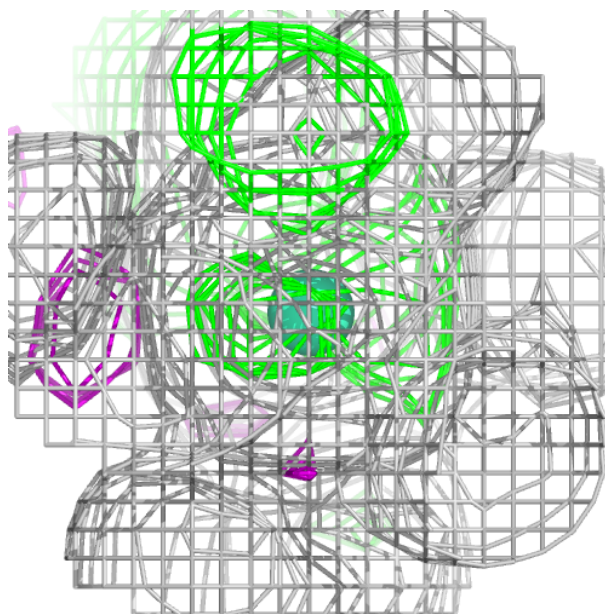
Electron density around GD C 207:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



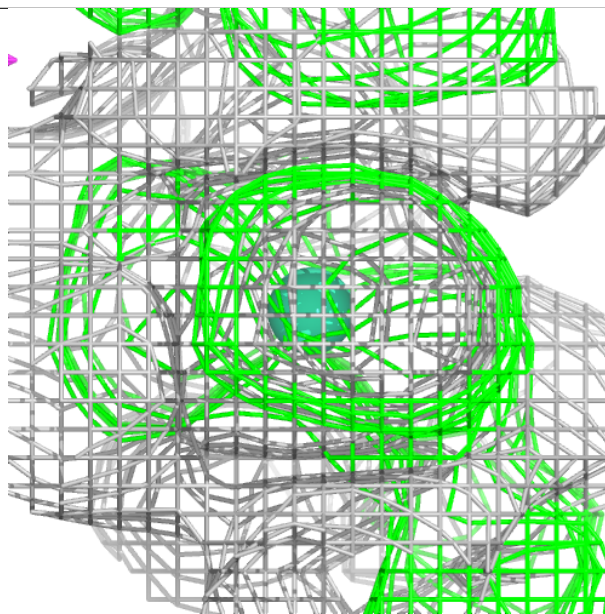
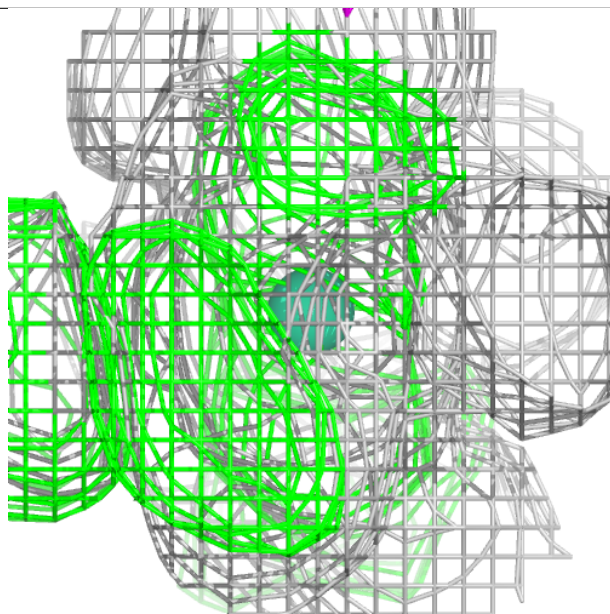
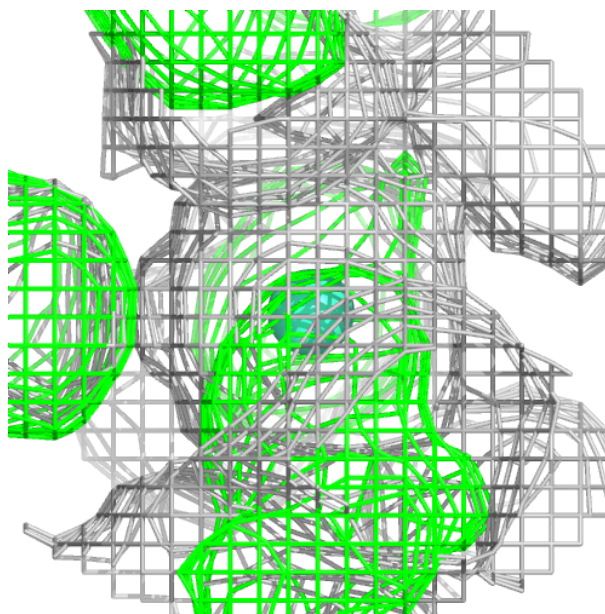
Electron density around GD A 201:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



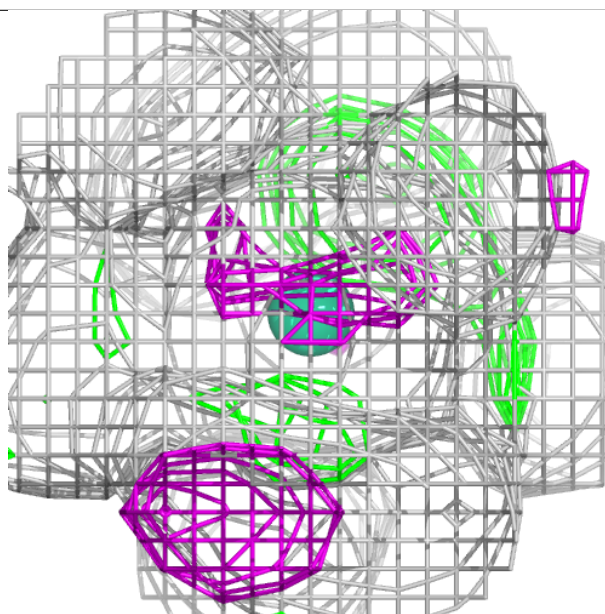
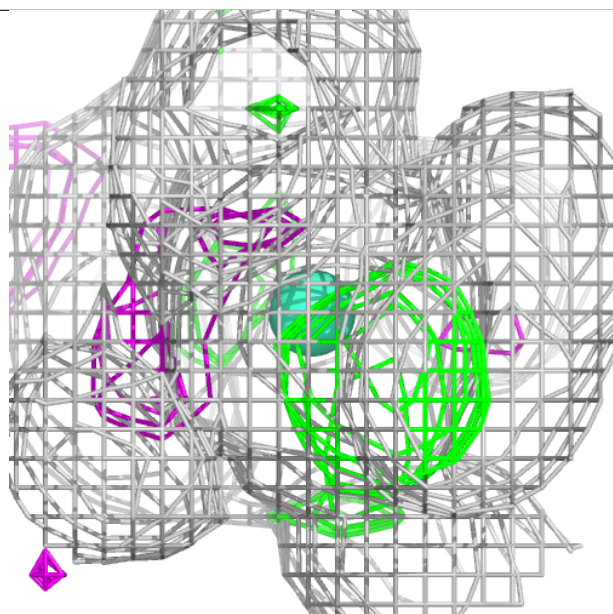
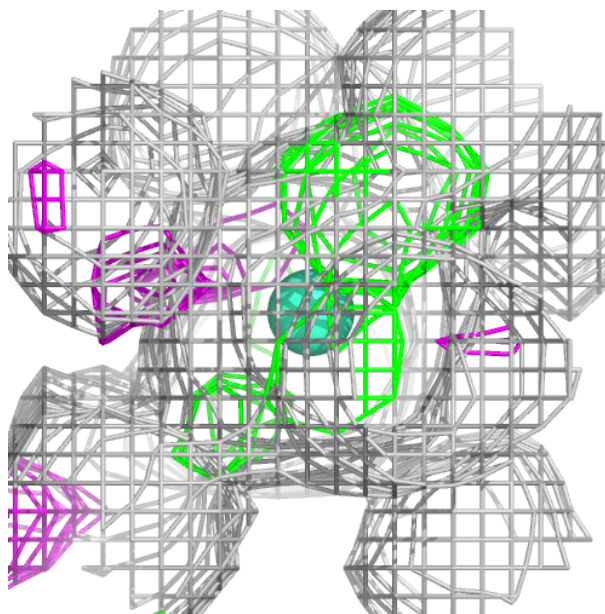
Electron density around GD D 201:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



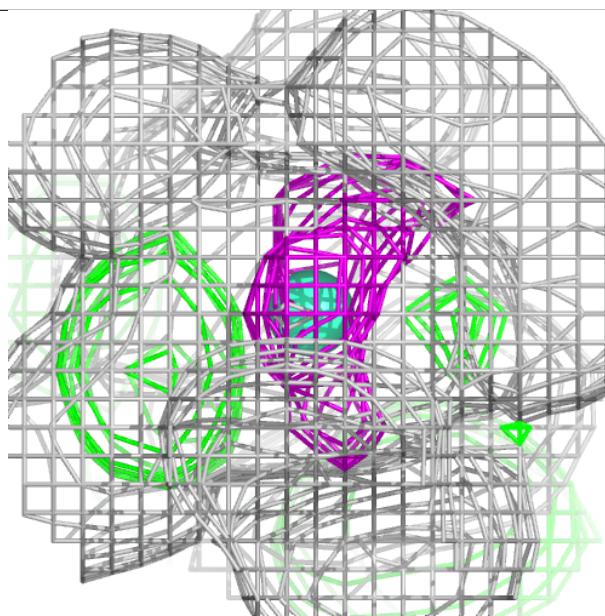
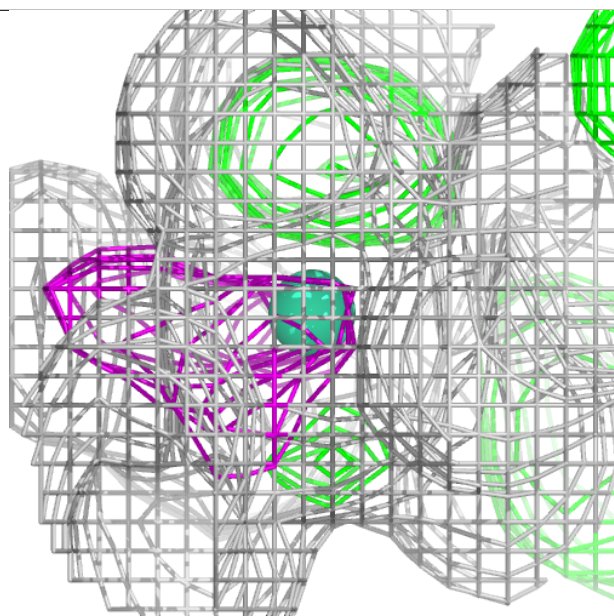
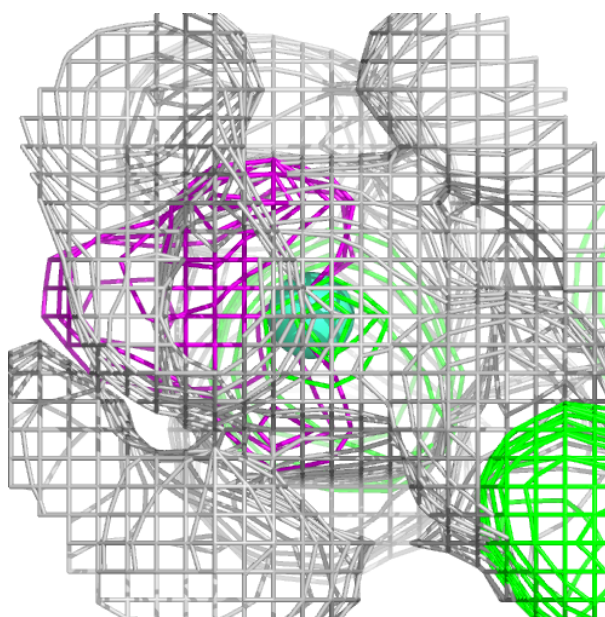
Electron density around GD D 202:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



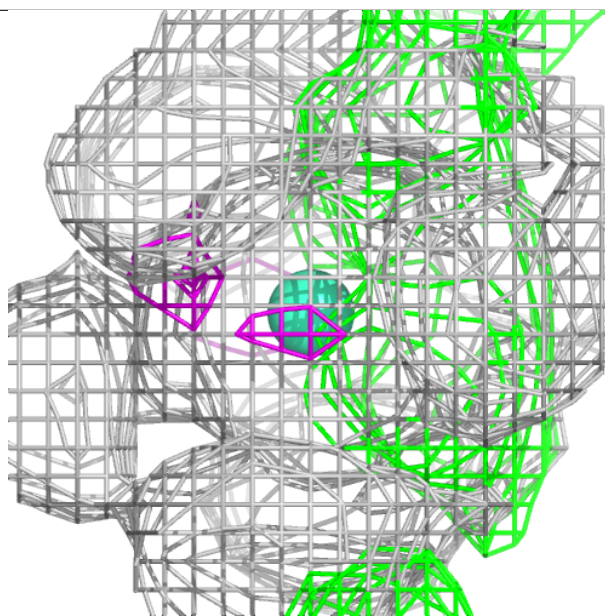
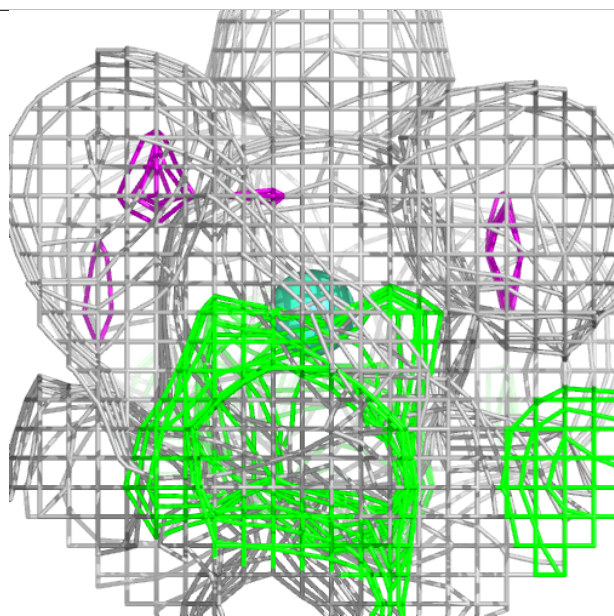
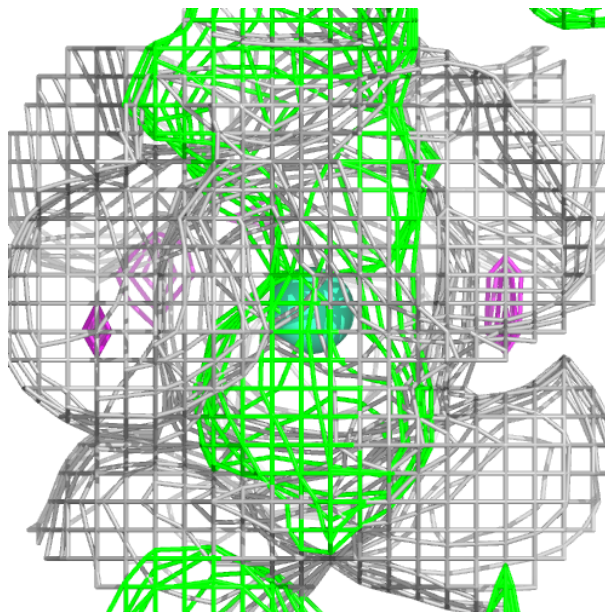
Electron density around GD D 203:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



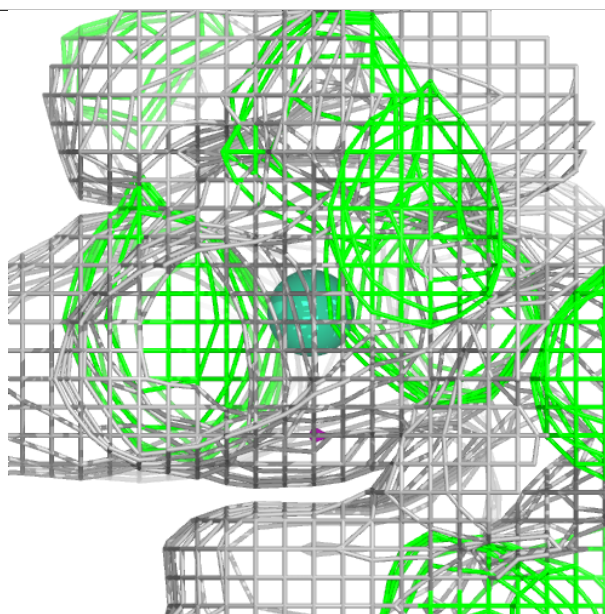
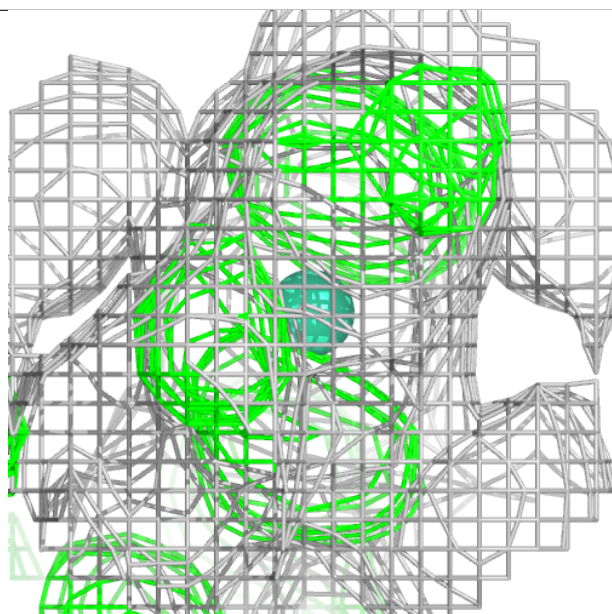
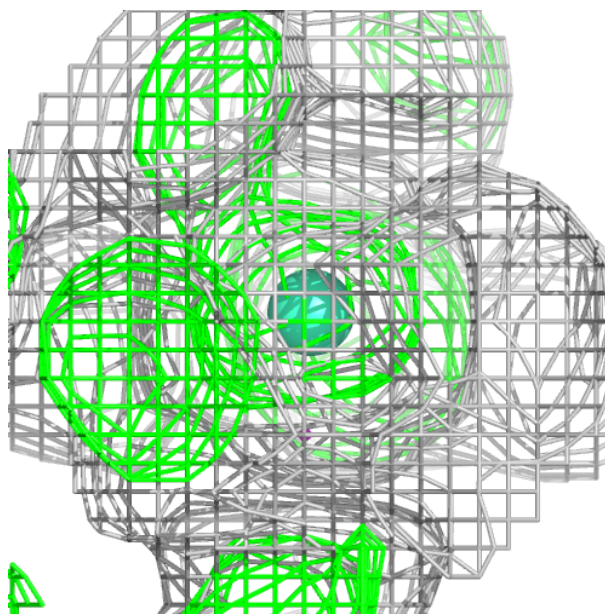
Electron density around GD D 204:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



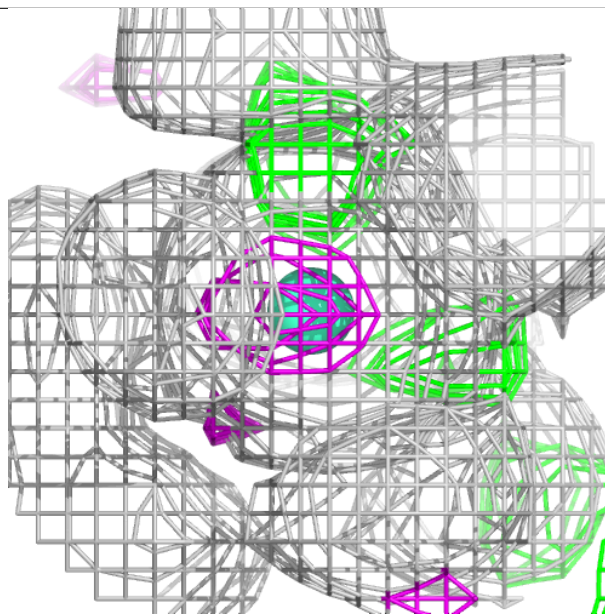
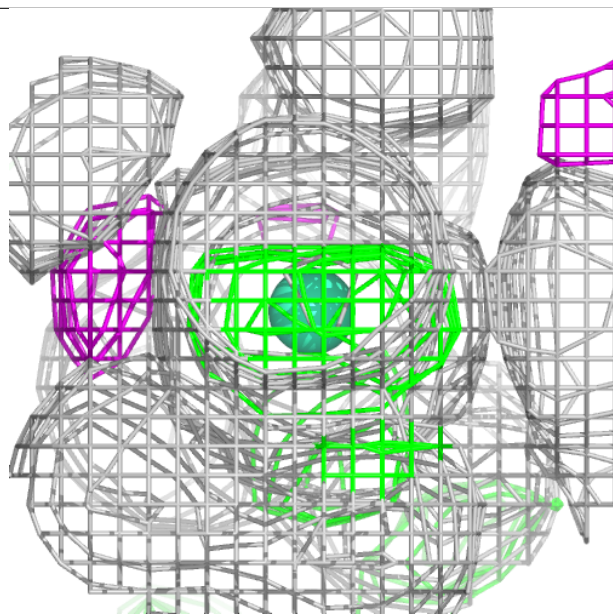
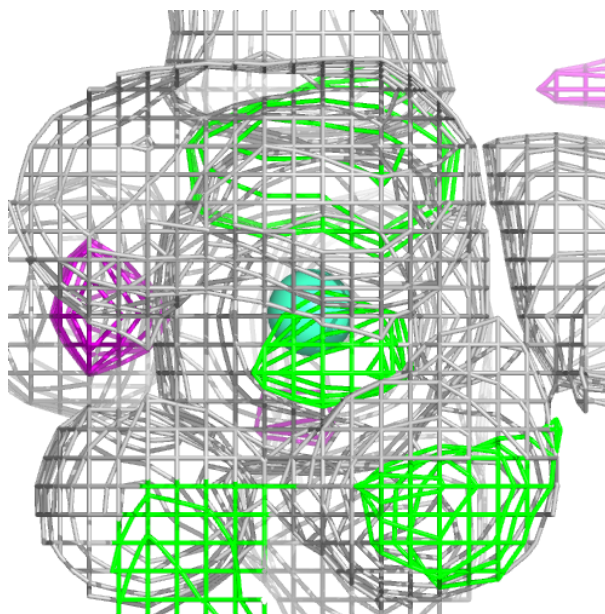
Electron density around GD D 205:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



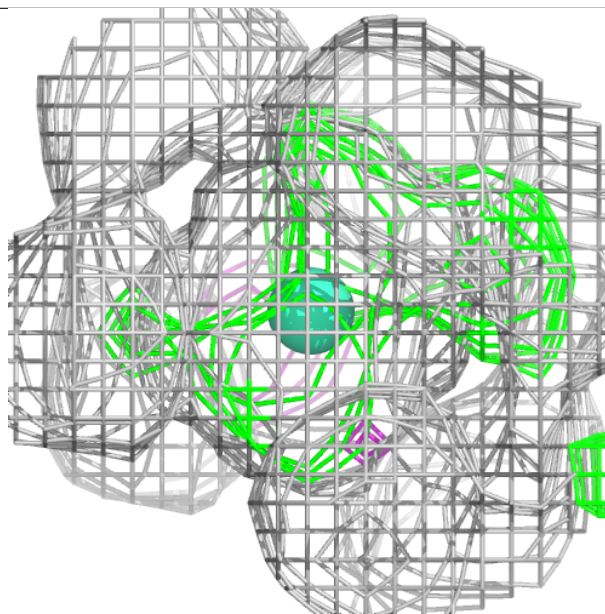
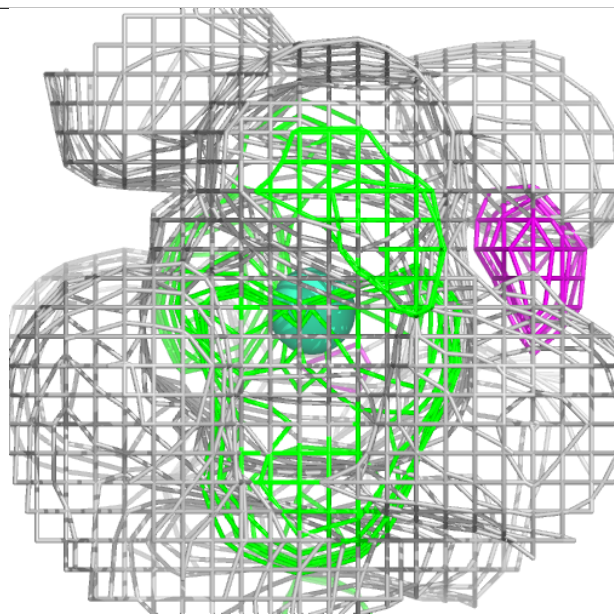
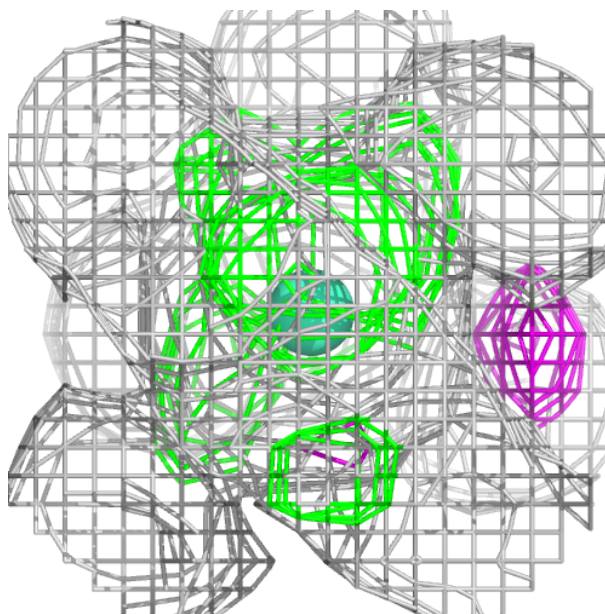
Electron density around GD D 206:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



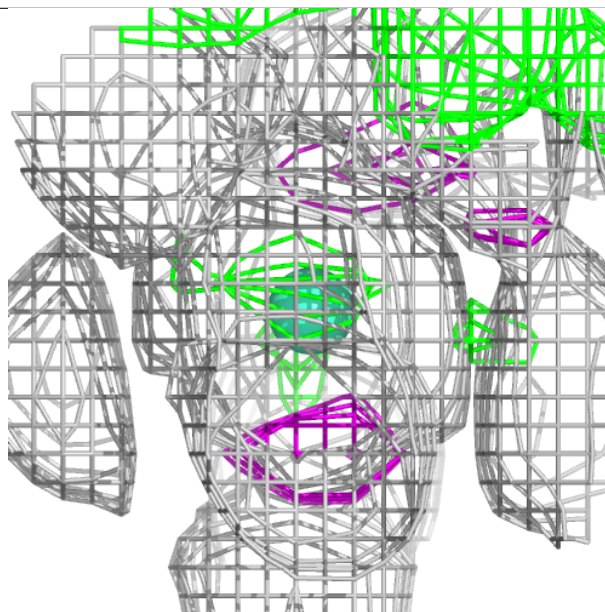
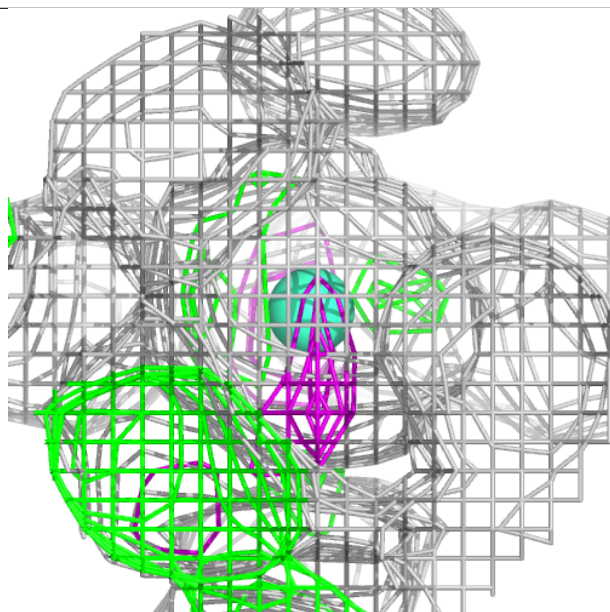
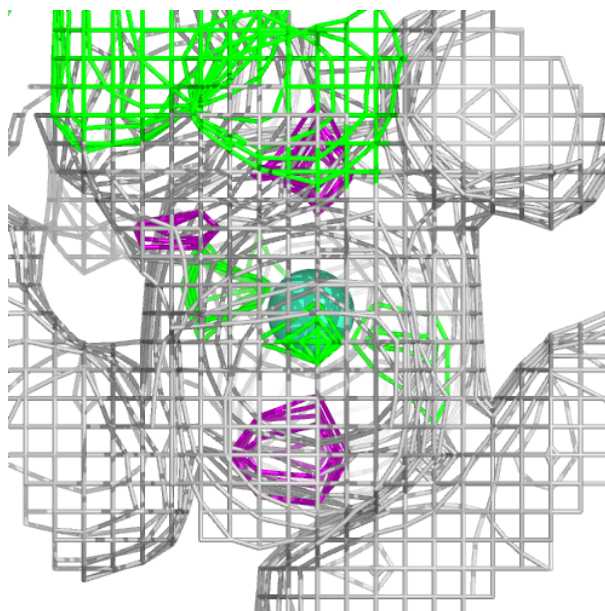
Electron density around GD A 202:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



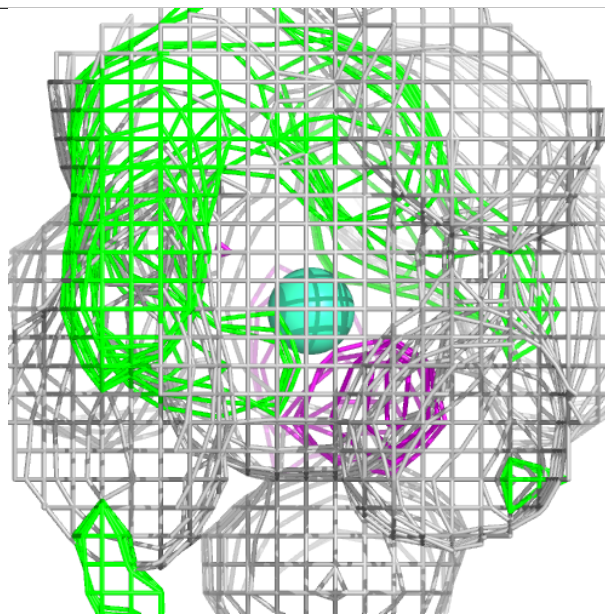
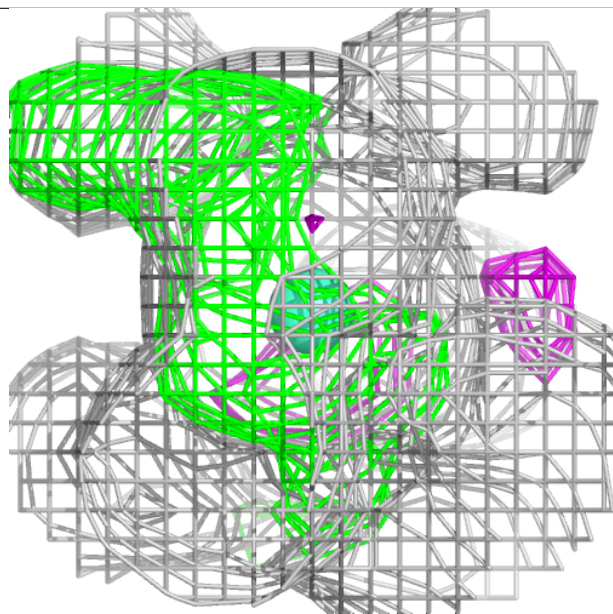
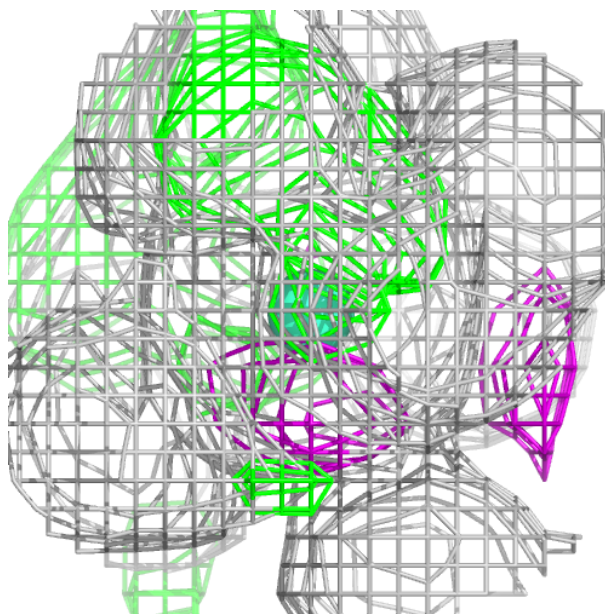
Electron density around GD A 203:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



Electron density around GD A 204:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



6.5 Other polymers ⓘ

There are no such residues in this entry.