wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report (i)

Mar 3, 2024 – 04:58 PM EST

PDB ID	:	5VT0
EMDB ID	:	EMD-8732
Title	:	Escherichia coli 6S RNA derivative in complex with Escherichia coli RNA polymerase sigma70-holoenzyme
Authors	:	Chen, J.; Darst, S.A.
Deposited on	:	2017-05-15
Resolution	:	3.78 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at
http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

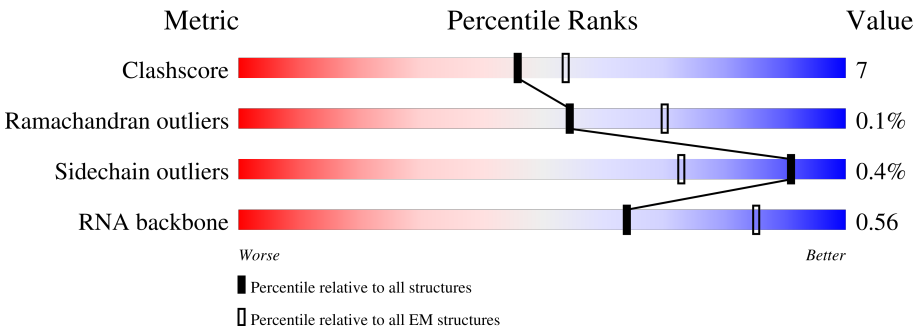
EMDB validation analysis	:	0.0.1.dev70
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
MapQ	:	1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.36

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.78 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	4297
Ramachandran outliers	154571	4023
Sidechain outliers	154315	3826
RNA backbone	4643	859

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion < 40%). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	G	238	• 79% 17% •
1	H	238	12% 67% 24% 9%
2	I	1342	• 83% 17%
3	J	1407	6% 79% 16% 5%
4	K	91	• 76% 11% 13%
5	L	523	7% 80% 10% 10%
6	R	144	27% 38% 8% • 22%

2 Entry composition (i)

There are 8 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 31215 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called DNA-directed RNA polymerase subunit alpha.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
1	G	228	1750	1088	312	344	6	0	0
1	H	217	1667	1041	293	327	6	0	0

There are 8 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
G	235	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP P0A7Z4
G	236	VAL	-	expression tag	UNP P0A7Z4
G	237	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP P0A7Z4
G	238	PHE	-	expression tag	UNP P0A7Z4
H	235	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP P0A7Z4
H	236	VAL	-	expression tag	UNP P0A7Z4
H	237	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP P0A7Z4
H	238	PHE	-	expression tag	UNP P0A7Z4

- Molecule 2 is a protein called DNA-directed RNA polymerase subunit beta.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
2	I	1340	10566	6629	1840	2054	43	0	0

- Molecule 3 is a protein called DNA-directed RNA polymerase subunit beta'.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
3	J	1334	10375	6519	1850	1957	49	0	0

- Molecule 4 is a protein called DNA-directed RNA polymerase subunit omega.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
4	K	79	627	382	118	126	1	0	0

- Molecule 5 is a protein called RNA polymerase sigma factor RpoD.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
5	L	471	3839	2405	683	728	23	0	0

There are 3 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
L	91	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P00579
L	92	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP P00579
L	93	PHE	-	expression tag	UNP P00579

- Molecule 6 is a RNA chain called Escherichia coli 6S RNA derivative (112-MER).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	P		
6	R	112	2388	1066	429	781	112	0	0

- Molecule 7 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		AltConf
			Total	Mg	
7	J	1	1	1	0

- Molecule 8 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn).

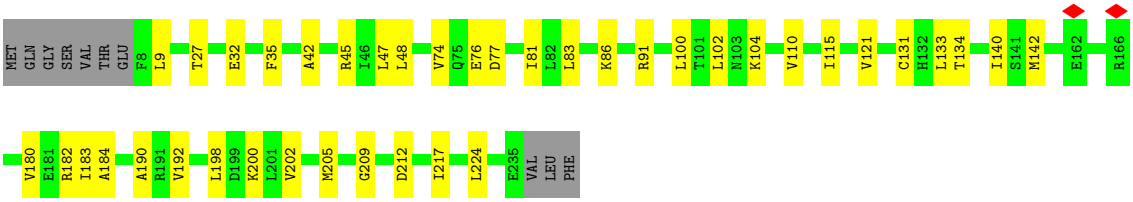
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		AltConf
			Total	Zn	
8	J	2	2	2	0

3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

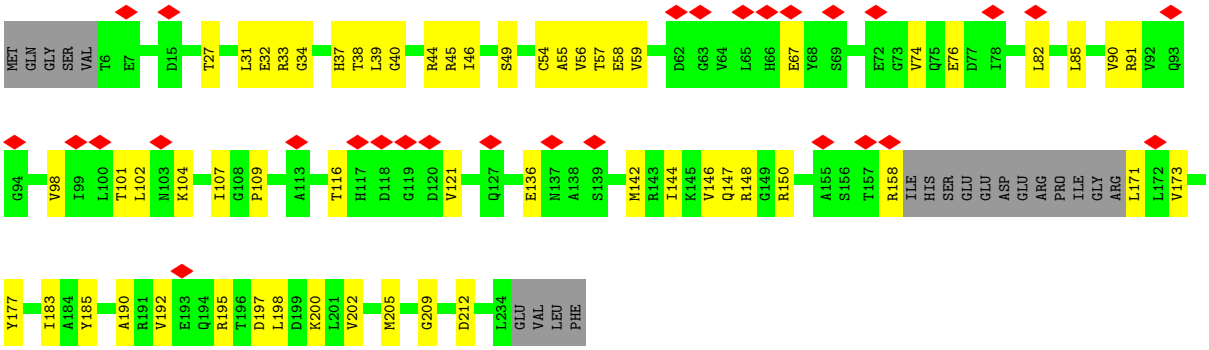
• Molecule 1: DNA-directed RNA polymerase subunit alpha

Chain G:



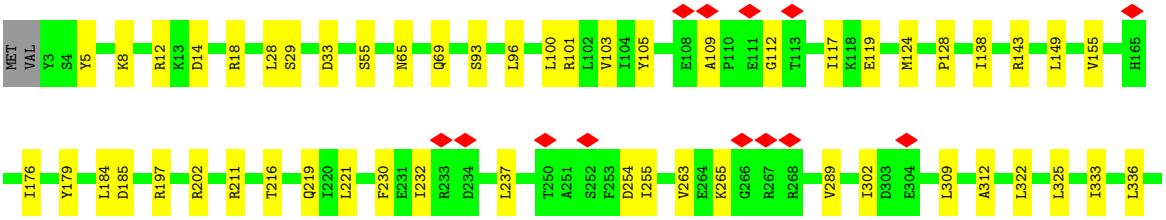
• Molecule 1: DNA-directed RNA polymerase subunit alpha

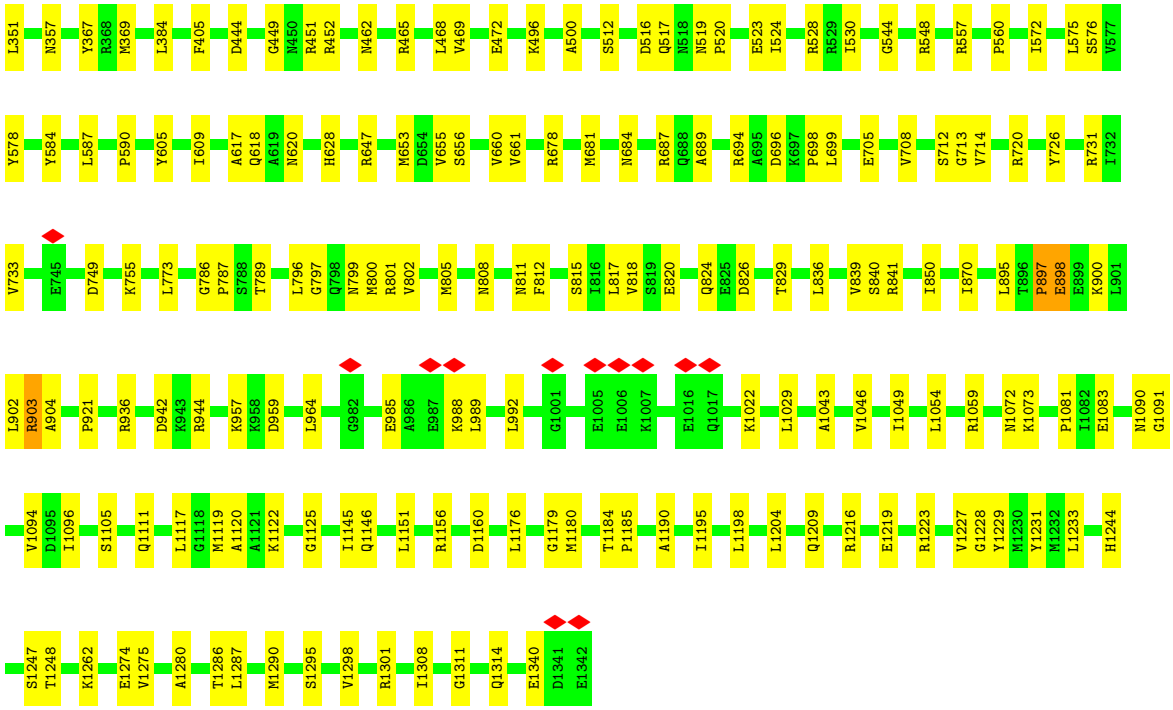
Chain H:



• Molecule 2: DNA-directed RNA polymerase subunit beta

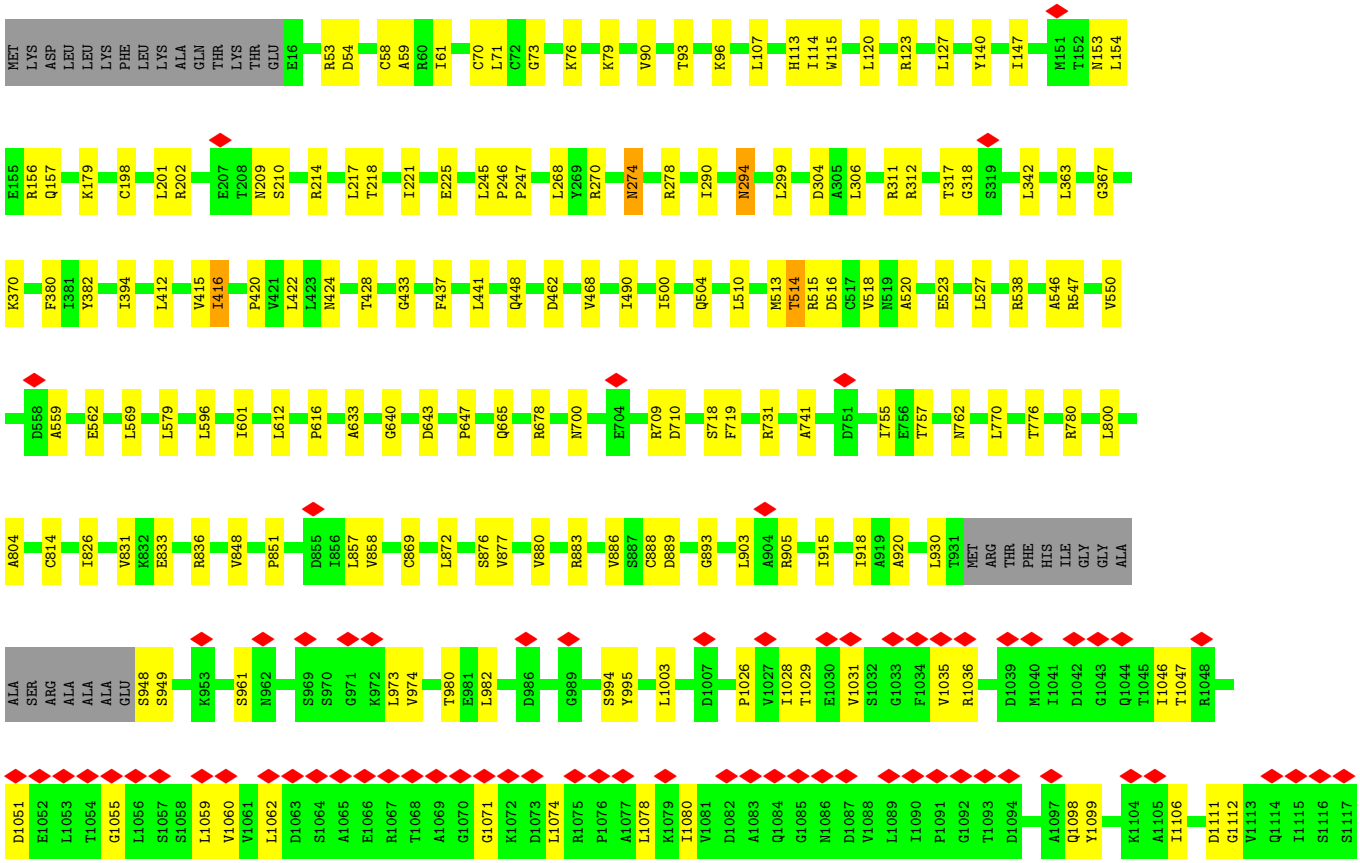
Chain I:

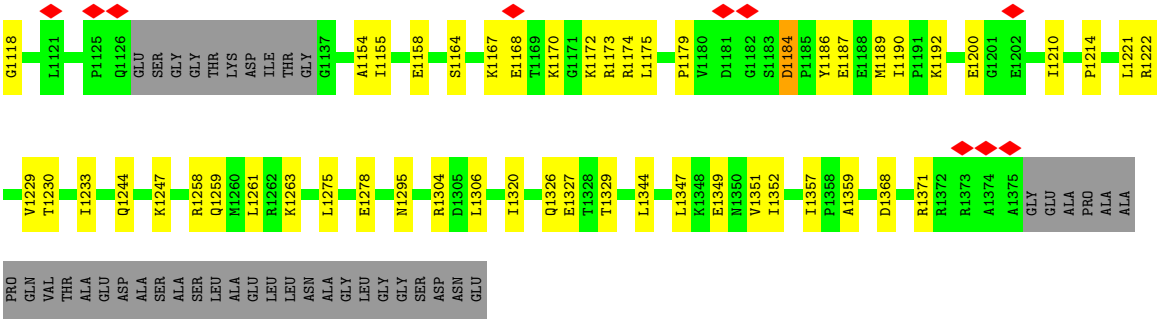




- Molecule 3: DNA-directed RNA polymerase subunit beta'

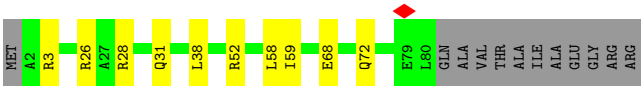
Chain J:





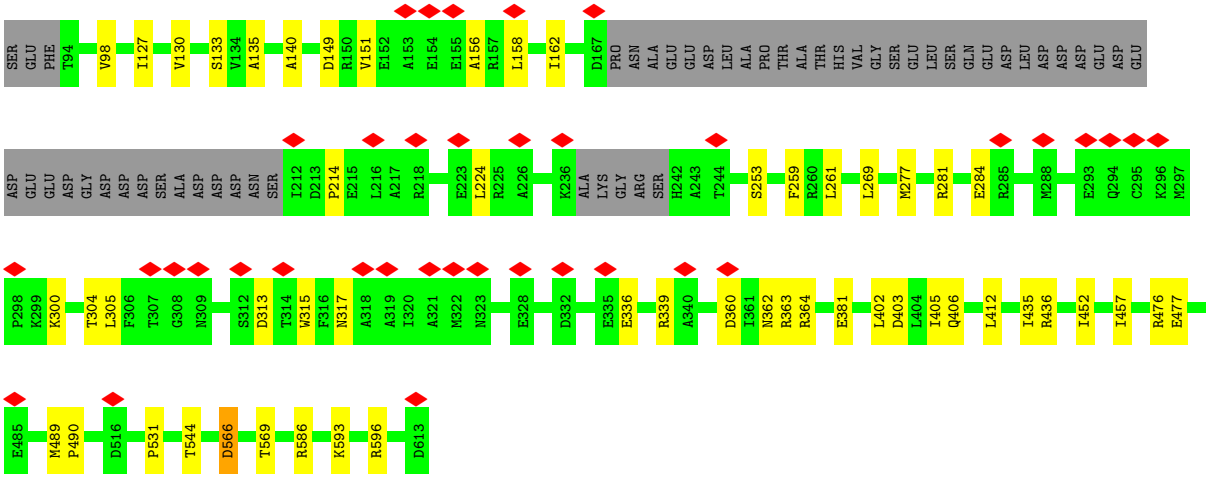
• Molecule 4: DNA-directed RNA polymerase subunit omega

Chain K:



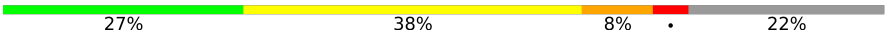
• Molecule 5: RNA polymerase sigma factor RpoD

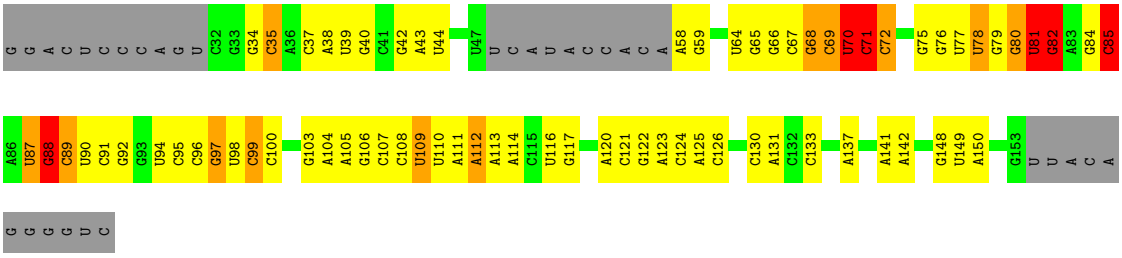
Chain L:



• Molecule 6: Escherichia coli 6S RNA derivative (112-MER)

Chain R:





4 Experimental information (i)

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, C1	Depositor
Number of particles used	362926	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/Å^2$)	1.8	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Maximum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K2 SUMMIT (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.120	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.071	Depositor
Average map value	0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.004	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.014	Depositor
Map size (Å)	332.8, 332.8, 332.8	wwPDB
Map dimensions	256, 256, 256	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.3, 1.3, 1.3	Depositor

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: MG, ZN

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\#\|Z\|>5$	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\|>5$
1	G	0.39	0/1771	0.63	0/2401
1	H	0.33	0/1686	0.60	0/2285
2	I	0.40	0/10735	0.59	1/14484 (0.0%)
3	J	0.38	0/10532	0.60	3/14221 (0.0%)
4	K	0.33	0/629	0.58	0/847
5	L	0.31	0/3891	0.55	2/5231 (0.0%)
6	R	0.77	4/2668 (0.1%)	1.53	55/4154 (1.3%)
All	All	0.42	4/31912 (0.0%)	0.73	61/43623 (0.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand.A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
2	I	0	3
3	J	0	3
All	All	0	6

All (4) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
6	R	112	A	N9-C8	-6.20	1.32	1.37
6	R	85	C	C4-N4	-6.18	1.28	1.33
6	R	88	G	C2-N3	-5.41	1.28	1.32
6	R	68	G	N3-C4	-5.05	1.31	1.35

The worst 5 of 61 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
6	R	70	U	C4-C5-C6	17.12	129.97	119.70
6	R	70	U	C5-C6-N1	-13.94	115.73	122.70
6	R	71	C	N1-C2-O2	13.43	126.96	118.90
6	R	109	U	N3-C2-O2	-12.37	113.54	122.20
6	R	112	A	N7-C8-N9	11.67	119.64	113.80

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 6 planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
2	I	1185	PRO	Peptide
2	I	1340	GLU	Peptide
2	I	696	ASP	Peptide
3	J	1184	ASP	Peptide
3	J	416	ILE	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	G	1750	0	1764	29	0
1	H	1667	0	1689	35	0
2	I	10566	0	10576	146	0
3	J	10375	0	10597	137	0
4	K	627	0	634	7	0
5	L	3839	0	3902	30	0
6	R	2388	0	1209	62	0
7	J	1	0	0	0	0
8	J	2	0	0	0	0
All	All	31215	0	30371	404	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 7.

The worst 5 of 404 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
6:R:75:G:H1	6:R:116:U:H3	1.31	0.77
2:I:902:LEU:HD23	2:I:902:LEU:O	1.86	0.74
1:G:45:ARG:HH12	1:H:37:HIS:HB2	1.52	0.73
2:I:185:ASP:HB2	2:I:197:ARG:HB2	1.74	0.70
2:I:903:ARG:NH2	6:R:82:G:O6	2.25	0.69

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	G	226/238 (95%)	204 (90%)	22 (10%)	0	100	100
1	H	213/238 (90%)	197 (92%)	16 (8%)	0	100	100
2	I	1338/1342 (100%)	1231 (92%)	105 (8%)	2 (0%)	51	83
3	J	1328/1407 (94%)	1235 (93%)	93 (7%)	0	100	100
4	K	77/91 (85%)	71 (92%)	6 (8%)	0	100	100
5	L	465/523 (89%)	438 (94%)	26 (6%)	1 (0%)	47	78
All	All	3647/3839 (95%)	3376 (93%)	268 (7%)	3 (0%)	54	83

All (3) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	I	897	PRO
2	I	898	GLU
5	L	566	ASP

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM

entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	G	191/205 (93%)	191 (100%)	0	100	100
1	H	183/205 (89%)	183 (100%)	0	100	100
2	I	1154/1157 (100%)	1149 (100%)	5 (0%)	91	95
3	J	1118/1168 (96%)	1112 (100%)	6 (0%)	88	94
4	K	67/75 (89%)	67 (100%)	0	100	100
5	L	420/464 (90%)	420 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	3133/3274 (96%)	3122 (100%)	11 (0%)	91	95

5 of 11 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	J	294	ASN
3	J	514	THR
3	J	1295	ASN
3	J	1233	ILE
2	I	1151	LEU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 11 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	J	489	ASN
3	J	1108	GLN
3	J	1295	ASN
3	J	1259	GLN
2	I	1209	GLN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Backbone Outliers	Pucker Outliers
6	R	110/144 (76%)	10 (9%)	0

5 of 10 RNA backbone outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
6	R	69	C

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
6	R	70	U
6	R	71	C
6	R	72	C
6	R	81	U

There are no RNA pucker outliers to report.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 3 ligands modelled in this entry, 3 are monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

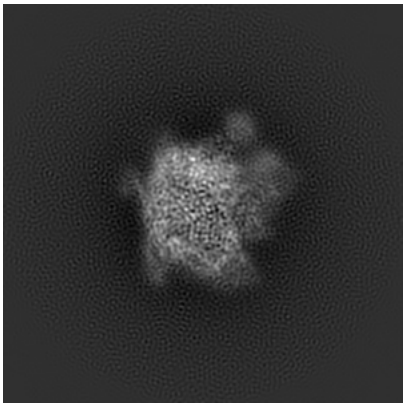
6 Map visualisation (i)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-8732. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

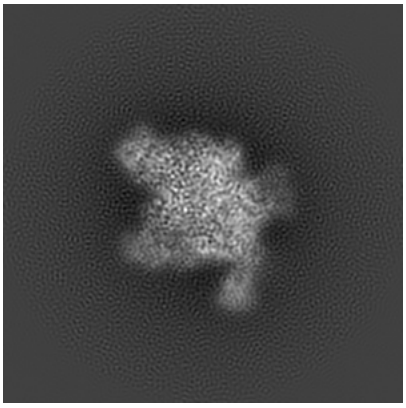
No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

6.1 Orthogonal projections (i)

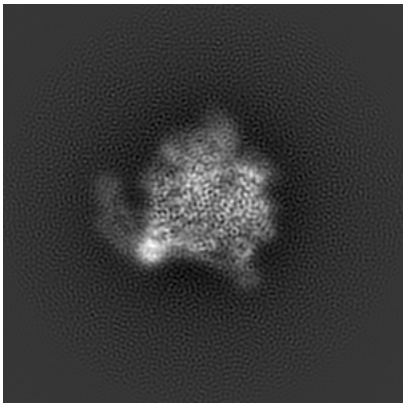
6.1.1 Primary map



X



Y

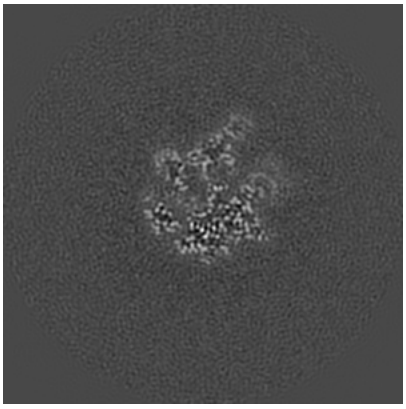


Z

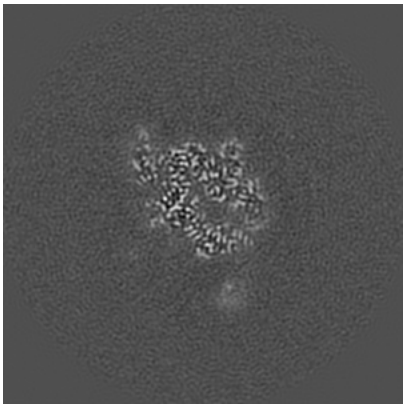
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices (i)

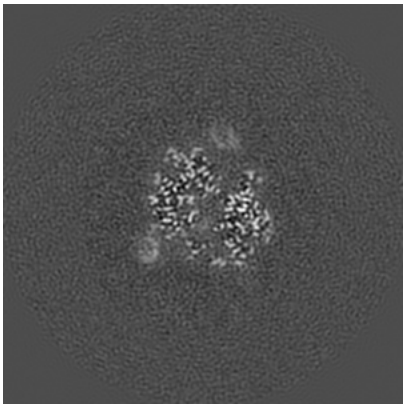
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 128



Y Index: 128

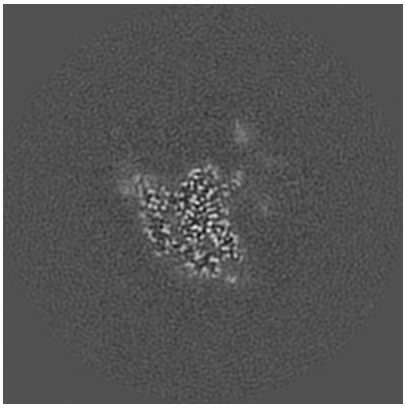


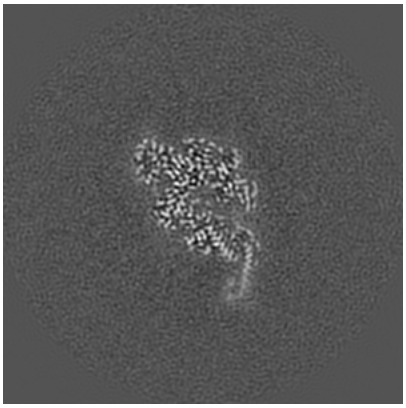
Z Index: 128

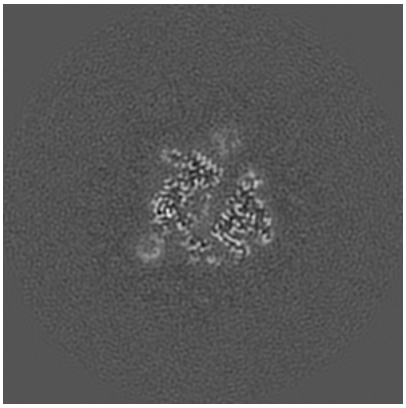
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices (i)

6.3.1 Primary map


X Index: 151

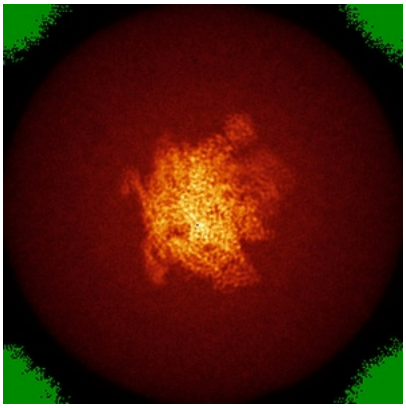

Y Index: 121

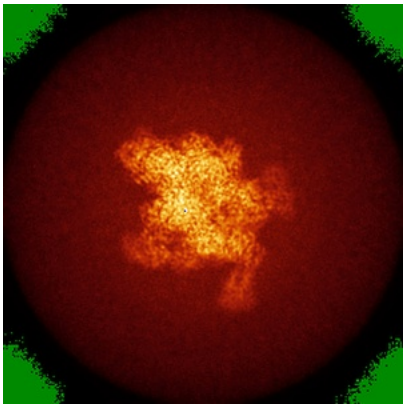

Z Index: 125

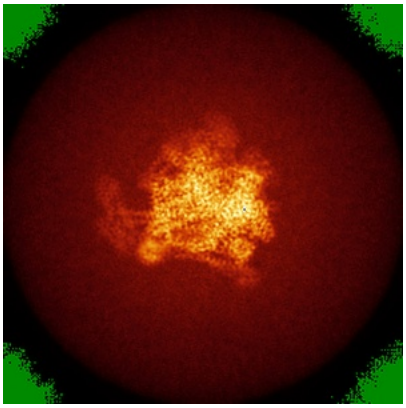
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) (i)

6.4.1 Primary map


X

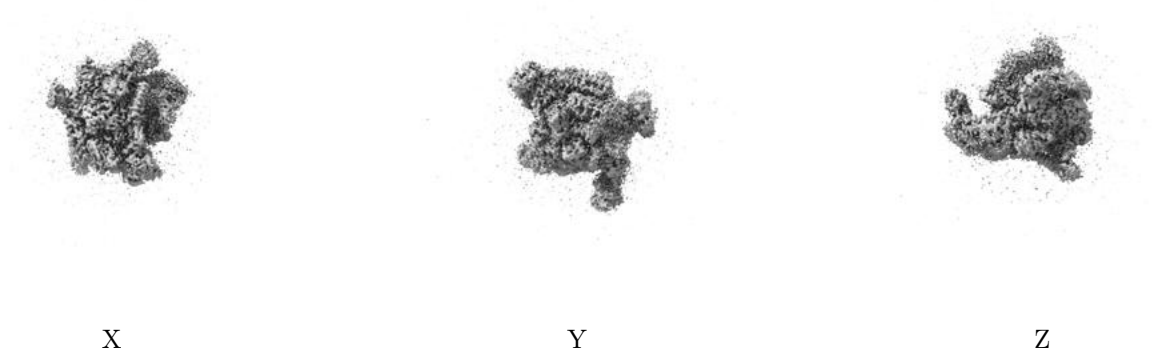

Y


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

6.5 Orthogonal surface views (i)

6.5.1 Primary map



X Y Z

The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.014. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

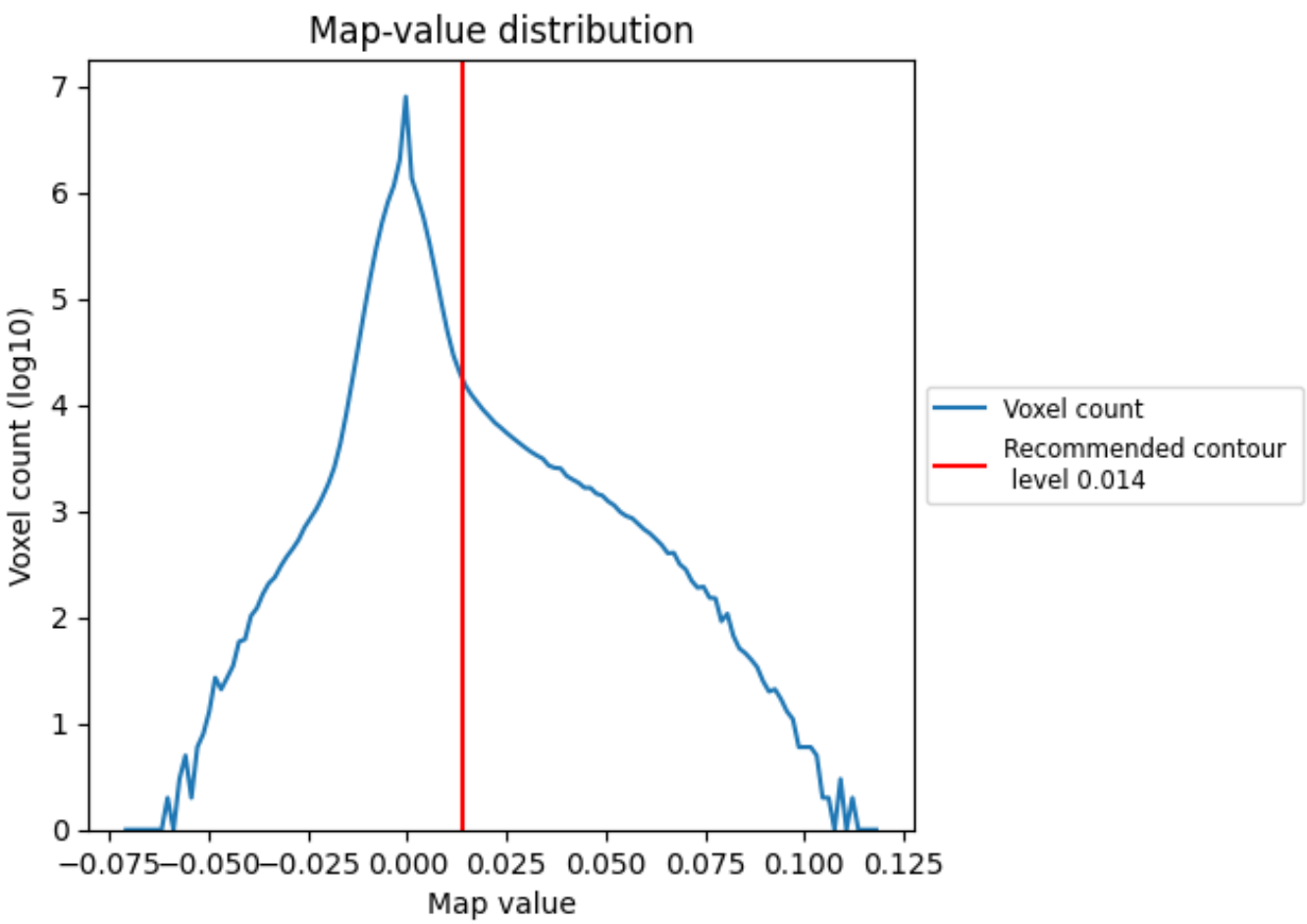
6.6 Mask visualisation (i)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis (i)

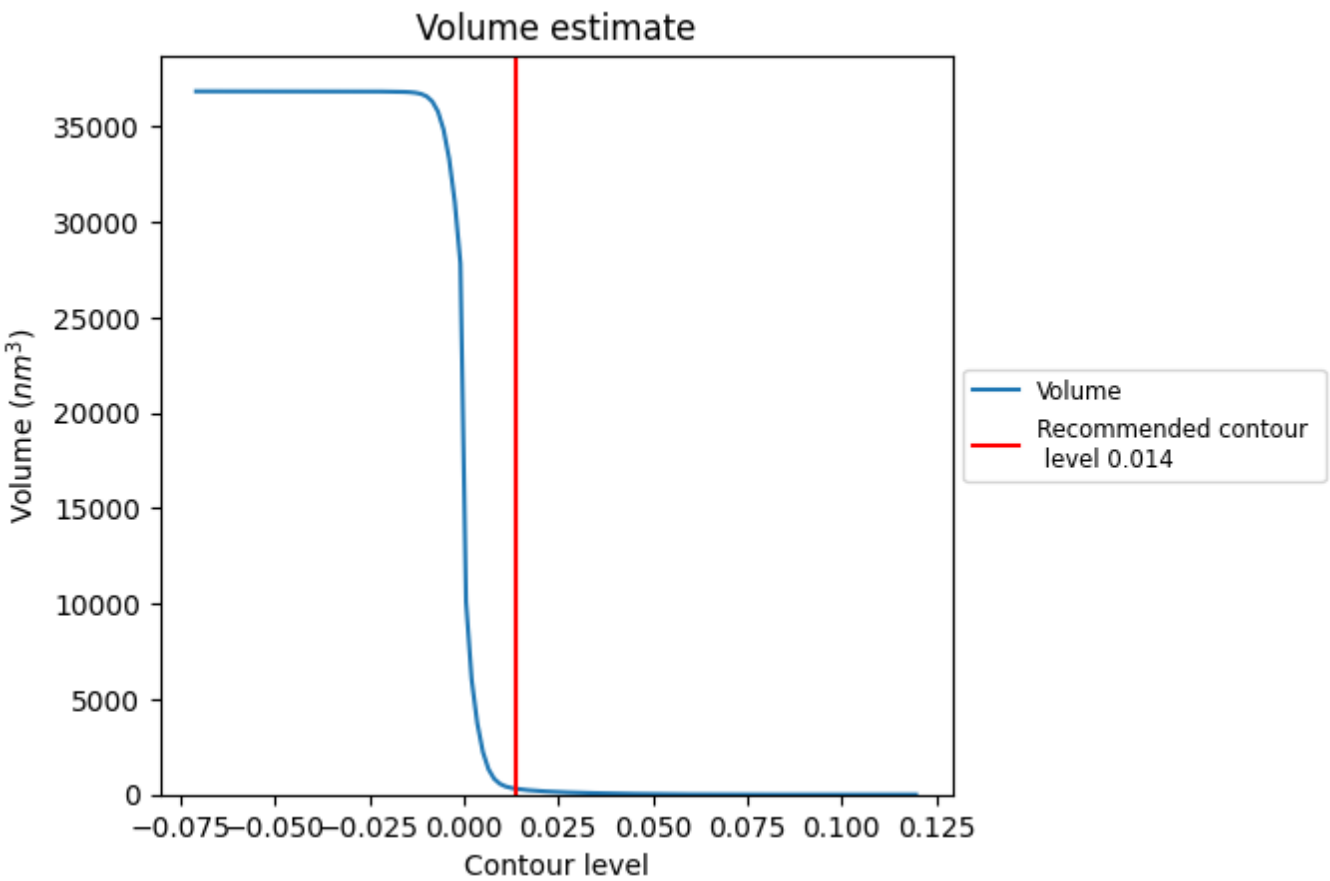
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution (i)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

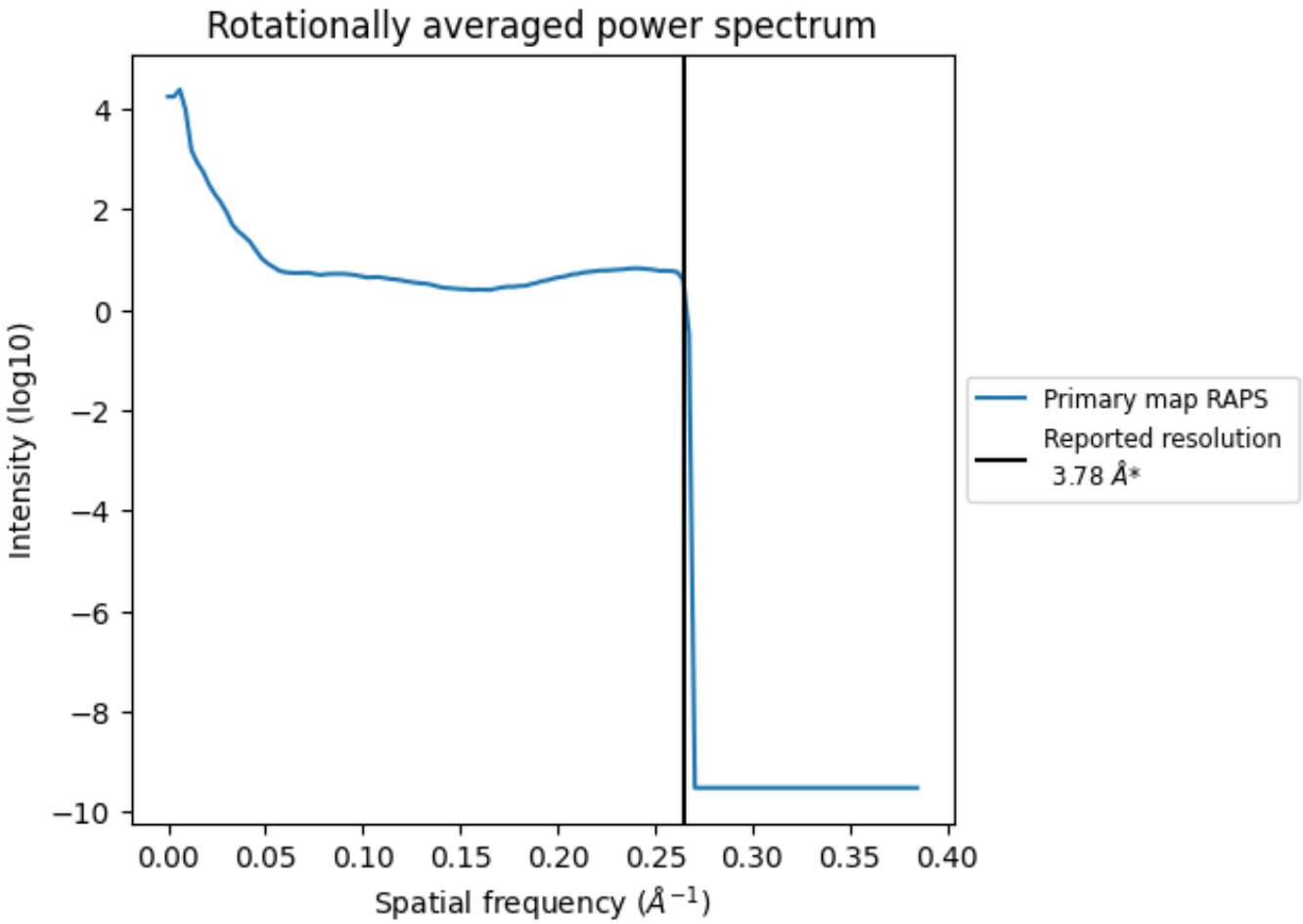
7.2 Volume estimate (i)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 299 nm^3; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 271 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum (i)

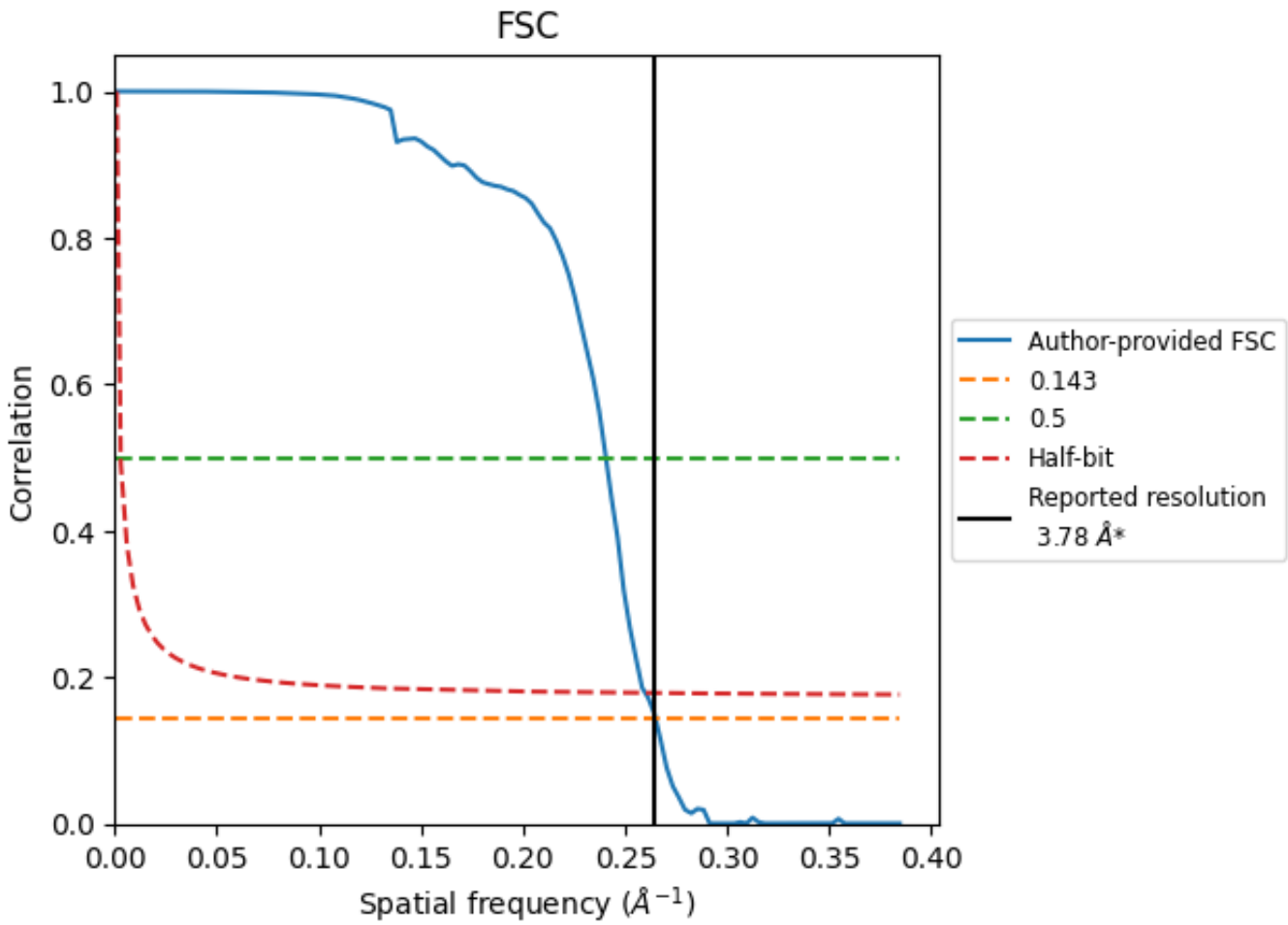


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.265 Å^{-1}

8 Fourier-Shell correlation (i)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC (i)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.265 Å^{-1}

8.2 Resolution estimates (i)

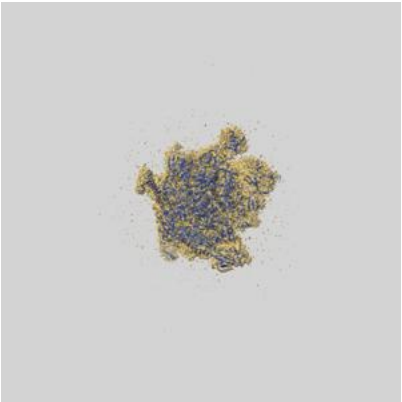
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	3.78	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	3.77	4.16	3.85
Unmasked-calculated*	-	-	-

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps.

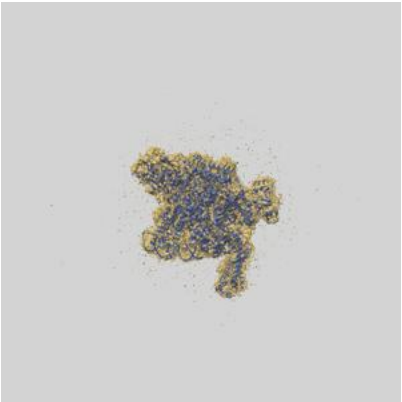
9 Map-model fit (i)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-8732 and PDB model 5VT0. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 5.

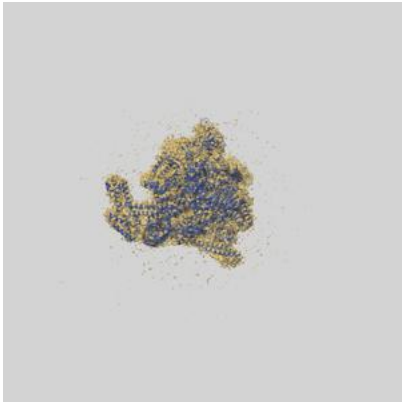
9.1 Map-model overlay (i)



X



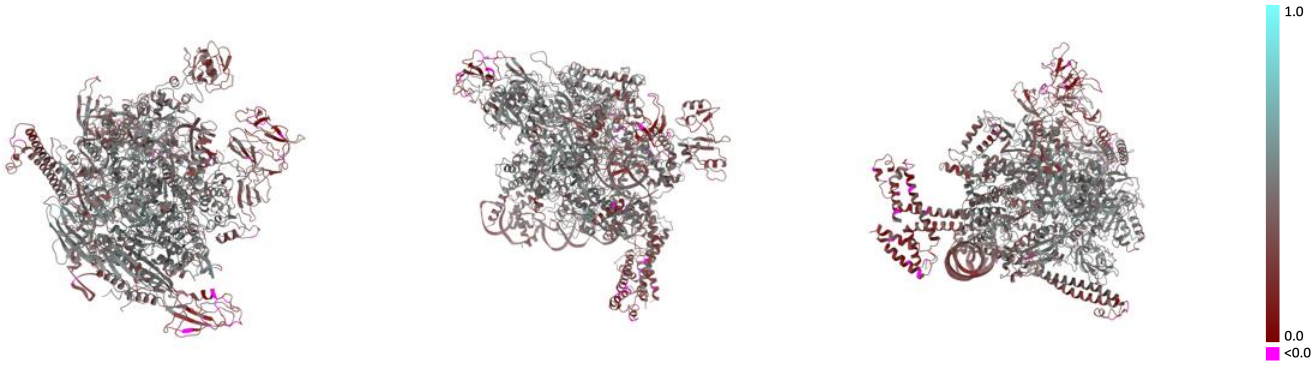
Y



Z

The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.014 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

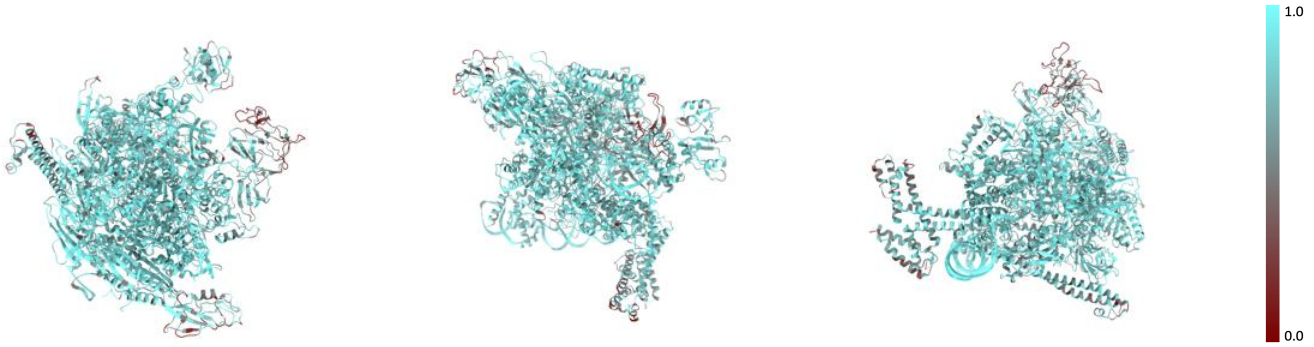
9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model (i)



X Y Z

The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

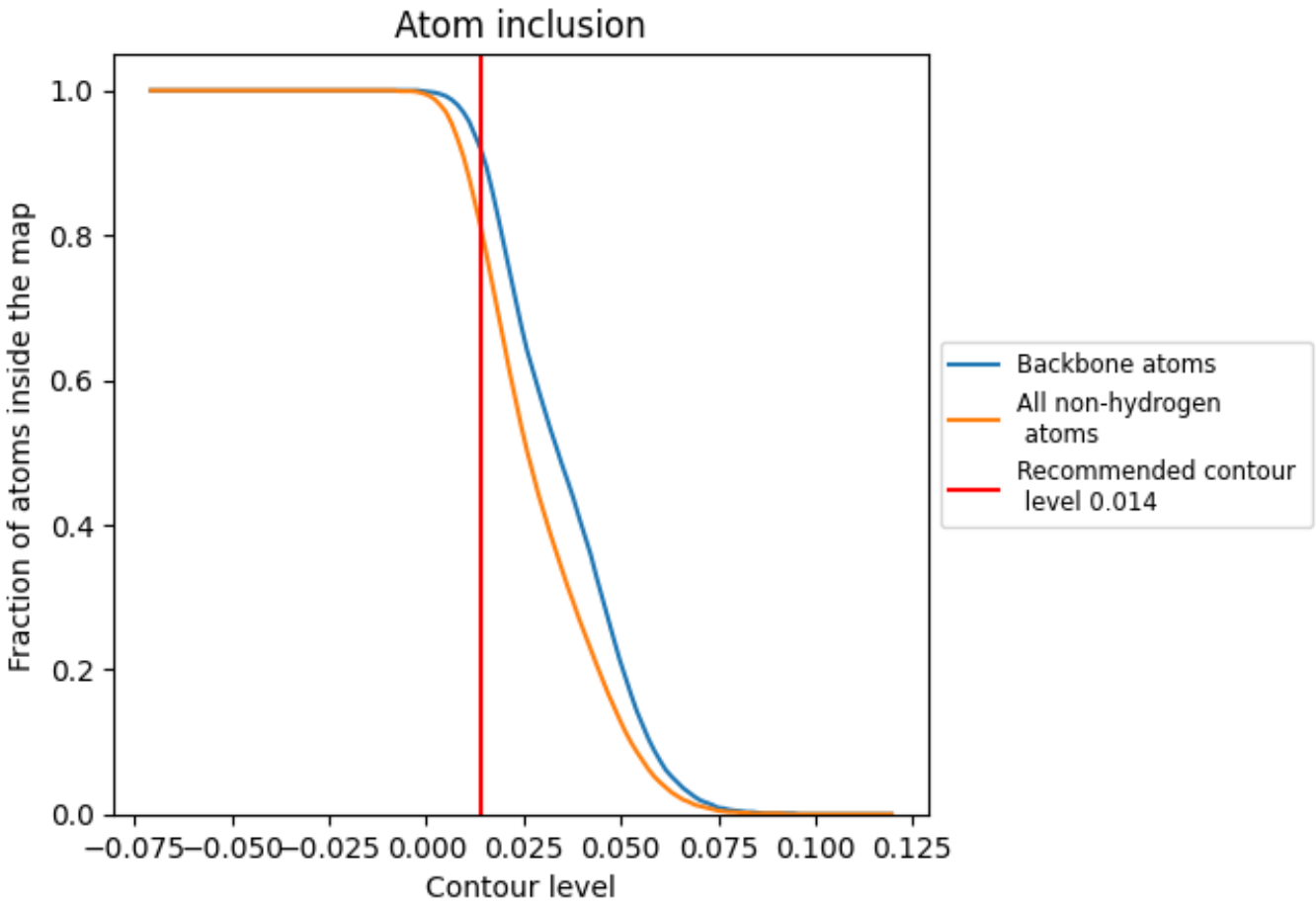
9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model (i)



X Y Z

The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.014).

9.4 Atom inclusion (i)



At the recommended contour level, 92% of all backbone atoms, 81% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary (i)

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.014) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.8110	0.4050
G	0.8510	0.4510
H	0.7150	0.3190
I	0.8330	0.4400
J	0.7970	0.4210
K	0.7950	0.4250
L	0.7420	0.3260
R	0.9240	0.3250