Full wwPDB EM Validation Report (i)

Sep 28, 2024 – 09:39 AM EDT

PDB ID	:	6U6I
EMDB ID	:	EMD-20666
Title	:	NTD of GluA2 in complex with CNIH3 - with antagonist ZK200775 - in asymmetric global conformation
Authors	:	Nakagawa, T.
Deposited on	:	2019-08-29
Resolution	:	3.12 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB EM Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at
http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

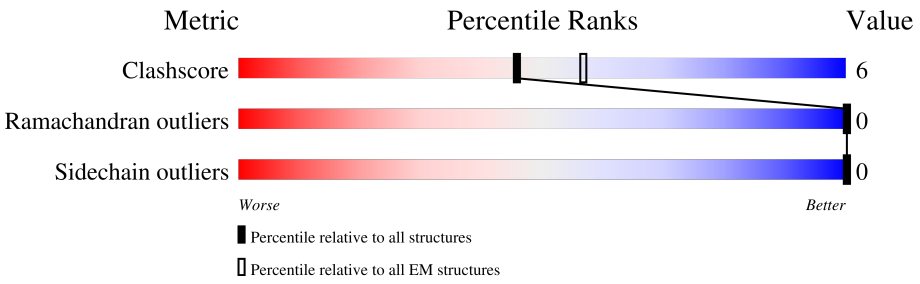
EMDB validation analysis	:	0.0.1.dev113
Mogul	:	2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
buster-report	:	1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)
MapQ	:	1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.39

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.12 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	210492	15764
Ramachandran outliers	207382	16835
Sidechain outliers	206894	16415

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion < 40%). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	889	• 35% 7% 58%
1	B	889	38% • 58%
1	C	889	37% 5% 58%
1	D	889	37% 5% 58%
2	E	2	100%
2	H	2	100%
3	F	3	67% 33% 67%
3	G	3	33% 33% 67%

2 Entry composition (i)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 21701 atoms, of which 10337 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Glutamate receptor 2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	S		
1	C	374	5239	1764	2476	452	538	9	0	0
1	A	374	5327	1783	2553	462	520	9	0	0
1	B	374	5410	1799	2596	466	540	9	0	0
1	D	374	5577	1831	2712	483	542	9	0	0

There are 88 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
C	592	ARG	GLN	conflict	UNP P19491
C	854	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
C	855	TYR	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
C	856	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
C	857	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
C	858	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
C	859	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
C	860	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
C	861	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
C	862	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
C	863	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
C	864	TYR	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
C	865	ASN	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
C	866	VAL	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
C	867	TYR	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
C	868	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
C	869	ILE	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
C	870	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
C	871	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
C	872	VAL	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
C	873	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
C	874	ILE	-	expression tag	UNP P19491

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Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	592	ARG	GLN	conflict	UNP P19491
A	854	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
A	855	TYR	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
A	856	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
A	857	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
A	858	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
A	859	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
A	860	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
A	861	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
A	862	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
A	863	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
A	864	TYR	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
A	865	ASN	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
A	866	VAL	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
A	867	TYR	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
A	868	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
A	869	ILE	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
A	870	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
A	871	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
A	872	VAL	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
A	873	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
A	874	ILE	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
B	592	ARG	GLN	conflict	UNP P19491
B	854	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
B	855	TYR	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
B	856	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
B	857	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
B	858	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
B	859	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
B	860	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
B	861	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
B	862	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
B	863	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
B	864	TYR	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
B	865	ASN	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
B	866	VAL	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
B	867	TYR	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
B	868	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
B	869	ILE	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
B	870	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
B	871	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
B	872	VAL	-	expression tag	UNP P19491

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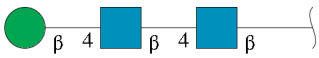
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
B	873	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
B	874	ILE	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
D	592	ARG	GLN	conflict	UNP P19491
D	854	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
D	855	TYR	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
D	856	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
D	857	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
D	858	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
D	859	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
D	860	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
D	861	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
D	862	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
D	863	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
D	864	TYR	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
D	865	ASN	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
D	866	VAL	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
D	867	TYR	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
D	868	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
D	869	ILE	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
D	870	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
D	871	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
D	872	VAL	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
D	873	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP P19491
D	874	ILE	-	expression tag	UNP P19491

- Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.

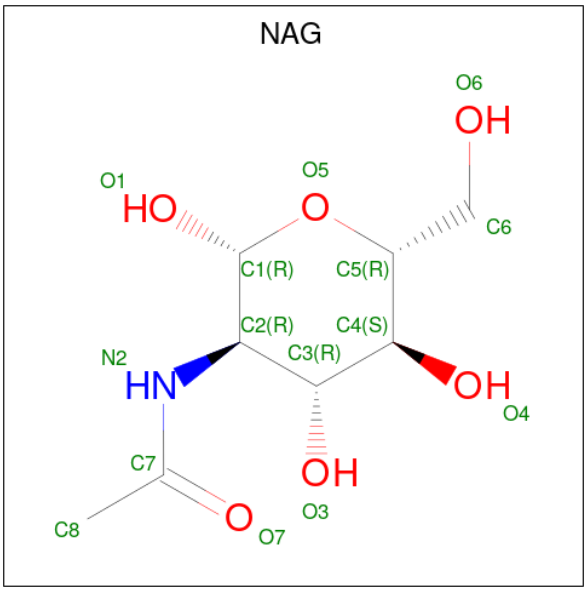
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O		
2	E	2	28	16	2	10	0	0
			Total	C	N	O		
2	H	2	28	16	2	10	0	0

- Molecule 3 is an oligosaccharide called beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O		
3	F	3	39	22	2	15	0	0
			Total	C	N	O		
3	G	3	39	22	2	15	0	0

- Molecule 4 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula: $C_8H_{15}NO_6$) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf
			Total	C	N	O	
4	B	1	14	8	1	5	0

3 Residue-property plots (i)

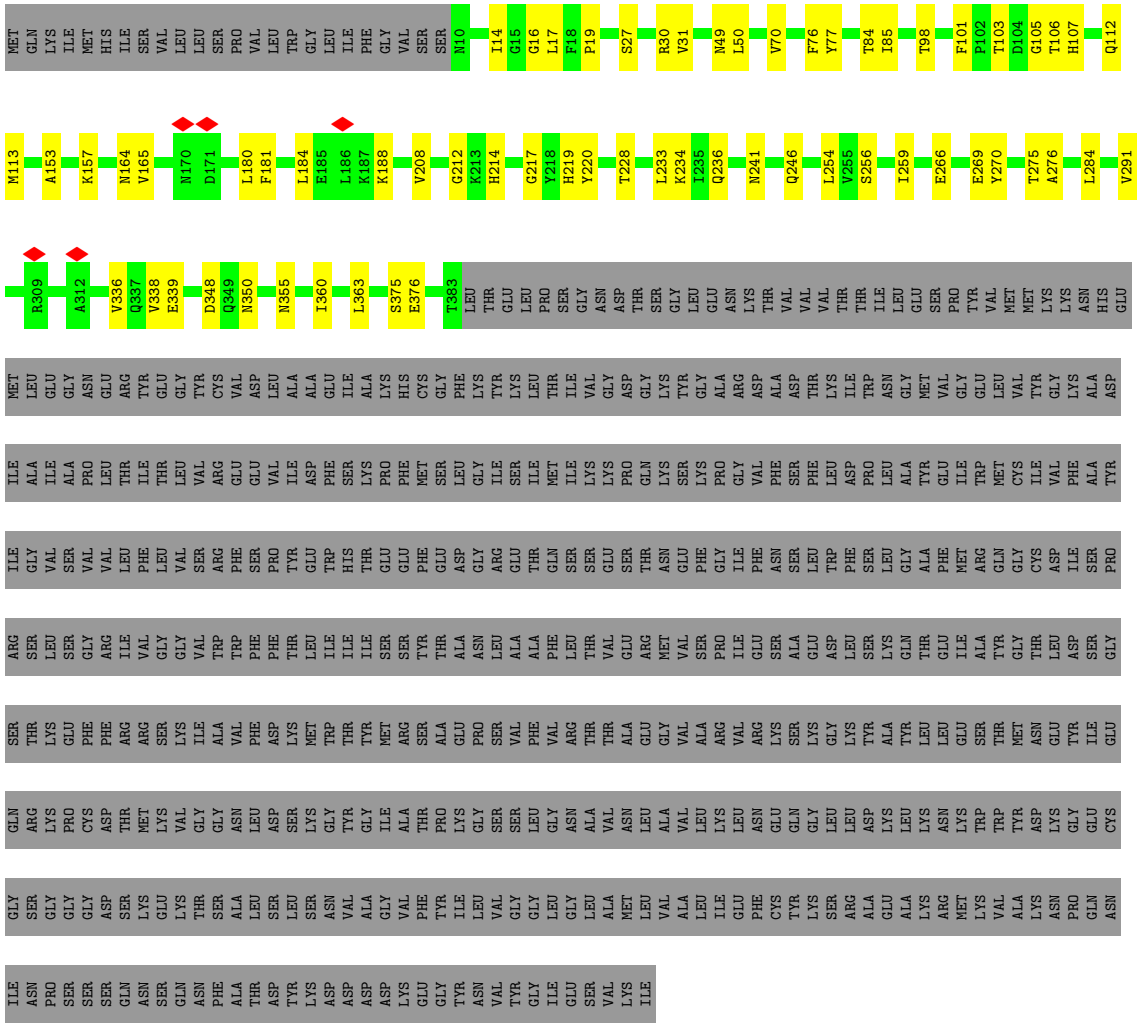
These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Glutamate receptor 2

Chain C: 37% 5% 58%

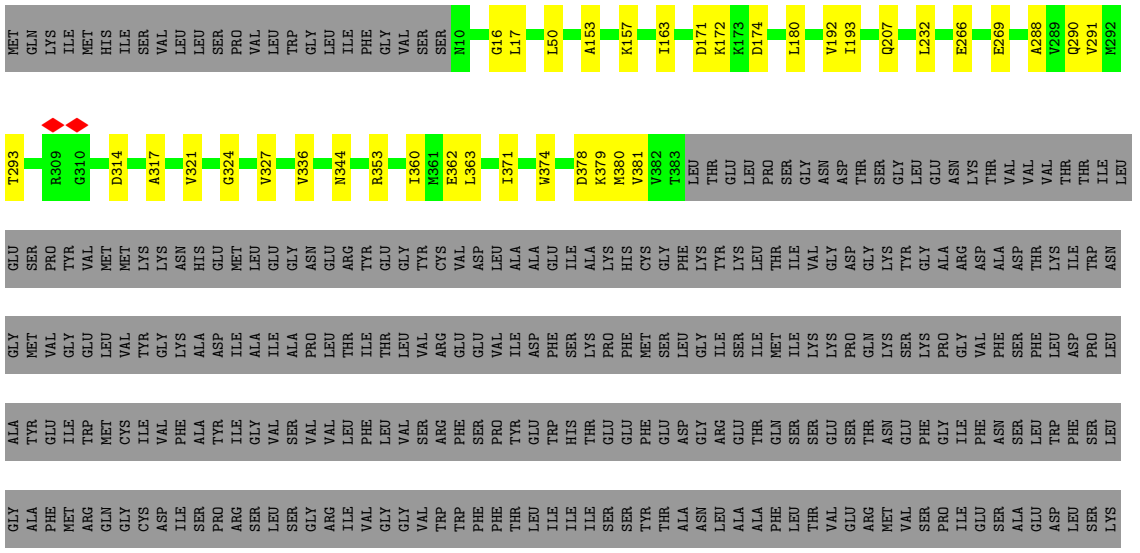
• Molecule 1: Glutamate receptor 2

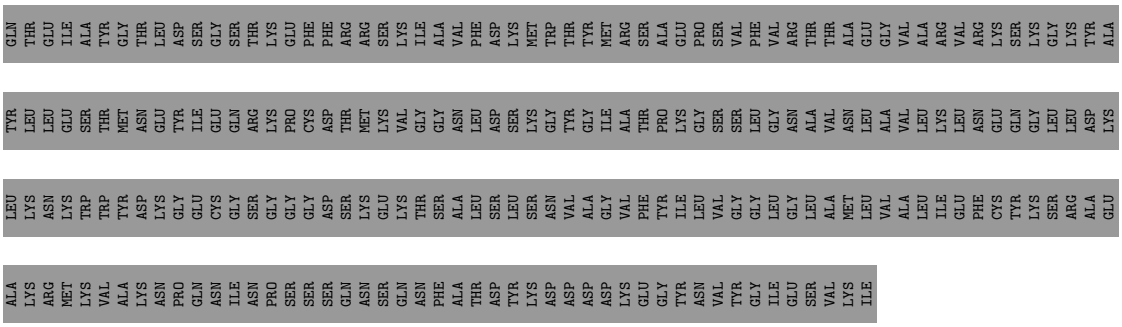
Chain A: 35% 7% 58%



- Molecule 1: Glutamate receptor 2

Chain B: 38% • 58%





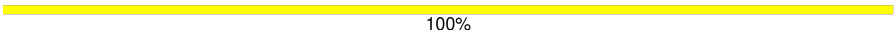
• Molecule 1: Glutamate receptor 2

Chain D: 37% 5% 58%

• Molecule 2: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain E: 100%

• Molecule 2: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain H: 

• Molecule 3: beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain F:

• Molecule 3: beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain G:

4 Experimental information (i)

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, C1	Depositor
Number of particles used	84225	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/Å^2$)	58.5	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	800	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	2000	Depositor
Magnification	81000	Depositor
Image detector	GATAN K3 BIOQUANTUM (6k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.122	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.053	Depositor
Average map value	0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.003	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.0199	Depositor
Map size (Å)	383.76, 383.76, 383.76	wwPDB
Map dimensions	360, 360, 360	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.066, 1.066, 1.066	Depositor

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NAG, BMA

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\#\|Z\|>5$	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\|>5$
1	A	0.31	0/2836	0.42	0/3872
1	B	0.35	0/2876	0.43	0/3927
1	C	0.34	0/2825	0.42	0/3866
1	D	0.37	0/2926	0.43	0/3980
All	All	0.34	0/11463	0.43	0/15645

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2774	2553	2575	43	0
1	B	2814	2596	2606	21	0
1	C	2763	2476	2491	32	0
1	D	2865	2712	2731	31	0
2	E	28	0	25	1	0
2	H	28	0	25	1	0
3	F	39	0	34	3	0
3	G	39	0	34	2	0
4	B	14	0	13	0	0
All	All	11364	10337	10534	131	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

All (131) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:344:ASN:O	1:B:353:ARG:NH2	2.03	0.91
1:D:330:GLU:OE2	1:D:334:LYS:NZ	2.18	0.70
1:A:219:HIS:CD2	1:A:241:ASN:HB3	2.27	0.69
1:B:360:ILE:HD11	1:B:374:TRP:HB2	1.74	0.69
1:A:77:TYR:CE1	1:A:98:THR:HG21	2.33	0.64
1:C:344:ASN:O	1:C:353:ARG:NH2	2.32	0.62
1:D:266:GLU:N	1:D:266:GLU:OE1	2.32	0.62
1:A:217:GLY:HA2	3:F:1:NAG:H81	1.81	0.62
3:G:2:NAG:O3	3:G:2:NAG:O7	2.18	0.61
1:A:30:ARG:NH2	1:A:269:GLU:O	2.34	0.61
1:D:13:GLN:OE1	1:D:46:HIS:NE2	2.33	0.61
1:B:171:ASP:OD1	1:B:172:LYS:N	2.34	0.61
1:A:180:LEU:HD12	1:A:181:PHE:N	2.18	0.59
1:A:19:PRO:O	1:A:49:ASN:ND2	2.34	0.59
1:B:266:GLU:O	1:B:269:GLU:N	2.33	0.59
1:B:291:VAL:HG23	1:B:336:VAL:HG11	1.85	0.59
1:D:236:GLN:NE2	1:D:365:THR:O	2.37	0.58
1:A:208:VAL:O	1:A:212:GLY:N	2.35	0.58
3:G:1:NAG:H62	3:G:2:NAG:HN2	1.69	0.58
1:A:338:VAL:HG12	1:A:339:GLU:N	2.20	0.56
1:C:214:HIS:O	1:C:214:HIS:ND1	2.38	0.56
1:D:71:TYR:CD1	1:D:306:ILE:HD12	2.40	0.56
1:A:103:THR:OG1	1:A:105:GLY:O	2.23	0.56
1:C:354:ILE:HG23	1:C:355:ASN:N	2.22	0.55
1:C:342:SER:OG	1:C:353:ARG:NH1	2.37	0.55
1:A:164:ASN:OD1	1:A:165:VAL:N	2.40	0.54
1:A:348:ASP:OD1	1:A:350:ASN:N	2.40	0.54
1:D:71:TYR:HD1	1:D:306:ILE:HD12	1.73	0.53
1:C:267:GLU:N	1:C:267:GLU:OE1	2.41	0.53
1:B:290:GLN:O	1:B:293:THR:OG1	2.26	0.53
1:C:14:ILE:HA	1:C:70:VAL:HG13	1.89	0.53
1:C:252:ASP:OD1	1:C:253:SER:N	2.42	0.53
1:A:112:GLN:OE1	1:A:112:GLN:N	2.42	0.53
1:A:219:HIS:HA	1:A:241:ASN:HB2	1.91	0.53
1:D:311:ASN:OD1	1:D:312:ALA:N	2.42	0.52
1:A:214:HIS:O	1:A:214:HIS:ND1	2.42	0.52
1:D:27:SER:O	1:D:31:VAL:HG23	2.10	0.52

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:163:ILE:HG21	1:B:180:LEU:HD11	1.92	0.51
1:C:344:ASN:HB3	1:C:355:ASN:HD21	1.76	0.50
1:A:236:GLN:HA	1:A:363:LEU:HD21	1.93	0.50
1:B:380:MET:SD	1:B:381:VAL:N	2.85	0.50
1:C:56:PHE:CD2	1:D:91:THR:HG21	2.47	0.49
1:C:58:VAL:CG1	1:C:85:ILE:HD11	2.42	0.49
1:D:78:ASP:OD1	1:D:79:LYS:N	2.39	0.49
1:D:219:HIS:CG	1:D:241:ASN:HB2	2.48	0.49
1:C:174:ASP:N	1:C:174:ASP:OD1	2.43	0.49
1:B:324:GLY:O	1:B:327:VAL:HG12	2.12	0.49
1:D:260:GLU:O	1:D:264:THR:HG23	2.13	0.48
1:A:27:SER:O	1:A:31:VAL:HG13	2.14	0.48
1:B:378:ASP:OD1	1:B:379:LYS:N	2.46	0.48
1:A:77:TYR:HE1	1:A:98:THR:HG21	1.77	0.48
1:C:124:LEU:HD21	1:C:128:TYR:CE2	2.48	0.48
1:B:232:LEU:HD23	1:B:363:LEU:HD13	1.96	0.48
1:A:355:ASN:N	1:A:376:GLU:OE2	2.43	0.47
1:A:14:ILE:HA	1:A:70:VAL:HG13	1.96	0.47
1:B:174:ASP:OD1	1:B:207:GLN:NE2	2.48	0.47
1:A:16:GLY:C	1:A:17:LEU:HD12	2.35	0.47
3:F:1:NAG:C3	3:F:2:NAG:H2	2.45	0.47
1:A:113:MET:O	1:A:284:LEU:HD22	2.15	0.47
1:D:174:ASP:N	1:D:174:ASP:OD1	2.47	0.46
1:B:314:ASP:OD1	1:B:317:ALA:N	2.48	0.46
1:D:329:ILE:O	1:D:333:LEU:HD23	2.15	0.46
1:A:266:GLU:N	1:A:266:GLU:OE1	2.48	0.46
1:A:77:TYR:OH	1:A:101:PHE:O	2.30	0.46
1:D:209:ILE:HD11	1:D:235:ILE:HG23	1.97	0.46
1:D:321:VAL:O	1:D:321:VAL:HG13	2.16	0.46
2:H:1:NAG:O3	2:H:2:NAG:O5	2.27	0.46
1:C:56:PHE:CE2	1:D:91:THR:HG21	2.51	0.46
1:D:113:MET:CE	1:D:291:VAL:HG21	2.46	0.46
1:B:153:ALA:O	1:B:157:LYS:N	2.49	0.45
1:C:228:THR:HG22	1:C:228:THR:O	2.17	0.45
1:D:38:THR:O	1:D:38:THR:HG23	2.15	0.45
1:B:362:GLU:HG3	1:B:371:ILE:HG21	1.97	0.45
1:D:25:GLU:OE1	1:D:25:GLU:N	2.46	0.45
1:C:173:LYS:O	1:C:177:TYR:N	2.40	0.45
1:A:220:TYR:N	1:A:241:ASN:O	2.49	0.45
1:A:360:ILE:H	1:A:360:ILE:HD12	1.81	0.45
1:D:50:LEU:N	1:D:50:LEU:HD23	2.33	0.44

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:254:LEU:H	1:A:254:LEU:HD12	1.83	0.44
1:C:228:THR:OG1	1:C:246:GLN:NE2	2.50	0.44
1:B:360:ILE:HD11	1:B:374:TRP:CB	2.45	0.44
1:A:338:VAL:CG1	1:A:339:GLU:N	2.81	0.44
1:C:50:LEU:C	1:C:50:LEU:HD12	2.38	0.44
1:A:336:VAL:HG12	1:A:338:VAL:HG23	2.00	0.44
1:C:104:ASP:OD2	1:C:104:ASP:N	2.49	0.43
1:C:23:ASP:OD1	1:C:24:GLN:N	2.44	0.43
1:A:76:PHE:CD1	1:A:76:PHE:N	2.86	0.43
1:A:184:LEU:O	1:A:188:LYS:N	2.51	0.43
1:D:76:PHE:N	1:D:76:PHE:CD1	2.87	0.43
3:F:1:NAG:O3	3:F:2:NAG:H2	2.18	0.43
1:A:17:LEU:HD12	1:A:17:LEU:N	2.34	0.43
1:C:48:ASP:OD2	1:C:65:GLN:NE2	2.49	0.43
1:D:323:TRP:CE3	1:D:325:GLN:HB2	2.53	0.43
1:D:205:VAL:HA	1:D:208:VAL:HG12	2.00	0.43
1:A:153:ALA:O	1:A:157:LYS:N	2.52	0.43
1:D:201:VAL:O	1:D:205:VAL:HG23	2.19	0.43
1:C:348:ASP:OD2	1:C:350:ASN:ND2	2.47	0.42
1:D:113:MET:HE2	1:D:291:VAL:HG21	2.01	0.42
1:C:227:PHE:O	1:C:227:PHE:CG	2.72	0.42
1:A:84:THR:HG23	1:A:85:ILE:N	2.34	0.42
1:C:82:VAL:HG13	1:C:83:ASN:N	2.33	0.42
1:C:143:LEU:HD12	1:C:146:LEU:HD23	2.02	0.42
1:C:324:GLY:O	1:C:327:VAL:HG12	2.19	0.42
1:A:50:LEU:HD12	1:A:50:LEU:C	2.40	0.42
1:B:50:LEU:HD12	1:B:50:LEU:C	2.39	0.42
1:B:192:VAL:HG12	1:B:193:ILE:N	2.35	0.42
1:D:152:SER:HG	1:D:156:LYS:HZ3	1.68	0.42
1:A:233:LEU:HD12	1:A:233:LEU:N	2.35	0.41
1:B:16:GLY:C	1:B:17:LEU:HD12	2.41	0.41
1:C:30:ARG:NH2	1:C:269:GLU:O	2.52	0.41
1:C:177:TYR:CE2	1:C:204:ILE:HD13	2.55	0.41
1:A:228:THR:OG1	1:A:246:GLN:NE2	2.52	0.41
1:A:275:THR:OG1	1:A:276:ALA:N	2.54	0.41
1:A:291:VAL:HG23	1:A:336:VAL:HG11	2.02	0.41
1:D:77:TYR:OH	1:D:101:PHE:O	2.30	0.41
2:E:1:NAG:C3	2:E:2:NAG:H2	2.51	0.41
1:B:288:ALA:HA	1:B:291:VAL:HG12	2.01	0.41
1:D:152:SER:OG	1:D:156:LYS:NZ	2.52	0.41
1:C:172:LYS:O	1:C:176:THR:OG1	2.24	0.41

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:C:278:ILE:O	1:C:278:ILE:HG23	2.20	0.41
1:B:321:VAL:O	1:B:321:VAL:HG13	2.21	0.41
1:A:106:THR:O	1:A:107:HIS:ND1	2.54	0.41
1:D:118:LYS:HG2	1:D:145:THR:HG22	2.02	0.41
1:C:260:GLU:O	1:C:264:THR:HG23	2.21	0.40
1:A:31:VAL:HG12	1:A:270:TYR:HE1	1.85	0.40
1:C:219:HIS:CD2	1:C:241:ASN:HB3	2.56	0.40
1:A:234:LYS:CD	1:A:234:LYS:N	2.84	0.40
1:A:375:SER:OG	1:A:376:GLU:N	2.54	0.40
1:C:354:ILE:CG2	1:C:355:ASN:N	2.85	0.40
1:A:256:SER:O	1:A:259:ILE:HG22	2.22	0.40
1:D:99:PRO:O	1:D:114:ARG:NE	2.48	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	372/889 (42%)	348 (94%)	24 (6%)	0	100	100
1	B	372/889 (42%)	344 (92%)	28 (8%)	0	100	100
1	C	372/889 (42%)	335 (90%)	37 (10%)	0	100	100
1	D	372/889 (42%)	348 (94%)	24 (6%)	0	100	100
All	All	1488/3556 (42%)	1375 (92%)	113 (8%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM

entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	273/761 (36%)	273 (100%)	0	100	100
1	B	284/761 (37%)	284 (100%)	0	100	100
1	C	272/761 (36%)	272 (100%)	0	100	100
1	D	296/761 (39%)	296 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	1125/3044 (37%)	1125 (100%)	0	100	100

There are no protein residues with a non-rotameric sidechain to report.

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (15) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	C	13	GLN
1	C	93	HIS
1	C	207	GLN
1	C	219	HIS
1	C	246	GLN
1	A	147	GLN
1	A	246	GLN
1	A	274	HIS
1	A	290	GLN
1	A	344	ASN
1	A	350	ASN
1	B	112	GLN
1	B	337	GLN
1	D	236	GLN
1	D	246	GLN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

10 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$
2	NAG	E	1	2,1	14,14,15	0.22	0	17,19,21	0.51	0
2	NAG	E	2	2	14,14,15	0.22	0	17,19,21	0.44	0
3	NAG	F	1	3,1	14,14,15	0.16	0	17,19,21	0.43	0
3	NAG	F	2	3	14,14,15	0.20	0	17,19,21	0.43	0
3	BMA	F	3	3	11,11,12	0.54	0	15,15,17	0.75	0
3	NAG	G	1	3,1	14,14,15	0.22	0	17,19,21	0.42	0
3	NAG	G	2	3	14,14,15	0.26	0	17,19,21	0.39	0
3	BMA	G	3	3	11,11,12	0.56	0	15,15,17	0.74	0
2	NAG	H	1	2,1	14,14,15	0.17	0	17,19,21	0.50	0
2	NAG	H	2	2	14,14,15	0.23	0	17,19,21	0.41	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAG	E	1	2,1	-	3/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	E	2	2	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	F	1	3,1	-	3/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	F	2	3	-	4/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	BMA	F	3	3	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	G	1	3,1	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	G	2	3	-	4/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	BMA	G	3	3	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	H	1	2,1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	H	2	2	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (21) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	E	1	NAG	C1-C2-N2-C7
2	H	1	NAG	C1-C2-N2-C7
3	F	1	NAG	C1-C2-N2-C7
2	E	2	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
3	F	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	E	1	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	E	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	E	1	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
3	G	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	F	2	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
3	G	1	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	G	2	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
3	F	1	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	H	2	NAG	C1-C2-N2-C7
3	F	2	NAG	C1-C2-N2-C7
2	H	2	NAG	C3-C2-N2-C7
3	F	2	NAG	C3-C2-N2-C7
3	G	2	NAG	C3-C2-N2-C7
3	G	2	NAG	C1-C2-N2-C7
2	H	1	NAG	C3-C2-N2-C7
3	F	1	NAG	C3-C2-N2-C7

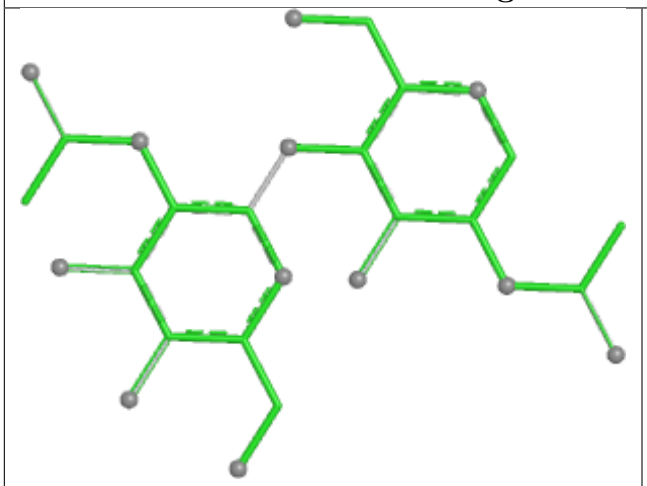
There are no ring outliers.

8 monomers are involved in 7 short contacts:

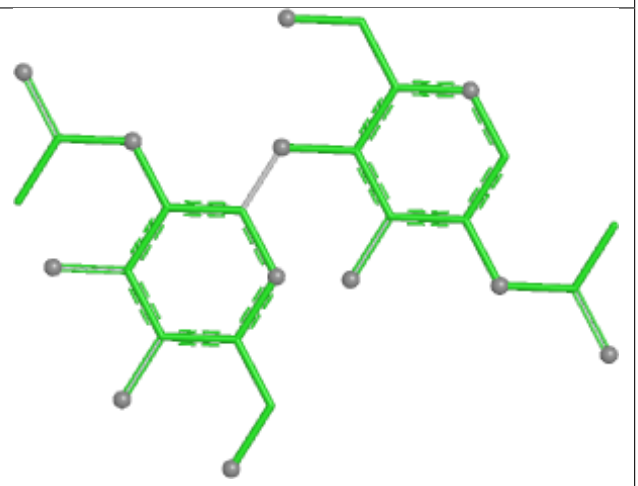
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	F	1	NAG	3	0
2	H	1	NAG	1	0
2	H	2	NAG	1	0
3	F	2	NAG	2	0
3	G	1	NAG	1	0
2	E	1	NAG	1	0
2	E	2	NAG	1	0
3	G	2	NAG	2	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.

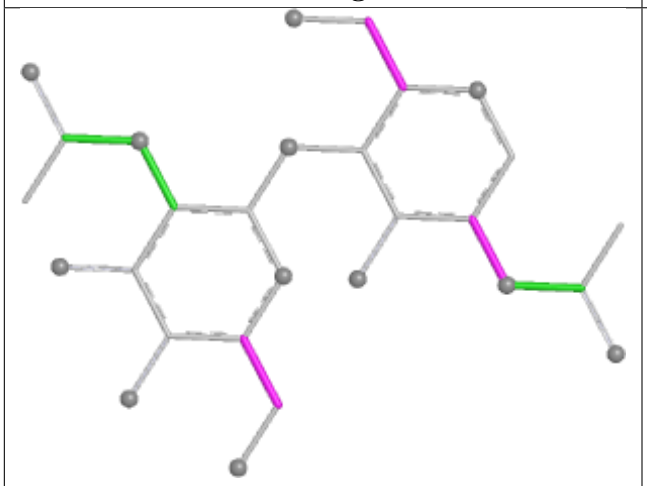
Oligosaccharide Chain E



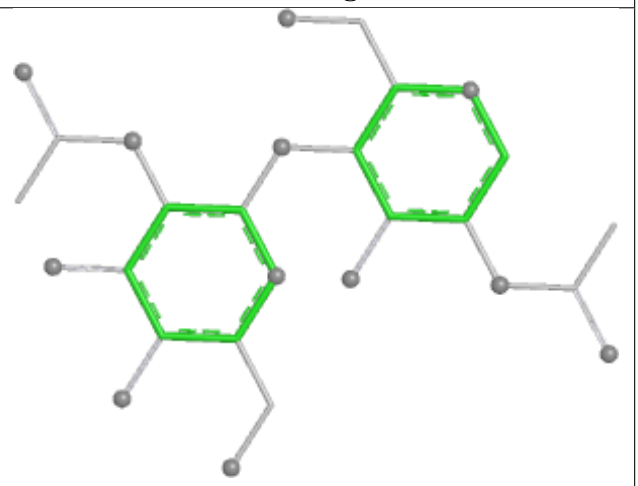
Bond lengths



Bond angles

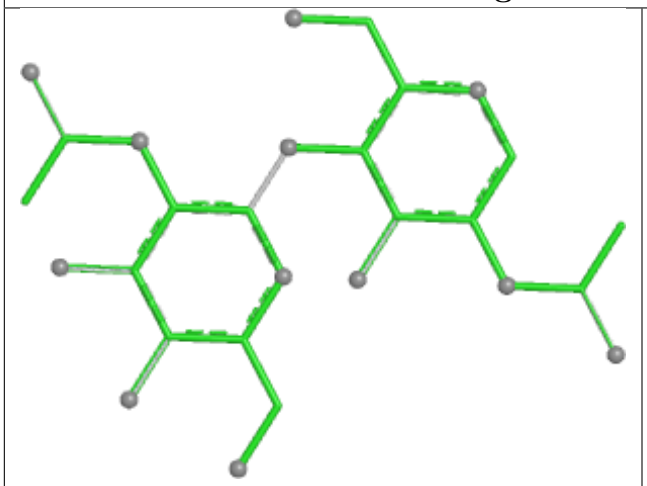


Torsions

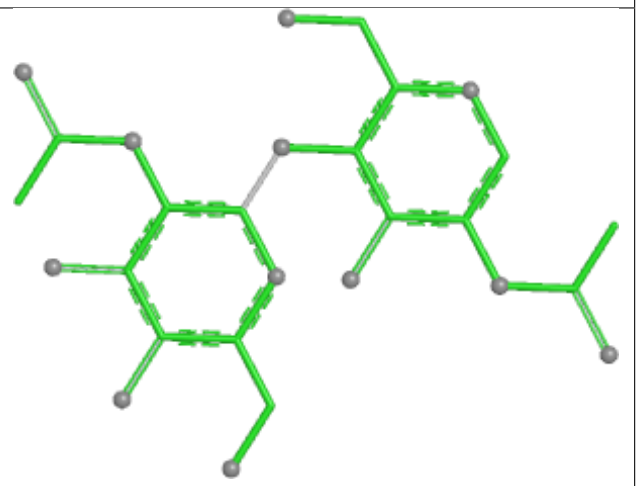


Rings

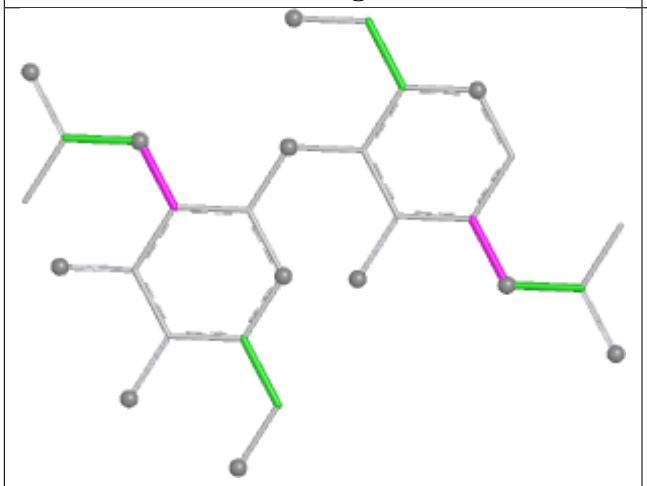
Oligosaccharide Chain H



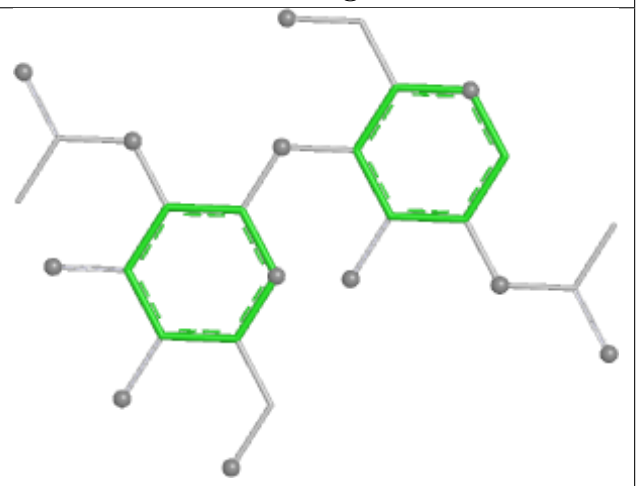
Bond lengths



Bond angles

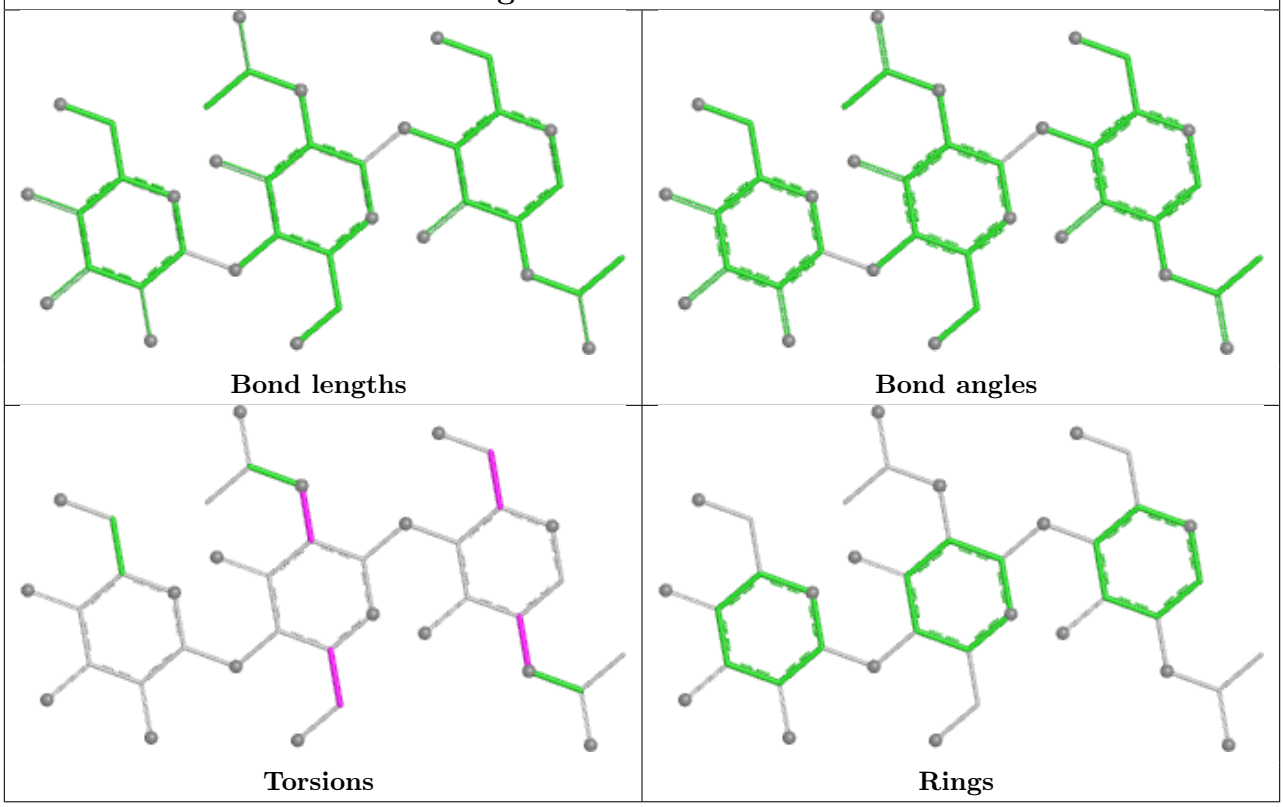


Torsions

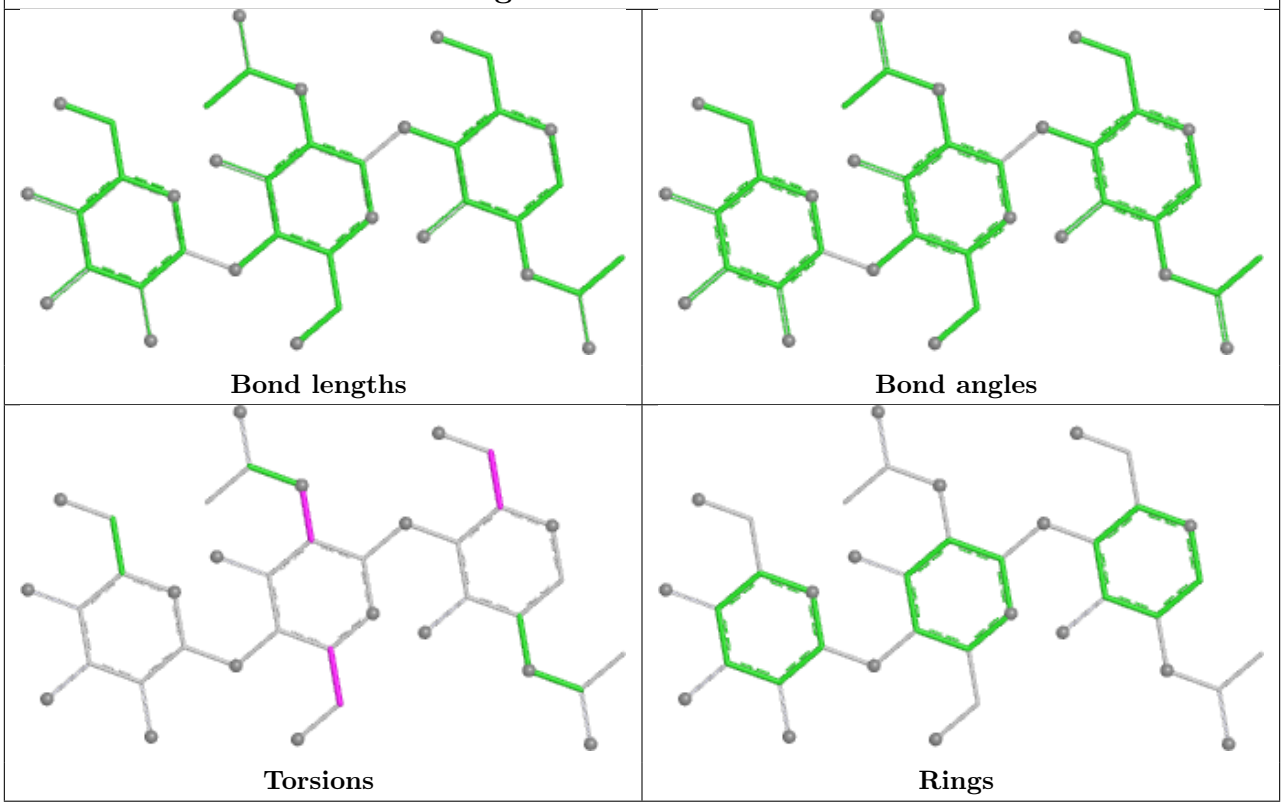


Rings

Oligosaccharide Chain F



Oligosaccharide Chain G



5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$
4	NAG	B	904	1	14,14,15	0.21	0	17,19,21	0.49	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	NAG	B	904	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

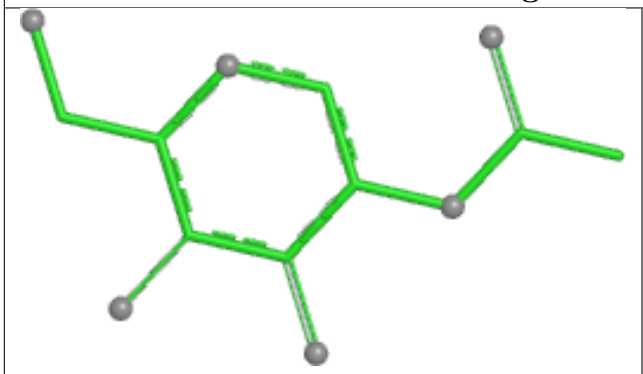
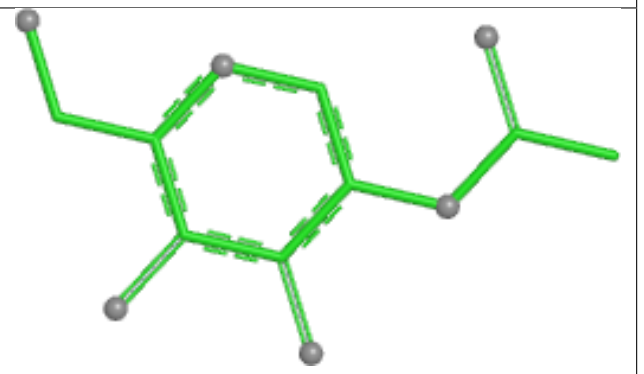
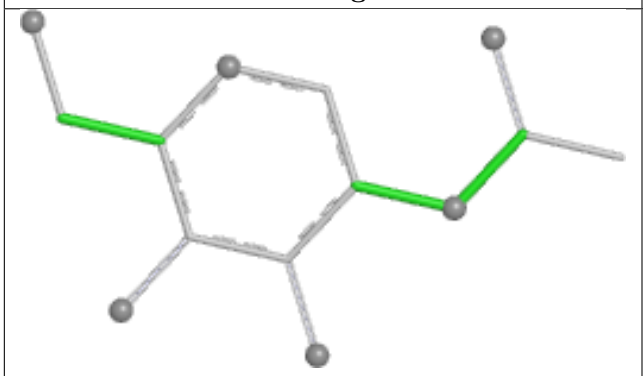
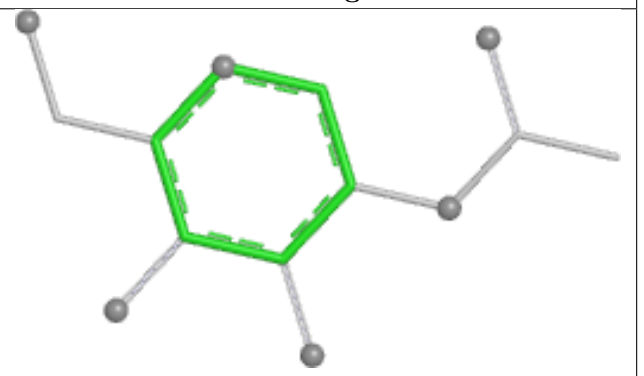
There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

Ligand NAG B 904	
 Bond lengths	 Bond angles
 Torsions	 Rings

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

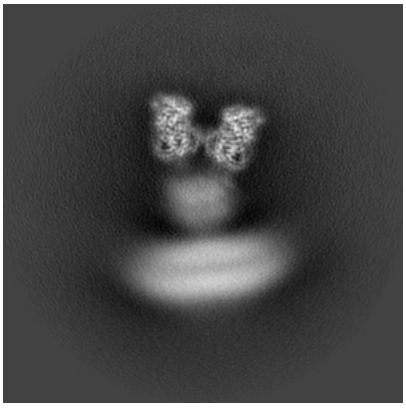
6 Map visualisation (i)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-20666. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

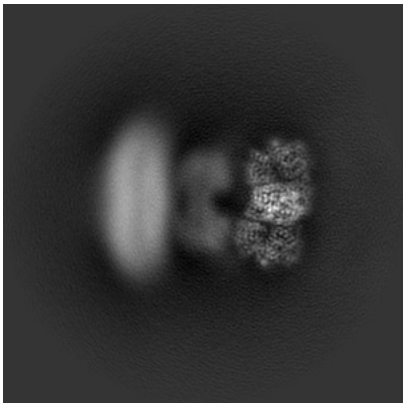
No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

6.1 Orthogonal projections (i)

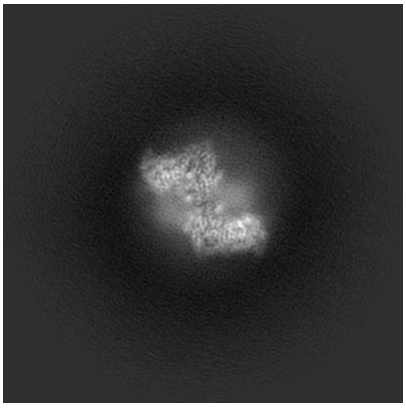
6.1.1 Primary map



X



Y

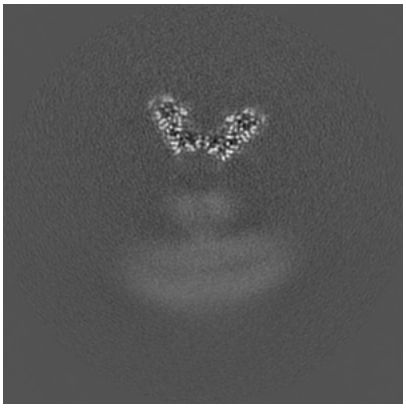


Z

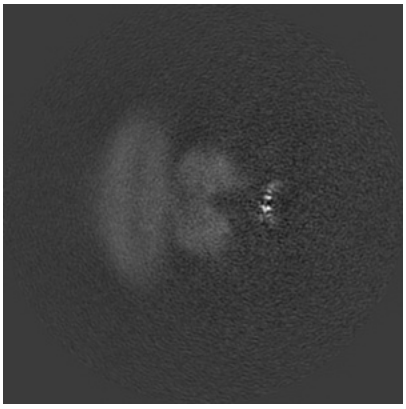
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices (i)

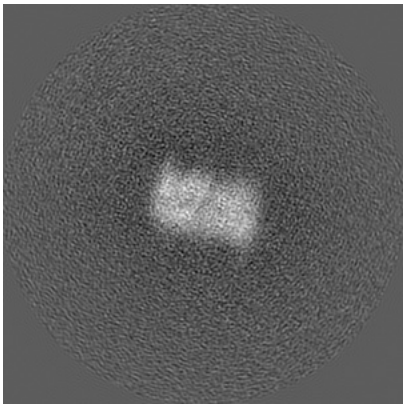
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 180



Y Index: 180

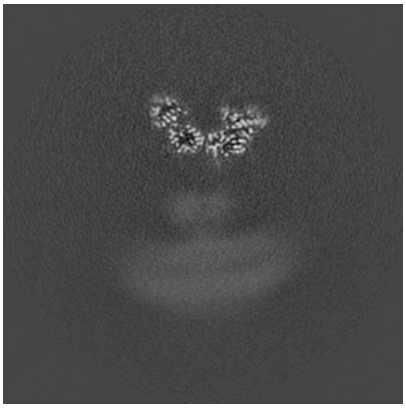


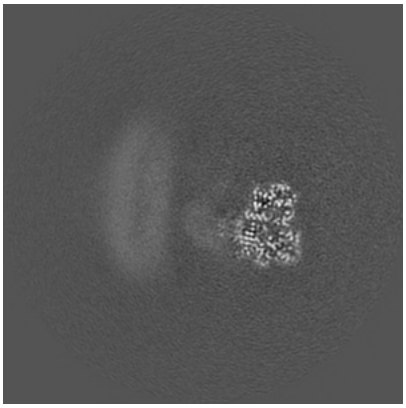
Z Index: 180

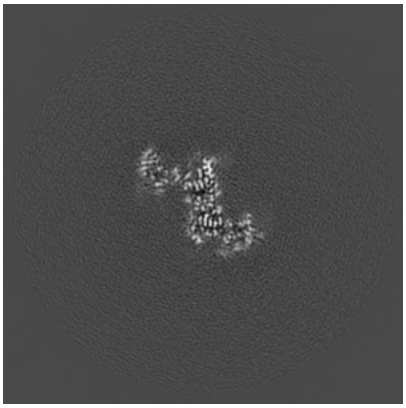
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices (i)

6.3.1 Primary map


X Index: 184

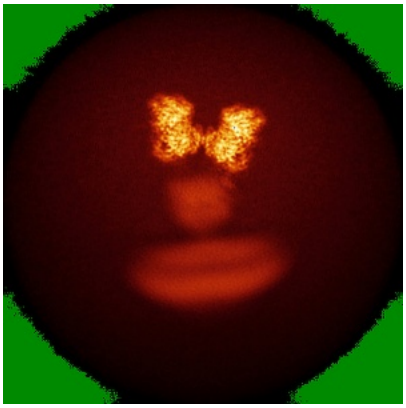

Y Index: 205

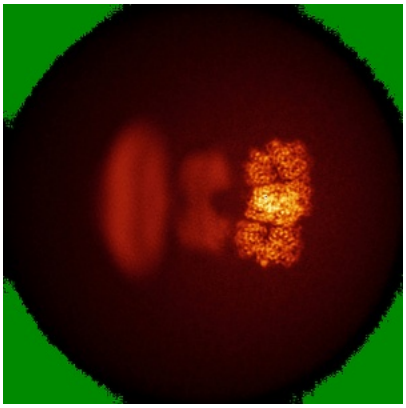

Z Index: 236

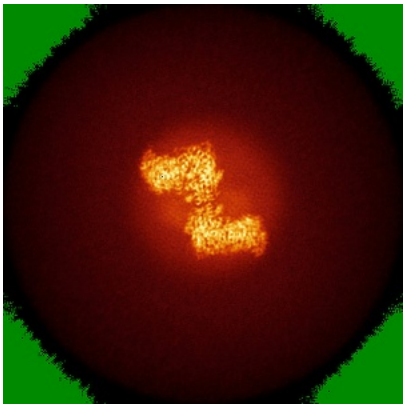
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) (i)

6.4.1 Primary map


X

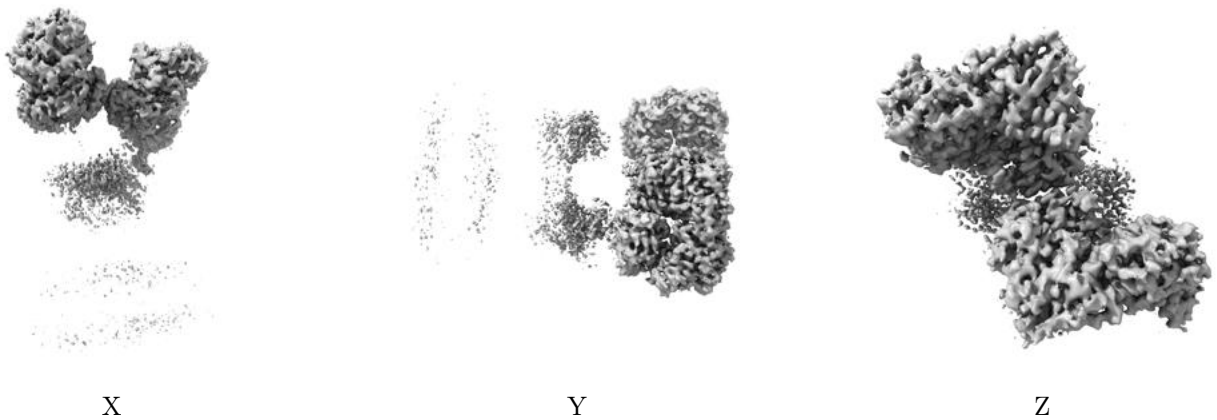

Y


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

6.5 Orthogonal surface views (i)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.0199. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

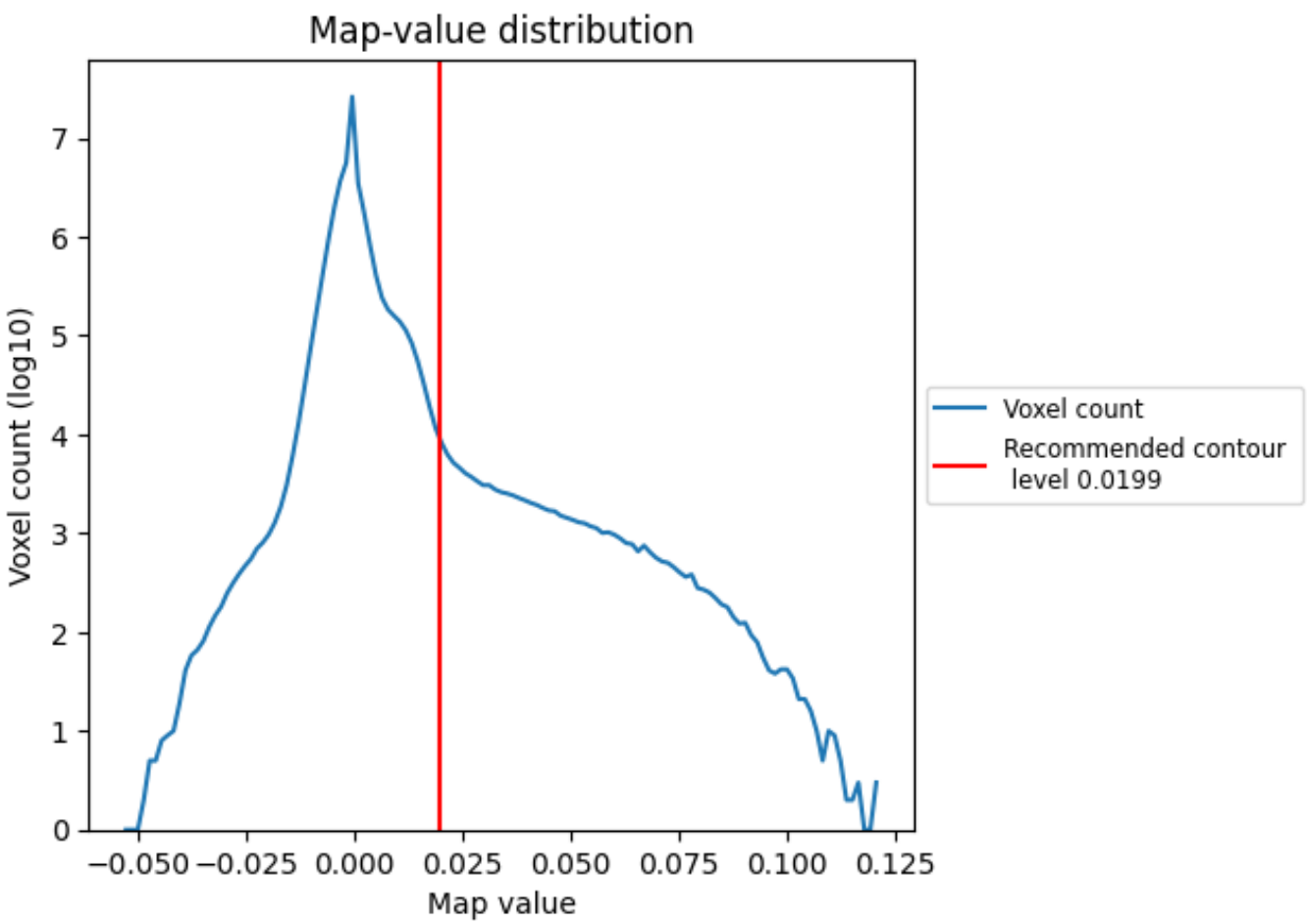
6.6 Mask visualisation (i)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis (i)

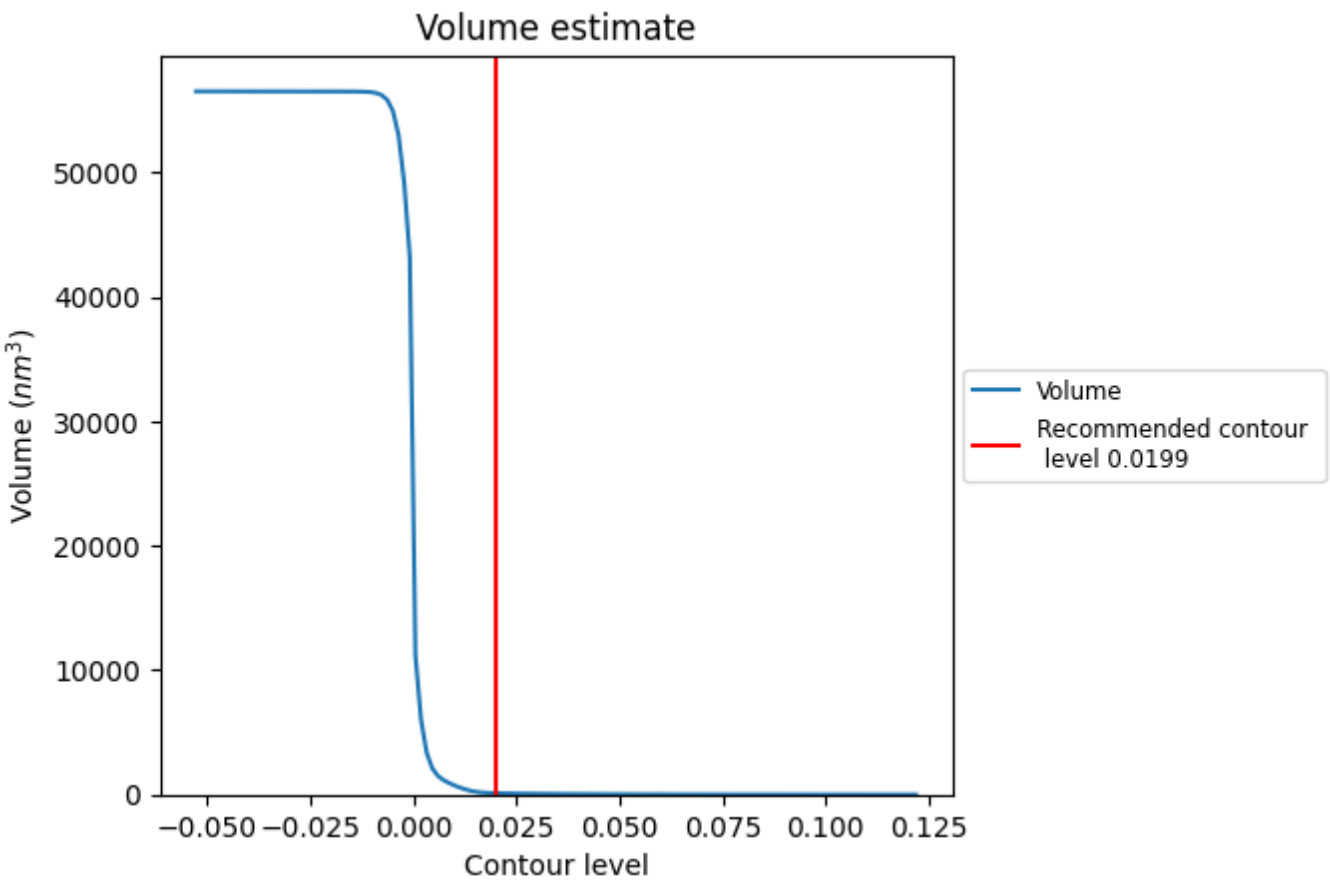
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution (i)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

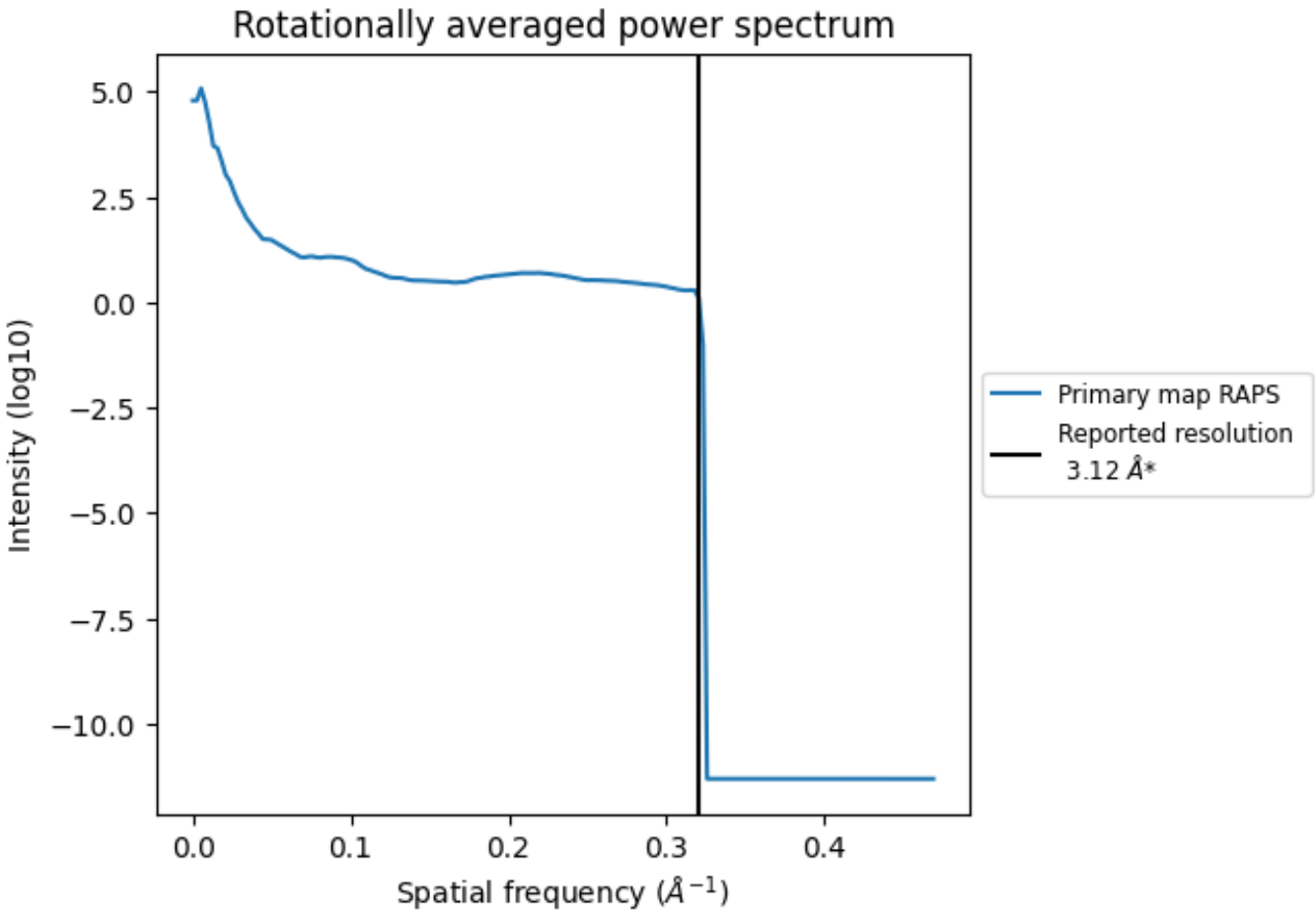
7.2 Volume estimate (i)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 109 nm^3; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 98 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum (i)

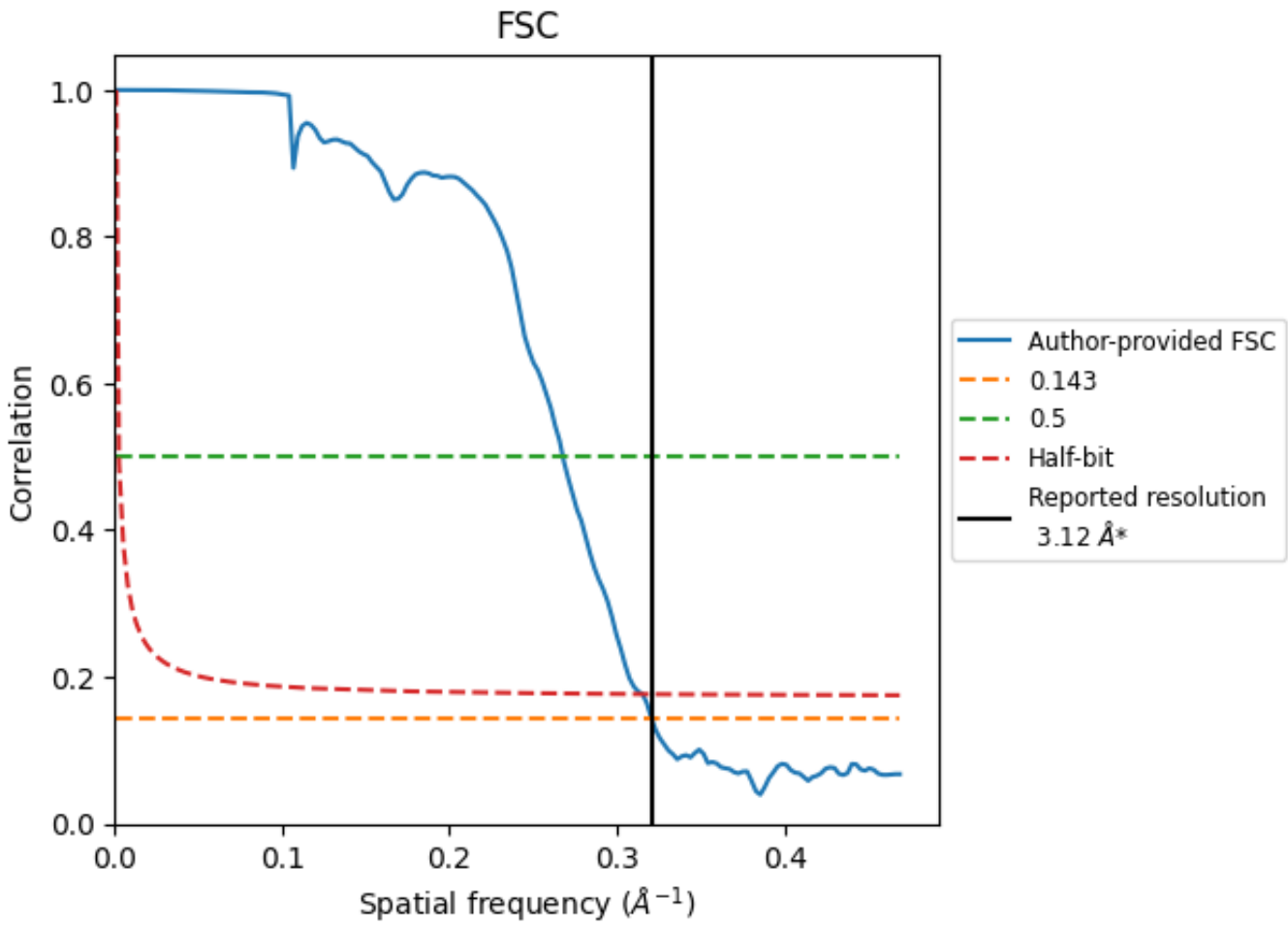


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.321 Å^{-1}

8 Fourier-Shell correlation (i)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC (i)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.321 Å^{-1}

8.2 Resolution estimates (i)

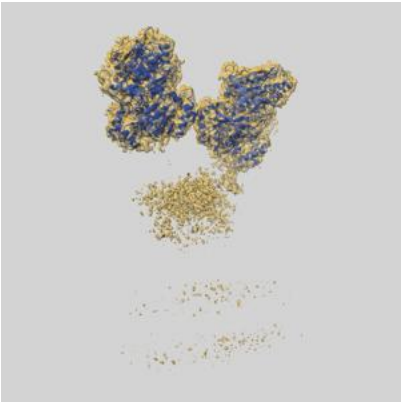
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	3.12	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	3.12	3.73	3.17
Unmasked-calculated*	-	-	-

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps.

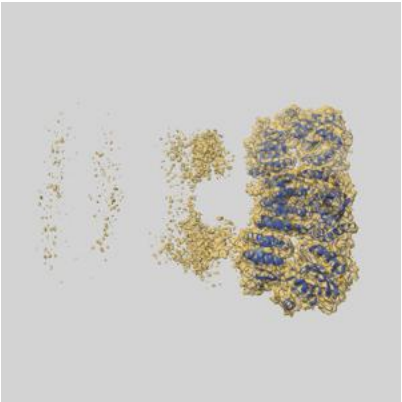
9 Map-model fit (i)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-20666 and PDB model 6U6I. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 7.

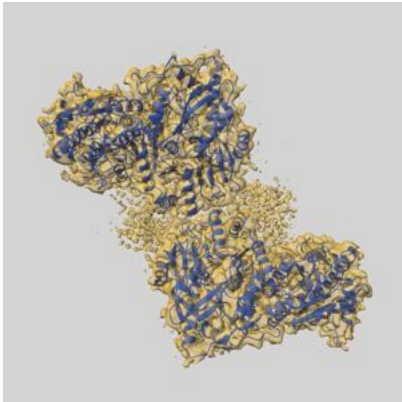
9.1 Map-model overlay (i)



X



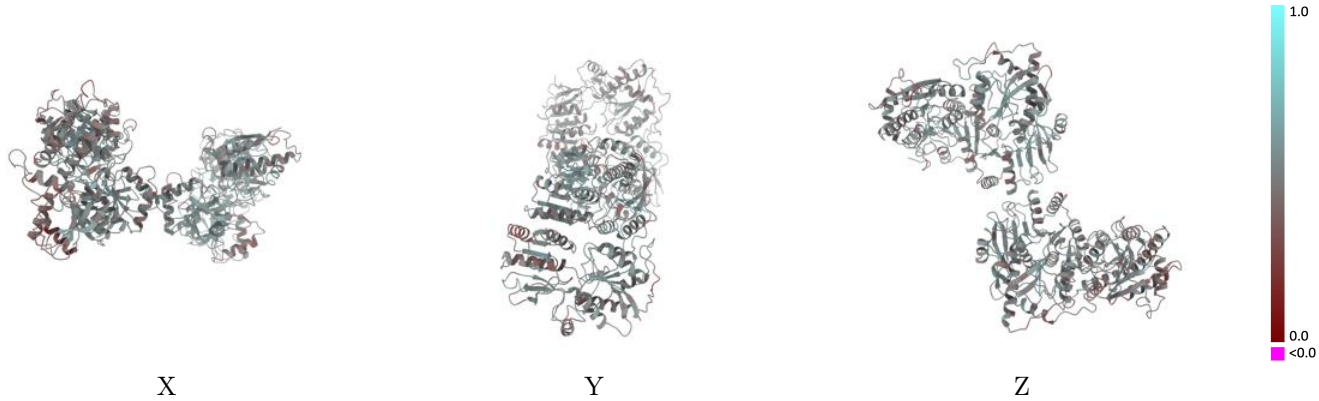
Y



Z

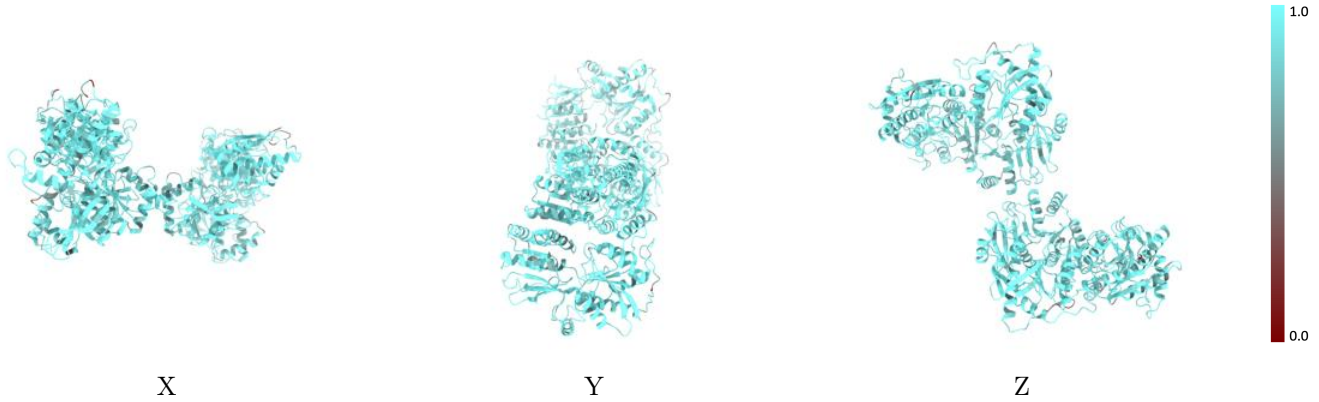
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.0199 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model (i)



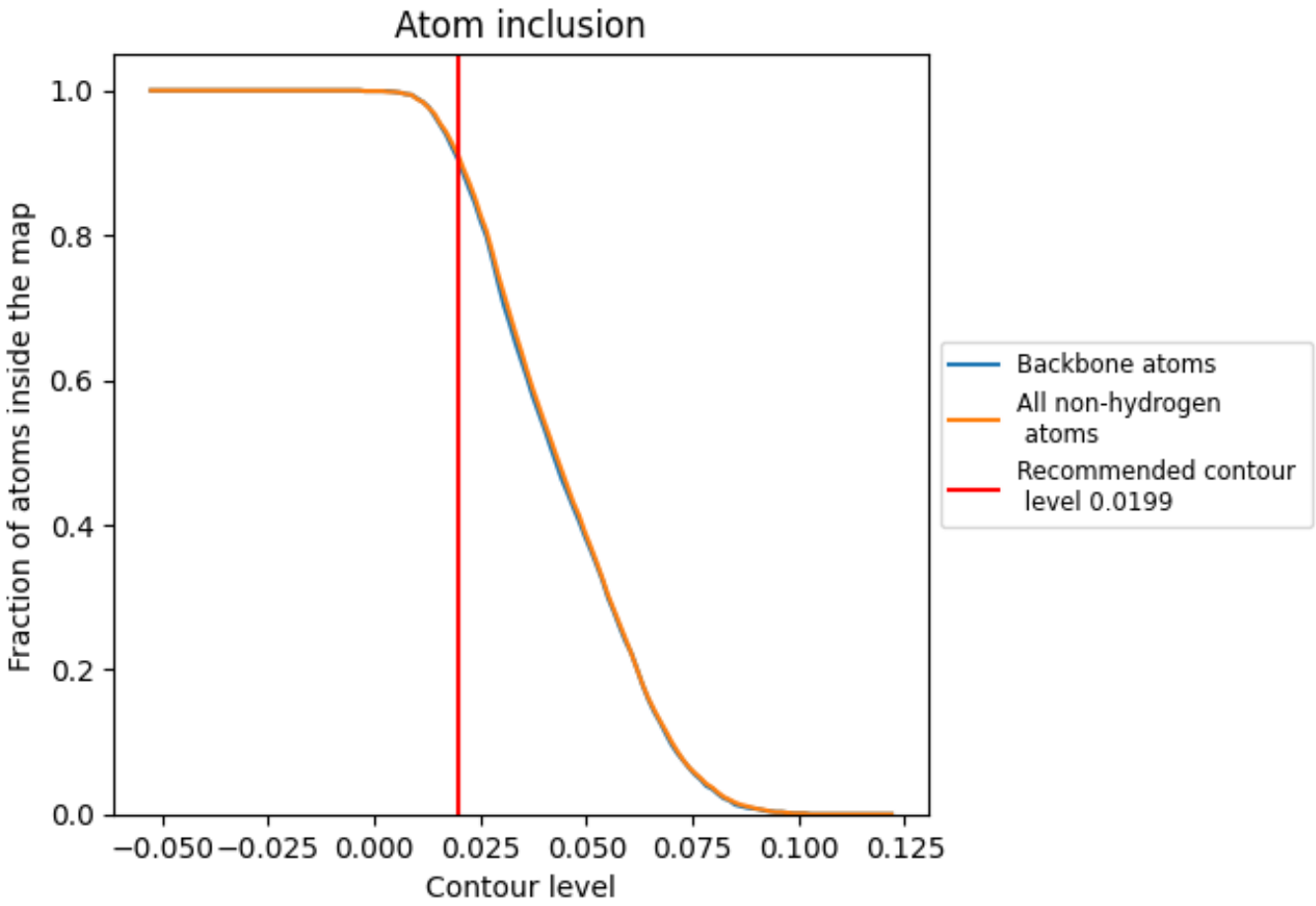
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model (i)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.0199).

9.4 Atom inclusion (i)



At the recommended contour level, 90% of all backbone atoms, 91% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary (i)

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.0199) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.9090	0.4960
A	0.8980	0.4670
B	0.9260	0.5120
C	0.9050	0.4870
D	0.9230	0.5190
E	0.6790	0.4500
F	0.4100	0.4030
G	0.6410	0.4360
H	0.7860	0.4930