



wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Dec 11, 2022 – 05:58 am GMT

PDB ID : 6RW6
EMDB ID : EMD-10033
Title : Cryo-EM structure of Photorhabdus luminescens TcdA1
Authors : Roderer, D.; Leidreiter, F.; Gatsogiannis, C.; Meusch, D.; Benz, R.; Raunser, S.
Deposited on : 2019-06-04
Resolution : 2.75 Å(reported)
Based on initial model : 1VW1

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev43
MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
MapQ : 1.9.9
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.31.3

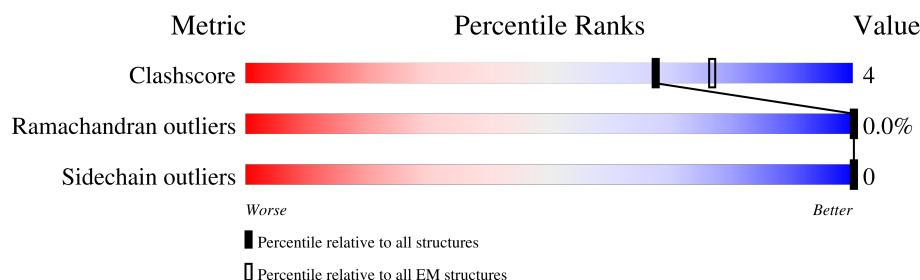
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.75 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	4297
Ramachandran outliers	154571	4023
Sidechain outliers	154315	3826

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	2516	
1	B	2516	
1	C	2516	
1	D	2516	
1	E	2516	

2 Entry composition

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 98645 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

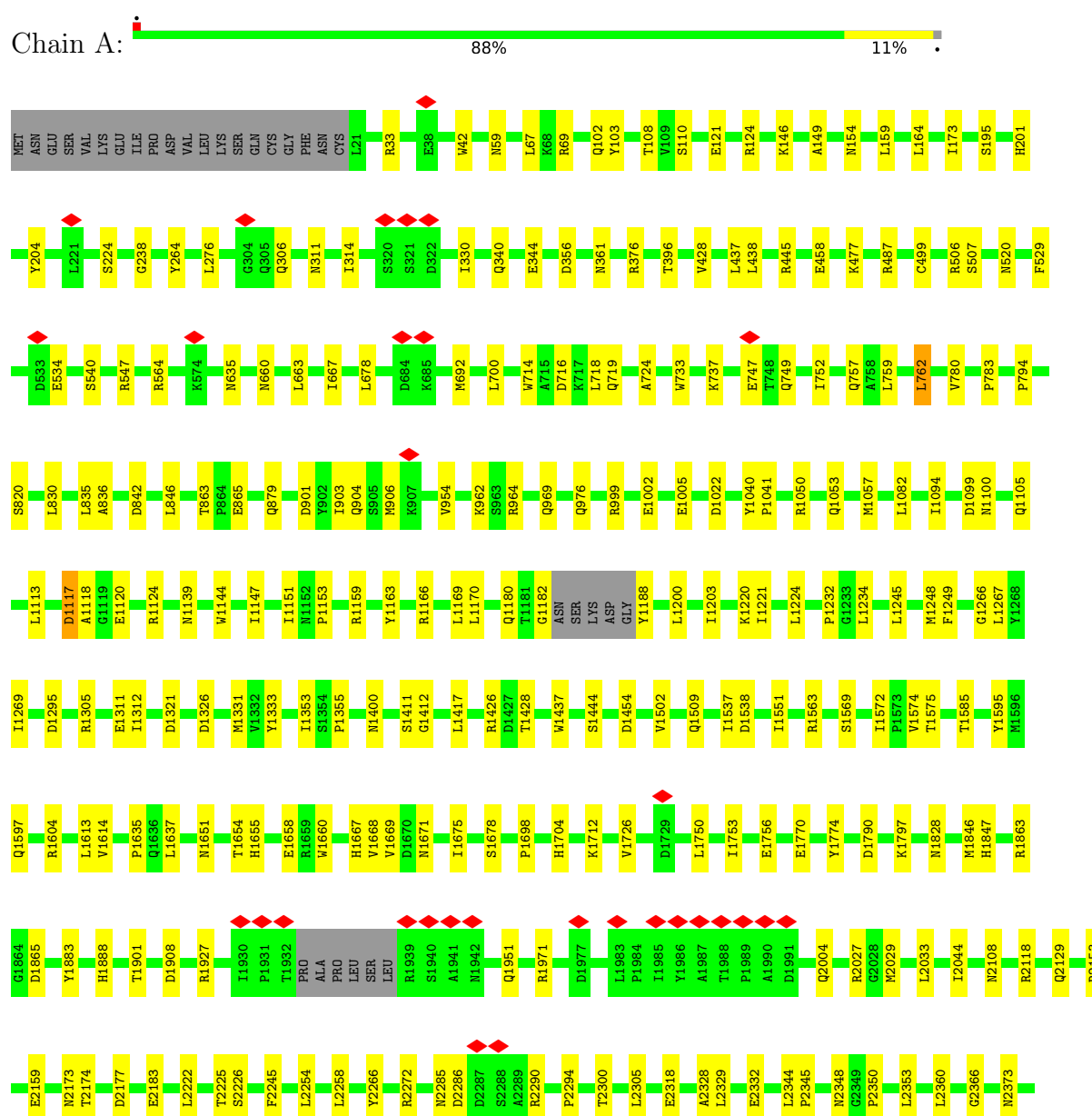
- Molecule 1 is a protein called TcdA1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	A	2485	Total 19729	C 12485	N 3357	O 3826	S 61	0	0
1	B	2485	Total 19729	C 12485	N 3357	O 3826	S 61	0	0
1	C	2485	Total 19729	C 12485	N 3357	O 3826	S 61	0	0
1	D	2485	Total 19729	C 12485	N 3357	O 3826	S 61	0	0
1	E	2485	Total 19729	C 12485	N 3357	O 3826	S 61	0	0

3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

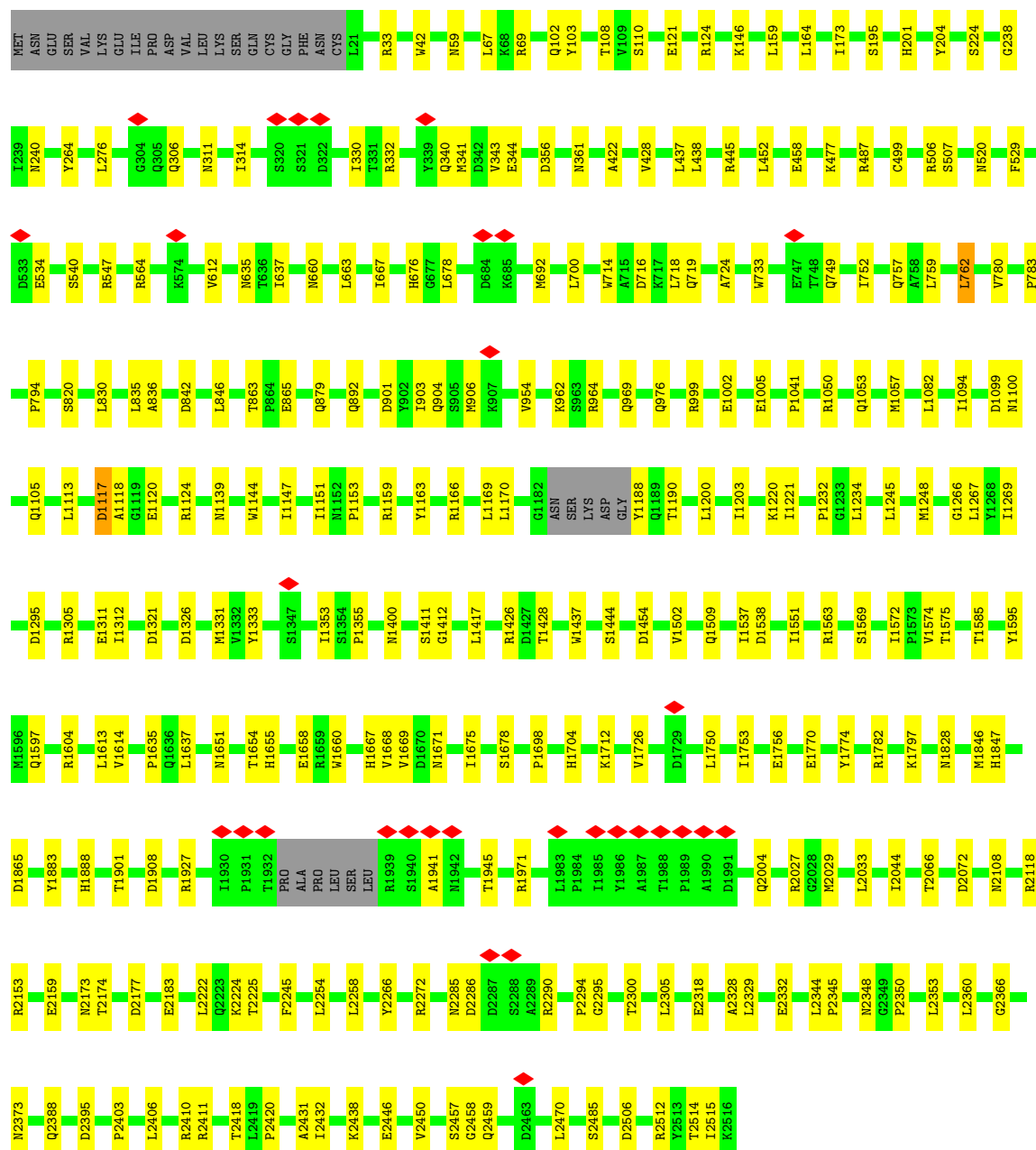
• Molecule 1: TcdA1





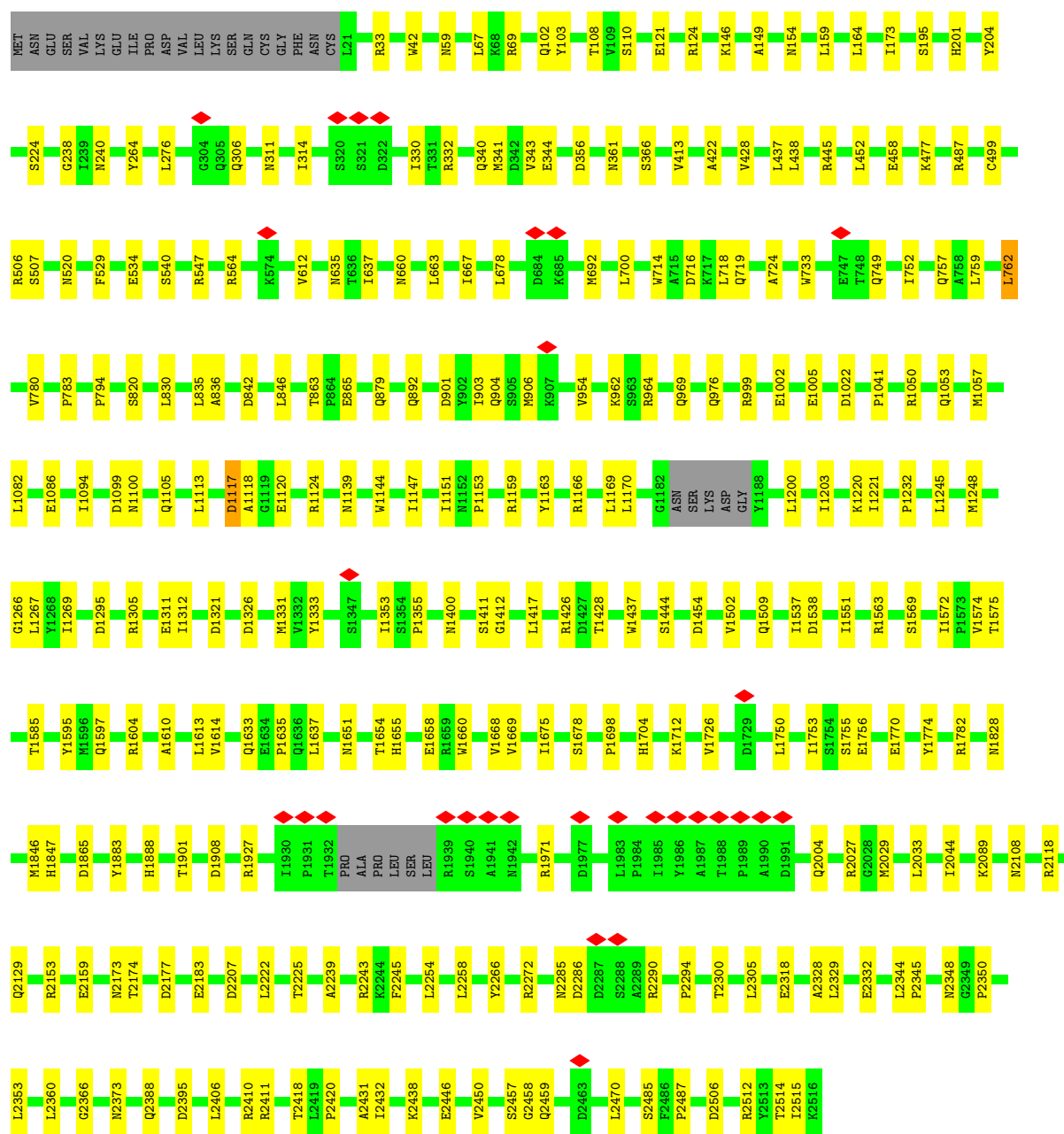
• Molecule 1: TcdA1

Chain B: 88% 11%



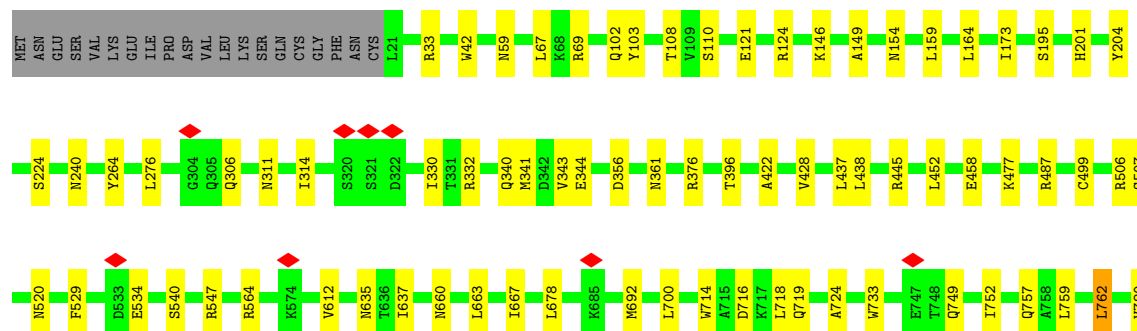
• Molecule 1: TcdA1

Chain C: 88% 11%



• Molecule 1: TcdA1

Chain D: 88% 11%





Frequency	Percentage
Often	88%
Sometimes	11%



M1248	V1574	M1846	E2159	D2395
G1266	T1575	H1847	N2173	P2403
L1267	T1585	D1865	T2174	L2406
Y1268	Y1595	Y1883	D2177	R2410
I1269	M1596	H1888	E2183	R2411
D1295	Q1597	T1901	L2222	T2418
R1305	R1604	D1908	T2225	L2419
E1311	L1613	R1927	F2245	P2420
I1312	V1614	I1930	L2254	A2431
D1321	P1635	P1931	L2258	L2432
D1326	L1637	T1932	Y2266	K2438
M1331	N1651	PRO	R2272	E2446
V1332	T1654	ALA	N2285	V2450
Y1333	H1655	PRO	D2286	S2457
S1347	E1658	LEU	D2287	G2458
I1353	R1659	SER	S2288	Q2459
S1354	W1660	LEU	A2289	D2463
P1355	H1667	R1939	R2290	L2470
N1400	V1668	S1940	P2294	S2485
S1411	V1669	A1941	T2300	F2486
G1412	D1670	M1942	L2305	P2487
L1417	N1671	R1971	E2318	D2506
R1426	I1675	L1983	A2328	R2512
D1427	S1678	P1984	L2329	Y2513
T1428	P1698	I1985	E2332	T2514
W1437	H1704	Y1986	L2344	I2515
S1444	K1712	T1988	P2345	K2516
D1454	V1726	P1989	N2348	
V1502	D1729	D1991	G2349	
Q1509	L1750	Q2004	P2350	
I1537	T1753	R2027	L2353	
D1538	E1756	G2028	L2360	
I1551	E1770	M2029	G2366	
R1563	Y1774	L2033	N2373	
S1569	K1797	I2044	Q2388	
I1572	N1828	N2108		
P1573		R2118		
		Q2129		
		R2153		

4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, C5	Depositor
Number of particles used	436273	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	100	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Maximum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	FEI FALCON II (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.303	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.125	Depositor
Average map value	0.001	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.009	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.04	Depositor
Map size (Å)	437.76, 437.76, 437.76	wwPDB
Map dimensions	384, 384, 384	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.14, 1.14, 1.14	Depositor

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.54	0/20154	0.56	1/27374 (0.0%)
1	B	0.54	0/20154	0.56	1/27374 (0.0%)
1	C	0.54	0/20154	0.56	1/27374 (0.0%)
1	D	0.54	0/20154	0.56	1/27374 (0.0%)
1	E	0.54	0/20154	0.56	1/27374 (0.0%)
All	All	0.54	0/100770	0.56	5/136870 (0.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	3
1	B	0	3
1	C	0	3
1	D	0	3
1	E	0	3
All	All	0	15

There are no bond length outliers.

All (5) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	D	762	LEU	CA-CB-CG	-5.56	102.50	115.30
1	A	762	LEU	CA-CB-CG	-5.56	102.51	115.30
1	C	762	LEU	CA-CB-CG	-5.55	102.54	115.30
1	B	762	LEU	CA-CB-CG	-5.54	102.57	115.30
1	E	762	LEU	CA-CB-CG	-5.53	102.58	115.30

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 15 planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	1117	ASP	Peptide
1	A	1412	GLY	Peptide
1	A	1668	VAL	Peptide
1	B	1117	ASP	Peptide
1	B	1412	GLY	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	19729	0	19276	168	0
1	B	19729	0	19276	170	0
1	C	19729	0	19276	167	0
1	D	19729	0	19276	166	0
1	E	19729	0	19276	168	0
All	All	98645	0	96380	752	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 4.

The worst 5 of 752 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:340:GLN:HE22	1:A:361:ASN:HD22	1.41	0.69
1:C:340:GLN:HE22	1:C:361:ASN:HD22	1.41	0.69
1:E:340:GLN:HE22	1:E:361:ASN:HD22	1.41	0.69
1:B:340:GLN:HE22	1:B:361:ASN:HD22	1.41	0.69
1:D:340:GLN:HE22	1:D:361:ASN:HD22	1.41	0.69

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM

entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	2479/2516 (98%)	2424 (98%)	54 (2%)	1 (0%)	100	100
1	B	2479/2516 (98%)	2423 (98%)	55 (2%)	1 (0%)	100	100
1	C	2479/2516 (98%)	2423 (98%)	55 (2%)	1 (0%)	100	100
1	D	2479/2516 (98%)	2424 (98%)	54 (2%)	1 (0%)	100	100
1	E	2479/2516 (98%)	2423 (98%)	55 (2%)	1 (0%)	100	100
All	All	12395/12580 (98%)	12117 (98%)	273 (2%)	5 (0%)	100	100

All (5) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	1669	VAL
1	B	1669	VAL
1	C	1669	VAL
1	D	1669	VAL
1	E	1669	VAL

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	2129/2157 (99%)	2129 (100%)	0	100	100
1	B	2129/2157 (99%)	2129 (100%)	0	100	100
1	C	2129/2157 (99%)	2129 (100%)	0	100	100
1	D	2129/2157 (99%)	2129 (100%)	0	100	100
1	E	2129/2157 (99%)	2129 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	10645/10785 (99%)	10645 (100%)	0	100	100

There are no protein residues with a non-rotameric sidechain to report.

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 140

such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	E	102	GLN
1	E	584	ASN
1	E	1687	ASN
1	B	1743	HIS
1	B	1704	HIS

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

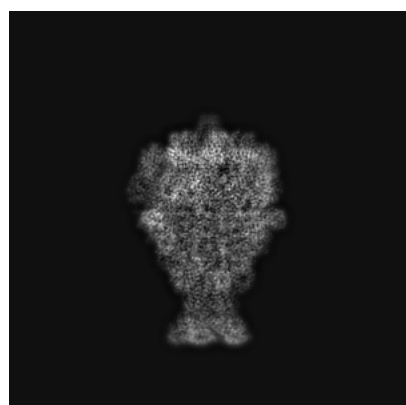
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-10033. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

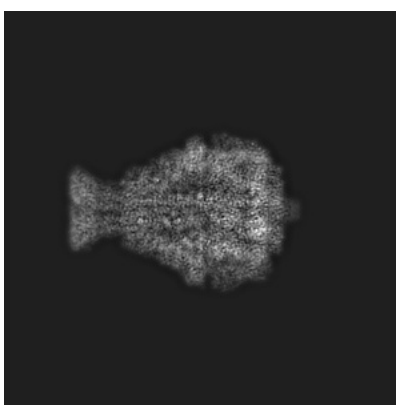
No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

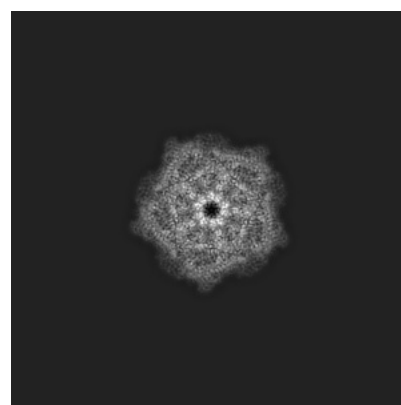
6.1.1 Primary map



X



Y



Z

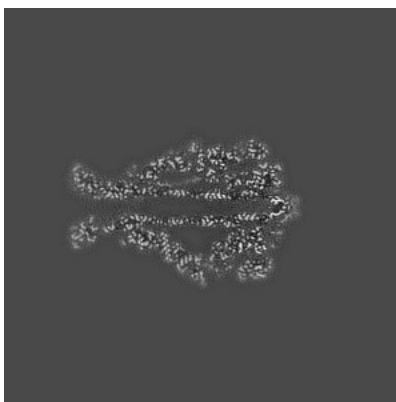
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

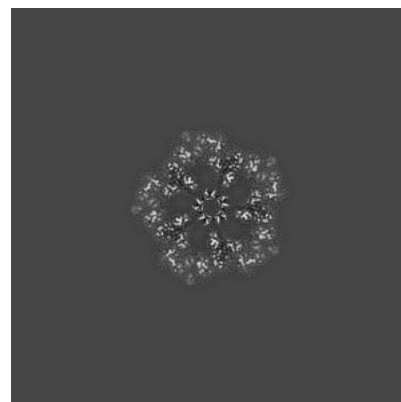
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 192



Y Index: 192

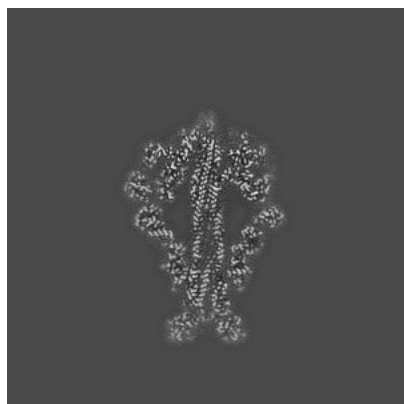


Z Index: 192

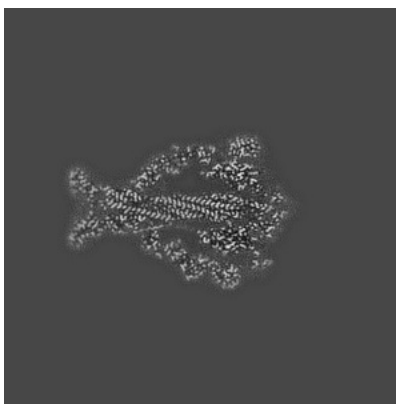
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

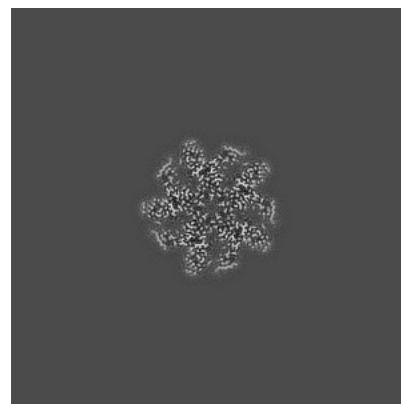
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 183



Y Index: 180



Z Index: 245

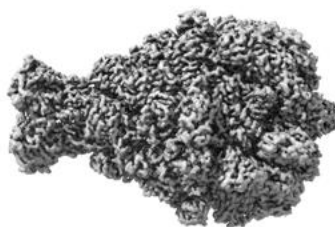
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

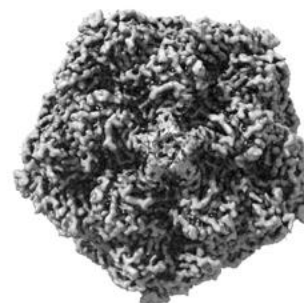
6.4.1 Primary map



X



Y



Z

The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.04. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

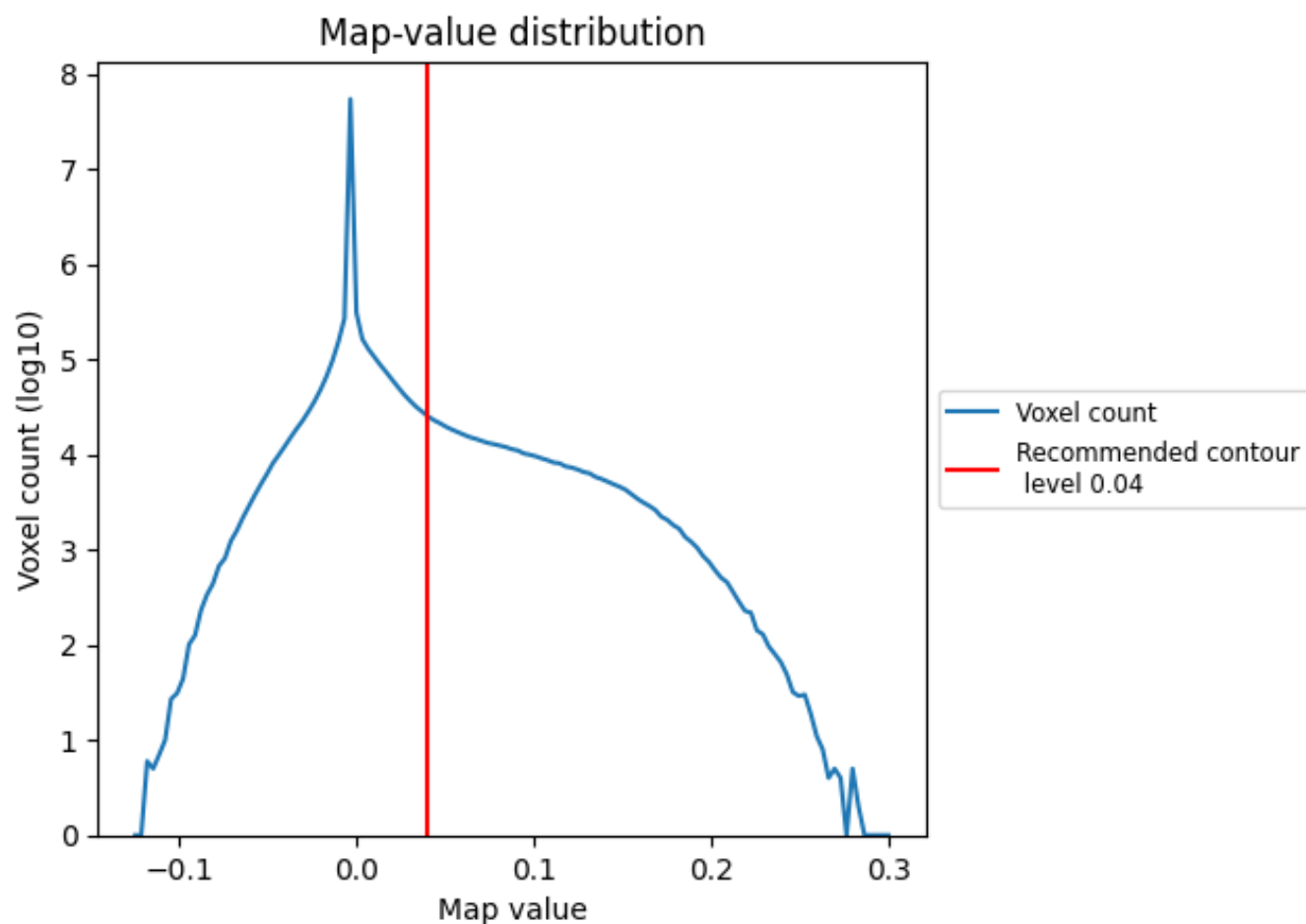
6.5 Mask visualisation

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis [i](#)

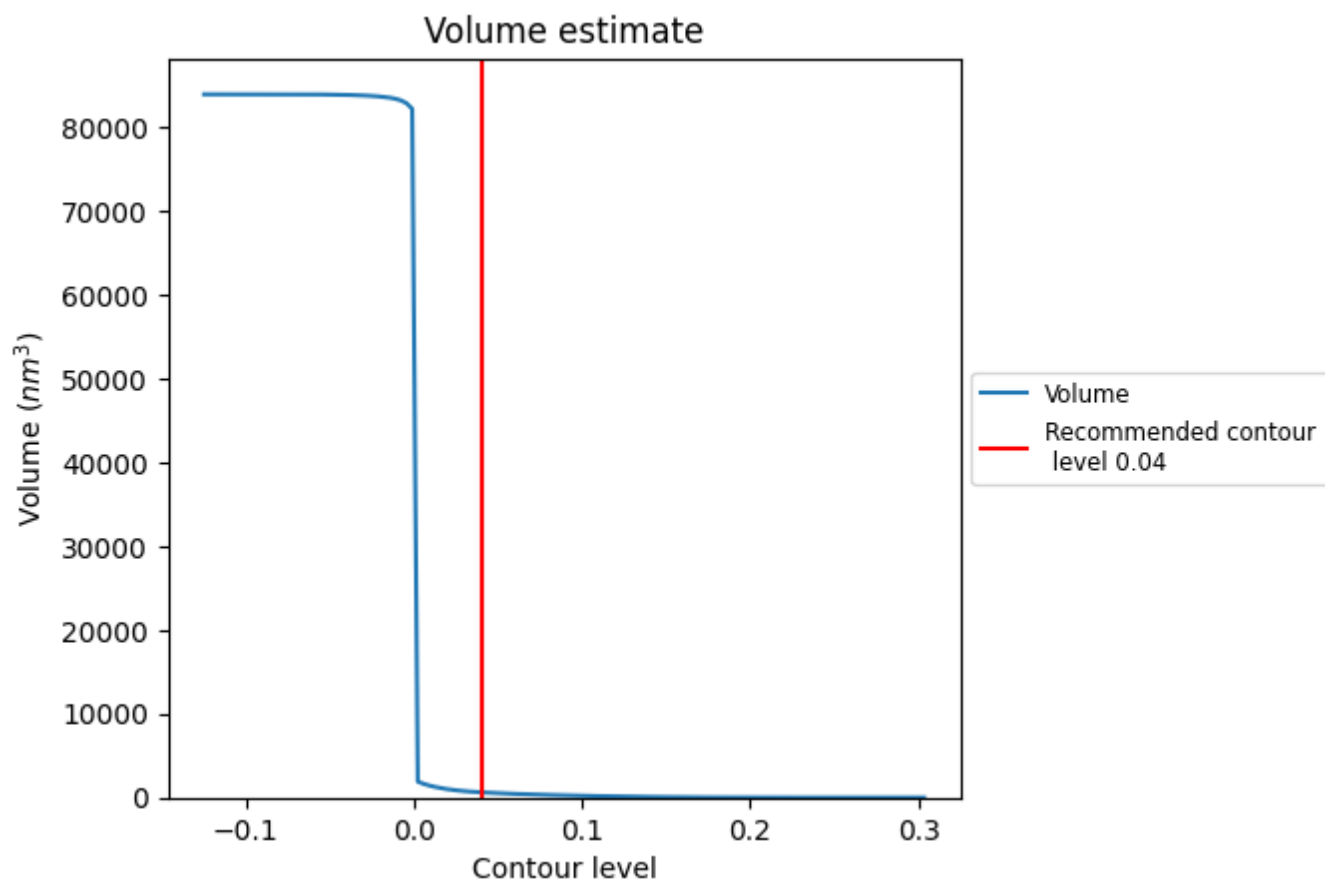
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

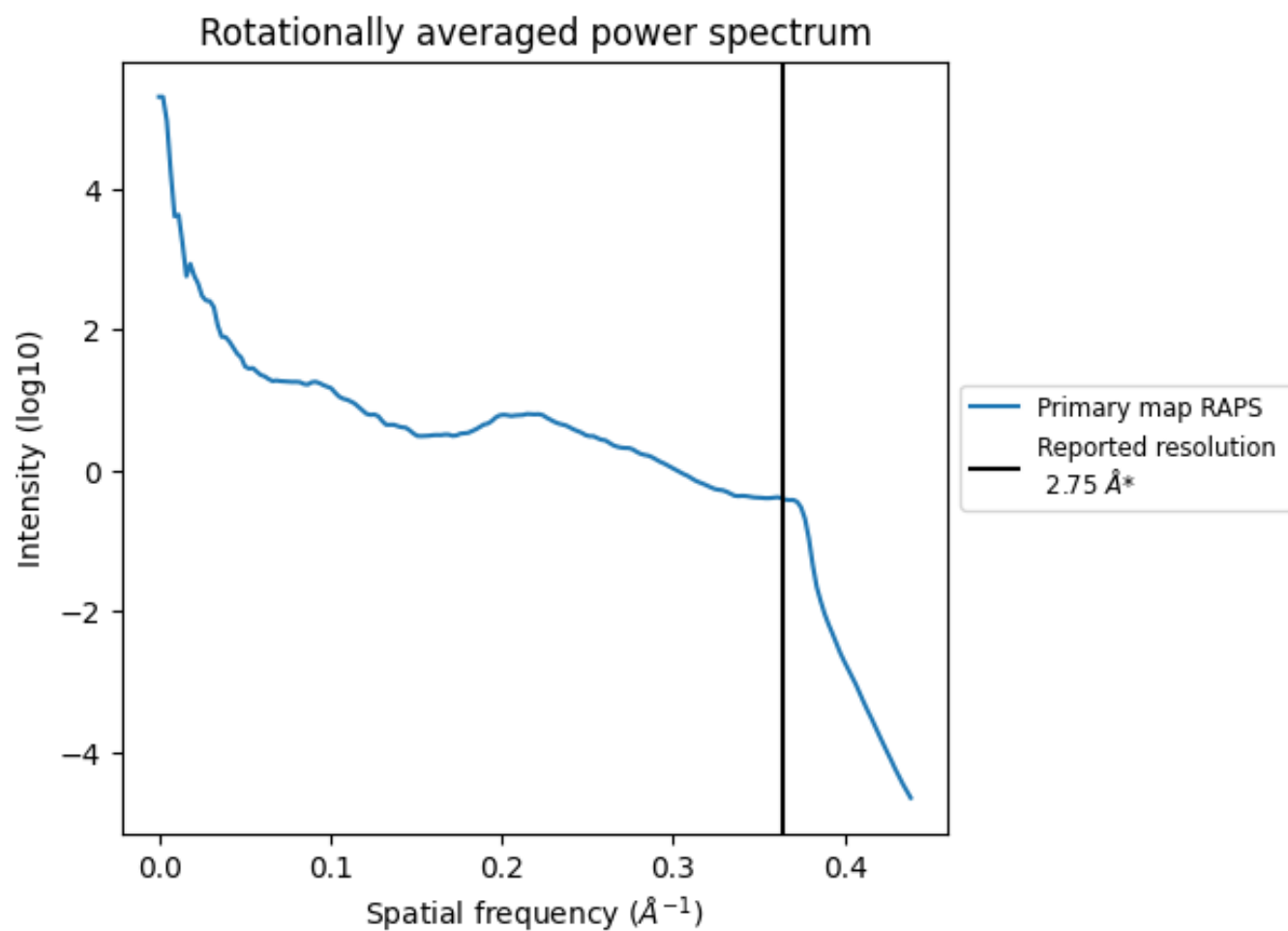
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 624 nm^3 ; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 564 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum ⓘ



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.364 Å⁻¹

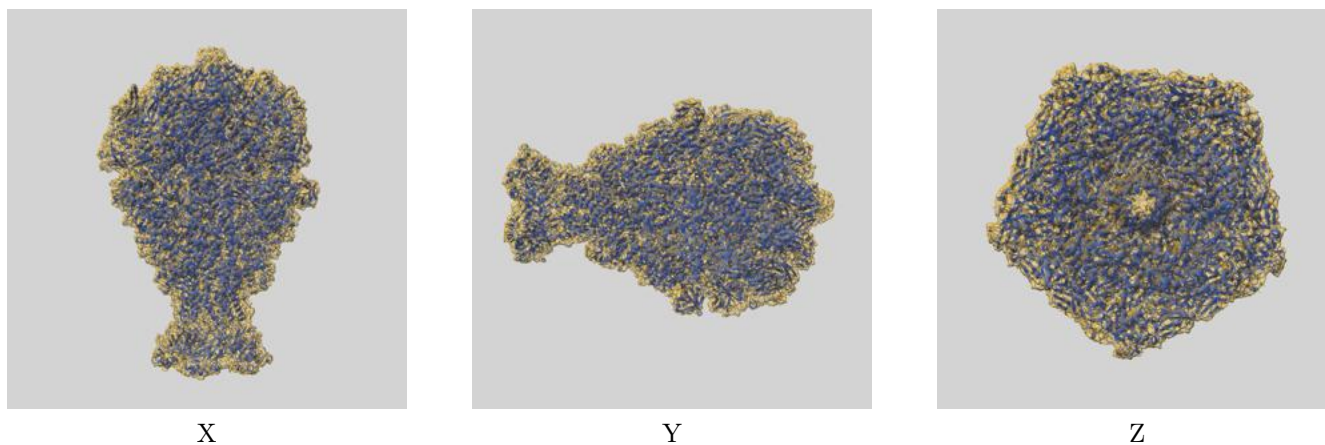
8 Fourier-Shell correlation

This section was not generated. No FSC curve or half-maps provided.

9 Map-model fit [i](#)

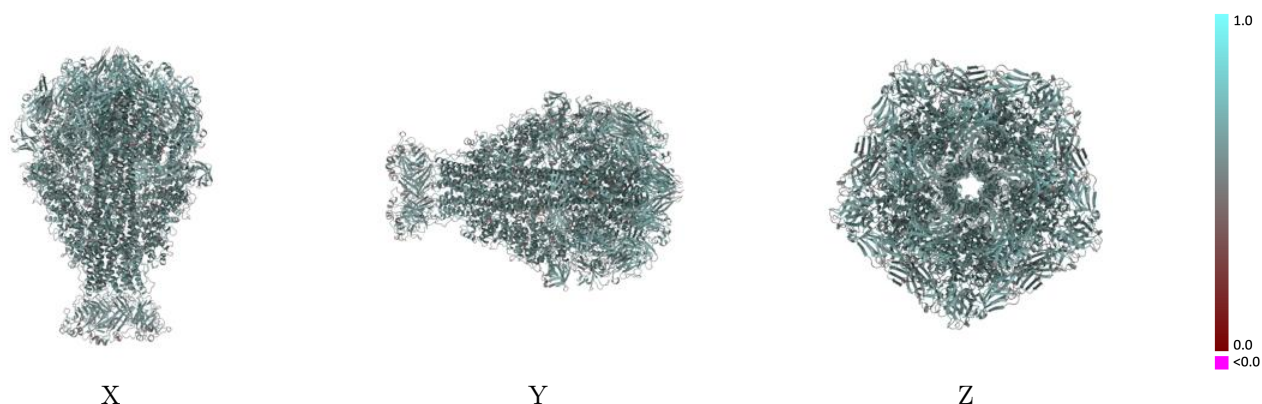
This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-10033 and PDB model 6RW6. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in [section 3](#) on [page 4](#).

9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



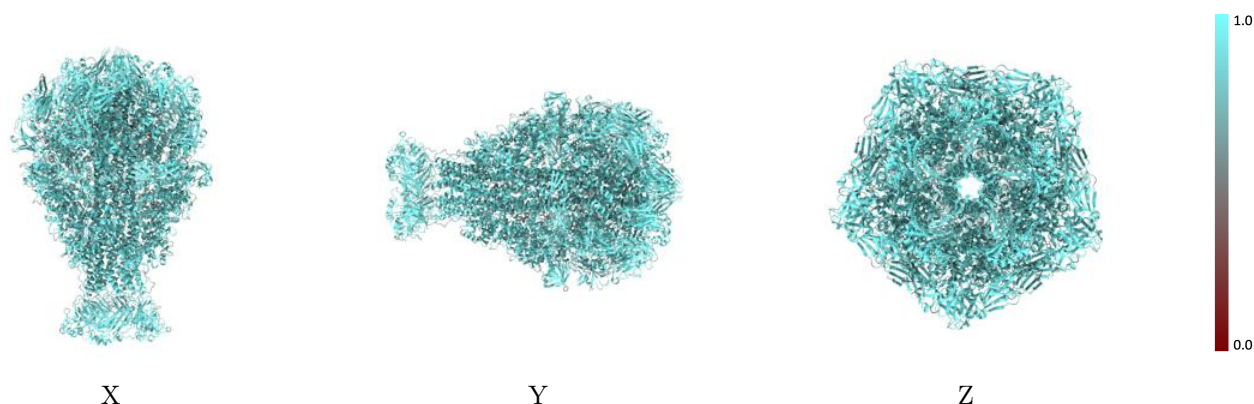
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.04 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



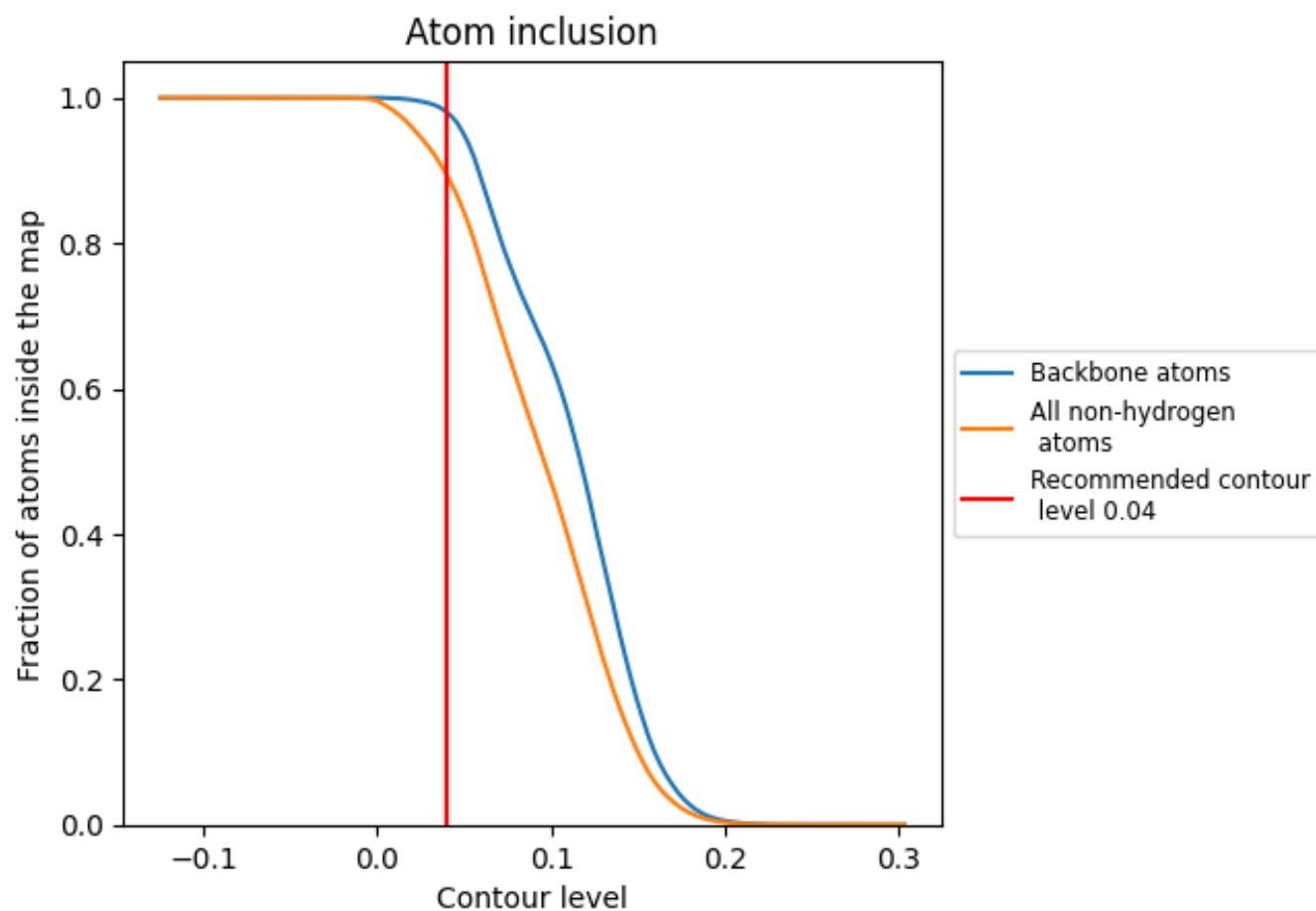
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.04).

9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 98% of all backbone atoms, 89% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary ⓘ

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.04) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	<div></div> 0.8936	<div></div> 0.5850
A	<div></div> 0.8939	<div></div> 0.5850
B	<div></div> 0.8929	<div></div> 0.5840
C	<div></div> 0.8935	<div></div> 0.5850
D	<div></div> 0.8941	<div></div> 0.5850
E	<div></div> 0.8938	<div></div> 0.5850

