wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report (i)

May 11, 2024 – 06:26 pm BST

PDB ID	:	6RTF
EMDB ID	:	EMD-4998
Title	:	Structure of murine Solute Carrier 26 family member A9 (Slc26a9) anion transporter in an intermediate state
Authors	:	Sawicka, M.; Walter, J.D.; Dutzler, R.
Deposited on	:	2019-05-23
Resolution	:	7.77 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at
http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

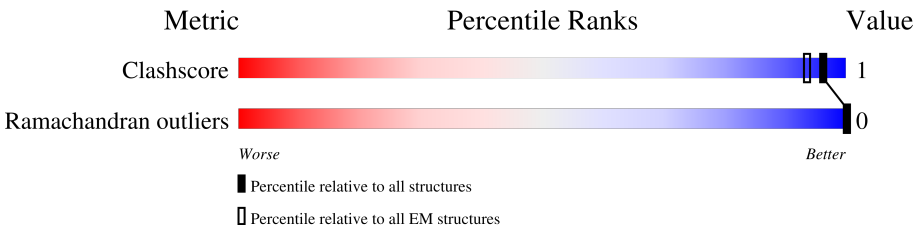
EMDB validation analysis	:	0.0.1.dev92
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
MapQ	:	1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.36.2

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 7.77 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	4297
Ramachandran outliers	154571	4023

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion < 40%). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	643	27% 95%
1	B	643	28% 96%

2 Entry composition (i)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 6120 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Solute carrier family 26 member 9,Solute carrier family 26 member 9.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O		
1	A	621	3060	1818	621	621	0	0
1	B	621	3060	1818	621	621	0	0

There are 4 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

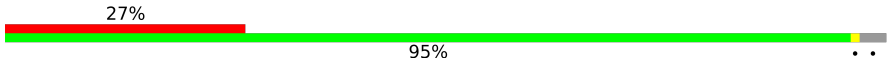
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	558	GLY	-	linker	UNP A0A0R4J0F7
A	559	SER	-	linker	UNP A0A0R4J0F7
B	558	GLY	-	linker	UNP A0A0R4J0F7
B	559	SER	-	linker	UNP A0A0R4J0F7

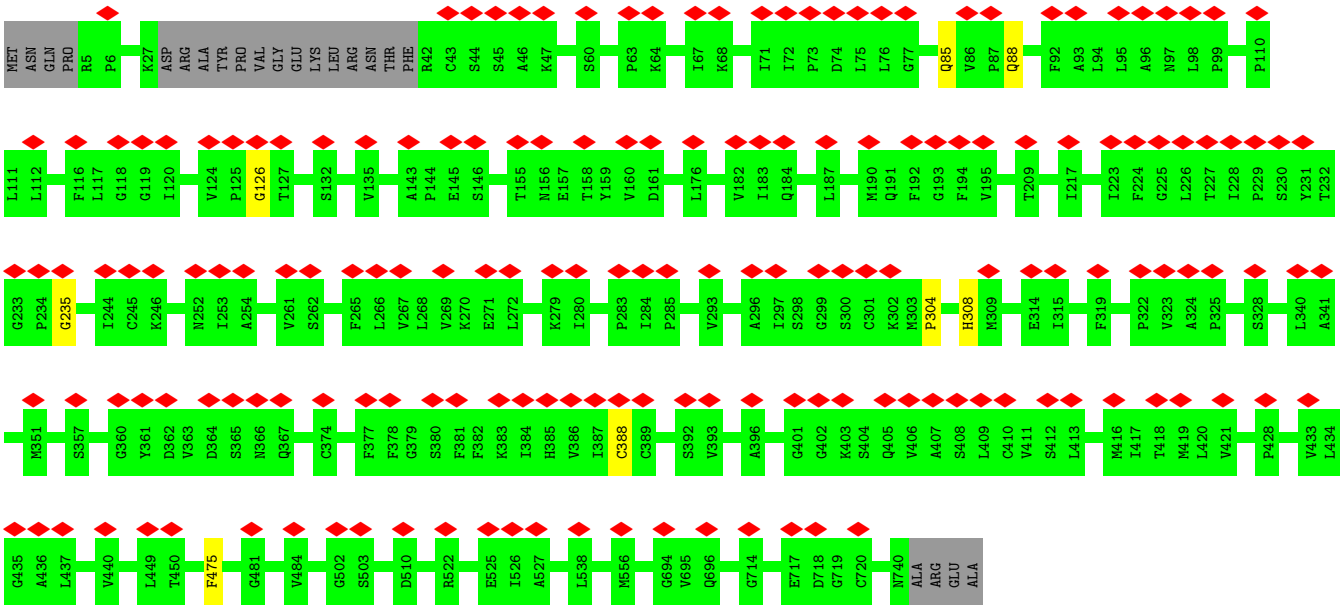
3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Solute carrier family 26 member 9,Solute carrier family 26 member 9

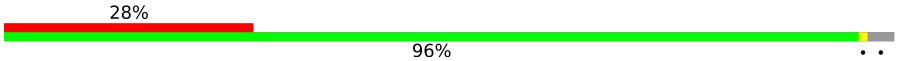
Chain A:

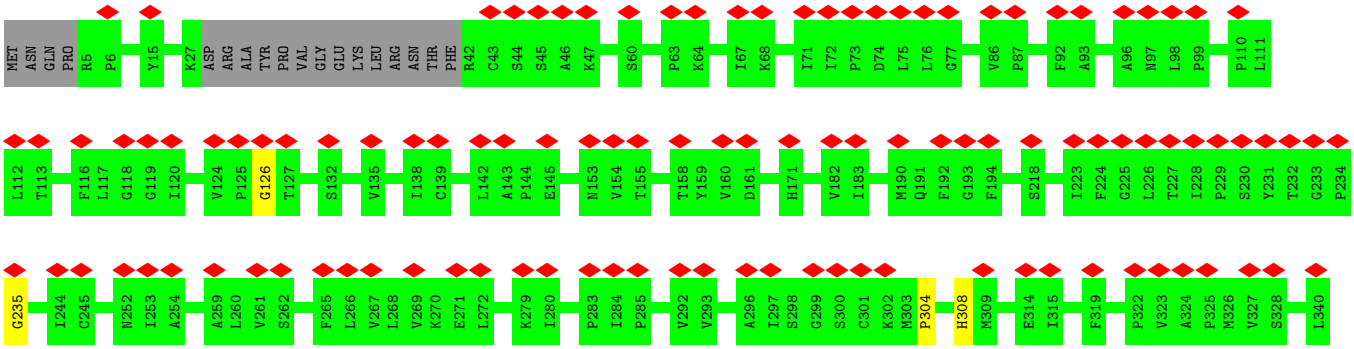


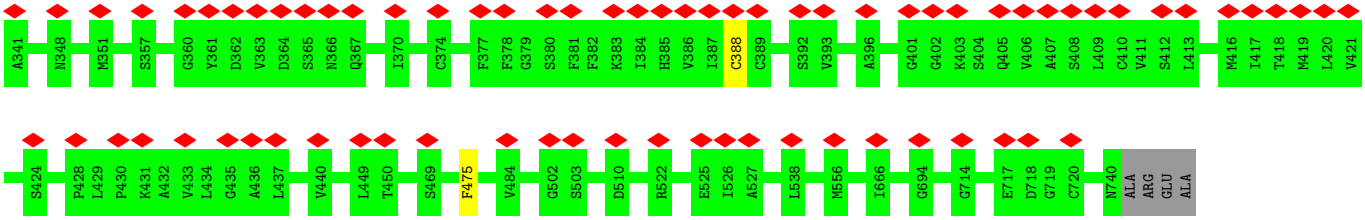


- Molecule 1: Solute carrier family 26 member 9,Solute carrier family 26 member 9

Chain B:






A341
N348
M351
S357
G360
Y361
D362
V363
D364
S365
N366
Q367
I370
C374
F377
F378
G379
S380
F381
F382
K383
I384
H385
V386
I387
C388
C389
S392
V393
A396
G401
G402
K403
S404
Q405
V406
A407
S408
L409
C410
V411
S412
L413
M416
I417
T418
M419
L420
V421
S424
P428
L429
P430
K431
A432
V433
L434
G435
A436
L437
V440
L449
T450
S469
F475
V484
G502
S503
D510
R522
E525
I526
A527
L538
M556
I666
G694
G714
E717
D718
G719
C720
N740
ALA
ARG
GLU
ALA

4 Experimental information (i)

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, C2	Depositor
Number of particles used	17442	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	FEI POLARA 300	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/Å^2$)	60	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Maximum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Magnification	37313	Depositor
Image detector	GATAN K2 SUMMIT (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.410	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.233	Depositor
Average map value	0.003	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.016	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.103	Depositor
Map size (Å)	249.40001, 249.40001, 249.40001	wwPDB
Map dimensions	232, 232, 232	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.075, 1.075, 1.075	Depositor

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| >5$	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| >5$
1	A	0.37	0/3057	0.65	0/4248
1	B	0.37	0/3057	0.65	0/4248
All	All	0.37	0/6114	0.65	0/8496

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3060	0	1412	4	0
1	B	3060	0	1412	3	0
All	All	6120	0	2824	7	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 1.

The worst 5 of 7 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:126:GLY:N	1:B:388:CYS:O	2.41	0.53
1:A:126:GLY:N	1:A:388:CYS:O	2.41	0.53

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:235:GLY:N	1:A:475:PHE:O	2.44	0.50
1:B:235:GLY:N	1:B:475:PHE:O	2.44	0.49
1:B:304:PRO:O	1:B:308:HIS:N	2.54	0.41

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	615/643 (96%)	586 (95%)	29 (5%)	0	100	100
1	B	615/643 (96%)	586 (95%)	29 (5%)	0	100	100
All	All	1230/1286 (96%)	1172 (95%)	58 (5%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

There are no protein residues with a non-rotameric sidechain to report in this entry.

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

The following chains have linkage breaks:

Mol	Chain	Number of breaks
1	A	1
1	B	1

All chain breaks are listed below:

Model	Chain	Residue-1	Atom-1	Residue-2	Atom-2	Distance (Å)
1	A	559:SER	C	661:THR	N	4.20
1	B	559:SER	C	661:THR	N	4.20

6 Map visualisation (i)

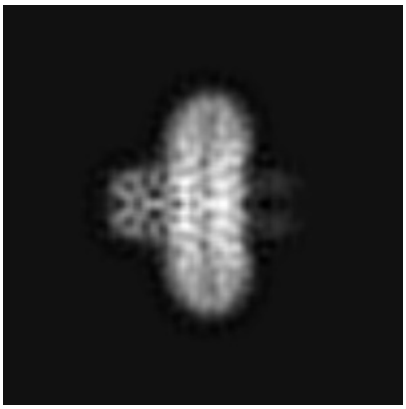
This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-4998. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

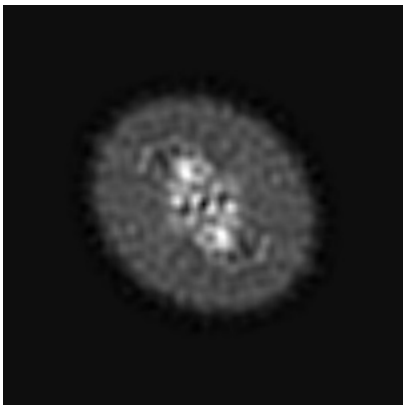
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1 Orthogonal projections (i)

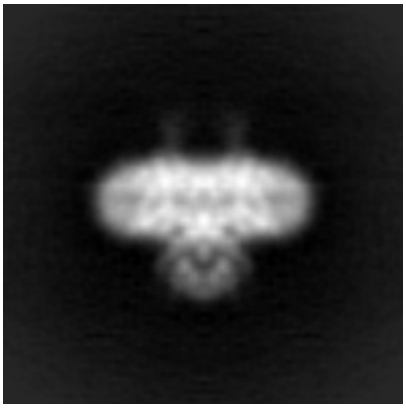
6.1.1 Primary map

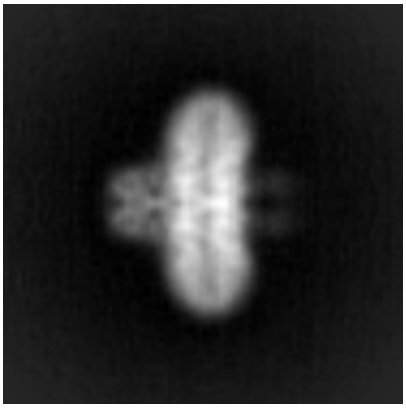
X

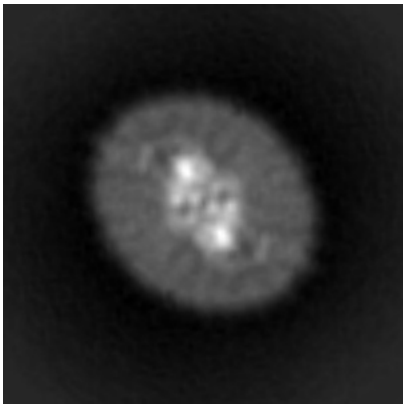

Y


Z

6.1.2 Raw map


X


Y


Z

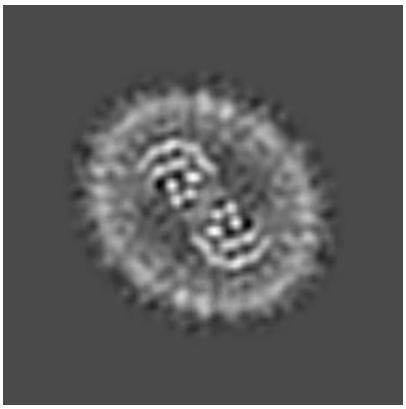
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices (i)

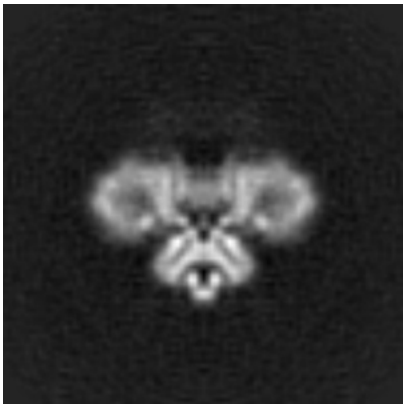
6.2.1 Primary map

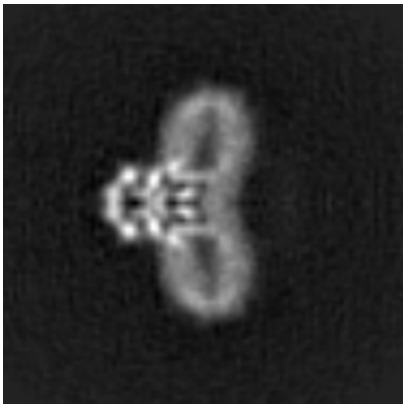
X Index: 116

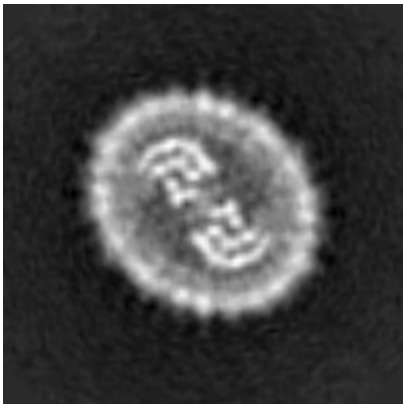
Y Index: 116


Z Index: 116

6.2.2 Raw map


X Index: 116


Y Index: 116


Z Index: 116

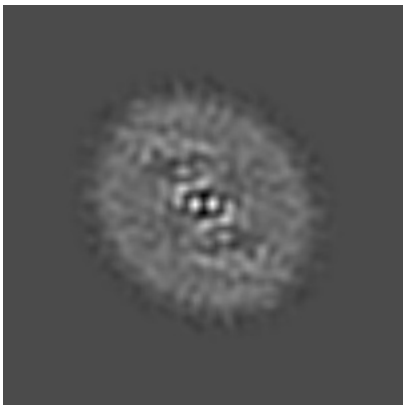
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices (i)

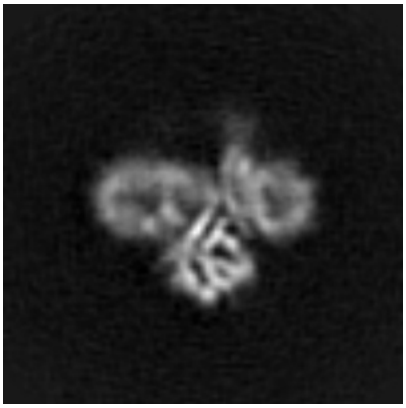
6.3.1 Primary map

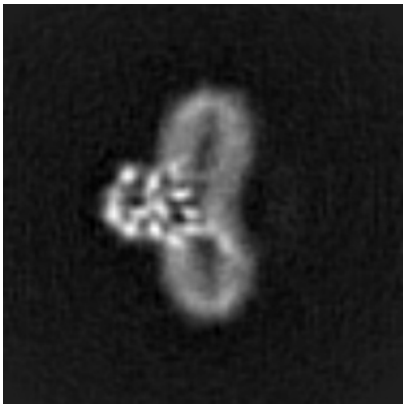
X Index: 111

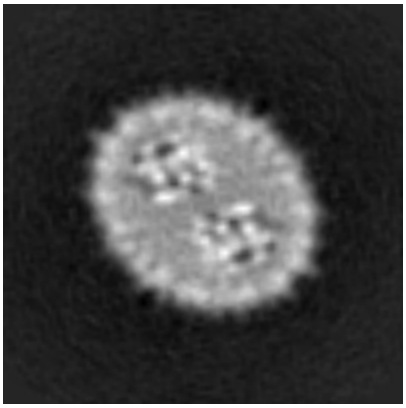
Y Index: 118


Z Index: 106

6.3.2 Raw map


X Index: 111


Y Index: 118

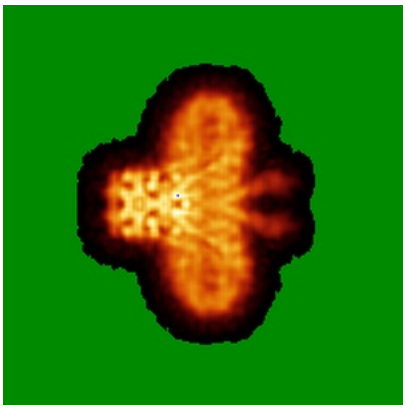

Z Index: 128

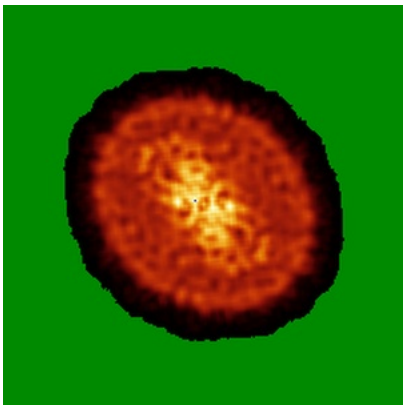
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) (i)

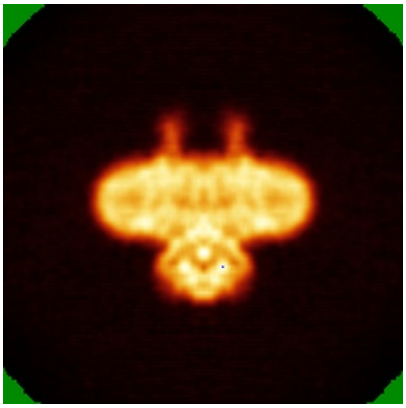
6.4.1 Primary map

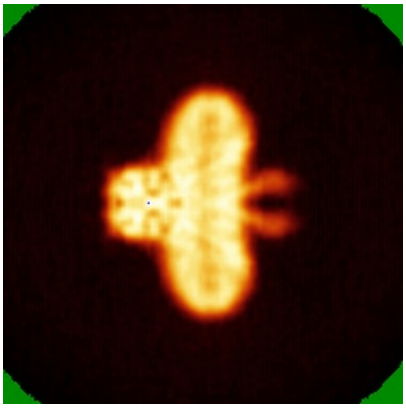
X

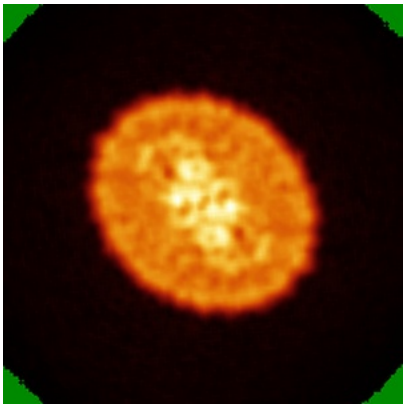

Y


Z

6.4.2 Raw map


X

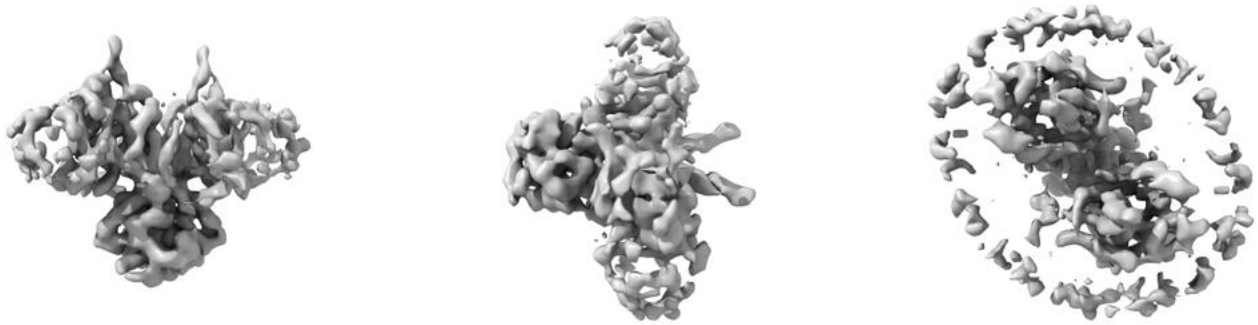

Y


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

6.5 Orthogonal surface views (i)

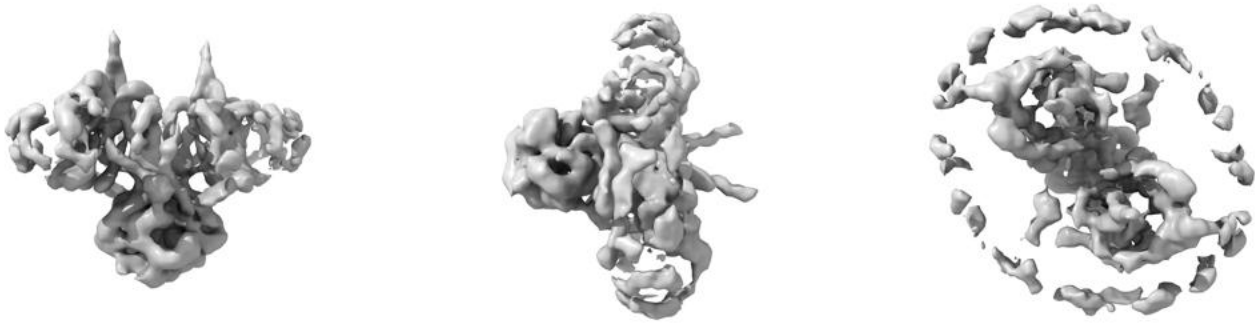
6.5.1 Primary map



X Y Z

The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.103. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

6.5.2 Raw map



X Y Z

These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

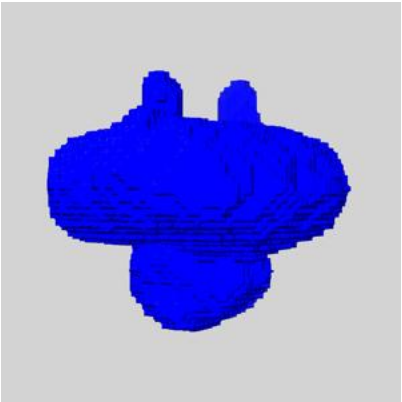
6.6 Mask visualisation (i)

This section shows the 3D surface view of the primary map at 50% transparency overlaid with the specified mask at 0% transparency

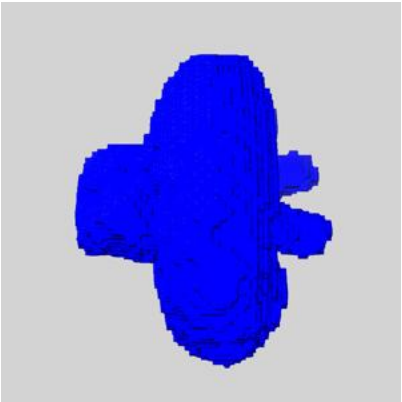
A mask typically either:

- Encompasses the whole structure
- Separates out a domain, a functional unit, a monomer or an area of interest from a larger structure

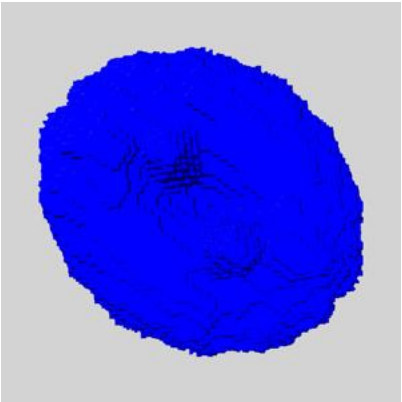
6.6.1 emd_4998_msk_1.map (i)



X



Y

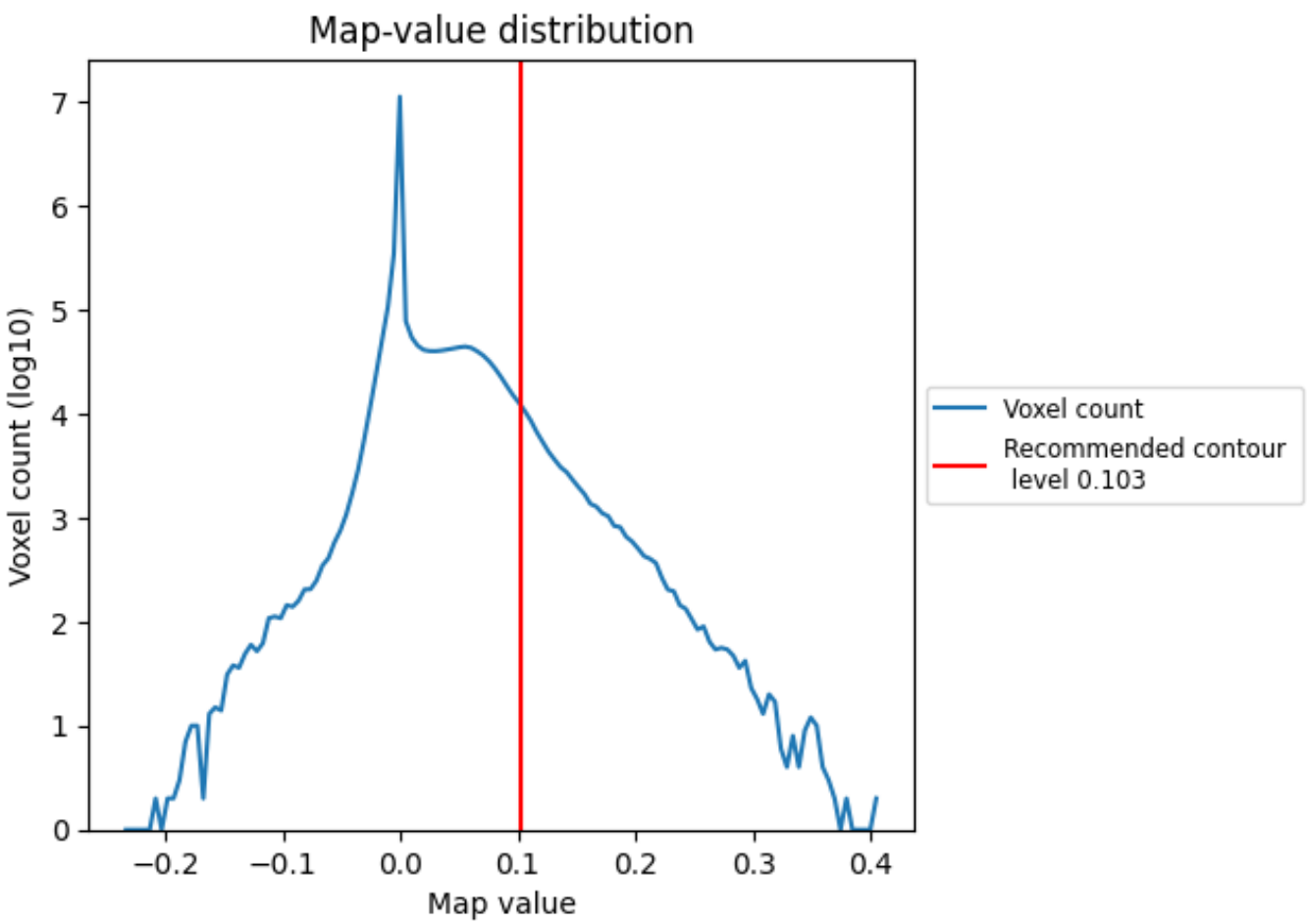


Z

7 Map analysis (i)

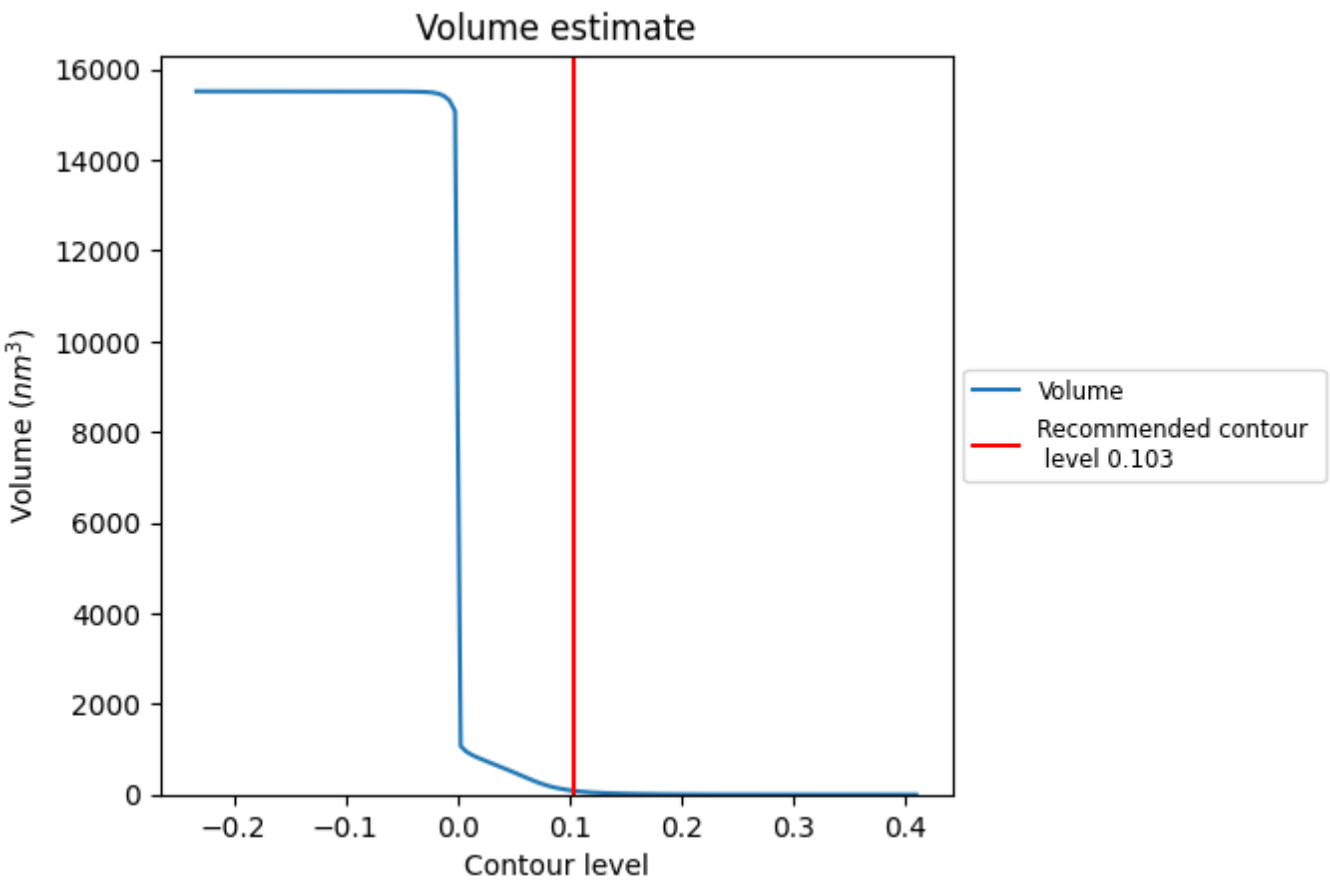
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution (i)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

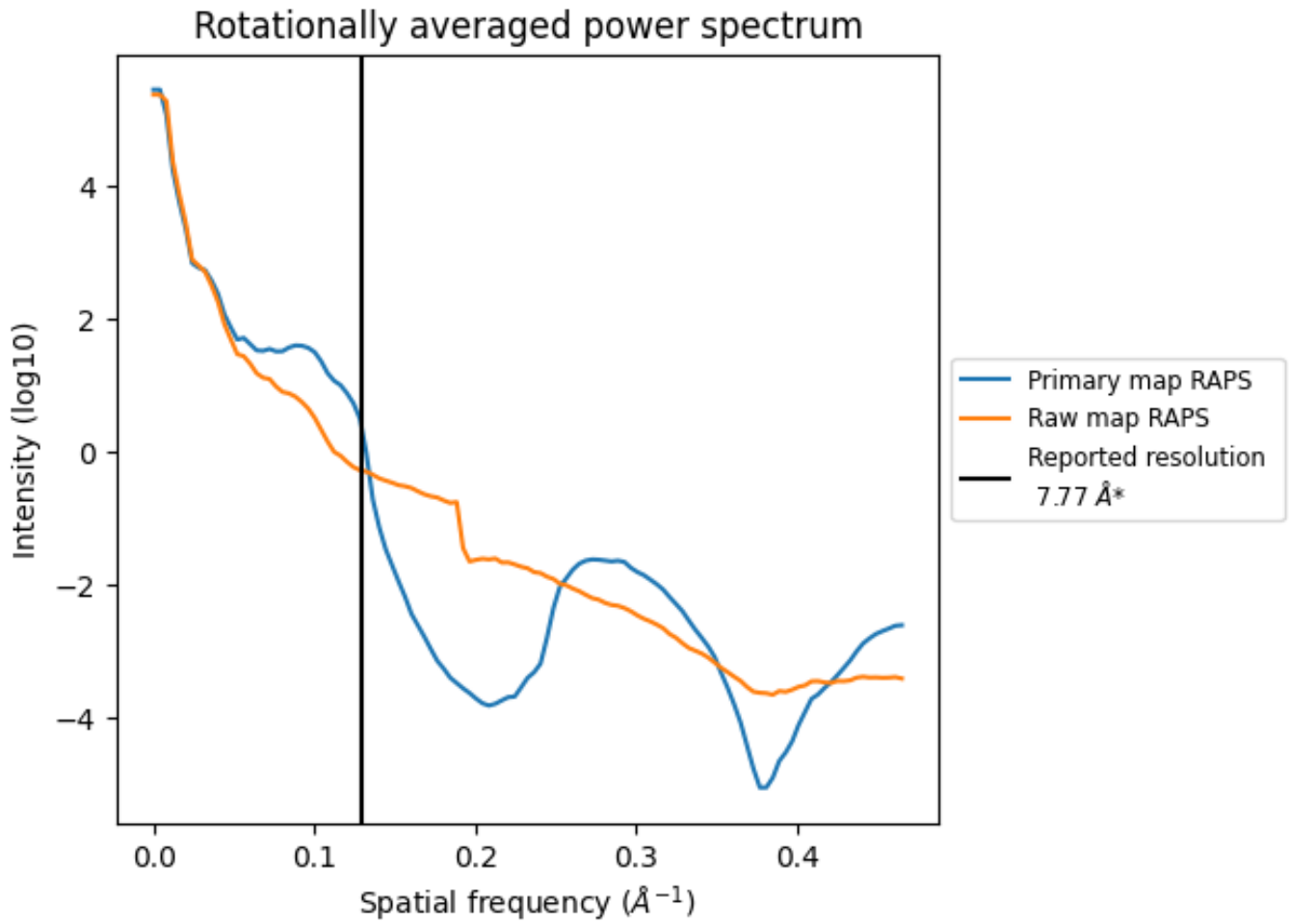
7.2 Volume estimate (i)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 86 nm^3; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 78 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum (i)

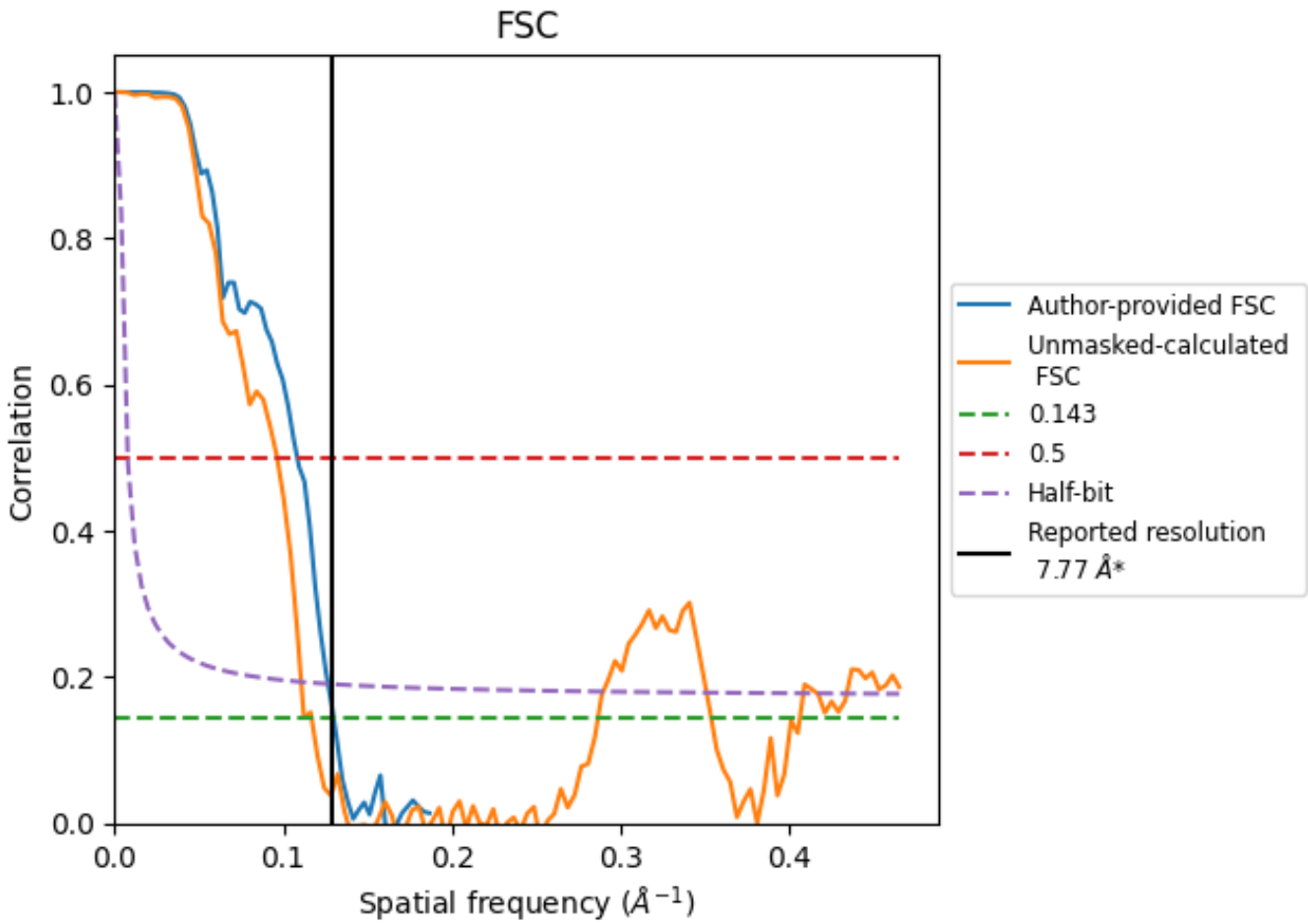


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.129 Å^{-1}

8 Fourier-Shell correlation (i)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC (i)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.129 Å^{-1}

8.2 Resolution estimates (i)

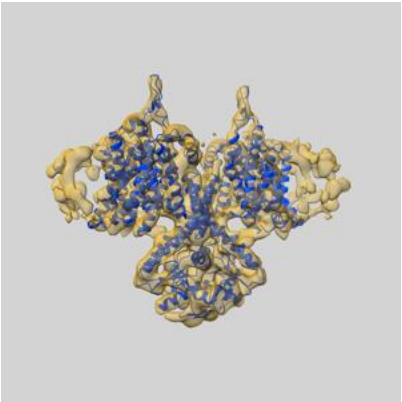
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	7.77	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	7.70	9.23	7.88
Unmasked-calculated*	8.56	10.37	9.04

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 8.56 differs from the reported value 7.77 by more than 10 %

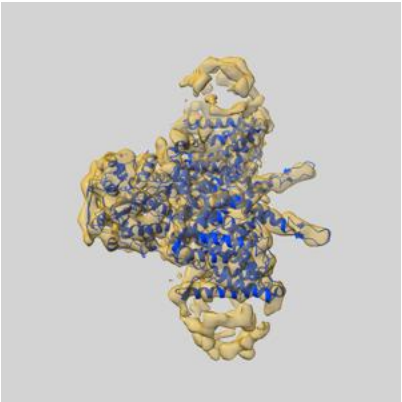
9 Map-model fit (i)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-4998 and PDB model 6RTF. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 4.

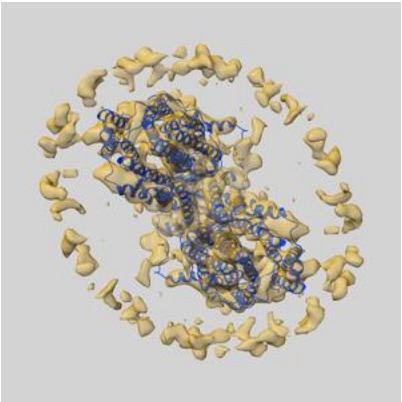
9.1 Map-model overlay (i)



X



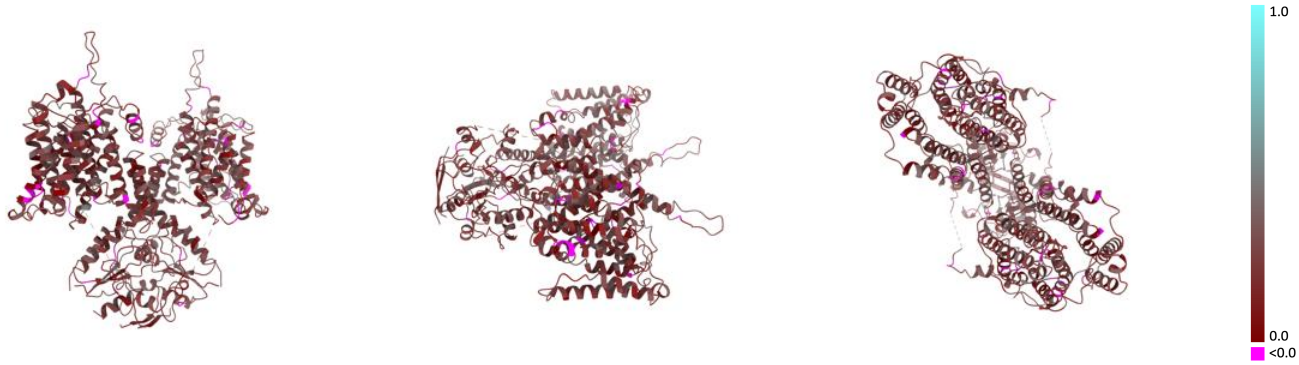
Y



Z

The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.103 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

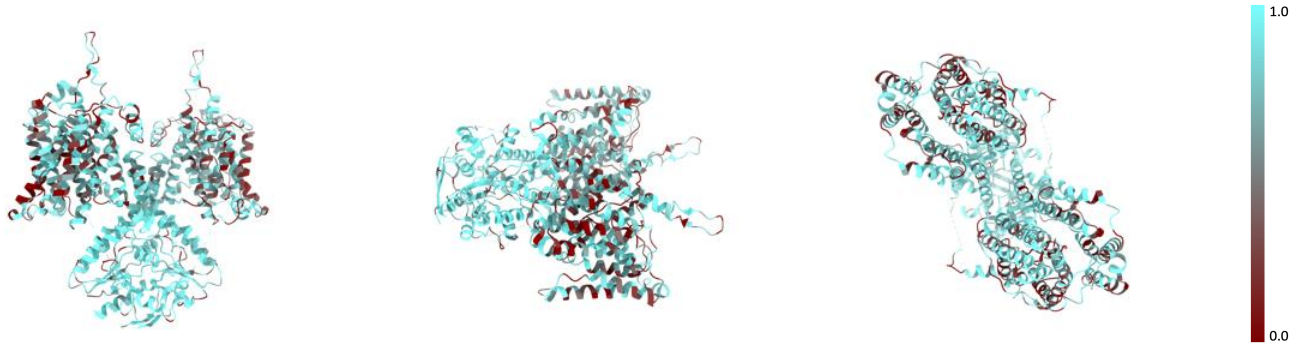
9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model (i)



X Y Z

The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

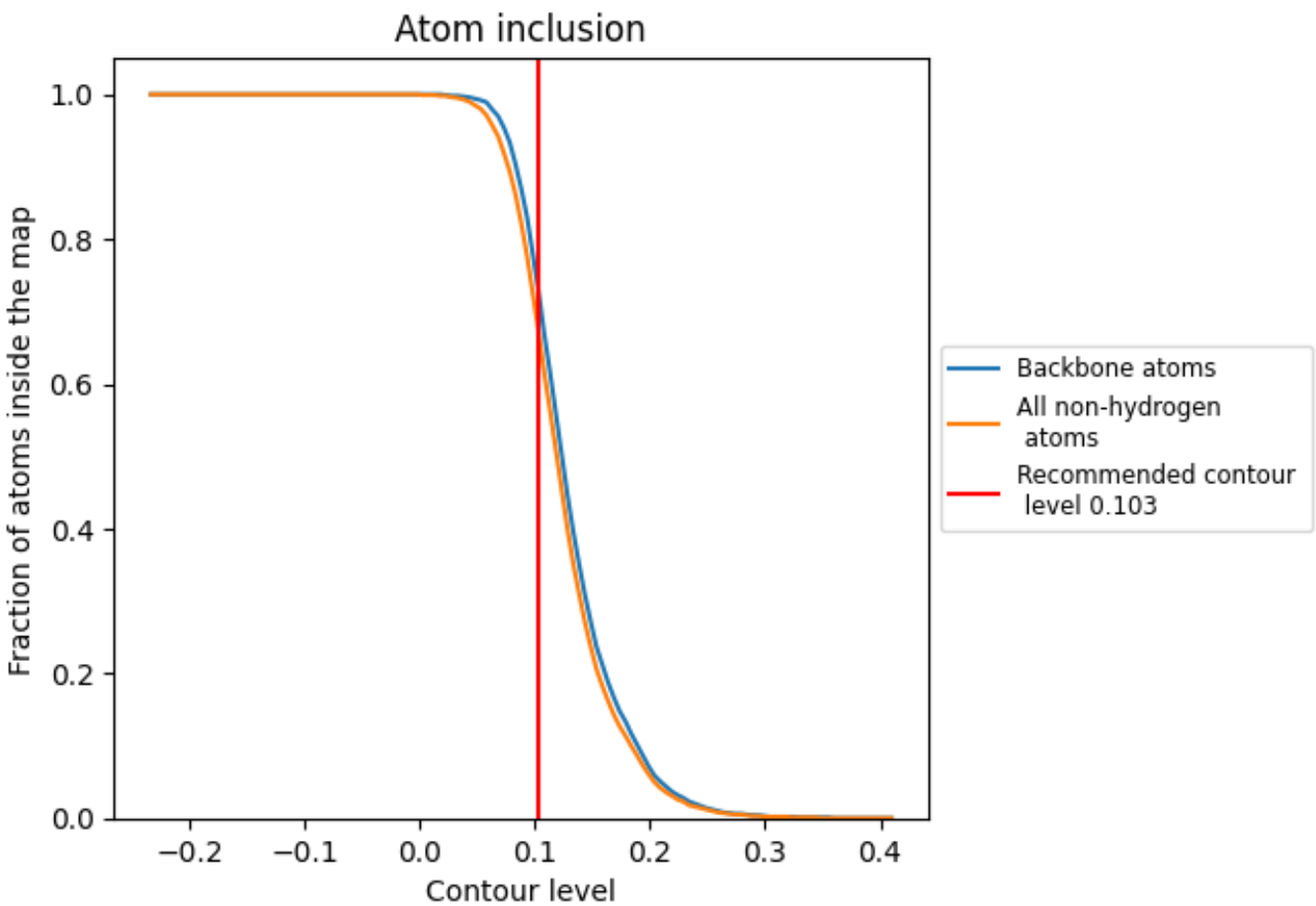
9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model (i)



X Y Z

The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.103).

9.4 Atom inclusion (i)



At the recommended contour level, 73% of all backbone atoms, 68% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary (i)

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.103) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.6750	0.2270
A	0.6780	0.2270
B	0.6720	0.2270