# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Aug 22, 2023 – 12:10 AM EDT

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| PDB ID | : | 2Q2Q |
| Title | : | Structure of D-3-Hydroxybutyrate Dehydrogenase from Pseudomonas putida |
| Authors | : | Paithankar, K.S.; Feller, C.; Kuettner, E.B.; Keim, A.; Grunow, M.; Strater, N. |
| Deposited on | : | 2007-05-29 |
| Resolution | : | 2.02 Å(reported) |

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at
http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

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The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

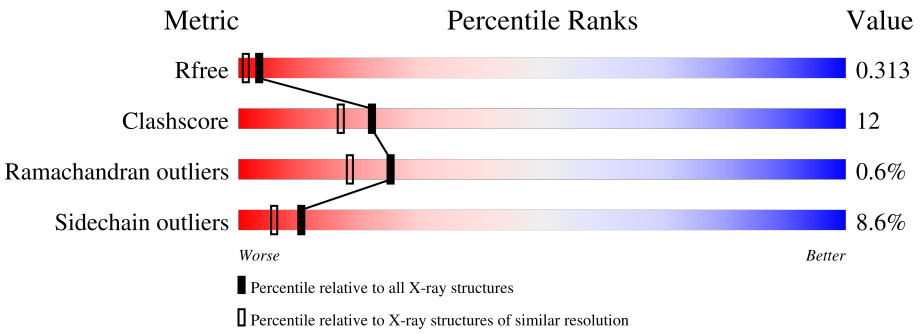
| | | |
|---|---|---|
| MolProbity | : | 4.02b-467 |
| Mogul | : | 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020) |
| Xtriage (Phenix) | : | 1.13 |
| EDS | : | 2.35 |
| buster-report | : | 1.1.7 (2018) |
| Percentile statistics | : | 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019) |
| Refmac | : | 5.8.0158 |
| CCP4 | : | 7.0.044 (Gargrove) |
| Ideal geometry (proteins) | : | Engh & Huber (2001) |
| Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) | : | Parkinson et al. (1996) |
| Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) | : | 2.35 |

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
*X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.02 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.




| Metric | Whole archive (#Entries) | Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å)) |
|---|---|---|
| $R_{free}$ | 130704 | 10434 (2.04-2.00) |
| Clashscore | 141614 | 11643 (2.04-2.00) |
| Ramachandran outliers | 138981 | 11493 (2.04-2.00) |
| Sidechain outliers | 138945 | 11492 (2.04-2.00) |

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

| Mol | Chain | Length | Quality of chain |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | A | 255 | 71% 24% • • |
| 1 | B | 255 | 76% 20% • •• |
| 1 | C | 255 | 67% 24% 5% 5% |
| 1 | D | 255 | 73% 22% 5% |
| 1 | E | 255 | 68% 24% 5% • • |
| 1 | F | 255 | 69% 20% • 7% |
| 1 | G | 255 | 73% 22% • • |

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| Mol | Chain | Length | Quality of chain |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | H | 255 | 71% 19% • • 6% |

# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 15261 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

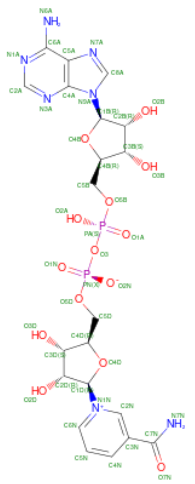
In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Beta-D-hydroxybutyrate dehydrogenase.

| Mol | Chain | Residues | Atoms | | | | | ZeroOcc | AltConf | Trace |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | Total | C | N | O | S | | | |
| 1 | A | 250 | 1843 | 1171 | 330 | 338 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 | B | 252 | 1852 | 1176 | 332 | 340 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 | C | 243 | 1784 | 1137 | 319 | 324 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 | D | 255 | 1869 | 1185 | 336 | 344 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 | E | 249 | 1833 | 1165 | 329 | 335 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 | F | 238 | 1742 | 1110 | 311 | 317 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 | G | 251 | 1845 | 1173 | 331 | 337 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 | H | 240 | 1758 | 1120 | 314 | 320 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

- Molecule 2 is NICOTINAMIDE-ADENINE-DINUCLEOTIDE (three-letter code: NAD) (formula: $C_{21}H_{27}N_7O_{14}P_2$).

NAD



| Mol | Chain | Residues | Atoms | | | | | ZeroOcc | AltConf |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | Total | C | N | O | P | | |
| 2 | C | 1 | 44 | 21 | 7 | 14 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| 2 | D | 1 | 44 | 21 | 7 | 14 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| 2 | E | 1 | 44 | 21 | 7 | 14 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| 2 | F | 1 | 44 | 21 | 7 | 14 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| 2 | G | 1 | 44 | 21 | 7 | 14 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| 2 | H | 1 | 44 | 21 | 7 | 14 | 2 | 0 | 0 |

- Molecule 3 is water.

| Mol | Chain | Residues | Atoms | | ZeroOcc | AltConf |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | Total | O | | |
| 3 | A | 61 | 61 | 61 | 0 | 0 |
| 3 | B | 83 | 83 | 83 | 0 | 0 |
| 3 | C | 37 | 37 | 37 | 0 | 0 |
| 3 | D | 70 | 70 | 70 | 0 | 0 |
| 3 | E | 55 | 55 | 55 | 0 | 0 |
| 3 | F | 50 | 50 | 50 | 0 | 0 |

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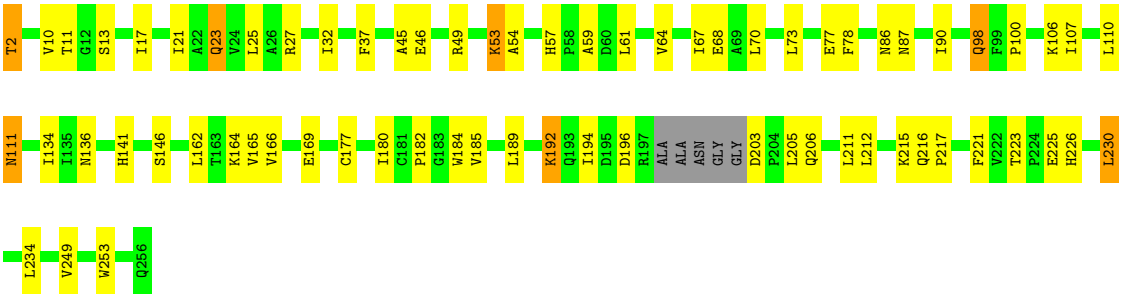
| Mol | Chain | Residues | Atoms | | ZeroOcc | AltConf |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | Total | O | | |
| 3 | G | 71 | 71 | 71 | 0 | 0 |
| | | | Total | O | | |
| 3 | H | 44 | 44 | 44 | 0 | 0 |

# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

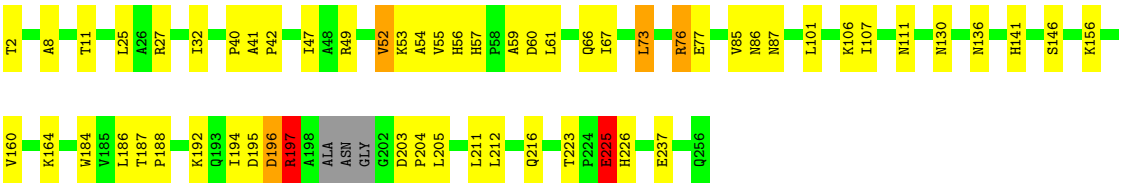
• Molecule 1: Beta-D-hydroxybutyrate dehydrogenase

Chain A:



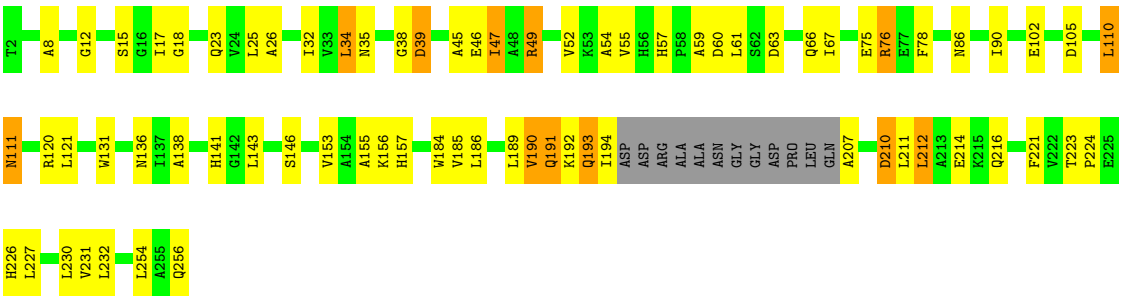

• Molecule 1: Beta-D-hydroxybutyrate dehydrogenase

Chain B:



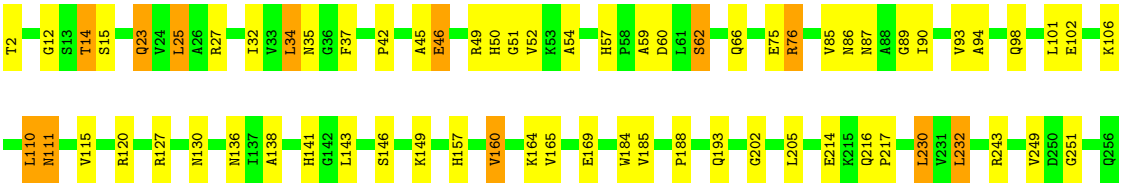

• Molecule 1: Beta-D-hydroxybutyrate dehydrogenase

Chain C:



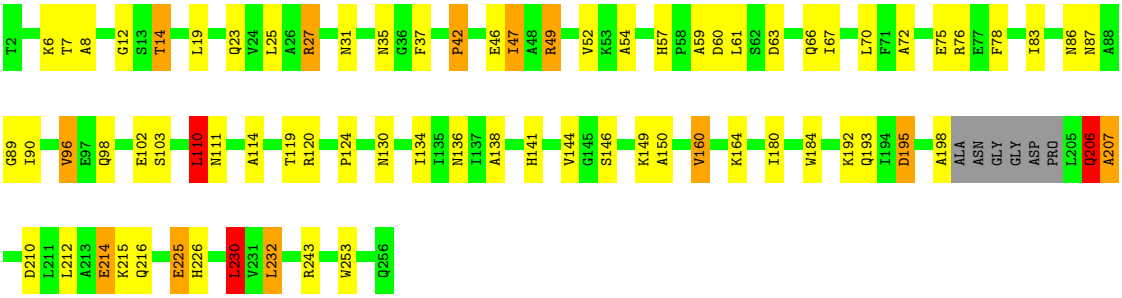

• Molecule 1: Beta-D-hydroxybutyrate dehydrogenase

Chain D:



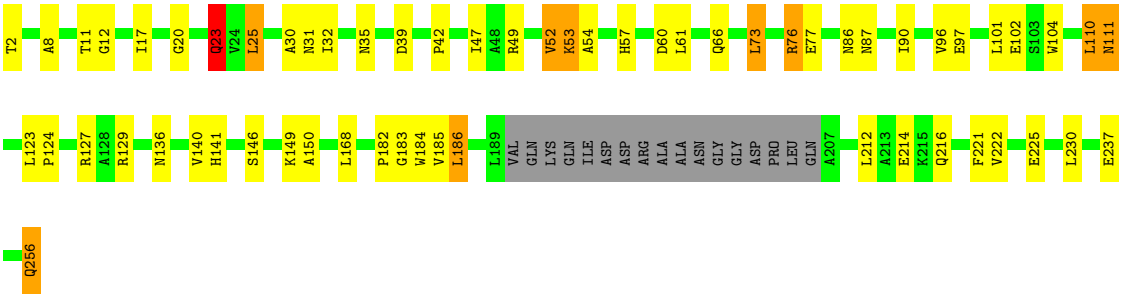

- Molecule 1: Beta-D-hydroxybutyrate dehydrogenase

Chain E:



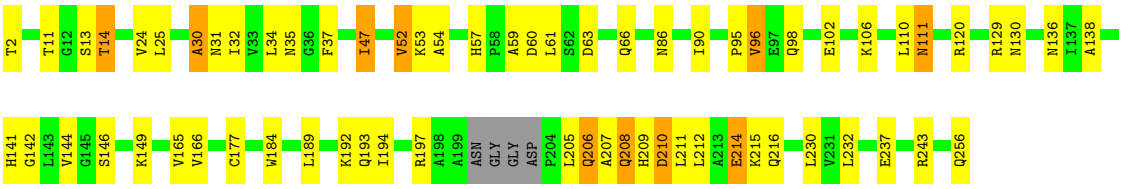

- Molecule 1: Beta-D-hydroxybutyrate dehydrogenase

Chain F:



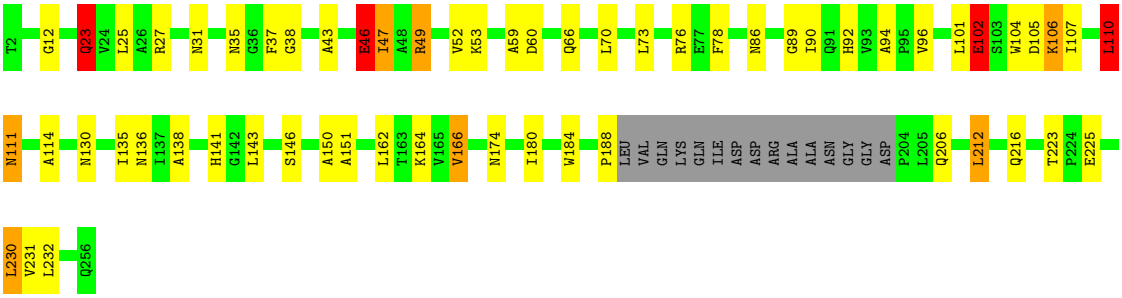

- Molecule 1: Beta-D-hydroxybutyrate dehydrogenase

Chain G:




- Molecule 1: Beta-D-hydroxybutyrate dehydrogenase

Chain H:


T2
G12
Q23
V24
L25
A26
R27
N31
N35
G36
F37
G38
A43
E46
I47
A48
R49
V52
K53
A59
D60
Q66
L70
L73
R76
E77
F78
M86
G89
I90
Q91
H92
V93
A94
P95
V96
L101
E102
S103
W104
D105
K106
I107
L110
N111
A114
N130
I135
N136
I137
A138
H141
G142
L143
S146
A150
A151
L162
T163
K164
V165
V166
N174
I180
W184
P188
LEU
VAL
GLN
LYS
GLN
ILE
ASP
ASP
ARG
ALA
ALA
ASN
GLY
GLY
ASP
P204
L205
Q206
L212
Q216
T223
P224
E225
L230
V231
L232
Q256

# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

| Property | Value | Source |
|---|---|---|
| Space group | C 1 2 1 | Depositor |
| Cell constants<br>a, b, c, $\alpha$, $\beta$, $\gamma$ | 261.46Å 59.91Å 116.52Å<br>90.00° 113.70° 90.00° | Depositor |
| Resolution (Å) | 30.00 – 2.02<br>29.96 – 2.02 | Depositor<br>EDS |
| % Data completeness<br>(in resolution range) | 96.4 (30.00-2.02)<br>96.4 (29.96-2.02) | Depositor<br>EDS |
| $R_{merge}$ | (Not available) | Depositor |
| $R_{sym}$ | (Not available) | Depositor |
| $< I/\sigma(I) >$ [1] | 2.27 (at 2.03Å) | Xtriage |
| Refinement program | REFMAC | Depositor |
| R, $R_{free}$ | 0.199 , 0.274<br>0.253 , 0.313 | Depositor<br>DCC |
| $R_{free}$ test set | 5241 reflections (5.00%) | wwPDB-VP |
| Wilson B-factor (Å$^2$) | 36.6 | Xtriage |
| Anisotropy | 0.515 | Xtriage |
| Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$(e/Å$^3$), $B_{sol}$(Å$^2$) | 0.35 , 57.4 | EDS |
| L-test for twinning[2] | $< \|L\| > = 0.52$, $< L^2 > = 0.36$ | Xtriage |
| Estimated twinning fraction | 0.009 for -h-2*l,-k,l | Xtriage |
| $F_o$,$F_c$ correlation | 0.94 | EDS |
| Total number of atoms | 15261 | wwPDB-VP |
| Average B, all atoms (Å$^2$) | 42.0 | wwPDB-VP |

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The analyses of the Patterson function reveals a significant off-origin peak that is 44.55 % of the origin peak, indicating pseudo-translational symmetry. The chance of finding a peak of this or larger height randomly in a structure without pseudo-translational symmetry is equal to 1.5024e-04. The detected translational NCS is most likely also responsible for the elevated intensity ratio.*

[1]Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

[2]Theoretical values of $< |L| >$, $< L^2 >$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

# 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NAD

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

| Mol | Chain | Bond lengths | | Bond angles | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | RMSZ | #$\|Z\|$ >5 | RMSZ | #$\|Z\|$ >5 |
| 1 | A | 1.20 | 4/1879 (0.2%) | 0.99 | 1/2560 (0.0%) |
| 1 | B | 1.20 | 5/1888 (0.3%) | 1.04 | 5/2572 (0.2%) |
| 1 | C | 1.06 | 2/1819 (0.1%) | 1.00 | 2/2478 (0.1%) |
| 1 | D | 1.39 | 12/1906 (0.6%) | 1.16 | 15/2598 (0.6%) |
| 1 | E | 1.37 | 8/1868 (0.4%) | 1.18 | 11/2544 (0.4%) |
| 1 | F | 1.33 | 8/1777 (0.5%) | 1.05 | 5/2422 (0.2%) |
| 1 | G | 1.33 | 14/1881 (0.7%) | 1.13 | 10/2562 (0.4%) |
| 1 | H | 1.32 | 8/1794 (0.4%) | 1.11 | 7/2445 (0.3%) |
| All | All | 1.28 | 61/14812 (0.4%) | 1.08 | 56/20181 (0.3%) |

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand.A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

| Mol | Chain | #Chirality outliers | #Planarity outliers |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | E | 0 | 2 |
| 1 | H | 0 | 2 |
| All | All | 0 | 4 |

The worst 5 of 61 bond length outliers are listed below:

| Mol | Chain | Res | Type | Atoms | Z | Observed(Å) | Ideal(Å) |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | E | 206 | GLN | CD-OE1 | 15.60 | 1.58 | 1.24 |
| 1 | G | 209 | HIS | CE1-NE2 | 14.02 | 1.65 | 1.32 |
| 1 | E | 206 | GLN | CD-NE2 | 13.54 | 1.66 | 1.32 |
| 1 | D | 75 | GLU | CG-CD | 12.25 | 1.70 | 1.51 |
| 1 | G | 209 | HIS | CG-ND1 | 10.21 | 1.61 | 1.38 |

The worst 5 of 56 bond angle outliers are listed below:

| Mol | Chain | Res | Type | Atoms | Z | Observed($^o$) | Ideal($^o$) |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | E | 243 | ARG | NE-CZ-NH2 | -13.92 | 113.34 | 120.30 |
| 1 | E | 243 | ARG | NE-CZ-NH1 | 12.62 | 126.61 | 120.30 |
| 1 | G | 129 | ARG | NE-CZ-NH2 | -9.81 | 115.40 | 120.30 |
| 1 | C | 63 | ASP | CB-CG-OD2 | 8.27 | 125.74 | 118.30 |
| 1 | E | 63 | ASP | CB-CG-OD1 | 7.68 | 125.21 | 118.30 |

There are no chirality outliers.

All (4) planarity outliers are listed below:

| Mol | Chain | Res | Type | Group |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | E | 206 | GLN | Sidechain |
| 1 | E | 207 | ALA | Peptide |
| 1 | H | 38 | GLY | Peptide |
| 1 | H | 49 | ARG | Peptide |

## 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

| Mol | Chain | Non-H | H(model) | H(added) | Clashes | Symm-Clashes |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | A | 1843 | 0 | 1865 | 57 | 0 |
| 1 | B | 1852 | 0 | 1873 | 35 | 0 |
| 1 | C | 1784 | 0 | 1814 | 56 | 0 |
| 1 | D | 1869 | 0 | 1888 | 43 | 0 |
| 1 | E | 1833 | 0 | 1859 | 51 | 0 |
| 1 | F | 1742 | 0 | 1765 | 46 | 0 |
| 1 | G | 1845 | 0 | 1872 | 33 | 0 |
| 1 | H | 1758 | 0 | 1781 | 38 | 0 |
| 2 | C | 44 | 0 | 26 | 1 | 0 |
| 2 | D | 44 | 0 | 26 | 2 | 0 |
| 2 | E | 44 | 0 | 26 | 4 | 0 |
| 2 | F | 44 | 0 | 26 | 3 | 0 |
| 2 | G | 44 | 0 | 26 | 2 | 0 |
| 2 | H | 44 | 0 | 26 | 1 | 0 |
| 3 | A | 61 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| 3 | B | 83 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| 3 | C | 37 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 3 | D | 70 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 |
| 3 | E | 55 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |

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| Mol | Chain | Non-H | H(model) | H(added) | Clashes | Symm-Clashes |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 3 | F | 50 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 3 | G | 71 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 3 | H | 44 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| All | All | 15261 | 0 | 14873 | 350 | 1 |

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 12.

The worst 5 of 350 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

| Atom-1 | Atom-2 | Interatomic distance (Å) | Clash overlap (Å) |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1:C:32:ILE:HG22 | 1:C:34:LEU:HD13 | 1.27 | 1.08 |
| 1:F:186:LEU:HD23 | 1:F:186:LEU:H | 1.19 | 1.07 |
| 1:C:32:ILE:HG22 | 1:C:34:LEU:CD1 | 1.90 | 1.01 |
| 1:E:184:TRP:H | 1:E:216:GLN:HE22 | 1.09 | 1.00 |
| 1:C:32:ILE:CG2 | 1:C:34:LEU:CD1 | 2.39 | 0.99 |

All (1) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

| Atom-1 | Atom-2 | Interatomic distance (Å) | Clash overlap (Å) |
|---|---|---|---|
| 3:E:336:HOH:O | 3:G:332:HOH:O[2_555] | 1.98 | 0.22 |

## 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

| Mol | Chain | Analysed | Favoured | Allowed | Outliers | Percentiles |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | A | 246/255 (96%) | 237 (96%) | 9 (4%) | 0 | 100 100 |
| 1 | B | 248/255 (97%) | 230 (93%) | 15 (6%) | 3 (1%) | 13 6 |
| 1 | C | 239/255 (94%) | 224 (94%) | 13 (5%) | 2 (1%) | 19 12 |

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| Mol | Chain | Analysed | Favoured | Allowed | Outliers | Percentiles | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | D | 253/255 (99%) | 244 (96%) | 8 (3%) | 1 (0%) | 34 | 28 |
| 1 | E | 245/255 (96%) | 233 (95%) | 11 (4%) | 1 (0%) | 34 | 28 |
| 1 | F | 234/255 (92%) | 226 (97%) | 8 (3%) | 0 | 100 | 100 |
| 1 | G | 247/255 (97%) | 237 (96%) | 7 (3%) | 3 (1%) | 13 | 6 |
| 1 | H | 236/255 (92%) | 220 (93%) | 14 (6%) | 2 (1%) | 19 | 12 |
| All | All | 1948/2040 (96%) | 1851 (95%) | 85 (4%) | 12 (1%) | 25 | 18 |

5 of 12 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

| Mol | Chain | Res | Type |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | C | 39 | ASP |
| 1 | H | 46 | GLU |
| 1 | H | 47 | ILE |
| 1 | G | 207 | ALA |
| 1 | B | 196 | ASP |

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

| Mol | Chain | Analysed | Rotameric | Outliers | Percentiles | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | A | 188/189 (100%) | 175 (93%) | 13 (7%) | 15 | 10 |
| 1 | B | 188/189 (100%) | 175 (93%) | 13 (7%) | 15 | 10 |
| 1 | C | 181/189 (96%) | 159 (88%) | 22 (12%) | 5 | 2 |
| 1 | D | 189/189 (100%) | 174 (92%) | 15 (8%) | 12 | 7 |
| 1 | E | 186/189 (98%) | 166 (89%) | 20 (11%) | 6 | 3 |
| 1 | F | 176/189 (93%) | 161 (92%) | 15 (8%) | 10 | 6 |
| 1 | G | 187/189 (99%) | 169 (90%) | 18 (10%) | 8 | 4 |
| 1 | H | 178/189 (94%) | 168 (94%) | 10 (6%) | 21 | 16 |
| All | All | 1473/1512 (97%) | 1347 (91%) | 126 (9%) | 10 | 6 |

5 of 126 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

| Mol | Chain | Res | Type |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | D | 110 | LEU |
| 1 | G | 210 | ASP |
| 1 | E | 98 | GLN |
| 1 | G | 208 | GLN |
| 1 | H | 46 | GLU |

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 73 such sidechains are listed below:

| Mol | Chain | Res | Type |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | G | 57 | HIS |
| 1 | H | 141 | HIS |
| 1 | G | 111 | ASN |
| 1 | H | 35 | ASN |
| 1 | C | 193 | GLN |

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

6 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

| Mol | Type | Chain | Res | Link | Bond lengths | | | Bond angles | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | | Counts | RMSZ | $\#\|Z\| > 2$ | Counts | RMSZ | $\#\|Z\| > 2$ |
| 2 | NAD | D | 300 | - | 42,48,48 | 1.47 | 6 (14%) | 50,73,73 | 2.45 | 11 (22%) |
| 2 | NAD | C | 300 | - | 42,48,48 | 2.00 | 5 (11%) | 50,73,73 | 1.34 | 6 (12%) |
| 2 | NAD | G | 300 | - | 42,48,48 | 1.67 | 5 (11%) | 50,73,73 | 1.37 | 6 (12%) |
| 2 | NAD | F | 300 | - | 42,48,48 | 1.82 | 7 (16%) | 50,73,73 | 1.67 | 8 (16%) |
| 2 | NAD | H | 300 | - | 42,48,48 | 1.90 | 7 (16%) | 50,73,73 | 1.80 | 6 (12%) |
| 2 | NAD | E | 300 | - | 42,48,48 | 1.65 | 7 (16%) | 50,73,73 | 1.88 | 7 (14%) |

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

| Mol | Type | Chain | Res | Link | Chirals | Torsions | Rings |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 2 | NAD | D | 300 | - | - | 5/26/62/62 | 0/5/5/5 |
| 2 | NAD | C | 300 | - | - | 4/26/62/62 | 0/5/5/5 |
| 2 | NAD | G | 300 | - | - | 6/26/62/62 | 0/5/5/5 |
| 2 | NAD | F | 300 | - | - | 11/26/62/62 | 0/5/5/5 |
| 2 | NAD | H | 300 | - | - | 7/26/62/62 | 0/5/5/5 |
| 2 | NAD | E | 300 | - | - | 5/26/62/62 | 0/5/5/5 |

The worst 5 of 37 bond length outliers are listed below:

| Mol | Chain | Res | Type | Atoms | Z | Observed(Å) | Ideal(Å) |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 2 | C | 300 | NAD | O7N-C7N | 9.85 | 1.43 | 1.24 |
| 2 | H | 300 | NAD | O7N-C7N | 7.95 | 1.39 | 1.24 |
| 2 | F | 300 | NAD | O7N-C7N | 7.10 | 1.37 | 1.24 |
| 2 | G | 300 | NAD | O7N-C7N | 6.43 | 1.36 | 1.24 |
| 2 | E | 300 | NAD | O7N-C7N | 6.30 | 1.36 | 1.24 |

The worst 5 of 44 bond angle outliers are listed below:

| Mol | Chain | Res | Type | Atoms | Z | Observed($^o$) | Ideal($^o$) |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 2 | D | 300 | NAD | C3N-C7N-N7N | 10.83 | 130.74 | 117.75 |
| 2 | E | 300 | NAD | C3N-C7N-N7N | 8.07 | 127.43 | 117.75 |
| 2 | H | 300 | NAD | N3A-C2A-N1A | -7.08 | 117.61 | 128.68 |
| 2 | D | 300 | NAD | O7N-C7N-N7N | -6.06 | 113.97 | 122.58 |
| 2 | C | 300 | NAD | N3A-C2A-N1A | -5.47 | 120.13 | 128.68 |

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 38 torsion outliers are listed below:

| Mol | Chain | Res | Type | Atoms |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 2 | C | 300 | NAD | C5D-O5D-PN-O1N |
| 2 | D | 300 | NAD | C5D-O5D-PN-O2N |
| 2 | E | 300 | NAD | C5D-O5D-PN-O1N |
| 2 | E | 300 | NAD | C5D-O5D-PN-O2N |
| 2 | E | 300 | NAD | O4D-C1D-N1N-C2N |

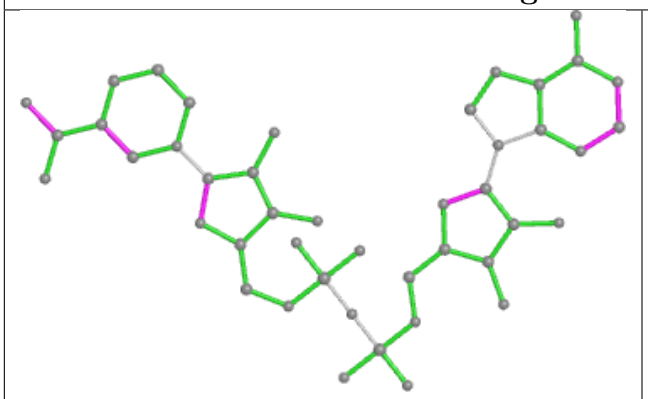
There are no ring outliers.

6 monomers are involved in 13 short contacts:

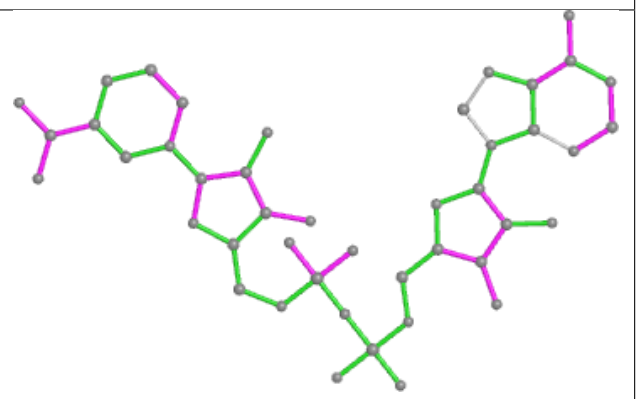
| Mol | Chain | Res | Type | Clashes | Symm-Clashes |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 2 | D | 300 | NAD | 2 | 0 |
| 2 | C | 300 | NAD | 1 | 0 |
| 2 | G | 300 | NAD | 2 | 0 |
| 2 | F | 300 | NAD | 3 | 0 |
| 2 | H | 300 | NAD | 1 | 0 |
| 2 | E | 300 | NAD | 4 | 0 |

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

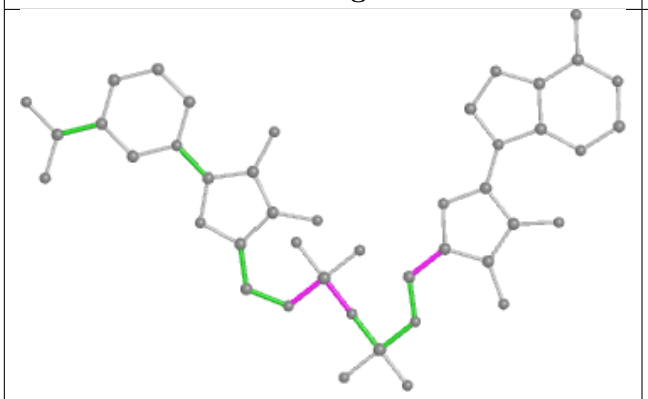
**Ligand NAD D 300**



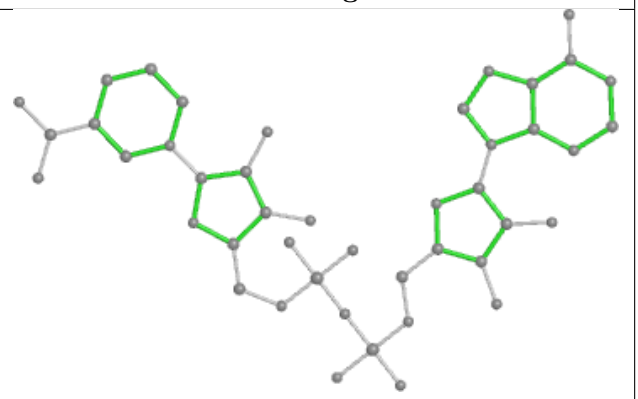
**Bond lengths**



**Bond angles**

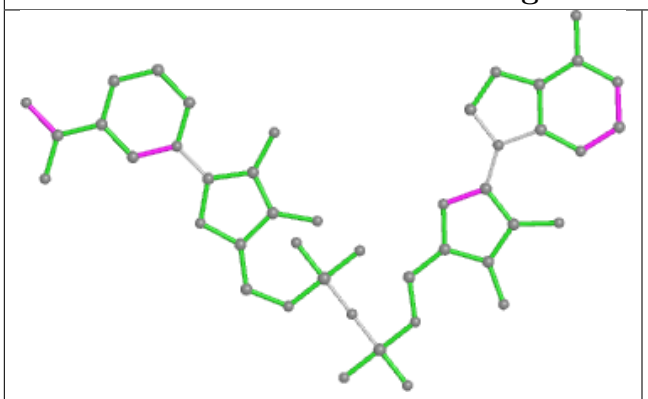


**Torsions**

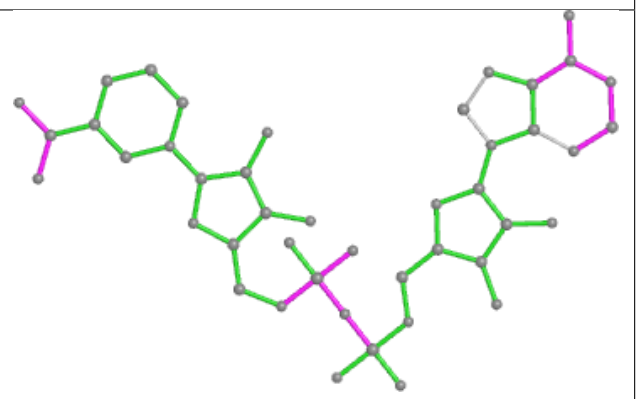


**Rings**

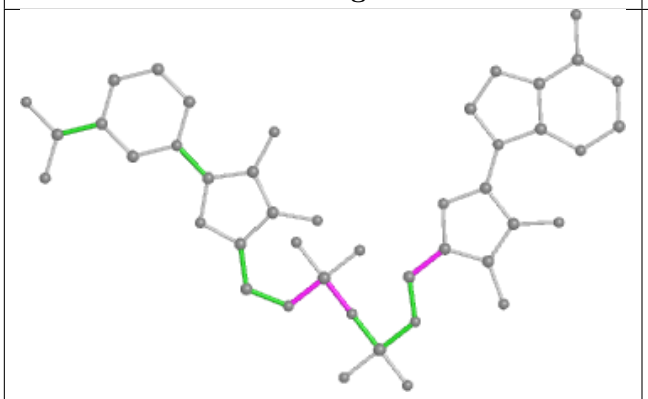
**Ligand NAD C 300**



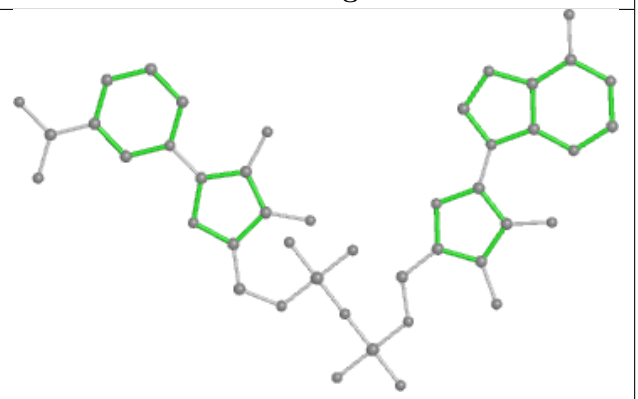
**Bond lengths**



**Bond angles**

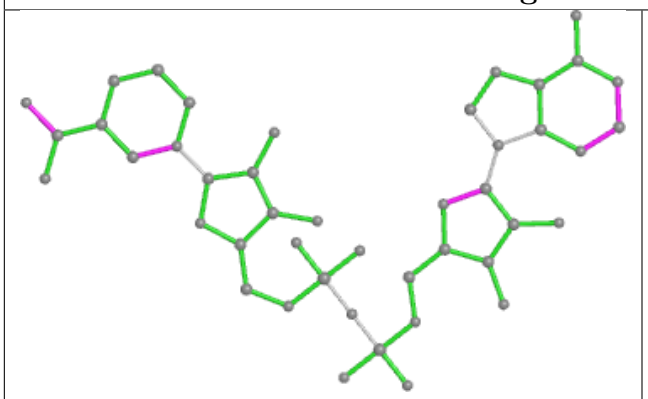


**Torsions**

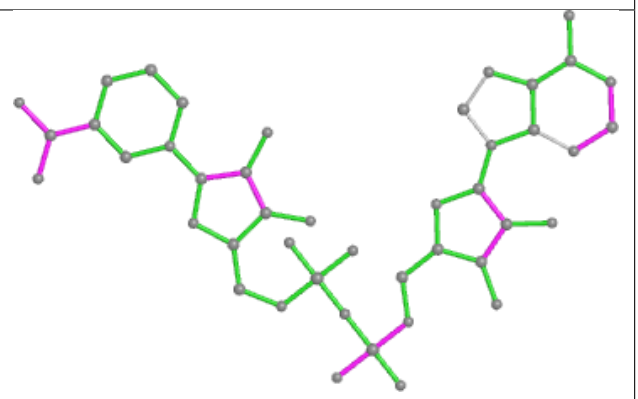


**Rings**

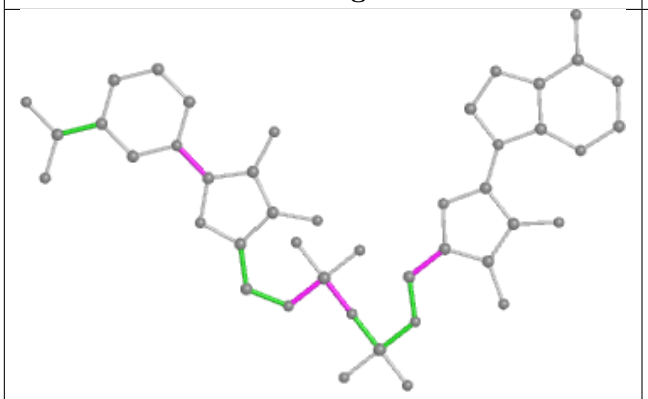
**Ligand NAD G 300**



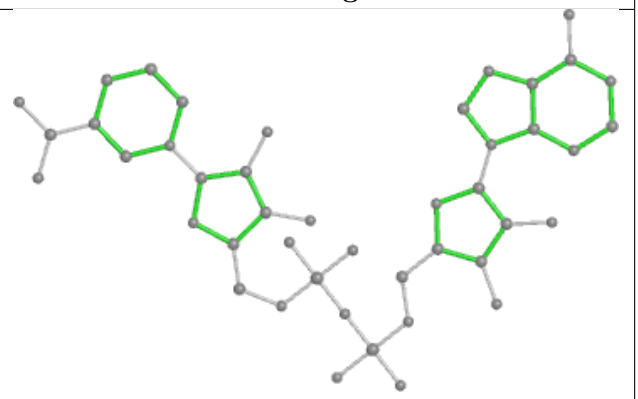
**Bond lengths**



**Bond angles**

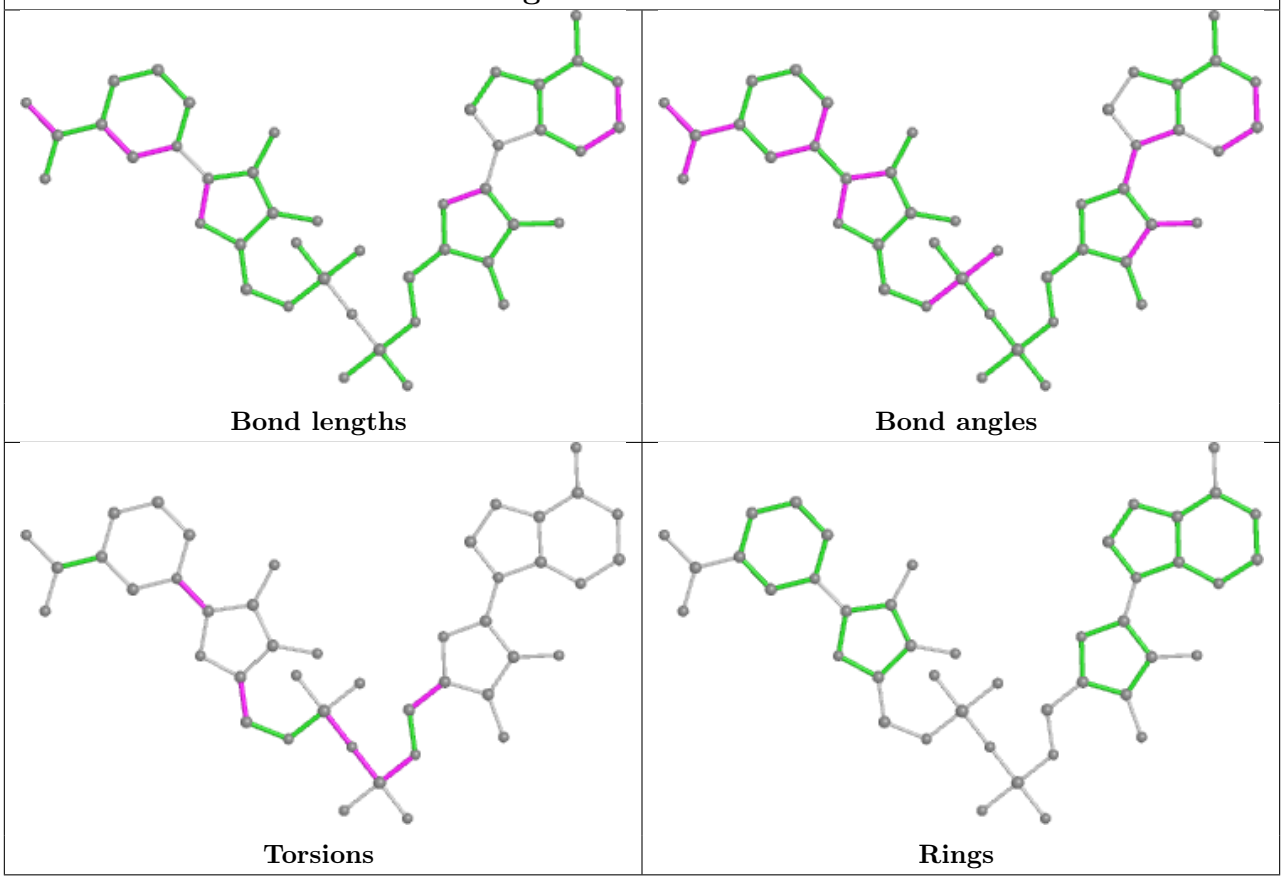


**Torsions**

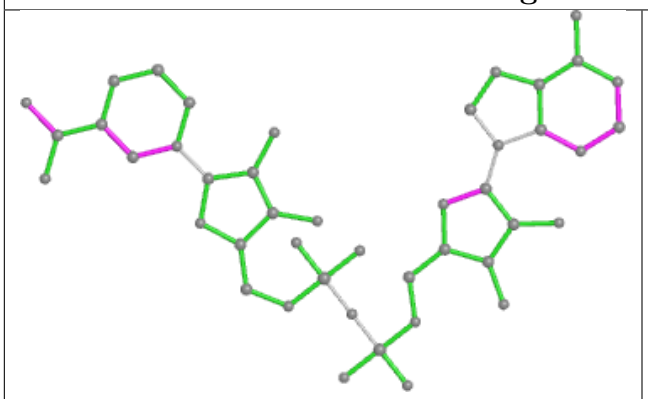


**Rings**

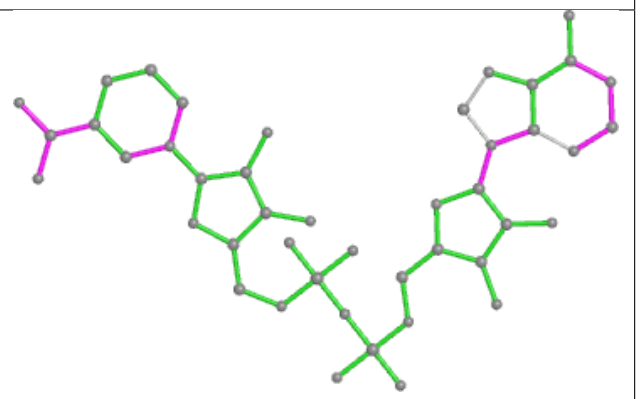
**Ligand NAD F 300**



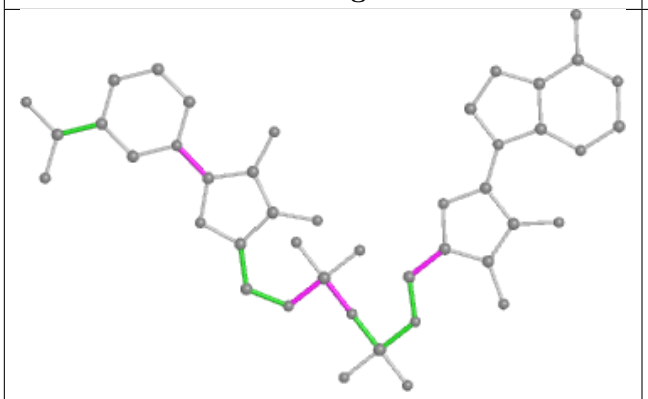
**Ligand NAD H 300**



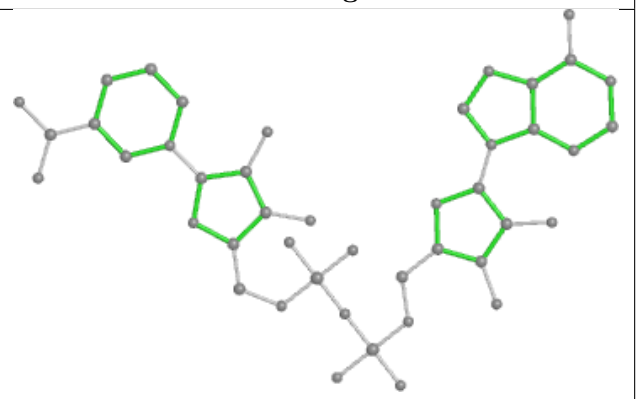
**Bond lengths**



**Bond angles**

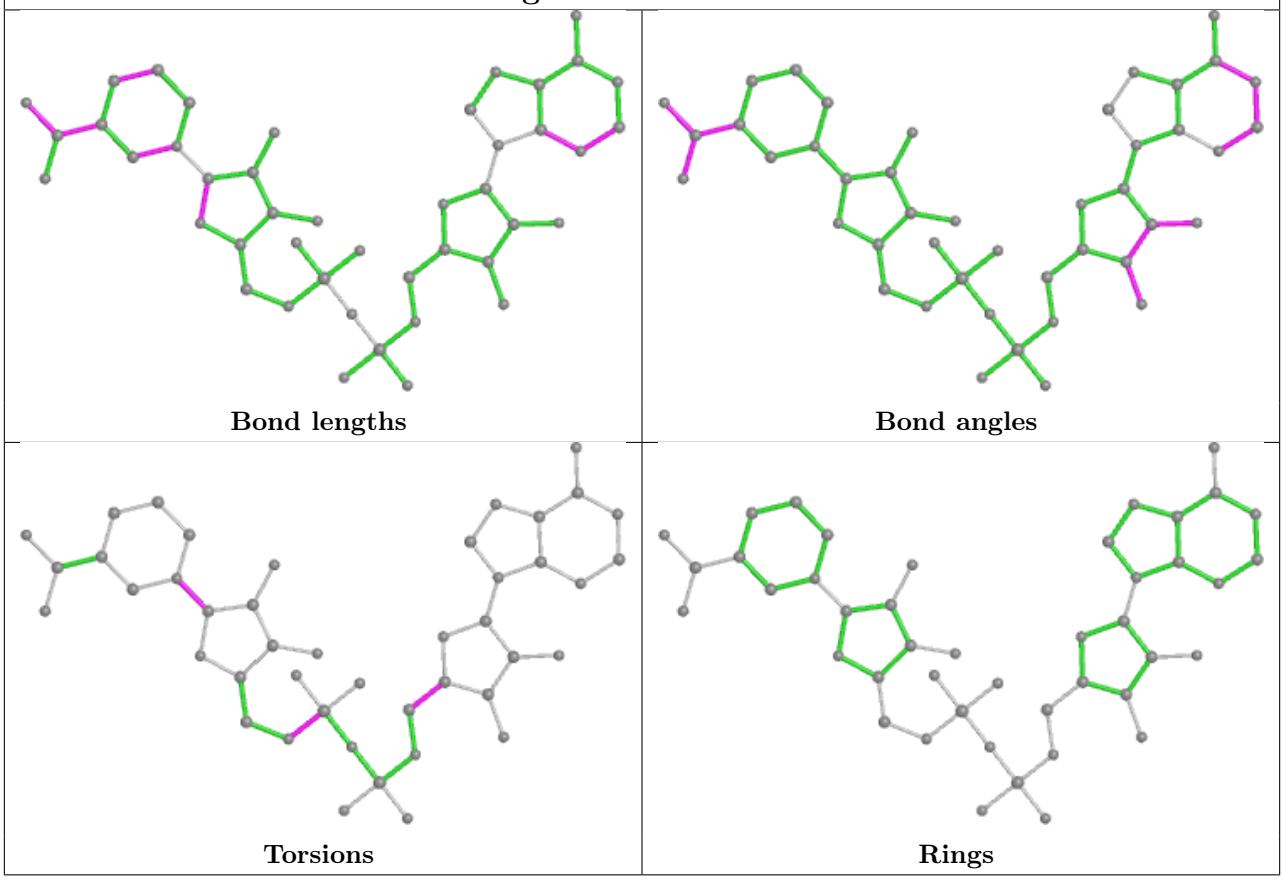


**Torsions**



**Rings**

**Ligand NAD E 300**




## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

# 6 Fit of model and data (i)

## 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

## 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

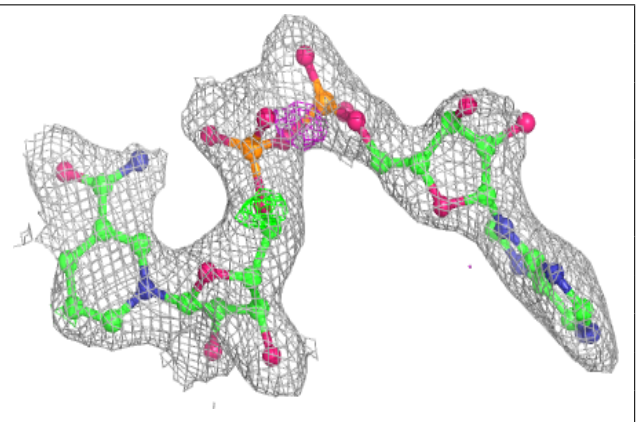
## 6.4 Ligands (i)

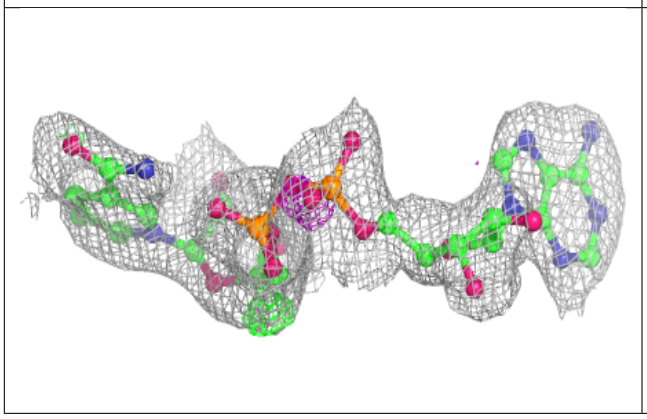
Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

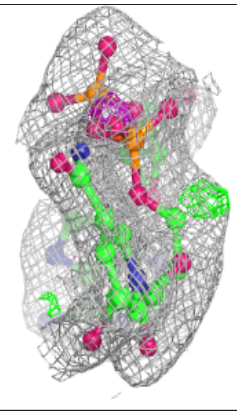
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

**Electron density around NAD C 300:**

$2mF_o$-$DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
$mF_o$-$DF_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

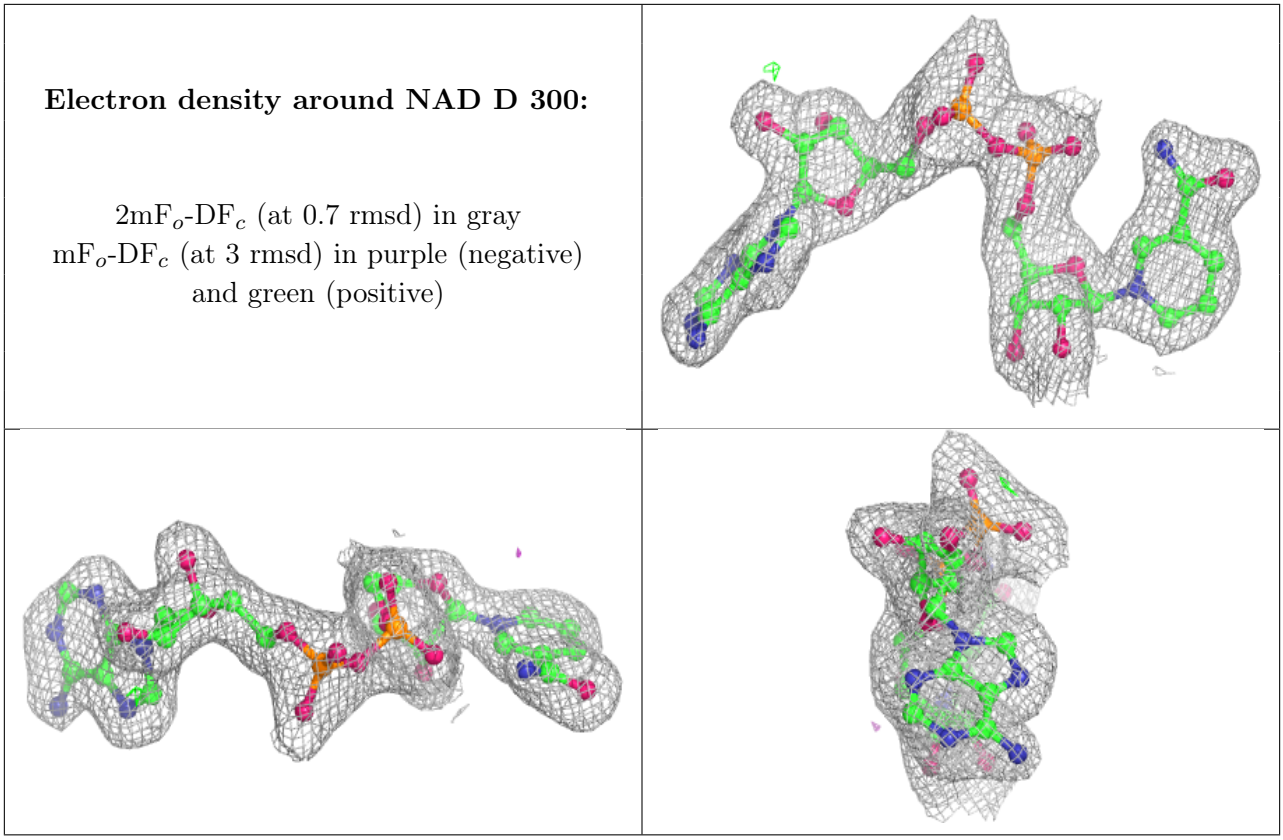






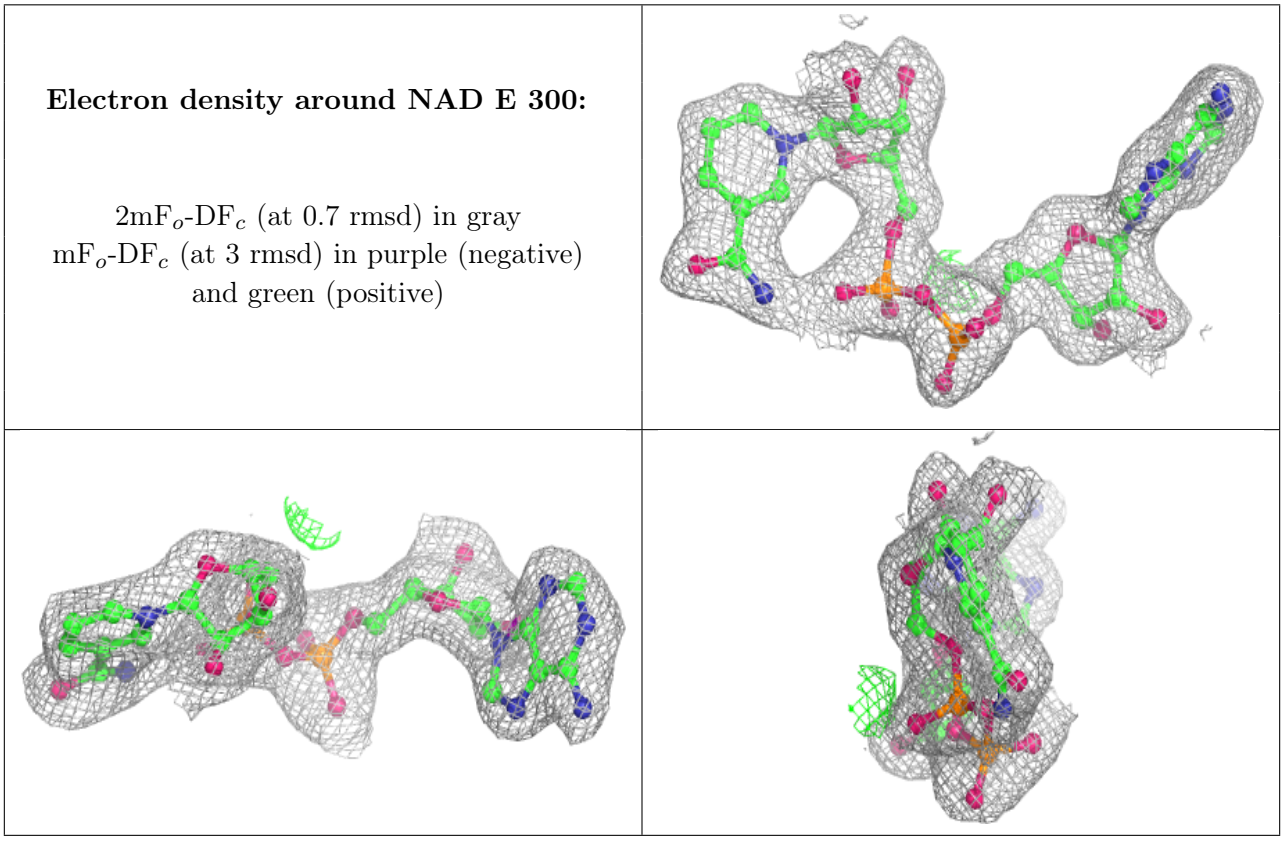
**Electron density around NAD D 300:**

$2mF_o$-$DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
$mF_o$-$DF_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



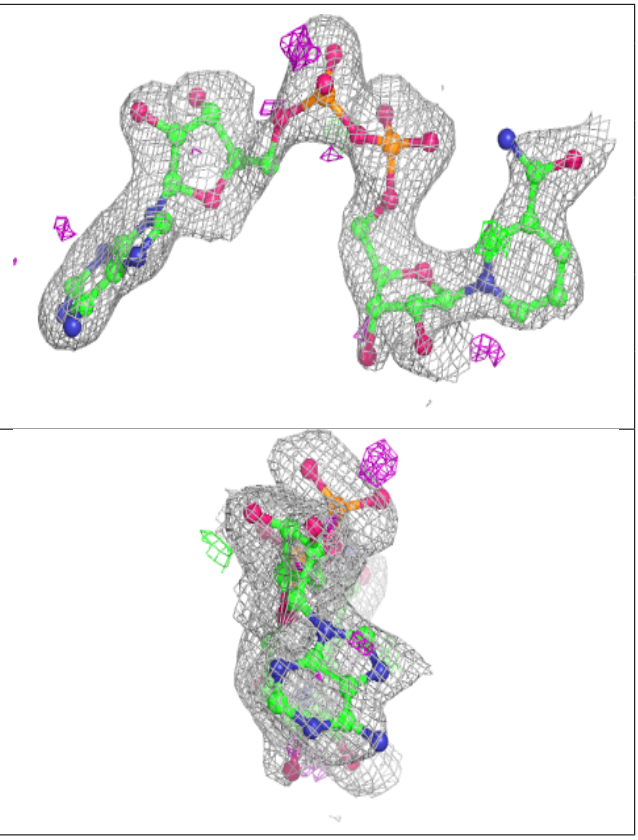
**Electron density around NAD E 300:**

$2mF_o$-$DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
$mF_o$-$DF_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



**Electron density around NAD F 300:**

$2mF_o$-$DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
$mF_o$-$DF_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



**Electron density around NAD G 300:**

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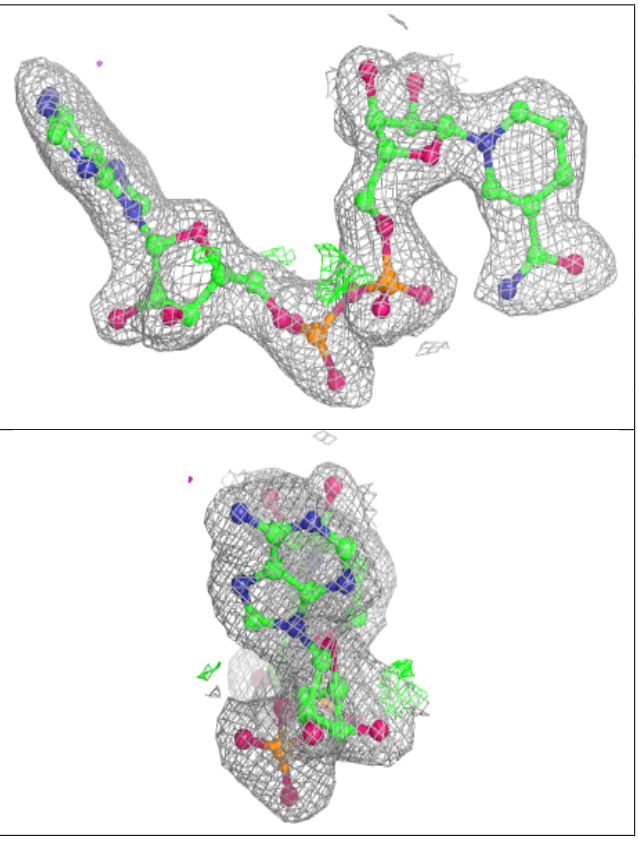
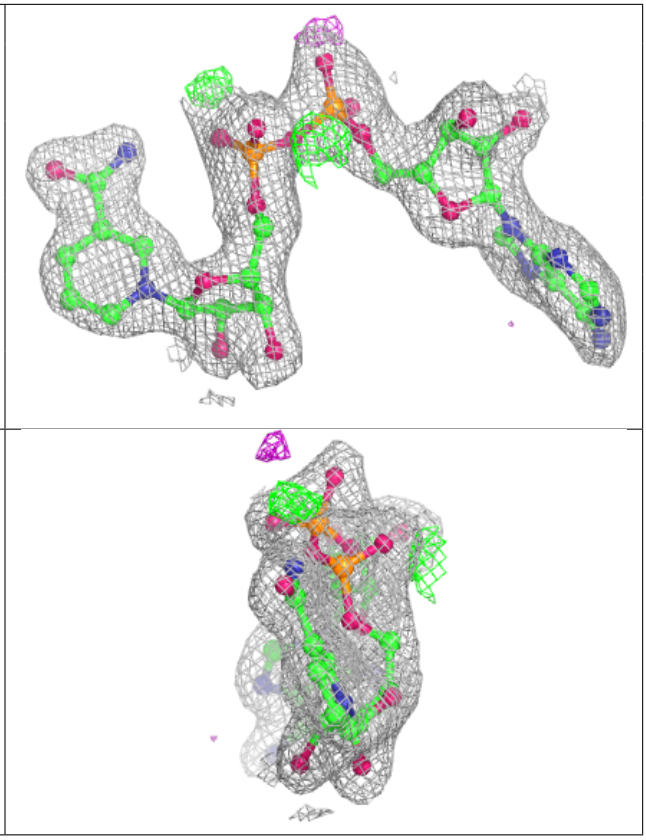
$mF_o$-$DF_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



**Electron density around NAD H 300:**

$2mF_o$-$DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
$mF_o$-$DF_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



## 6.5 Other polymers (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.