



wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Mar 6, 2026 – 09:20 PM UTC

PDB ID : 9PZM / pdb_00009pzm
EMDB ID : EMD-72072
Title : Augmin V junction with NEDD1 (WD)
Authors : Ashaduzzaman, M.; Al-Bassam, J.
Deposited on : 2025-08-11
Resolution : 8.00 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev132
MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
EM percentile statistics : 202505.v01 (Using data in the EMDB archive up until May 2025)
MapQ : 1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49

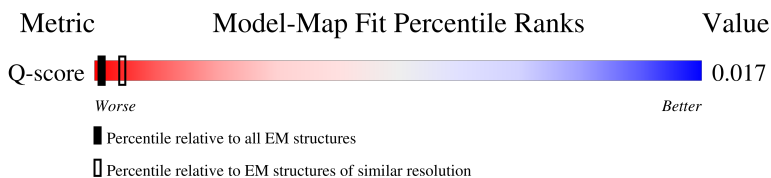
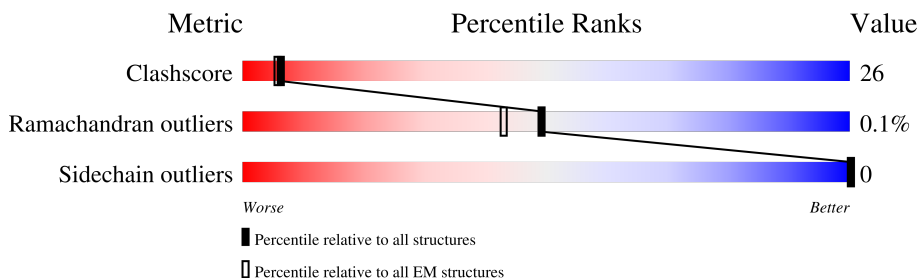
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 8.00 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



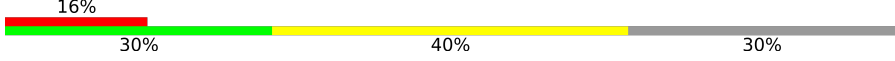
Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)	Similar EM resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	229148	23984	-
Ramachandran outliers	224038	23583	-
Sidechain outliers	223484	23102	-
Q-score	-	25397	361 (7.50 - 8.50)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	B	152	34% 52% 37% 11%
2	C	617	23% 25% 17% 58%
3	E	777	21% 25% 22% 52%
4	F	328	38% 49% 51%

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
5	G	329	
6	H	165	
7	I	310	

2 Entry composition

There are 7 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 14092 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called AUGMIN subunit 2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	B	135	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1058	660	187	208	3		

There are 4 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
B	170	SER	-	expression tag	UNP O48767
B	171	MET	-	expression tag	UNP O48767
B	172	GLN	-	expression tag	UNP O48767
B	173	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP O48767

- Molecule 2 is a protein called AUGMIN subunit 3.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
2	C	259	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2100	1326	366	400	8		

- Molecule 3 is a protein called AUGMIN subunit 5.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
3	E	371	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2934	1814	524	585	11		

There are 19 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
E	?	-	LEU	deletion	UNP Q9FMB4
E	?	-	SER	deletion	UNP Q9FMB4
E	?	-	TYR	deletion	UNP Q9FMB4
E	?	-	GLN	deletion	UNP Q9FMB4
E	?	-	PHE	deletion	UNP Q9FMB4
E	?	-	ASN	deletion	UNP Q9FMB4
E	?	-	GLY	deletion	UNP Q9FMB4

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Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
E	?	-	ASN	deletion	UNP Q9FMB4
E	?	-	GLY	deletion	UNP Q9FMB4
E	?	-	LYS	deletion	UNP Q9FMB4
E	?	-	ILE	deletion	UNP Q9FMB4
E	?	-	GLY	deletion	UNP Q9FMB4
E	?	-	THR	deletion	UNP Q9FMB4
E	?	-	ASP	deletion	UNP Q9FMB4
E	?	-	THR	deletion	UNP Q9FMB4
E	?	-	HIS	deletion	UNP Q9FMB4
E	?	-	PHE	deletion	UNP Q9FMB4
E	?	-	GLN	deletion	UNP Q9FMB4
E	?	-	GLY	deletion	UNP Q9FMB4

- Molecule 4 is a protein called AUGMIN subunit 6.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
4	F	328	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2576	1601	470	494	11		

- Molecule 5 is a protein called AUGMIN subunit 7.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
5	G	267	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2156	1373	359	415	9		

- Molecule 6 is a protein called AUGMIN subunit 8.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
6	H	115	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			935	587	171	175	2		

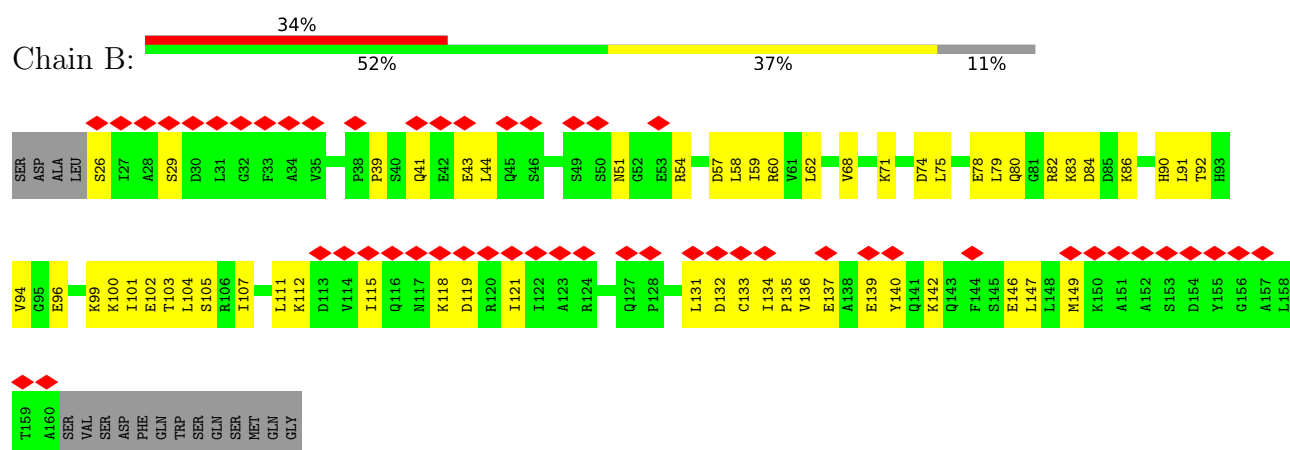
- Molecule 7 is a protein called Protein NEDD1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
7	I	310	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2333	1457	411	454	11		

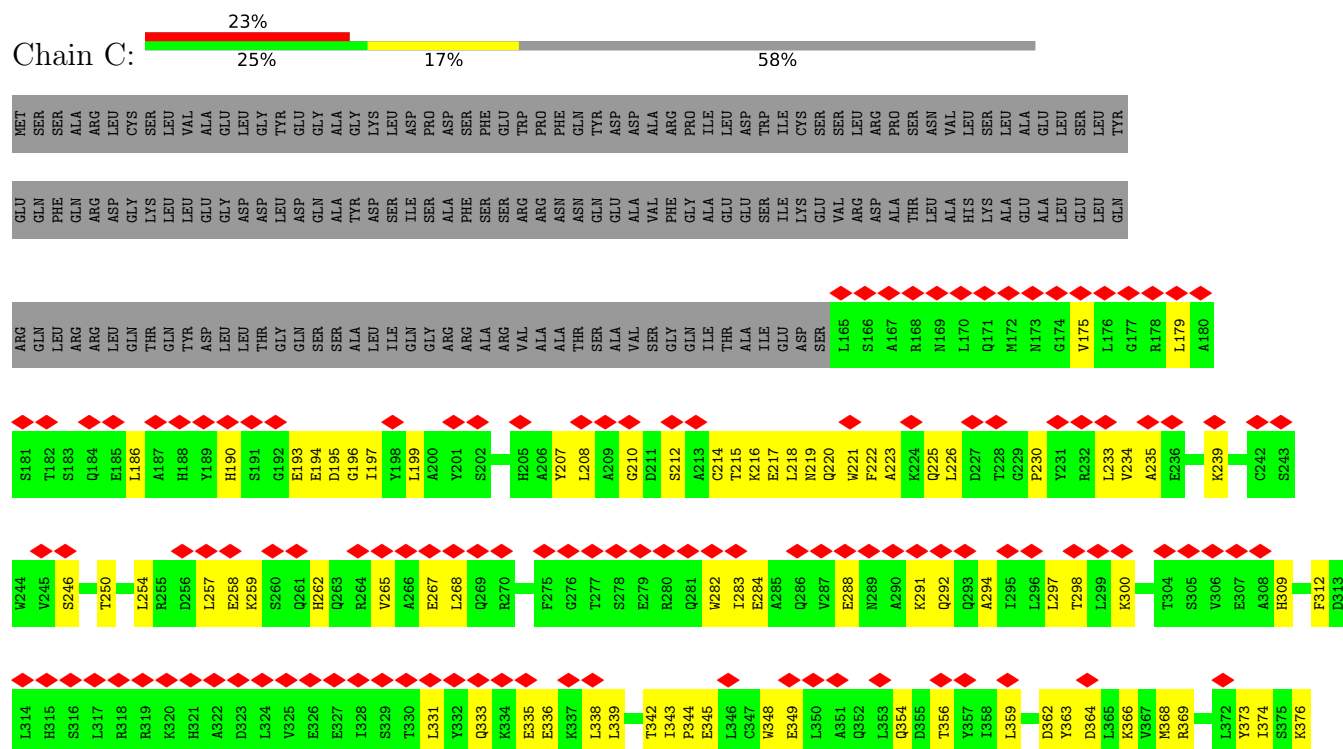
3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: AUGMIN subunit 2

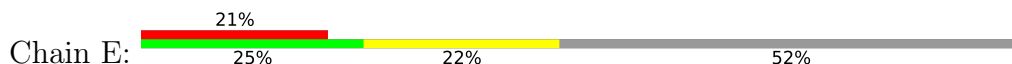


• Molecule 2: AUGMIN subunit 3



[illegible]

- Molecule 3: AUGMIN subunit 5



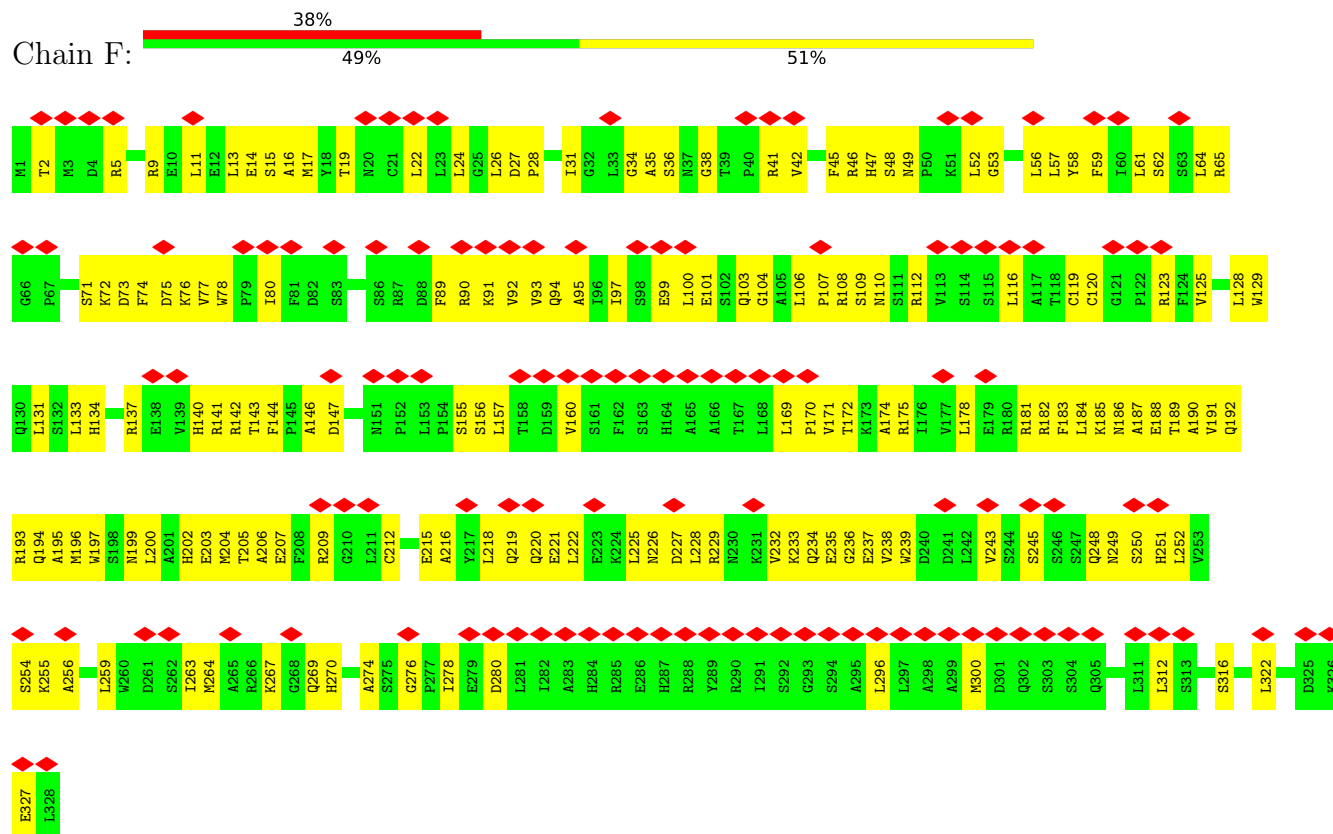
GLU
ALA
ALA
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ARG
ARG
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ARG
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ASP
LEU
LYS
ALA
ARG
MET
GLU
VAL
SER
ARG
GLU
GLU
GLU
GLU
ALA
ARG
LYS
ARG
MET
ASN
TYR
ARG
HIS
LYS
GLN
ALA
LEU
LEU

A506	N507	D509	V511	A512	F513	M514	N515	Q516	Q517	F518	L519	A520	A521	R522	E523	Y524	A525	A526	A527	T528	V529	V530	P531	A532	S533	E534	V535	V536	V537	D538	I539	S540	N541	S542	A543	K544	D545	F546	I547	E548	K549	E550	V551	SER	ALA	PHE	THR	GLN	SER	PRO	ASP	ASN	SER	LEU	TYR	MET	LEU	MET
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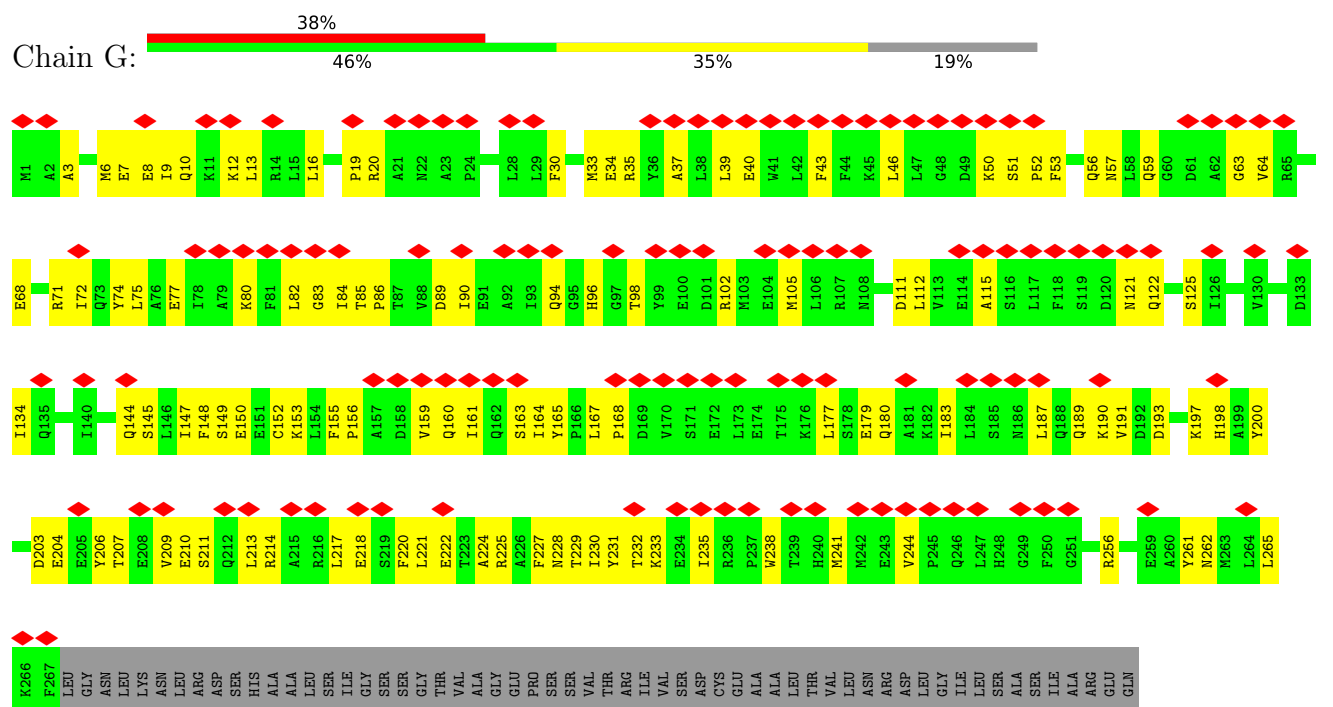
LYS	TYR	GLU	GLU	ARG	THR	THR	ASN	TYR	CYS	LEU	ASP	LEU	ALA	SER	GLN	GLN	ASN	THR	TRP	LEU	PRO	GLU	LEU	ARG	THR	ALA	VAL	GLN	ASN	ALA	GLN	ALA	SER	SER	SER	GLY	LEU	LEU	ASP	GLY	TRP	TRP	GLU	GLN	PRO	ALA	SER	THR	TYR
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VAL	ASP	TRP	VAL	THR	VAL	ASP	GLY	GLN	SER	VAL	SER	ALA	ALA	TRP	GLN	ASN	ASN	HIS	VAL	VAL	LYS	GLN	LEU	LEU	ALA	PHE	TYR	ASP	LYS	GLU	SER	LEU	ARG	THR
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• Molecule 4: AUGMIN subunit 6

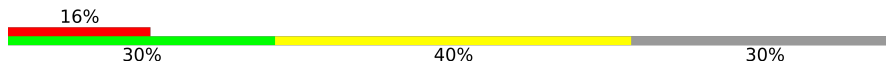


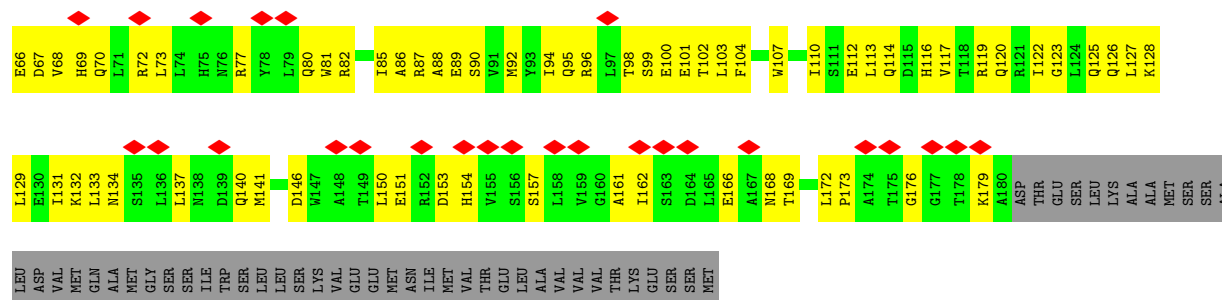
• Molecule 5: AUGMIN subunit 7



GLY
GLU
ARG
LEU

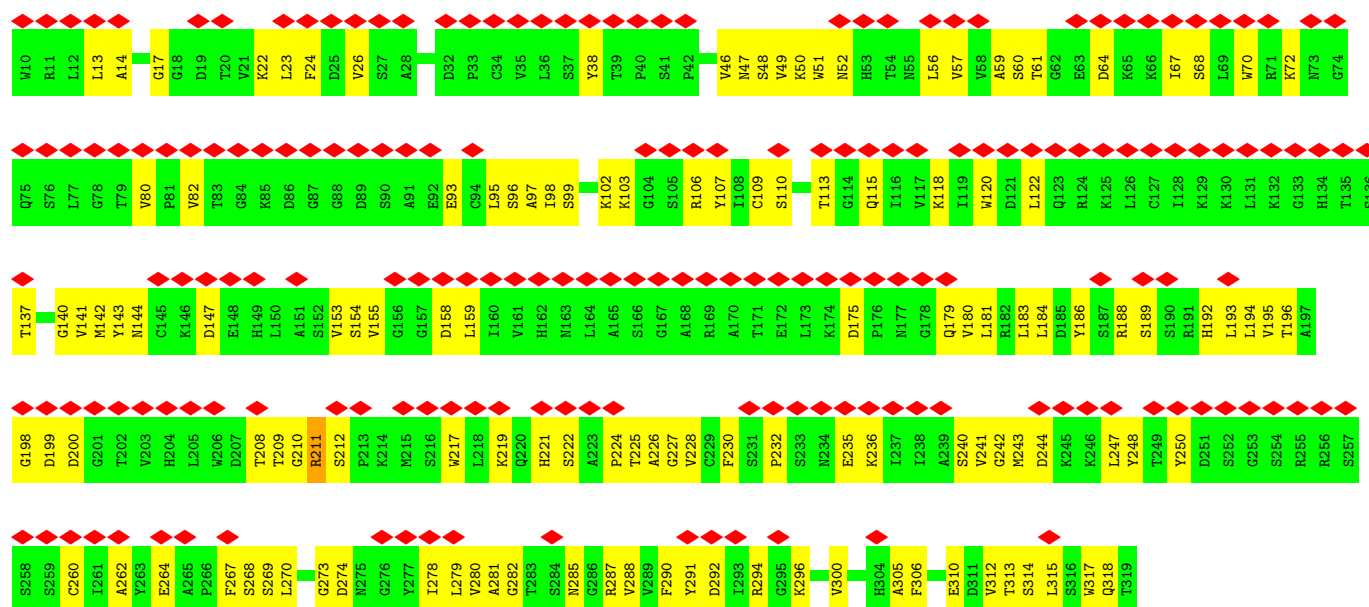
● Molecule 6: AUGMIN subunit 8

Chain H: 



● Molecule 7: Protein NEDD1

Chain I: 



4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	49000	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	NONE	Depositor
Microscope	TFS GLACIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	200	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	0.8	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	600	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	2500	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K3 (6k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	2.302	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.000	Depositor
Average map value	0.004	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.045	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.24	Depositor
Map size ($\text{\AA}$)	316.8, 316.8, 316.8	wwPDB
Map dimensions	180, 180, 180	wwPDB
Map angles ($^\circ$)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing ($\text{\AA}$)	1.76, 1.76, 1.76	Depositor

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	B	0.15	0/1070	0.40	0/1442
2	C	0.15	0/2136	0.40	0/2879
3	E	0.18	0/2972	0.44	0/4010
4	F	0.15	0/2622	0.41	0/3543
5	G	0.14	0/2197	0.37	0/2971
6	H	0.14	0/950	0.43	0/1287
7	I	0.14	0/2381	0.39	0/3227
All	All	0.15	0/14328	0.41	0/19359

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	B	1058	0	1077	81	0
2	C	2100	0	2091	130	0
3	E	2934	0	2911	196	0
4	F	2576	0	2566	186	0
5	G	2156	0	2139	113	0
6	H	935	0	937	77	0
7	I	2333	0	2310	123	0
All	All	14092	0	14031	724	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 26.

The worst 5 of 724 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:C:374:ILE:HB	3:E:273:ARG:HD3	1.46	0.97
2:C:226:LEU:HD21	3:E:497:GLU:HG2	1.57	0.85
4:F:181:ARG:HH12	4:F:185:LYS:HE2	1.42	0.84
7:I:48:SER:HB3	7:I:61:THR:H	1.43	0.84
2:C:395:LYS:HD2	3:E:517:GLN:HG2	1.61	0.81

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	B	133/152 (88%)	128 (96%)	5 (4%)	0	100	100
2	C	257/617 (42%)	245 (95%)	12 (5%)	0	100	100
3	E	369/777 (48%)	339 (92%)	30 (8%)	0	100	100
4	F	326/328 (99%)	305 (94%)	21 (6%)	0	100	100
5	G	265/329 (80%)	252 (95%)	13 (5%)	0	100	100
6	H	113/165 (68%)	108 (96%)	5 (4%)	0	100	100
7	I	308/310 (99%)	267 (87%)	40 (13%)	1 (0%)	36	72
All	All	1771/2678 (66%)	1644 (93%)	126 (7%)	1 (0%)	49	83

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
7	I	211	ARG

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	B	117/132 (89%)	117 (100%)	0	100	100
2	C	229/538 (43%)	229 (100%)	0	100	100
3	E	320/662 (48%)	320 (100%)	0	100	100
4	F	283/283 (100%)	283 (100%)	0	100	100
5	G	232/281 (83%)	232 (100%)	0	100	100
6	H	102/146 (70%)	102 (100%)	0	100	100
7	I	259/259 (100%)	259 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	1542/2301 (67%)	1542 (100%)	0	100	100

There are no protein residues with a non-rotameric sidechain to report.

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 21 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
5	G	22	ASN
5	G	255	ASN
7	I	162	HIS
6	H	116	HIS
5	G	189	GLN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-72072. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

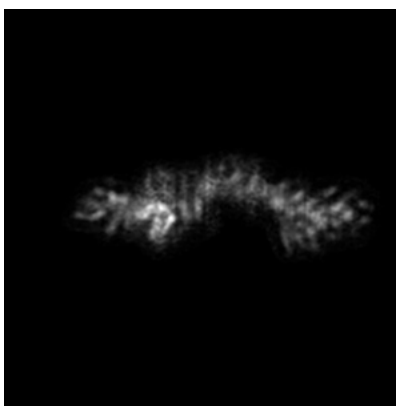
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

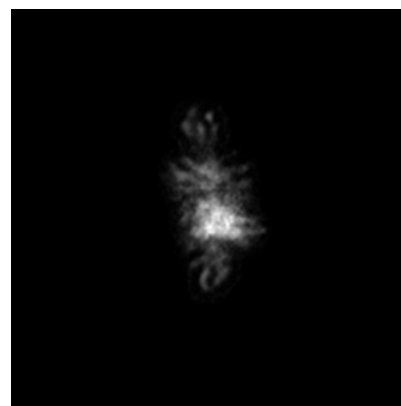
6.1.1 Primary map



X



Y

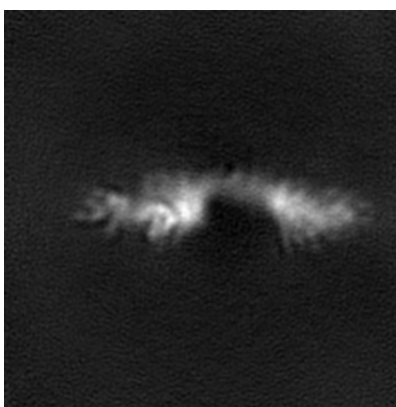


Z

6.1.2 Raw map



X



Y



Z

The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

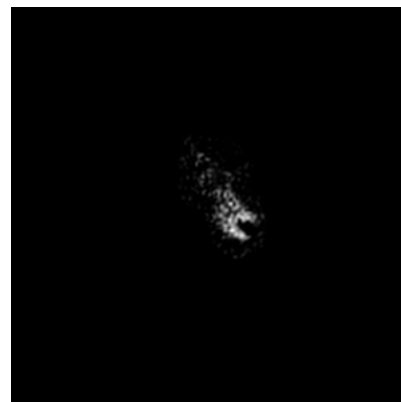
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 90

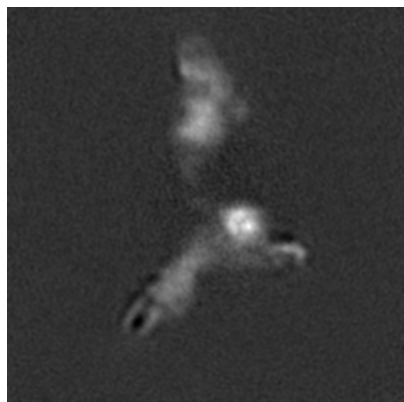


Y Index: 90

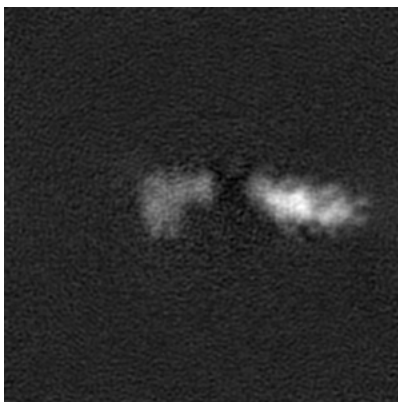


Z Index: 90

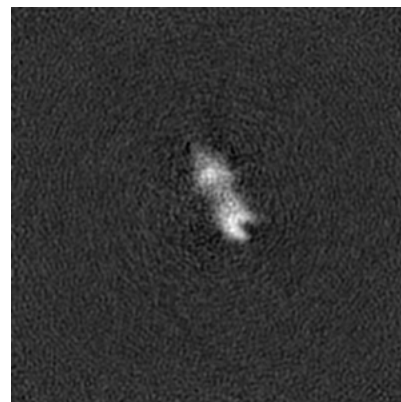
6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 90



Y Index: 90



Z Index: 90

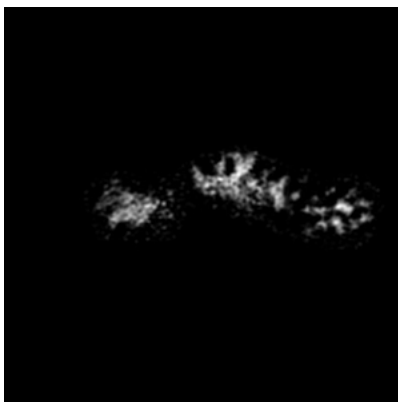
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

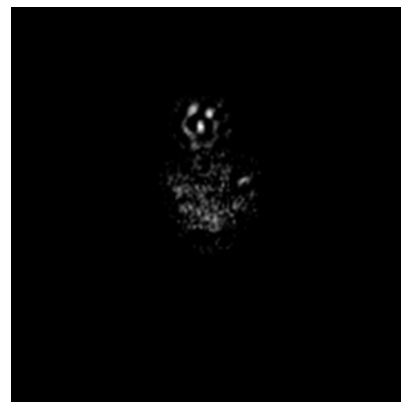
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 90

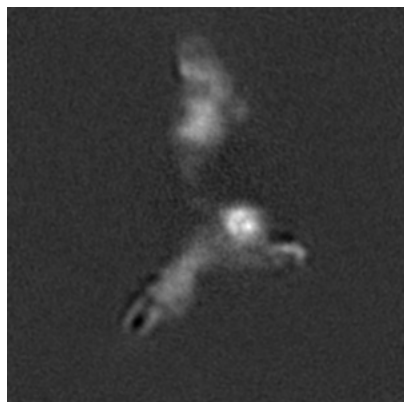


Y Index: 79

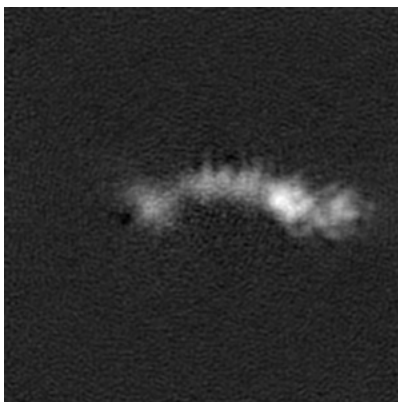


Z Index: 68

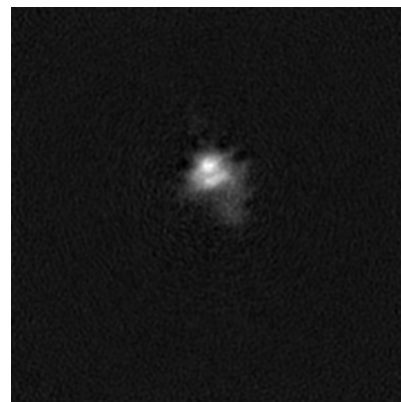
6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 90



Y Index: 85

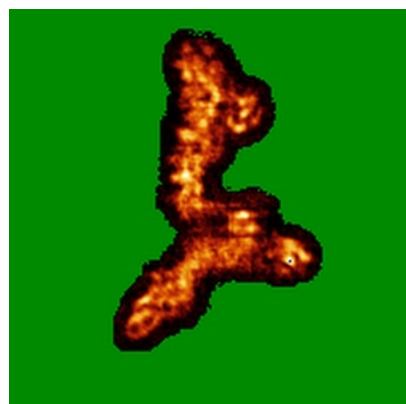


Z Index: 81

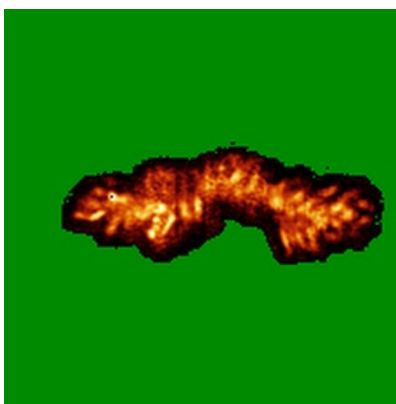
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

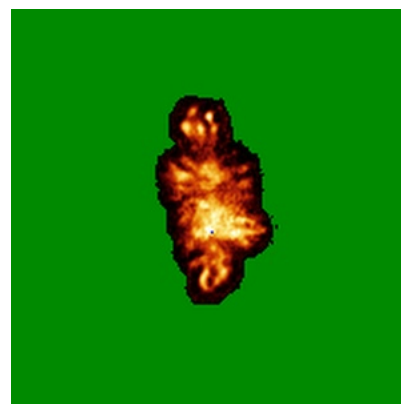
6.4.1 Primary map



X

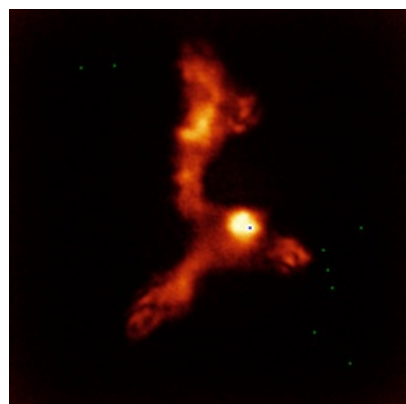


Y



Z

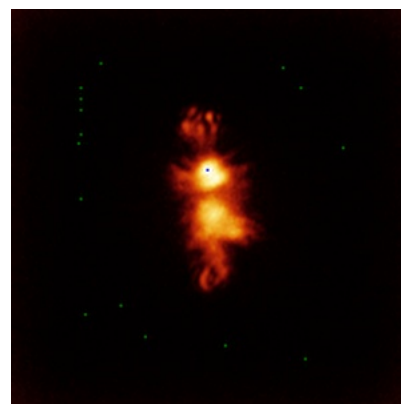
6.4.2 Raw map



X



Y

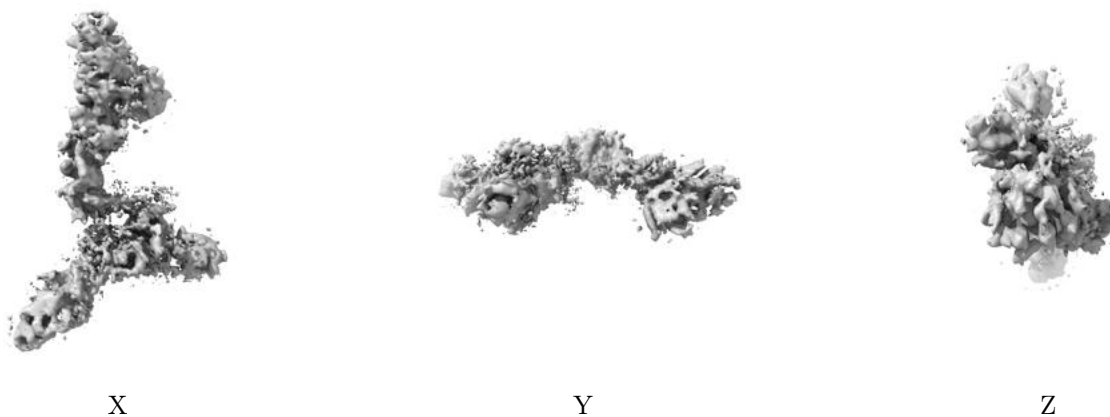


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

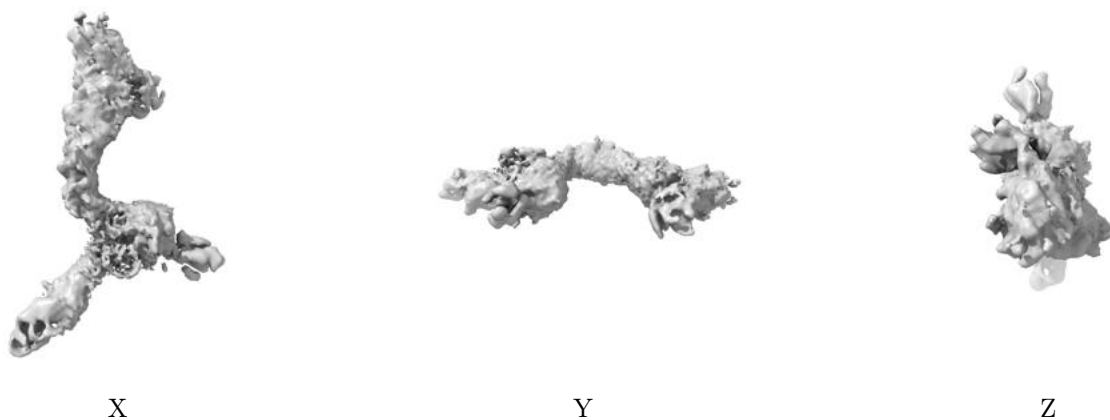
6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.24. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

6.5.2 Raw map



These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

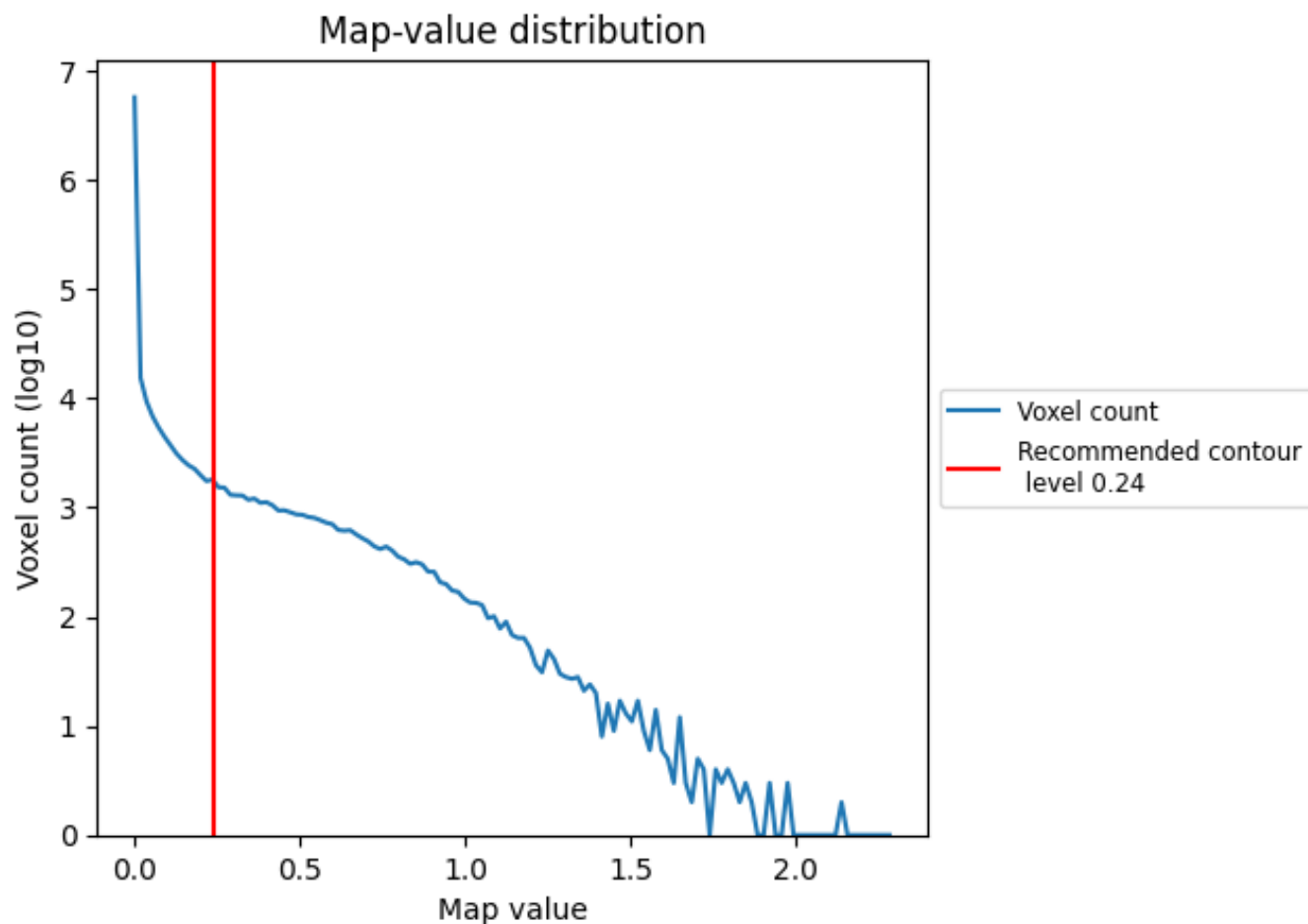
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis [i](#)

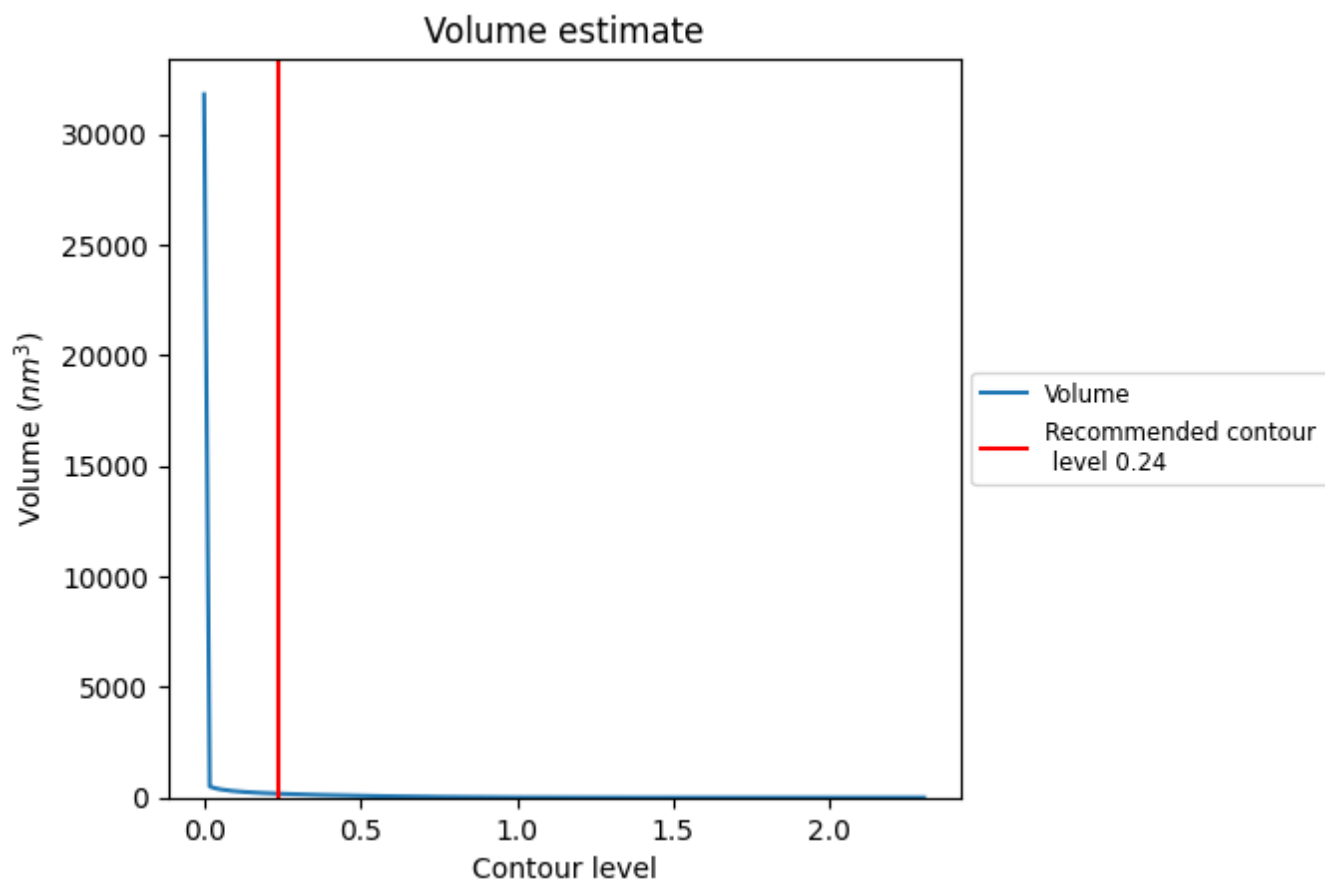
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

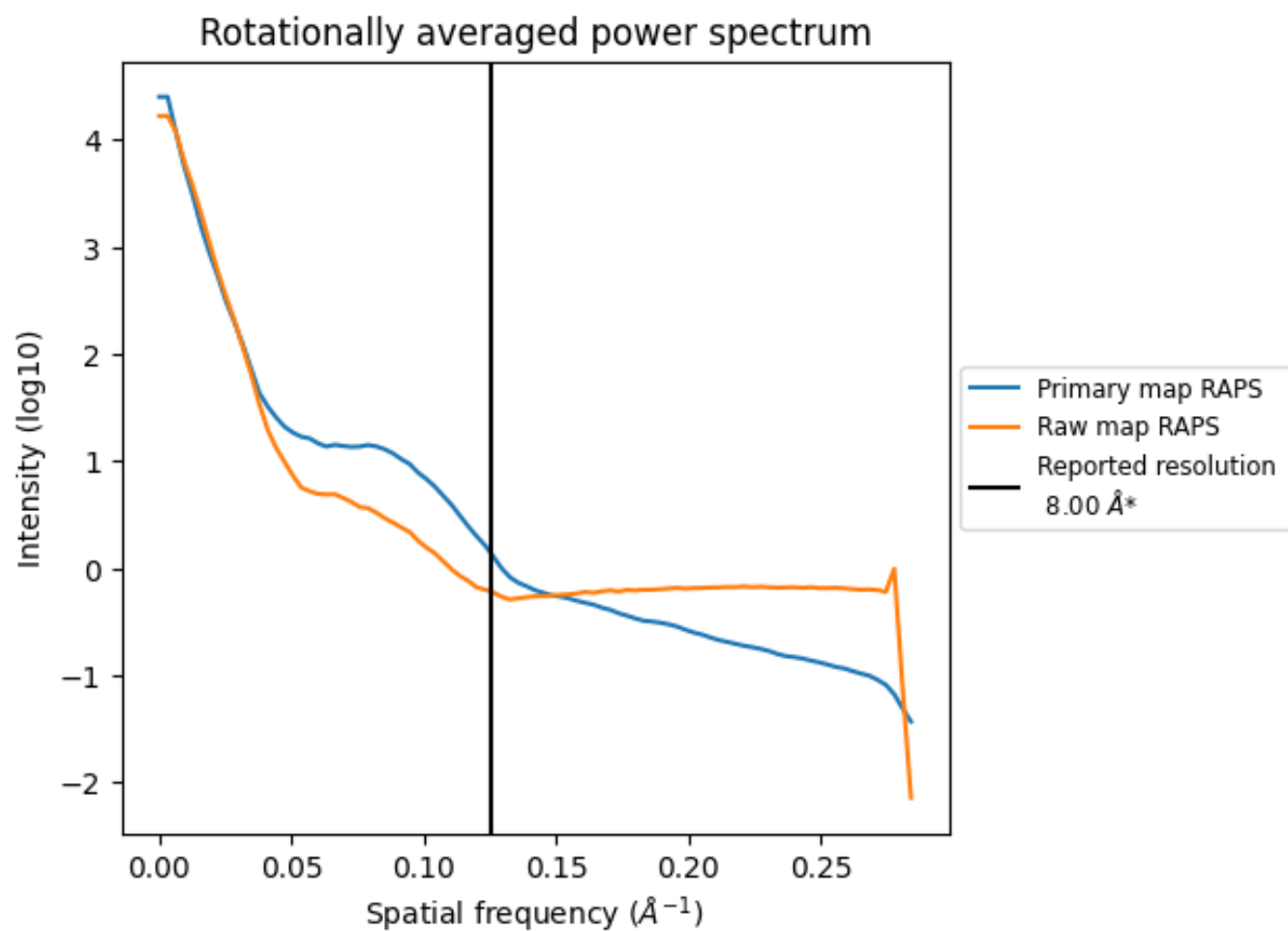
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 174 nm³; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 158 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum ⓘ

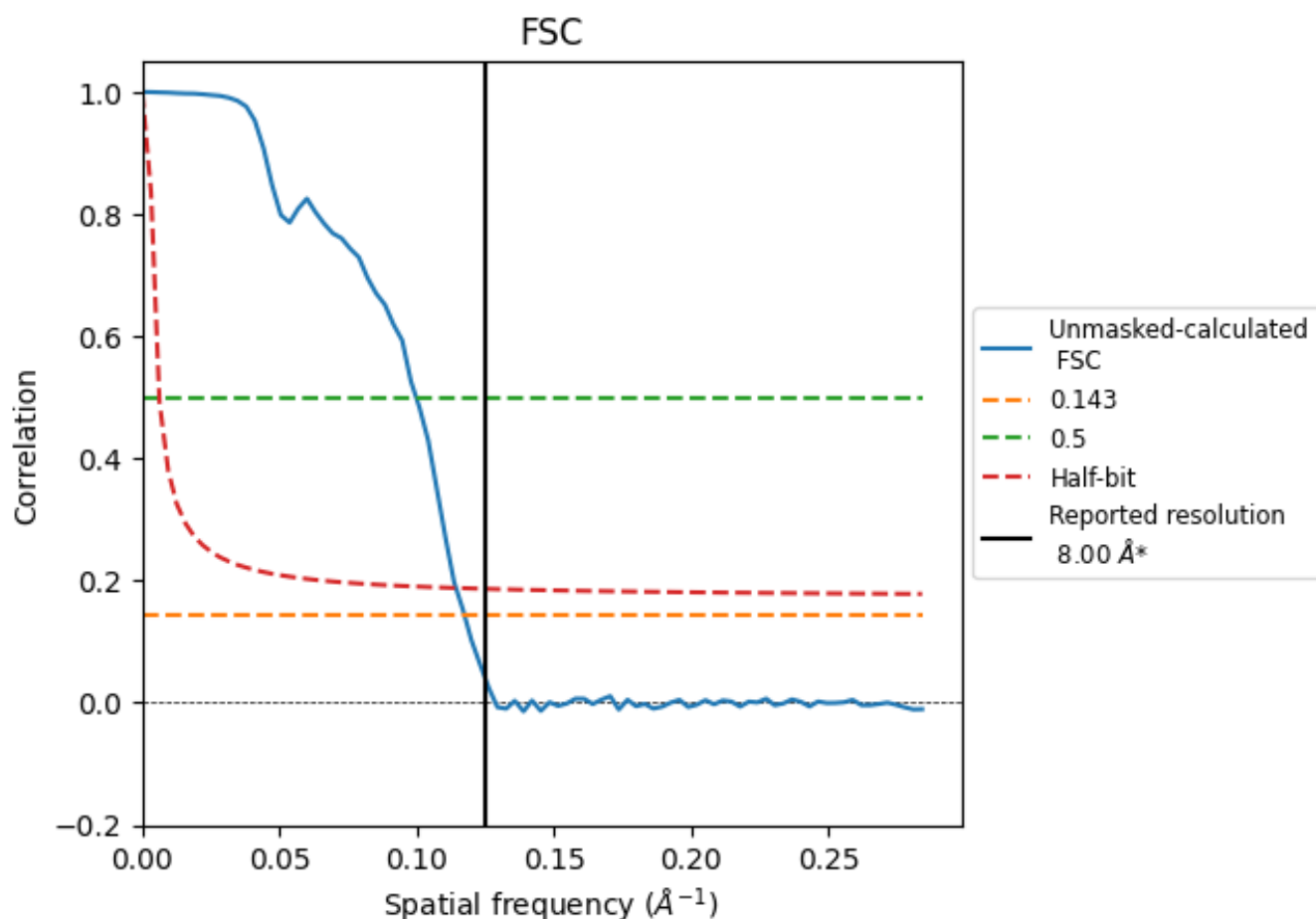


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of $0.125 \text{ \AA}^{-1}$

8 Fourier-Shell correlation [i](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC [i](#)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.125 Å⁻¹

8.2 Resolution estimates [i](#)

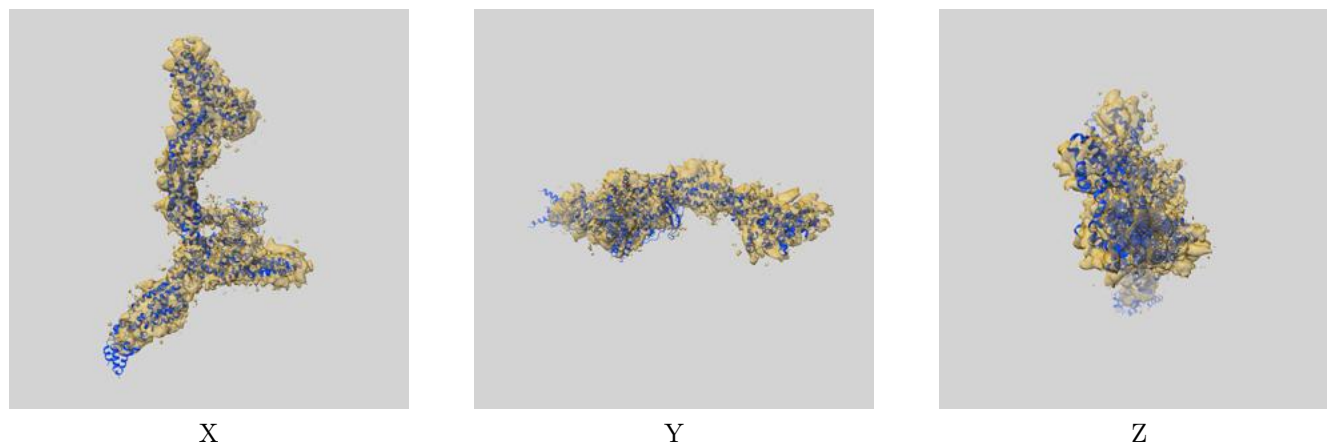
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	8.00	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	-	-	-
Unmasked-calculated*	8.52	10.02	8.75

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps.

9 Map-model fit [i](#)

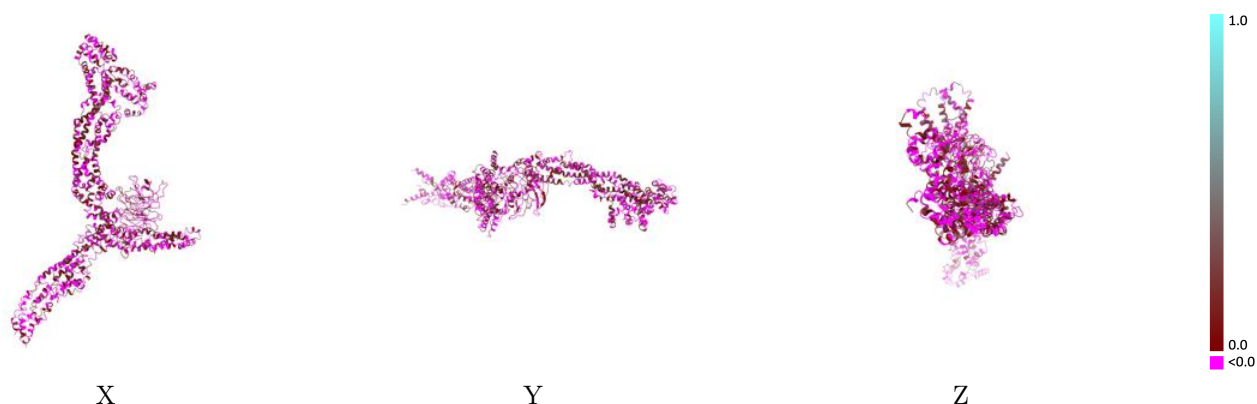
This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-72072 and PDB model 9PZM. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in [section 3](#) on [page 6](#).

9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



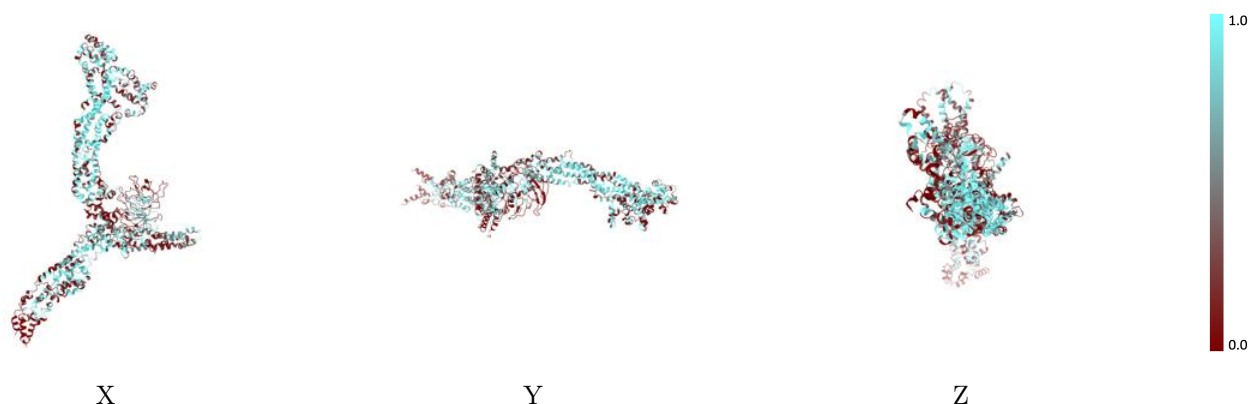
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.24 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



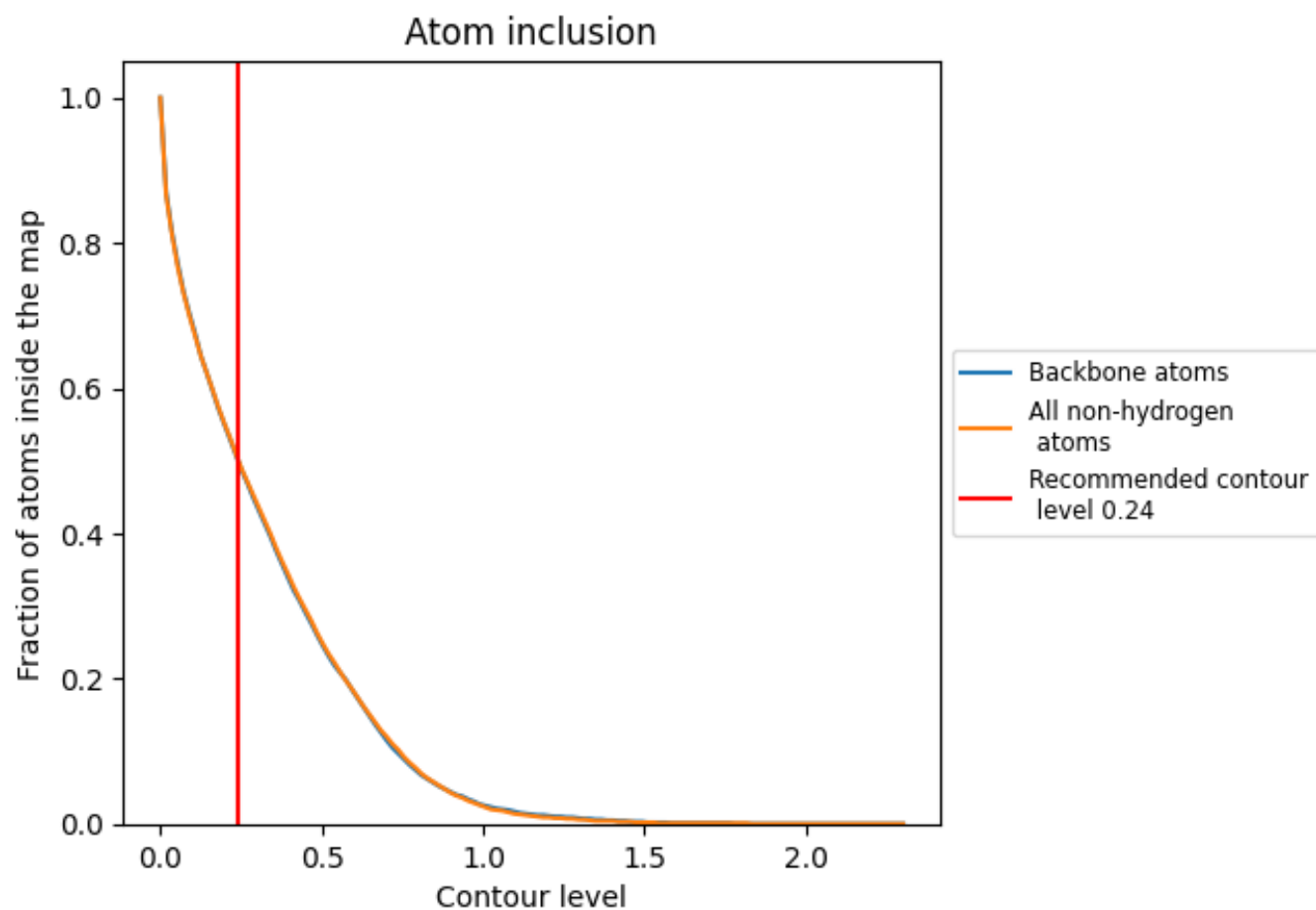
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.24).

9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 50% of all backbone atoms, 50% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary ⓘ

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.24) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.5020	0.0170
B	0.5580	0.0430
C	0.4420	-0.0040
E	0.4990	0.0220
F	0.5670	0.0140
G	0.5150	0.0190
H	0.7230	0.0540
I	0.3640	0.0050

1.0

0.0

<0.0