wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report (i)

Dec 10, 2022 – 10:18 am GMT

PDB ID	:	5FWL
EMDB ID	:	EMD-3341
Title	:	Atomic cryoEM structure of Hsp90-Cdc37-Cdk4 complex
Authors	:	Verba, K.A.; Wang, R.Y.R.; Arakawa, A.; Liu, Y.; Yokoyama, S.; Agard, D.A.
Deposited on	:	2016-02-18
Resolution	:	9.00 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at
http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

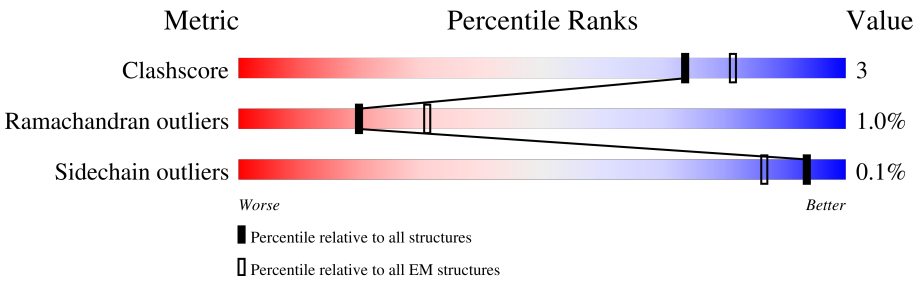
EMDB validation analysis	:	0.0.1.dev43
Mogul	:	1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
buster-report	:	1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
MapQ	:	1.9.9
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.31.3

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 9.00 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	4297
Ramachandran outliers	154571	4023
Sidechain outliers	154315	3826

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion < 40%). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	727	82% 6% 12%
1	B	727	83% • 13%
2	E	378	30% 66% • 31%
3	K	310	14% 78% 13% • 6%

2 Entry composition (i)

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 29596 atoms, of which 14789 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called HEAT SHOCK PROTEIN HSP 90 BETA.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	S		
1	A	638	10399	3280	5226	870	1000	23	0	0
1	B	630	10242	3235	5139	856	989	23	0	0

There are 6 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	-2	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P08238
A	-1	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P08238
A	0	PHE	-	expression tag	UNP P08238
B	-2	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P08238
B	-1	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P08238
B	0	PHE	-	expression tag	UNP P08238

- Molecule 2 is a protein called HSP90 CO-CHAPERONE CDC37.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms							AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	P	S		
2	E	259	4307	1358	2125	383	425	1	15	0	0

- Molecule 3 is a protein called CYCLIN-DEPENDENT KINASE 4.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	S		
3	K	291	4584	1463	2299	403	408	11	0	0

There are 7 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
K	-6	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P11802
K	-5	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP P11802
K	-4	MET	-	expression tag	UNP P11802

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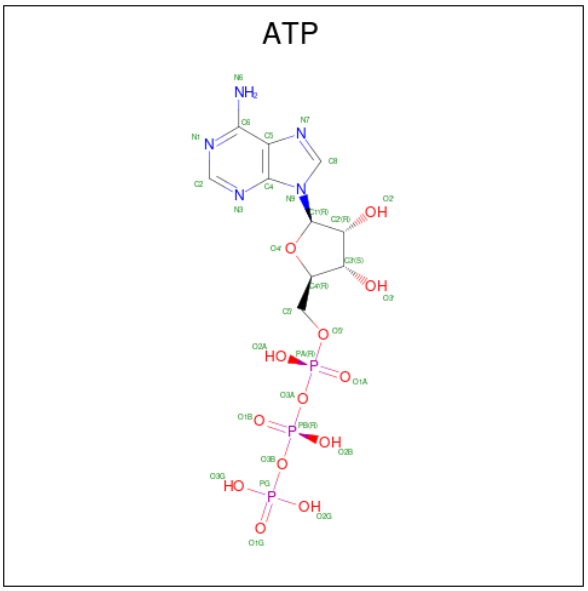
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
K	-3	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP P11802
K	-2	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP P11802
K	-1	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP P11802
K	0	PHE	-	expression tag	UNP P11802

- Molecule 4 is ADENOSINE-5'-TRIPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: ATP) (formula: $C_{10}H_{16}N_5O_{13}P_3$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf
4	A	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			31	10	5	13	3	
4	B	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			31	10	5	13	3	

- Molecule 5 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

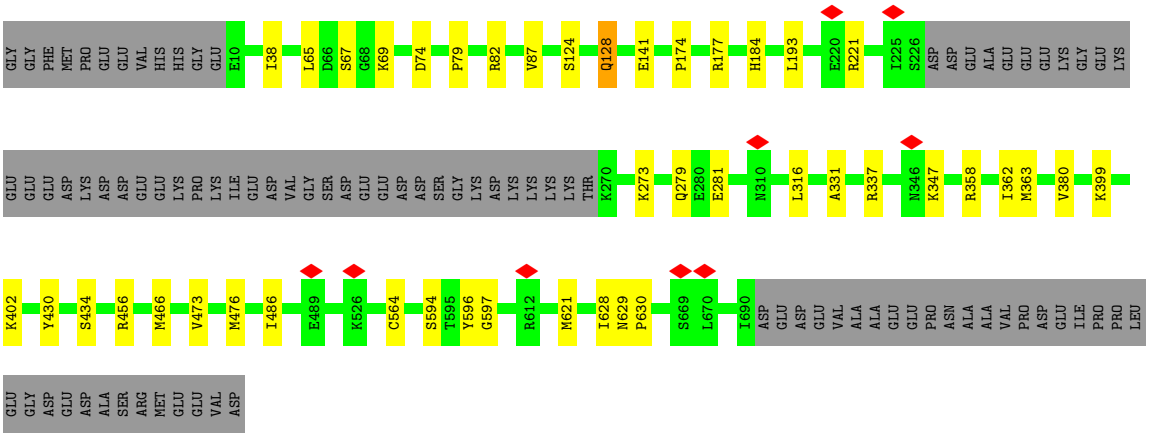
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		AltConf
5	A	1	Total	Mg	0
			1	1	
5	B	1	Total	Mg	0
			1	1	

3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

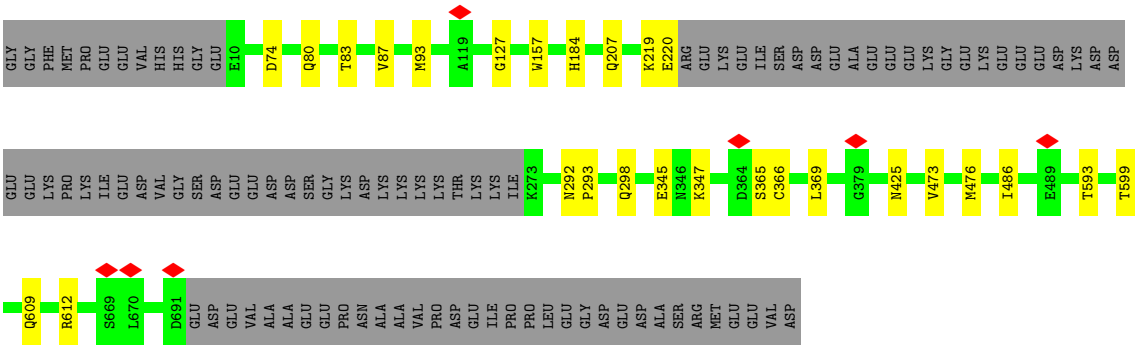
- Molecule 1: HEAT SHOCK PROTEIN HSP 90 BETA

Chain A:



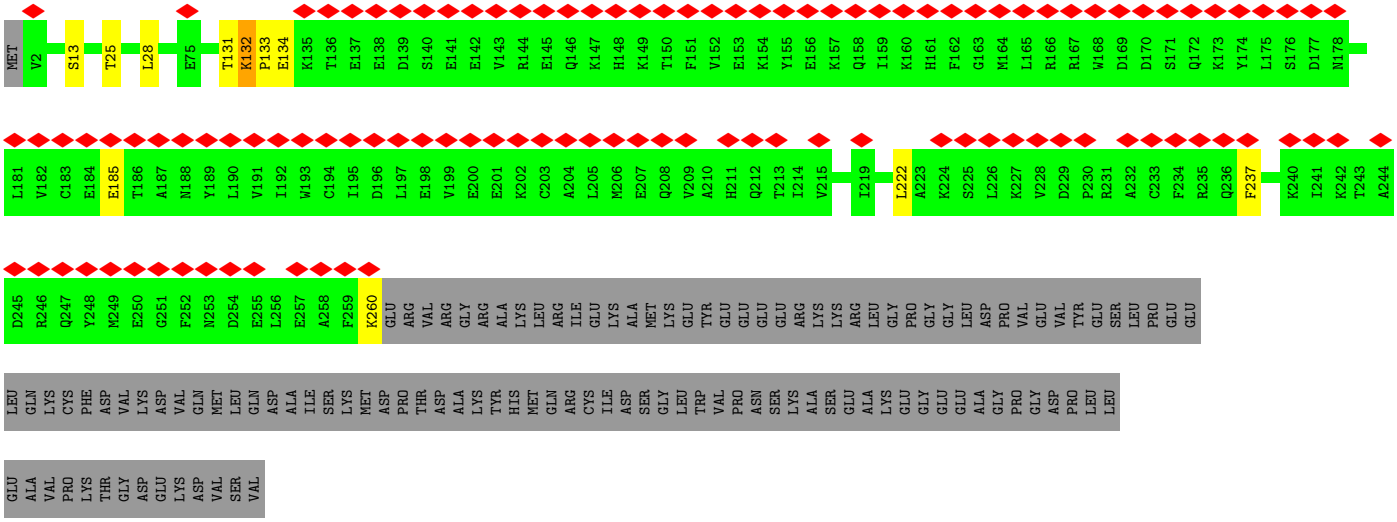
- Molecule 1: HEAT SHOCK PROTEIN HSP 90 BETA

Chain B:



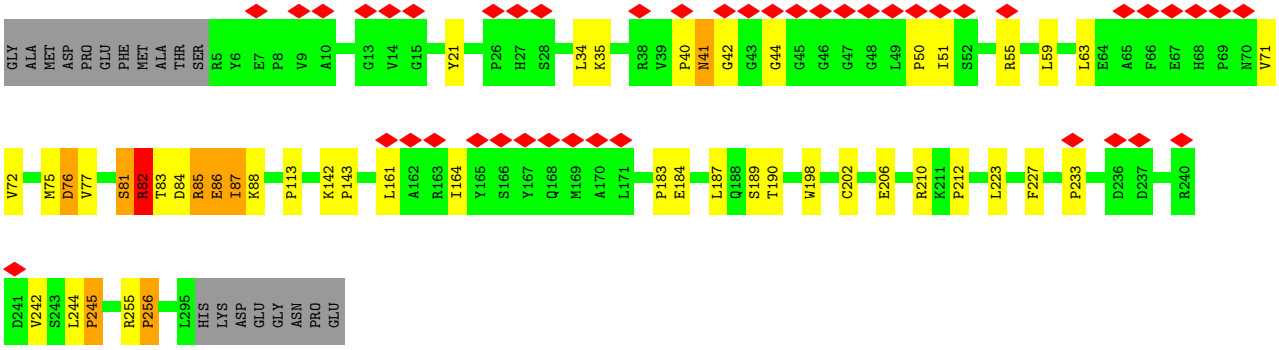
- Molecule 2: HSP90 CO-CHAPERONE CDC37

Chain E:



- Molecule 3: CYCLIN-DEPENDENT KINASE 4

Chain K:



4 Experimental information (i)

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, C1	Depositor
Number of particles used	45974	Depositor
Resolution determination method	Not provided	
CTF correction method	Not provided	
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/Å^2$)	44	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	1400	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	3800	Depositor
Magnification	22500	Depositor
Image detector	GATAN K2 SUMMIT (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.085	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.024	Depositor
Average map value	0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.003	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.02	Depositor
Map size (Å)	336.64, 336.64, 336.64	wwPDB
Map dimensions	256, 256, 256	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.315, 1.315, 1.315	Depositor

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ATP, SEP, MG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| >5$	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| >5$
1	A	0.94	0/5257	0.56	0/7062
1	B	0.93	0/5187	0.57	0/6972
2	E	0.99	0/2209	0.52	0/2955
3	K	0.85	1/2342 (0.0%)	0.67	0/3181
All	All	0.93	1/14995 (0.0%)	0.58	0/20170

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand.A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
3	K	0	8

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
3	K	184	GLU	CD-OE2	-5.09	1.20	1.25

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 8 planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
3	K	42	GLY	Peptide,Mainchain
3	K	81	SER	Peptide,Mainchain
3	K	85	ARG	Peptide,Mainchain
3	K	86	GLU	Peptide,Mainchain

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	5173	5226	5224	27	0
1	B	5103	5139	5137	28	0
2	E	2182	2125	2124	11	0
3	K	2285	2299	2297	34	0
4	A	31	0	12	3	0
4	B	31	0	12	2	0
5	A	1	0	0	0	0
5	B	1	0	0	0	0
All	All	14807	14789	14806	98	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 3.

The worst 5 of 98 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:609:GLN:HB3	1:B:612:ARG:CG	1.76	1.15
1:B:609:GLN:HB3	1:B:612:ARG:HG2	1.44	0.98
1:B:609:GLN:CB	1:B:612:ARG:HG2	1.96	0.95
1:B:609:GLN:CG	1:B:612:ARG:HG2	1.96	0.94
1:B:609:GLN:HB3	1:B:612:ARG:HG3	1.52	0.89

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	634/727 (87%)	608 (96%)	23 (4%)	3 (0%)	29	69
1	B	626/727 (86%)	607 (97%)	17 (3%)	2 (0%)	41	77
2	E	256/378 (68%)	243 (95%)	12 (5%)	1 (0%)	34	72
3	K	285/310 (92%)	244 (86%)	29 (10%)	12 (4%)	3	22
All	All	1801/2142 (84%)	1702 (94%)	81 (4%)	18 (1%)	20	55

5 of 18 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	365	SER
2	E	132	LYS
3	K	41	ASN
3	K	256	PRO
3	K	76	ASP

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	577/653 (88%)	577 (100%)	0	100	100
1	B	569/653 (87%)	569 (100%)	0	100	100
2	E	238/340 (70%)	238 (100%)	0	100	100
3	K	247/262 (94%)	246 (100%)	1 (0%)	91	94
All	All	1631/1908 (86%)	1630 (100%)	1 (0%)	93	97

All (1) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	K	82	ARG

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (2) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	425	ASN
3	K	98	GLN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$
2	SEP	E	13	2	8,9,10	1.43	1 (12%)	8,12,14	1.26	1 (12%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	SEP	E	13	2	-	0/5/8/10	-

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	E	13	SEP	P-O1P	3.24	1.61	1.50

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
2	E	13	SEP	OG-CB-CA	3.01	111.07	108.14

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 4 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 2 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$
4	ATP	B	1692	5	26,33,33	1.04	2 (7%)	31,52,52	2.06	7 (22%)
4	ATP	A	1691	5	26,33,33	1.11	3 (11%)	31,52,52	1.96	6 (19%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	ATP	B	1692	5	-	7/18/38/38	0/3/3/3
4	ATP	A	1691	5	-	6/18/38/38	0/3/3/3

All (5) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
4	B	1692	ATP	C5-C4	2.59	1.47	1.40
4	A	1691	ATP	C5-C4	2.54	1.47	1.40
4	B	1692	ATP	C2'-C1'	-2.33	1.50	1.53
4	A	1691	ATP	O4'-C1'	2.29	1.44	1.41
4	A	1691	ATP	C2'-C1'	-2.02	1.50	1.53

The worst 5 of 13 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
4	B	1692	ATP	PA-O3A-PB	-6.10	111.88	132.83
4	A	1691	ATP	PB-O3B-PG	-6.06	112.04	132.83
4	B	1692	ATP	PB-O3B-PG	-5.44	114.17	132.83
4	A	1691	ATP	PA-O3A-PB	-5.31	114.61	132.83
4	B	1692	ATP	C3'-C2'-C1'	3.36	106.04	100.98

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 13 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	A	1691	ATP	C5'-O5'-PA-O3A
4	A	1691	ATP	O4'-C4'-C5'-O5'
4	B	1692	ATP	C5'-O5'-PA-O2A
4	B	1692	ATP	C5'-O5'-PA-O3A
4	A	1691	ATP	C3'-C4'-C5'-O5'

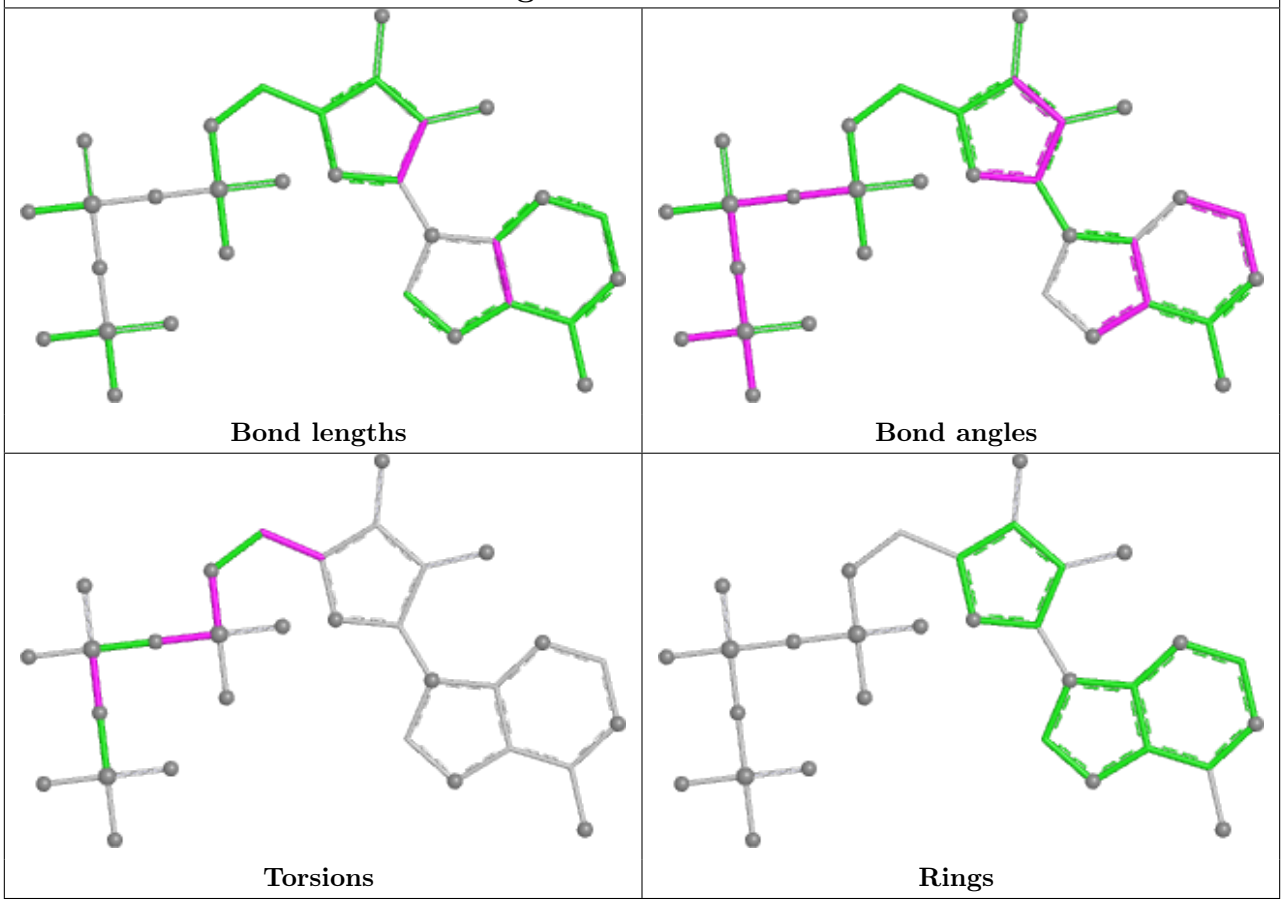
There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 5 short contacts:

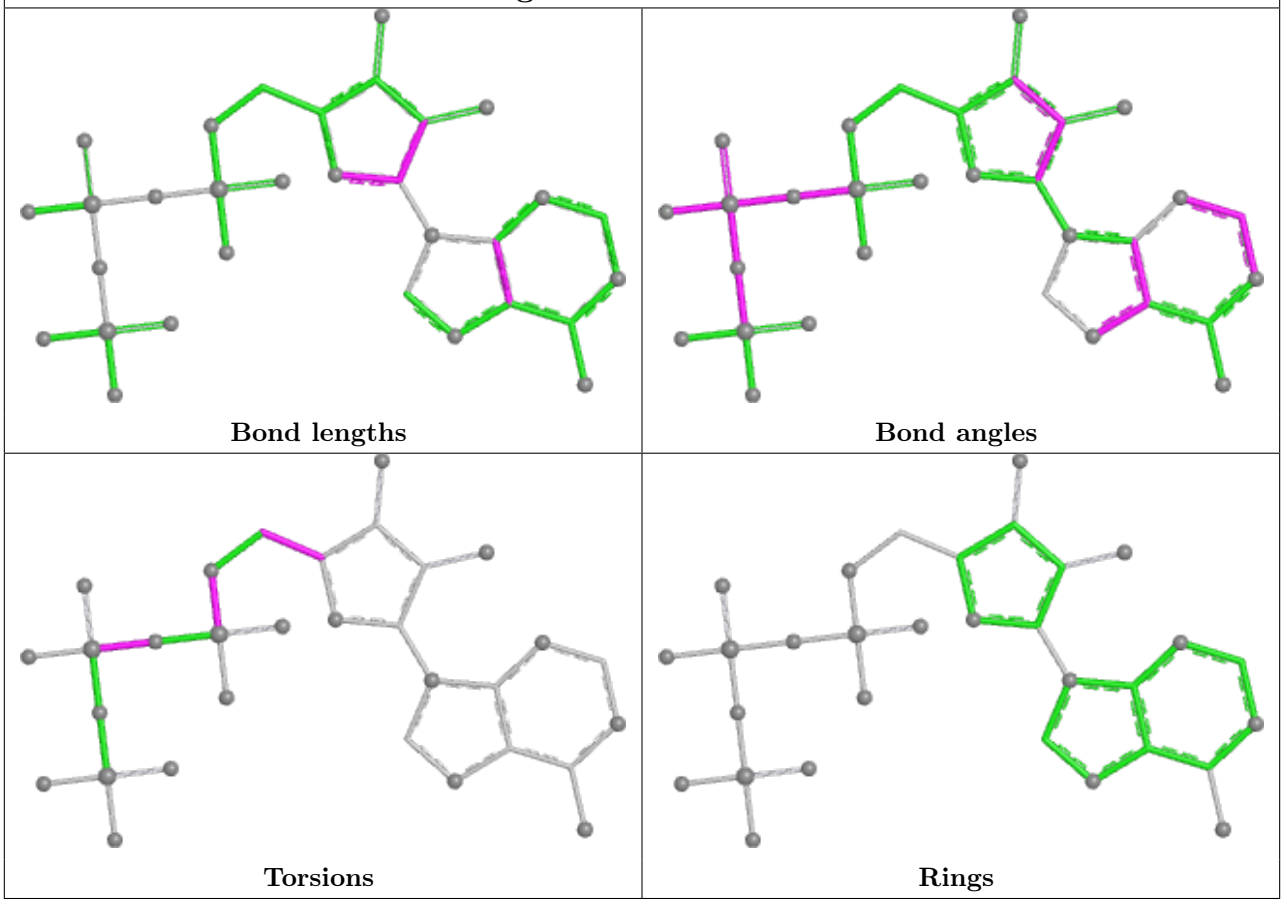
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	B	1692	ATP	2	0
4	A	1691	ATP	3	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

Ligand ATP B 1692



Ligand ATP A 1691



5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

The following chains have linkage breaks:

Mol	Chain	Number of breaks
3	K	2

All chain breaks are listed below:

Model	Chain	Residue-1	Atom-1	Residue-2	Atom-2	Distance (Å)
1	K	49:LEU	C	50:PRO	N	5.53
1	K	67:GLU	C	68:HIS	N	3.83

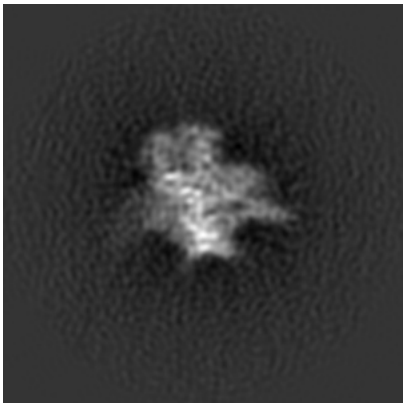
6 Map visualisation (i)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-3341. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

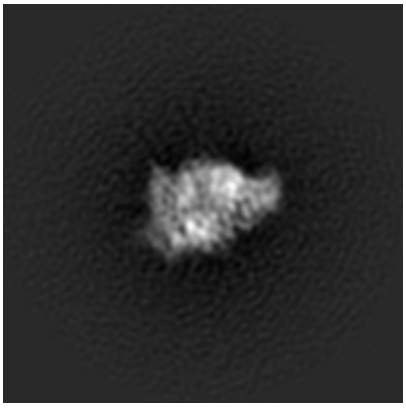
No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

6.1 Orthogonal projections (i)

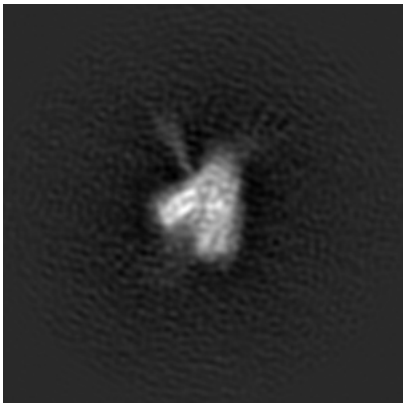
6.1.1 Primary map



X



Y

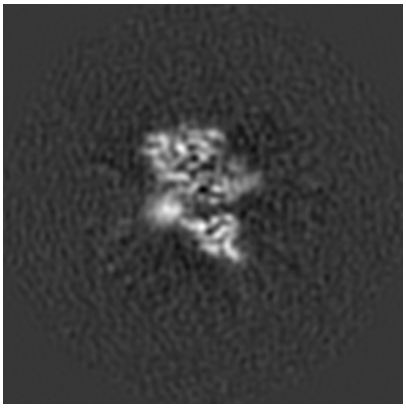


Z

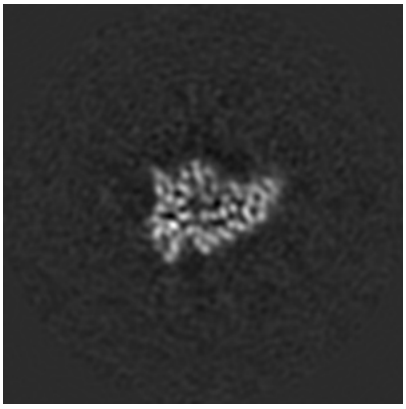
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices (i)

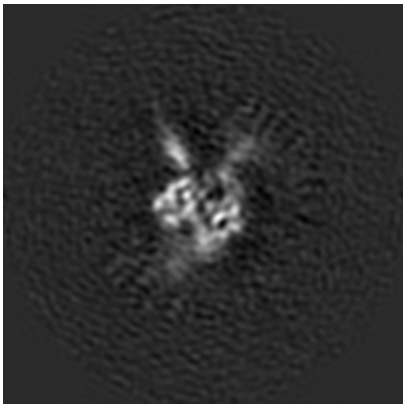
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 128



Y Index: 128

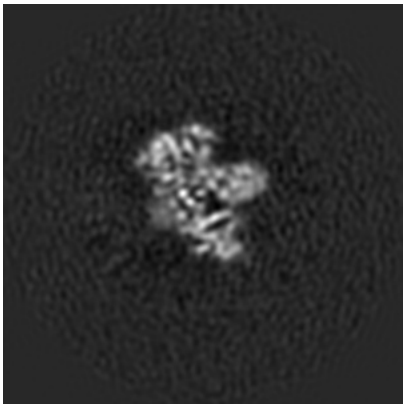


Z Index: 128

The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

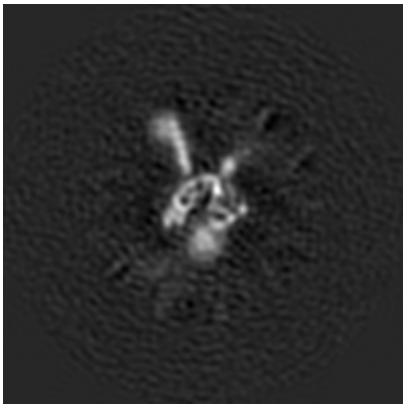
6.3 Largest variance slices (i)

6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 138

Y Index: 125

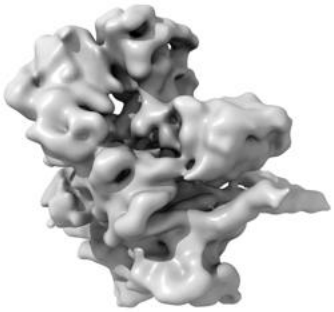


Z Index: 120

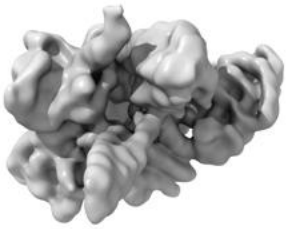
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal surface views (i)

6.4.1 Primary map



X



Y

Z

The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.02. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

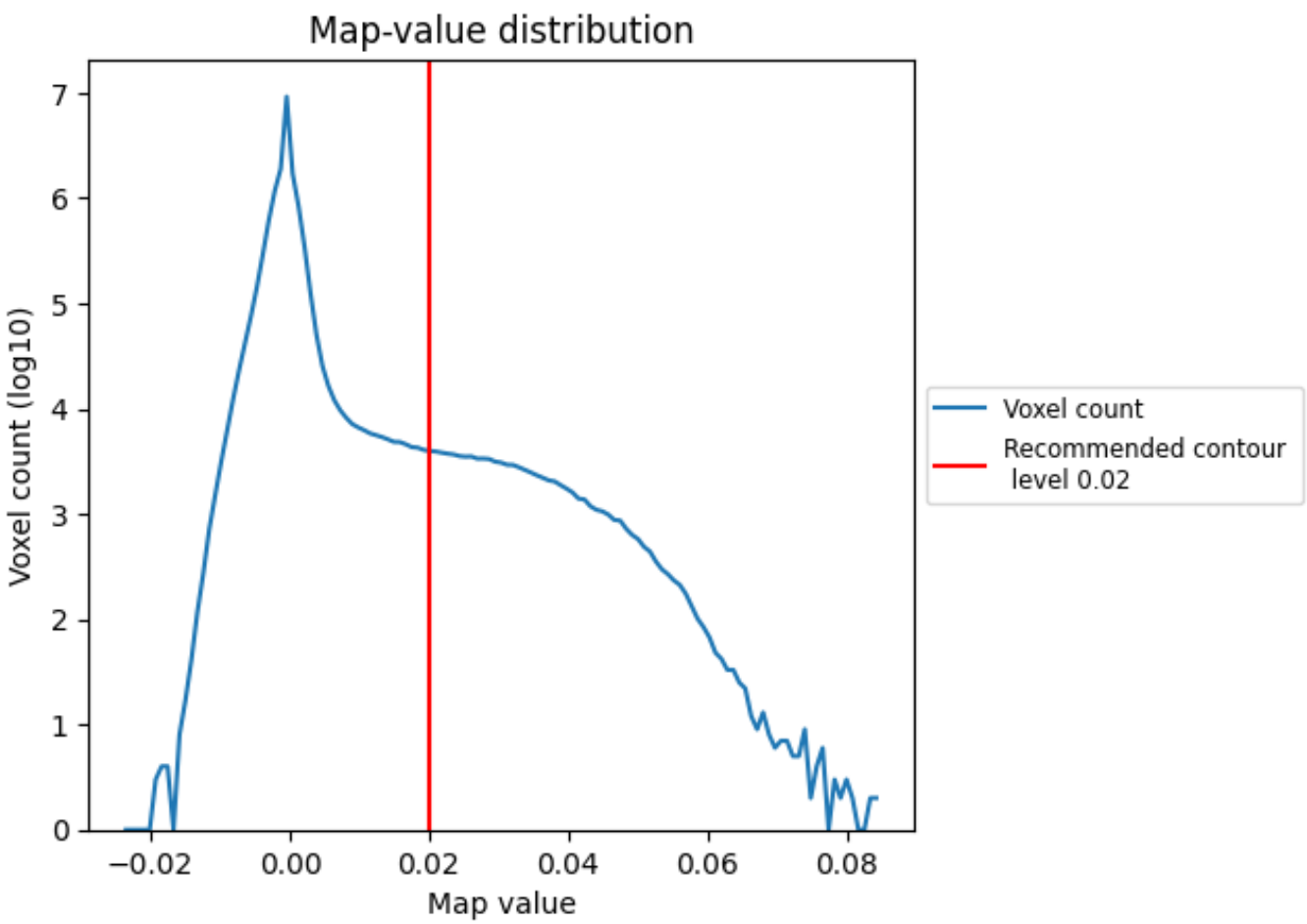
6.5 Mask visualisation (i)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis (i)

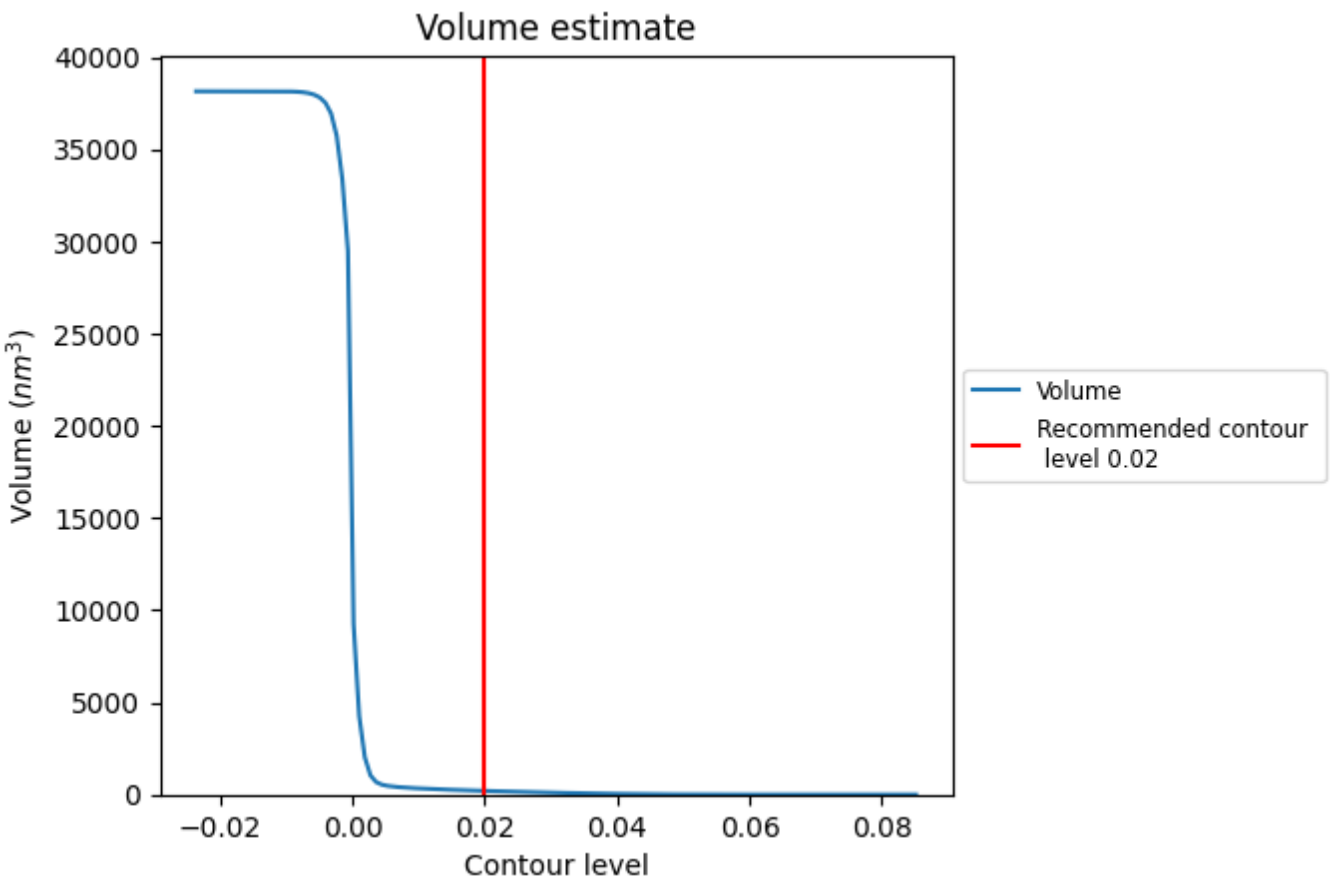
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution (i)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

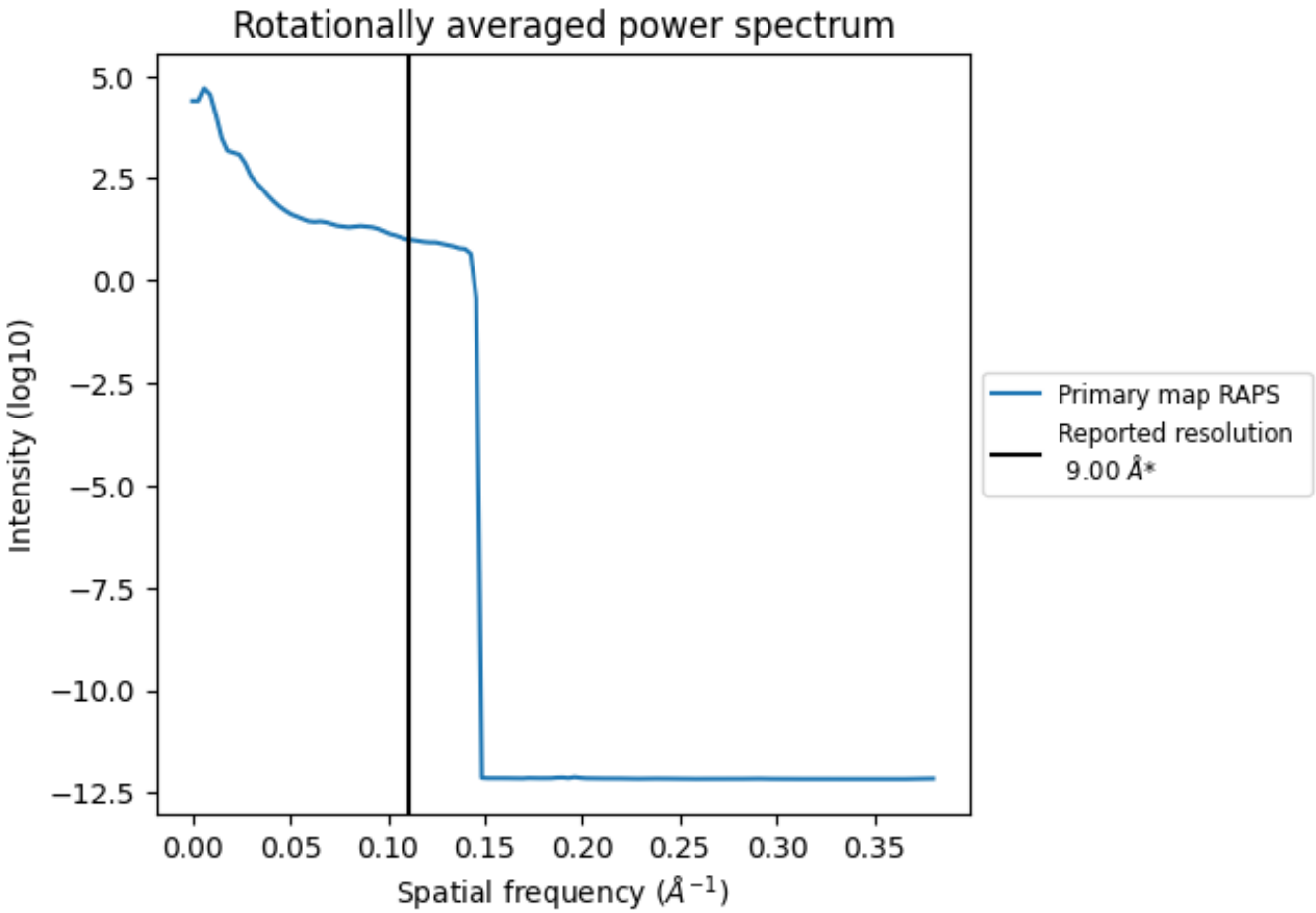
7.2 Volume estimate (i)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 200 nm^3; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 180 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum (i)

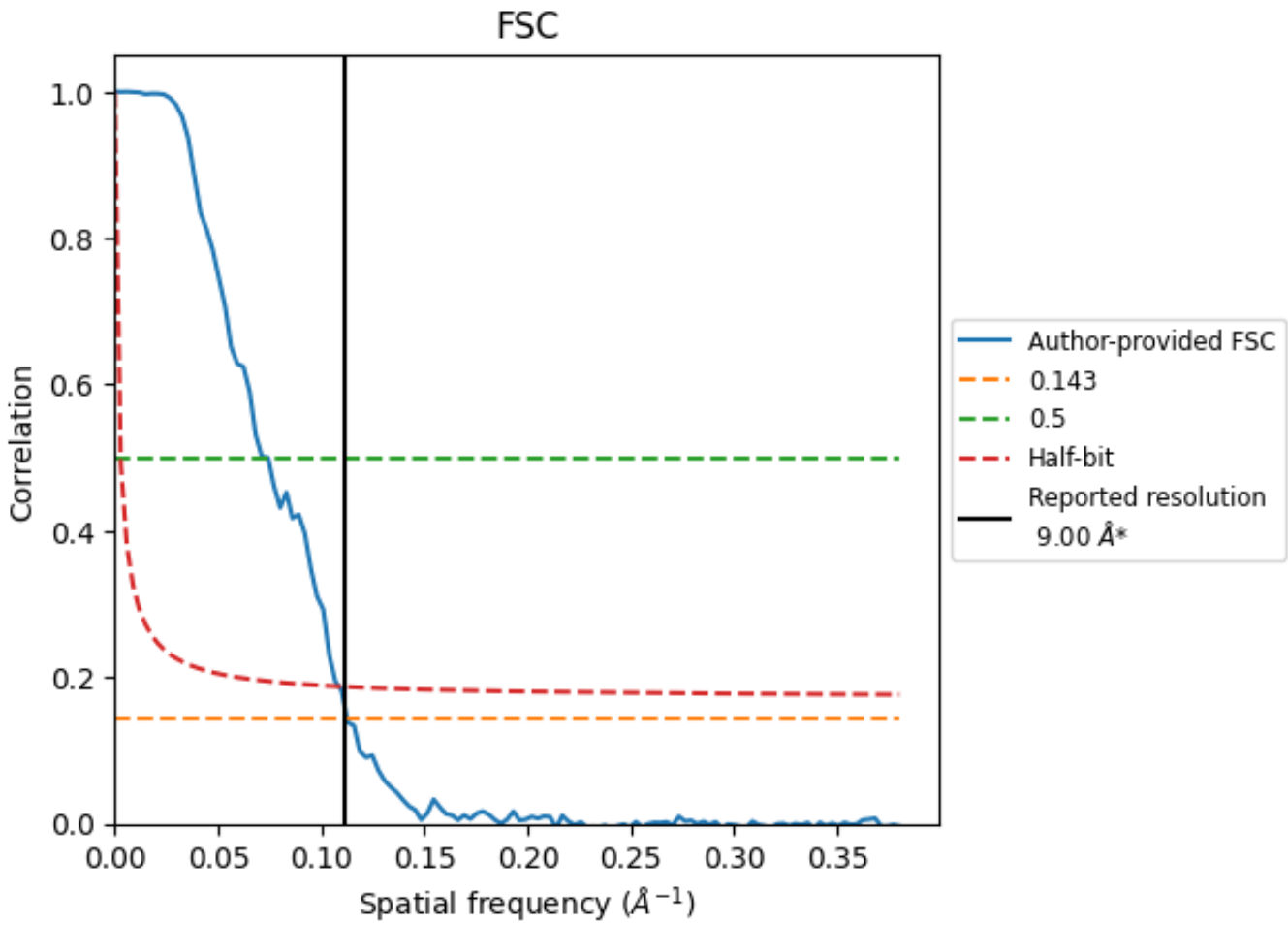


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.111 Å^{-1}

8 Fourier-Shell correlation (i)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC (i)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.111 Å^{-1}

8.2 Resolution estimates (i)

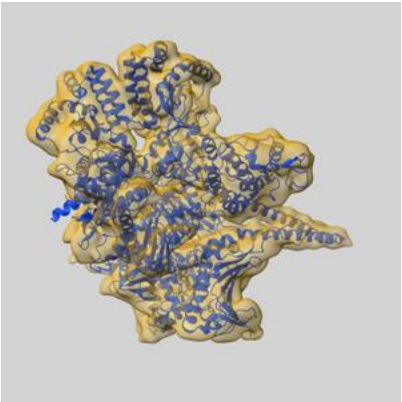
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	-	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	8.89	13.55	9.21
Unmasked-calculated*	-	-	-

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps.

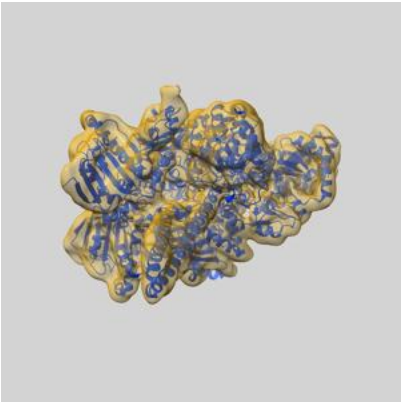
9 Map-model fit (i)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-3341 and PDB model 5FWL. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 5.

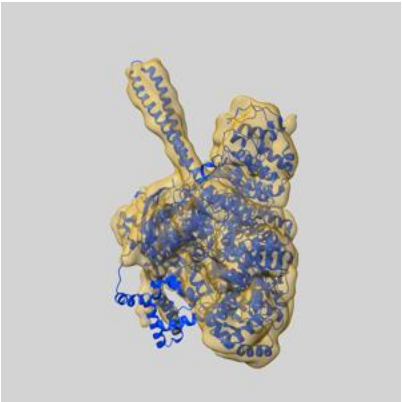
9.1 Map-model overlay (i)



X



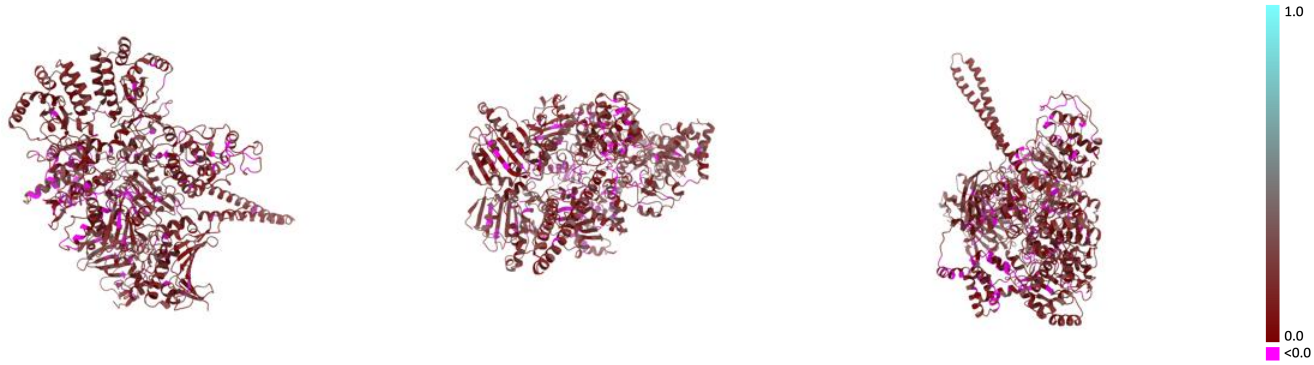
Y



Z

The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.02 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

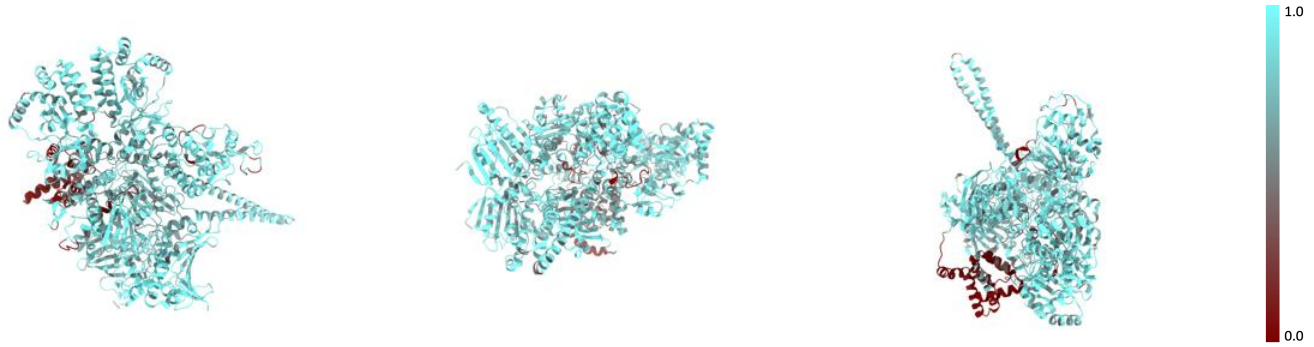
9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model (i)



X Y Z

The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

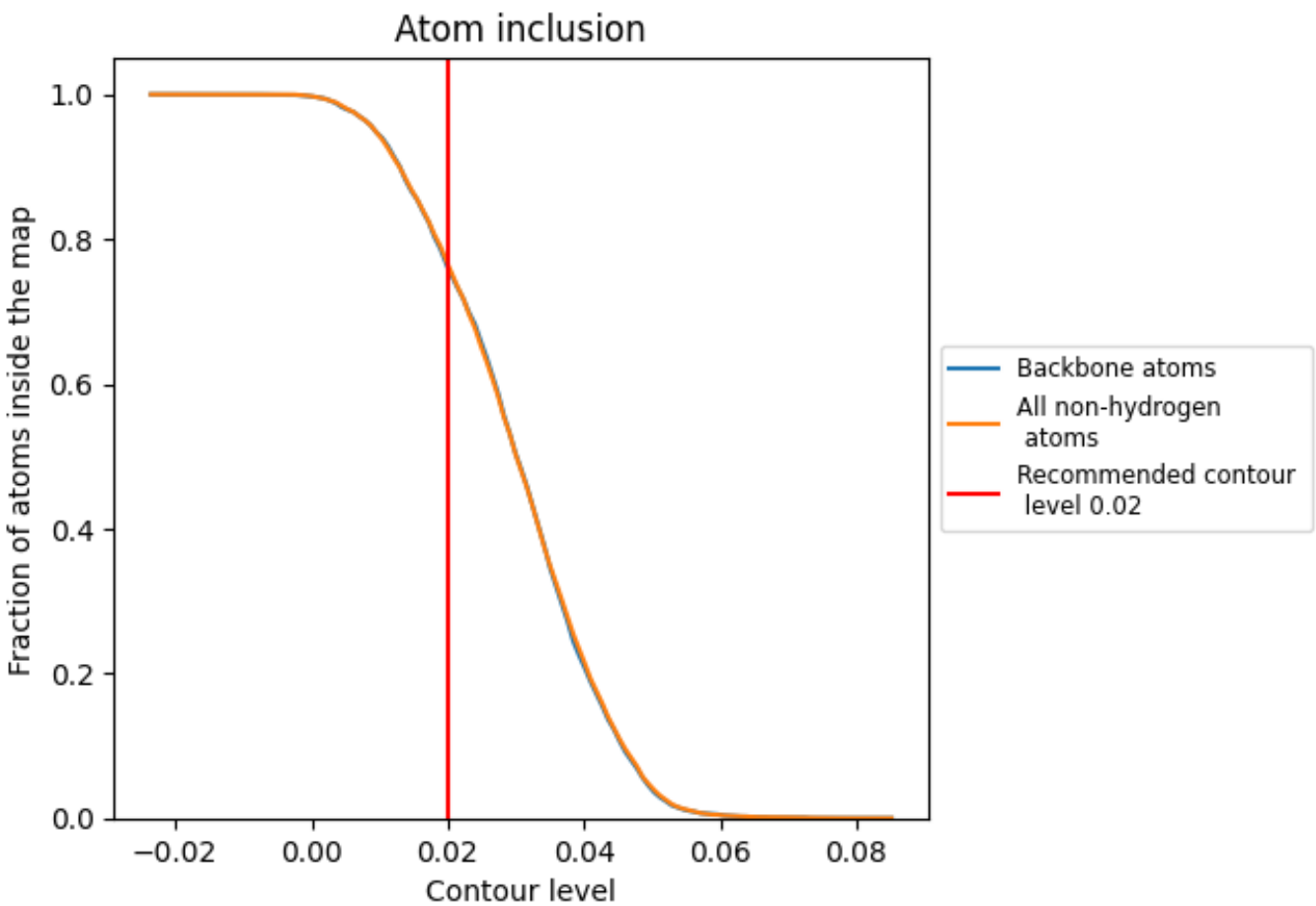
9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model (i)



X Y Z

The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.02).

9.4 Atom inclusion (i)



At the recommended contour level, 76% of all backbone atoms, 77% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary (i)

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.02) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.7653	0.1520
A	0.8315	0.1660
B	0.8359	0.1650
E	0.4674	0.1260
K	0.7598	0.1150