



## wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Feb 14, 2023 – 10:29 AM EST

PDB ID : 8EJ3  
EMDB ID : EMD-28174  
Title : M. tuberculosis RNAP pause escaped complex with Bacillus subtilis NusG and GMPCPP  
Authors : Vishwakarma, R.K.; Murakami, K.S.  
Deposited on : 2022-09-16  
Resolution : 3.13 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

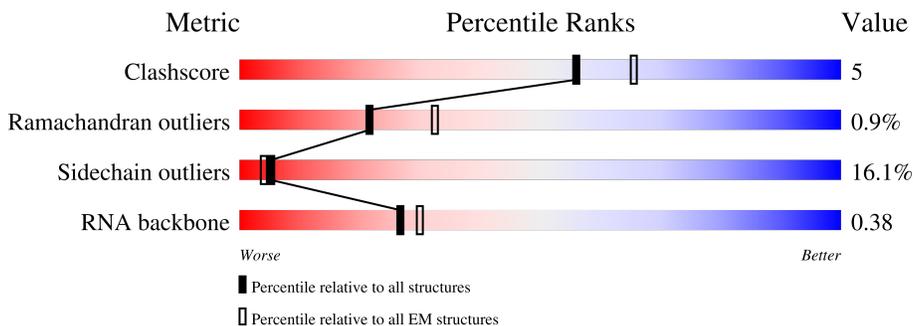
EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev43  
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)  
MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)  
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)  
MapQ : 1.9.9  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.32.1

# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  
*ELECTRON MICROSCOPY*

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.13 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	4297
Ramachandran outliers	154571	4023
Sidechain outliers	154315	3826
RNA backbone	4643	859

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion  $< 40\%$ ). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	347	44% (green), 18% (yellow), 35% (grey)
1	B	347	48% (green), 18% (yellow), 32% (grey)
2	C	1178	71% (green), 21% (yellow), 5% (orange)
3	D	1316	77% (green), 19% (yellow), 2% (orange)
4	E	110	66% (green), 8% (yellow), 25% (grey)
5	G	177	34% (green), 24% (yellow), 38% (grey)
6	N	40	52% (green), 20% (yellow), 28% (grey)

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
7	R	30	
8	T	40	

## 2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 11 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 25339 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called DNA-directed RNA polymerase subunit alpha.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
1	A	226	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1724	1085	297	339	3		
1	B	237	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1765	1115	301	346	3		

- Molecule 2 is a protein called DNA-directed RNA polymerase subunit beta.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
2	C	1121	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			8672	5423	1527	1683	39		

- Molecule 3 is a protein called DNA-directed RNA polymerase subunit beta'.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
3	D	1281	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			10010	6264	1822	1883	41		

- Molecule 4 is a protein called DNA-directed RNA polymerase subunit omega.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O		
4	E	83	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			649	414	108	127		

- Molecule 5 is a protein called Transcription termination/antitermination protein NusG.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
5	G	110	Total	C	N	O	S	1	0
			878	563	147	165	3		

- Molecule 6 is a DNA chain called DNA (29-MER).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	P		
6	N	29	587	279	99	180	29	0	0

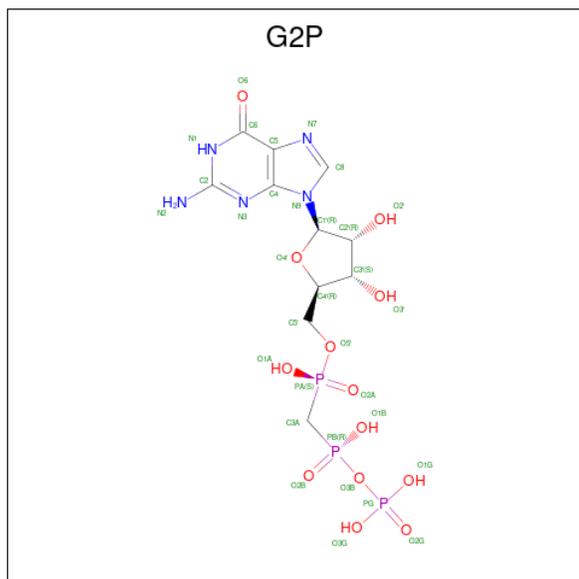
- Molecule 7 is a RNA chain called RNA (5'-R(P\*UP\*CP\*GP\*GP\*CP\*AP\*GP\*GP\*AP\*GP\*AP\*GP\*GP\*UP\*A)-3').

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	P		
7	R	17	369	164	70	118	17	0	0

- Molecule 8 is a DNA chain called DNA (32-MER).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	P		
8	T	32	649	307	119	191	32	0	0

- Molecule 9 is PHOSPHOMETHYLPHOSPHONIC ACID GUANYLATE ESTER (three-letter code: G2P) (formula: C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>18</sub>N<sub>5</sub>O<sub>13</sub>P<sub>3</sub>) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf
			Total	C	N	O	P	
9	C	1	32	11	5	13	3	0

- Molecule 10 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).

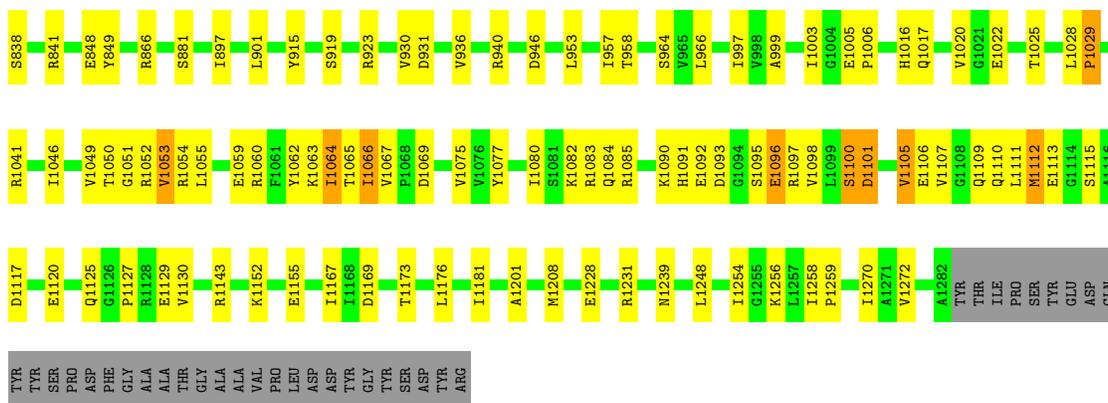
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		AltConf
10	D	2	Total	Mg	0
			2	2	

- Molecule 11 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		AltConf
11	D	2	Total	Zn	0
			2	2	

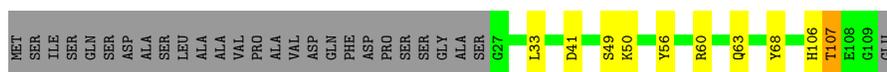






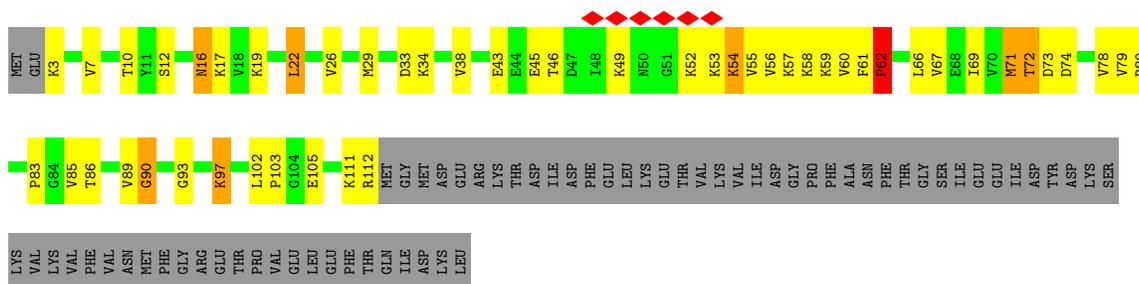
- Molecule 4: DNA-directed RNA polymerase subunit omega

Chain E: 66% 8% 25%



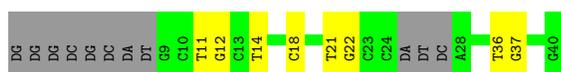
- Molecule 5: Transcription termination/antitermination protein NusG

Chain G: 34% 24% 38%



- Molecule 6: DNA (29-MER)

Chain N: 52% 20% 28%



- Molecule 7: RNA (5'-R(P\*UP\*CP\*GP\*GP\*CP\*AP\*GP\*GP\*AP\*GP\*AP\*GP\*GP\*UP\*A)-3')

Chain R: 37% 17% 43%



- Molecule 8: DNA (32-MER)



## 4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	71839	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ( $e^-/\text{\AA}^2$ )	45	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	750	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	2500	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	FEI FALCON IV (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	2.391	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.765	Depositor
Average map value	0.003	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.072	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.294	Depositor
Map size (Å)	348.0, 348.0, 348.0	wwPDB
Map dimensions	400, 400, 400	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	0.87, 0.87, 0.87	Depositor

## 5 Model quality [i](#)

### 5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ZN, MG, G2P

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z  >5	RMSZ	# Z  >5
1	A	0.26	0/1750	0.53	0/2380
1	B	0.26	0/1792	0.52	0/2442
2	C	0.27	0/8828	0.52	1/11968 (0.0%)
3	D	0.26	0/10178	0.53	0/13758
4	E	0.27	0/662	0.49	0/901
5	G	0.26	0/896	0.48	0/1209
6	N	0.52	0/653	0.95	0/1002
7	R	0.30	0/413	0.78	0/643
8	T	0.56	0/726	0.89	0/1116
All	All	0.29	0/25898	0.56	1/35419 (0.0%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed( $^{\circ}$ )	Ideal( $^{\circ}$ )
2	C	126	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	5.39	123.15	118.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1724	0	1768	19	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	B	1765	0	1794	13	0
2	C	8672	0	8595	97	0
3	D	10010	0	10066	113	0
4	E	649	0	645	5	0
5	G	878	0	896	18	0
6	N	587	0	329	5	0
7	R	369	0	185	1	0
8	T	649	0	358	4	0
9	C	32	0	13	0	0
10	D	2	0	0	0	0
11	D	2	0	0	0	0
All	All	25339	0	24649	258	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 5.

The worst 5 of 258 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
3:D:195:ARG:HH22	3:D:198:ARG:HH21	1.23	0.84
1:B:120:ASN:H	1:B:120:ASN:HD22	1.26	0.80
3:D:836:VAL:HG12	3:D:848:GLU:HG2	1.66	0.78
2:C:222:VAL:HG23	2:C:261:THR:HG21	1.69	0.74
2:C:1156:GLU:OE1	2:C:1156:GLU:N	2.23	0.72

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	224/347 (65%)	191 (85%)	31 (14%)	2 (1%)	<span style="border: 1px solid red; padding: 2px;">17</span> <span style="border: 1px solid gray; padding: 2px;">50</span>

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	B	235/347 (68%)	197 (84%)	37 (16%)	1 (0%)	34 67
2	C	1117/1178 (95%)	1016 (91%)	88 (8%)	13 (1%)	13 42
3	D	1279/1316 (97%)	1178 (92%)	94 (7%)	7 (0%)	29 63
4	E	81/110 (74%)	80 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100 100
5	G	109/177 (62%)	76 (70%)	29 (27%)	4 (4%)	3 17
All	All	3045/3475 (88%)	2738 (90%)	280 (9%)	27 (1%)	21 50

5 of 27 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	C	1149	GLU
3	D	229	LEU
3	D	1066	ILE
1	A	113	PRO
2	C	230	ARG

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	195/297 (66%)	144 (74%)	51 (26%)	0 1
1	B	195/297 (66%)	136 (70%)	59 (30%)	0 1
2	C	943/998 (94%)	799 (85%)	144 (15%)	2 11
3	D	1059/1095 (97%)	935 (88%)	124 (12%)	5 21
4	E	69/90 (77%)	64 (93%)	5 (7%)	14 41
5	G	98/159 (62%)	68 (69%)	30 (31%)	0 1
All	All	2559/2936 (87%)	2146 (84%)	413 (16%)	5 10

5 of 413 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	C	838	LYS

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	D	218	ARG
5	G	57	LYS
2	C	891	ASN
3	D	80	VAL

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 37 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	D	882	GLN
4	E	106	HIS
3	D	935	ASN
3	D	1139	GLN
2	C	349	HIS

### 5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Backbone Outliers	Pucker Outliers
7	R	16/30 (53%)	5 (31%)	0

All (5) RNA backbone outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
7	R	18	G
7	R	19	G
7	R	20	C
7	R	22	G
7	R	28	G

There are no RNA pucker outliers to report.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry

Of 5 ligands modelled in this entry, 4 are monoatomic - leaving 1 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
9	G2P	C	1201	10	27,34,34	5.27	13 (48%)	33,54,54	1.69	6 (18%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
9	G2P	C	1201	10	-	6/15/38/38	0/3/3/3

The worst 5 of 13 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
9	C	1201	G2P	O4'-C1'	14.09	1.60	1.41
9	C	1201	G2P	C2'-C1'	-12.64	1.34	1.53
9	C	1201	G2P	C4-N3	8.92	1.49	1.35
9	C	1201	G2P	C5-C6	8.19	1.55	1.41
9	C	1201	G2P	PB-O3B	7.32	1.66	1.58

The worst 5 of 6 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
9	C	1201	G2P	N3-C2-N1	-5.58	119.78	127.22
9	C	1201	G2P	C2-N3-C4	4.81	120.85	115.36
9	C	1201	G2P	C5-C6-N1	-2.42	120.13	123.43
9	C	1201	G2P	C2-N1-C6	2.36	119.67	115.93
9	C	1201	G2P	PB-O3B-PG	-2.34	124.37	132.62

There are no chirality outliers.

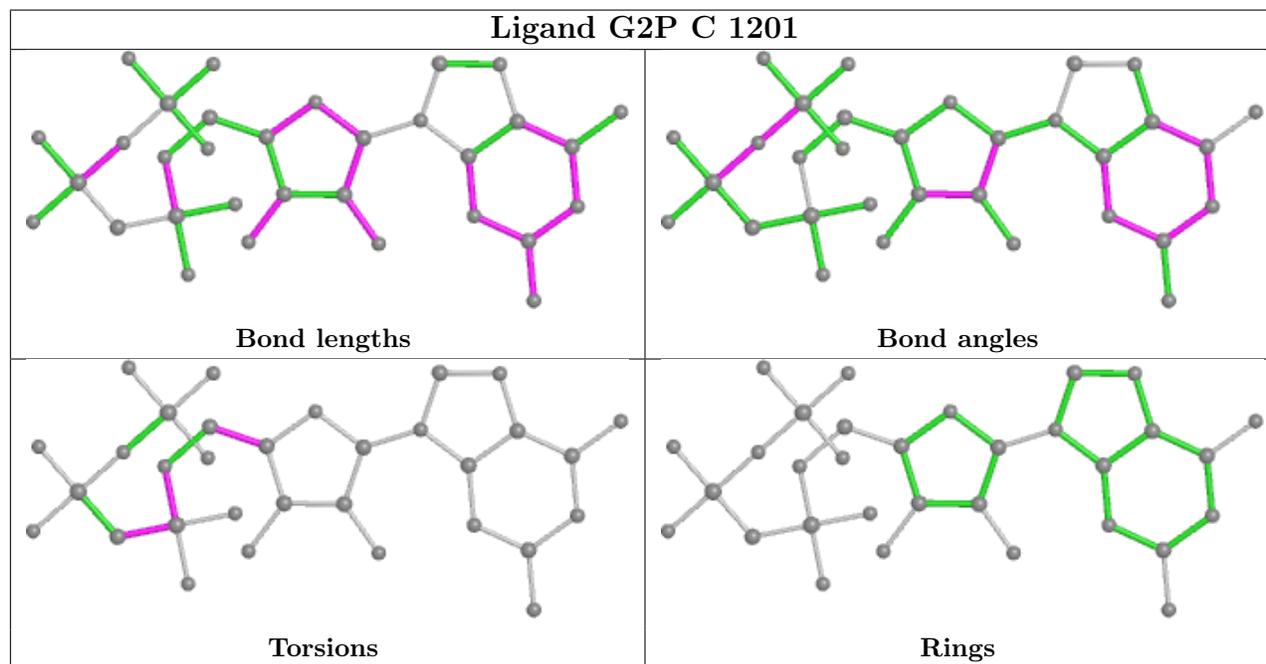
5 of 6 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
9	C	1201	G2P	PB-C3A-PA-O1A
9	C	1201	G2P	PB-C3A-PA-O2A
9	C	1201	G2P	PB-C3A-PA-O5'
9	C	1201	G2P	C5'-O5'-PA-O2A
9	C	1201	G2P	C3'-C4'-C5'-O5'

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



## 5.7 Other polymers [\(i\)](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

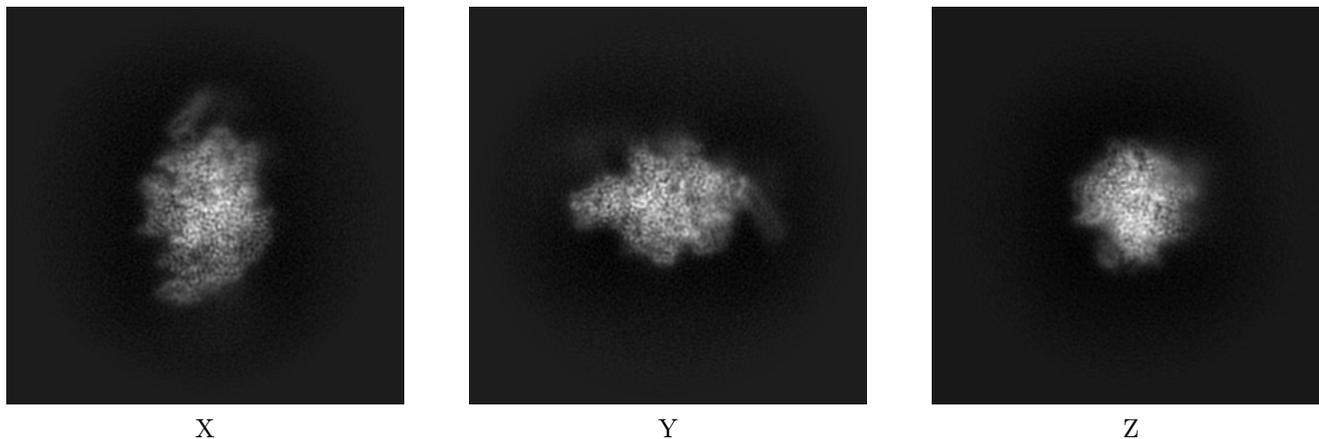
## 6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-28174. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

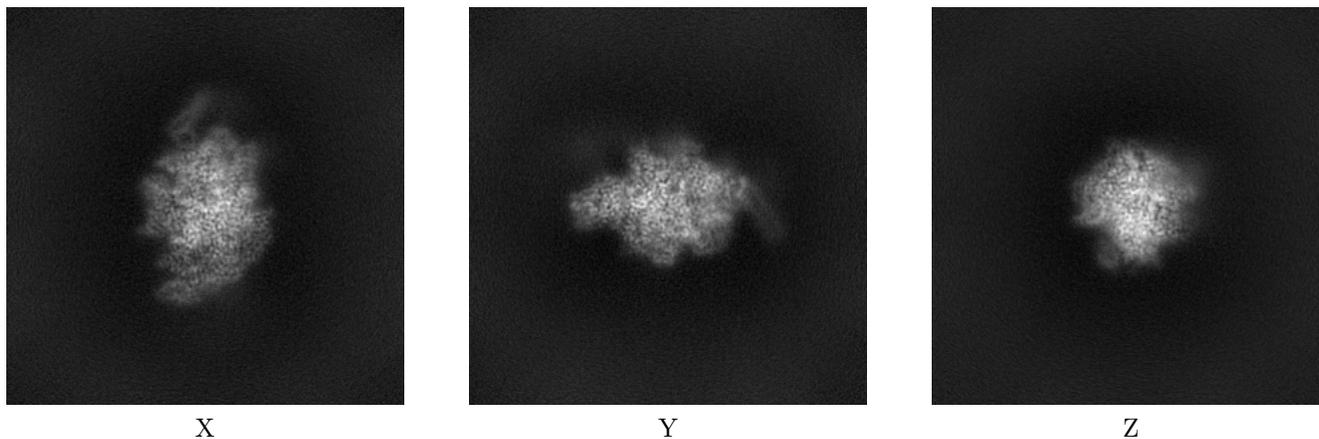
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

### 6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

#### 6.1.1 Primary map



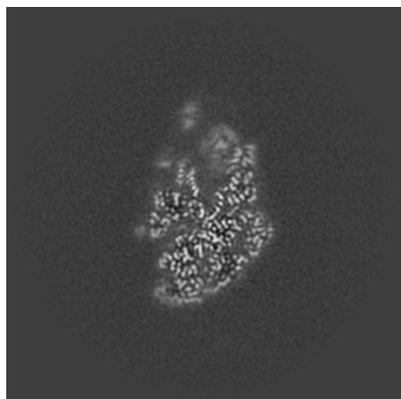
#### 6.1.2 Raw map



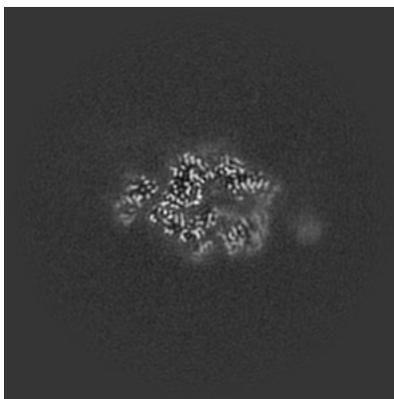
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

## 6.2 Central slices [i](#)

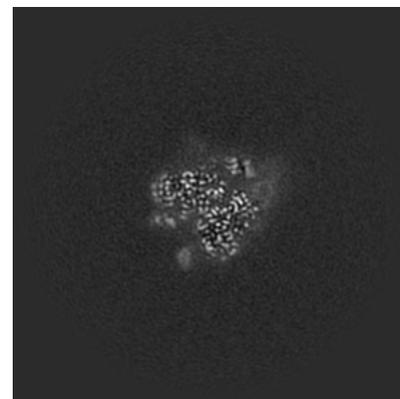
### 6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 200



Y Index: 200

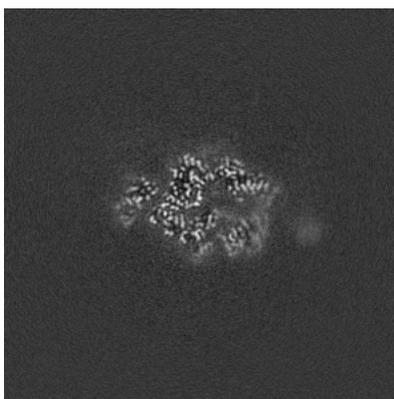


Z Index: 200

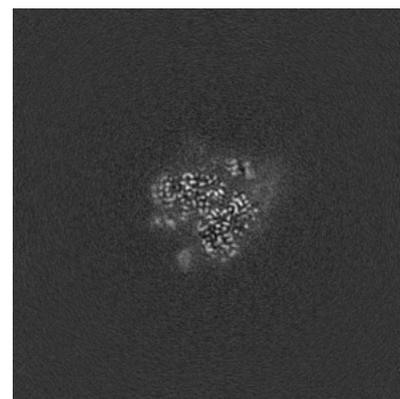
### 6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 200



Y Index: 200

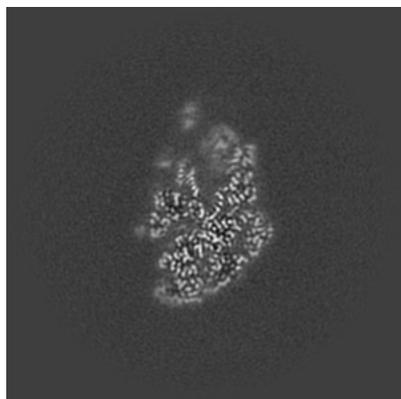


Z Index: 200

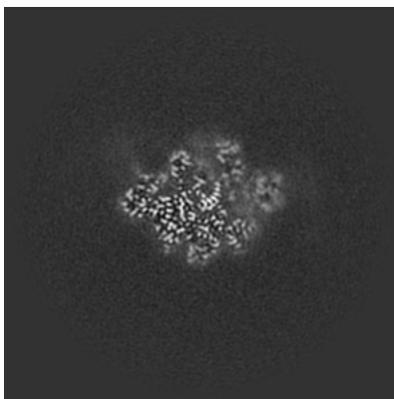
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

## 6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

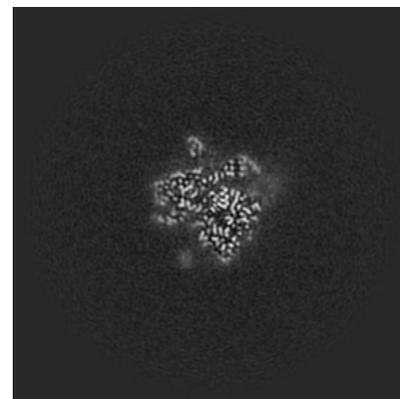
### 6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 200



Y Index: 214

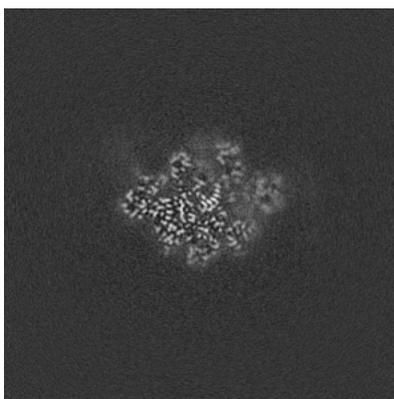


Z Index: 195

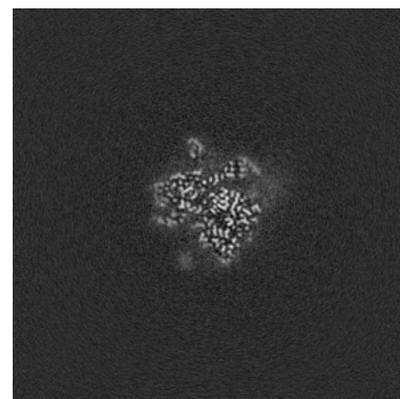
### 6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 200



Y Index: 214

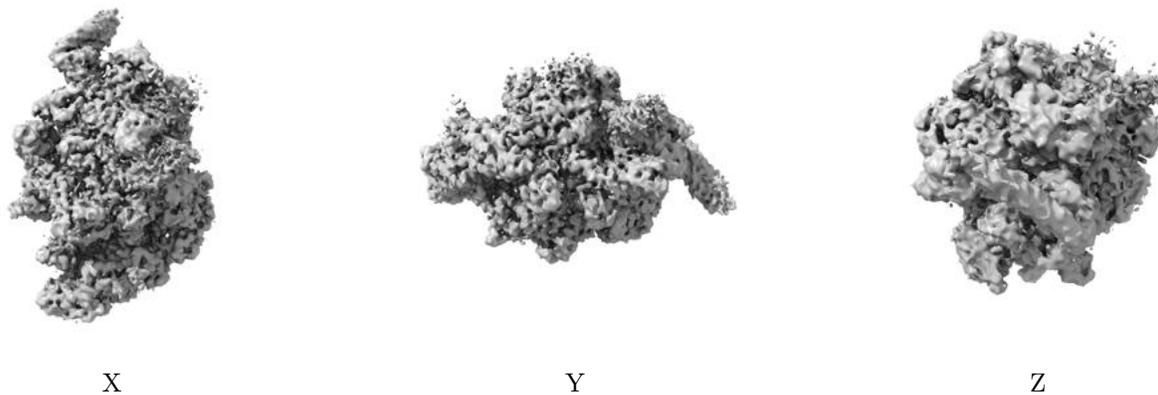


Z Index: 195

The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

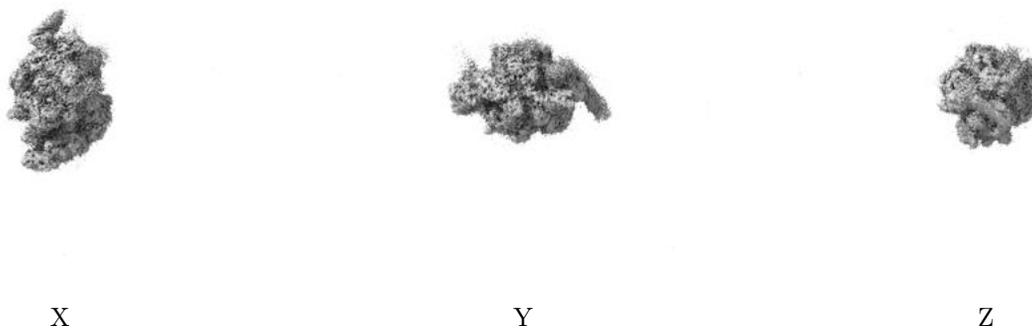
## 6.4 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

### 6.4.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.294. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

### 6.4.2 Raw map



These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

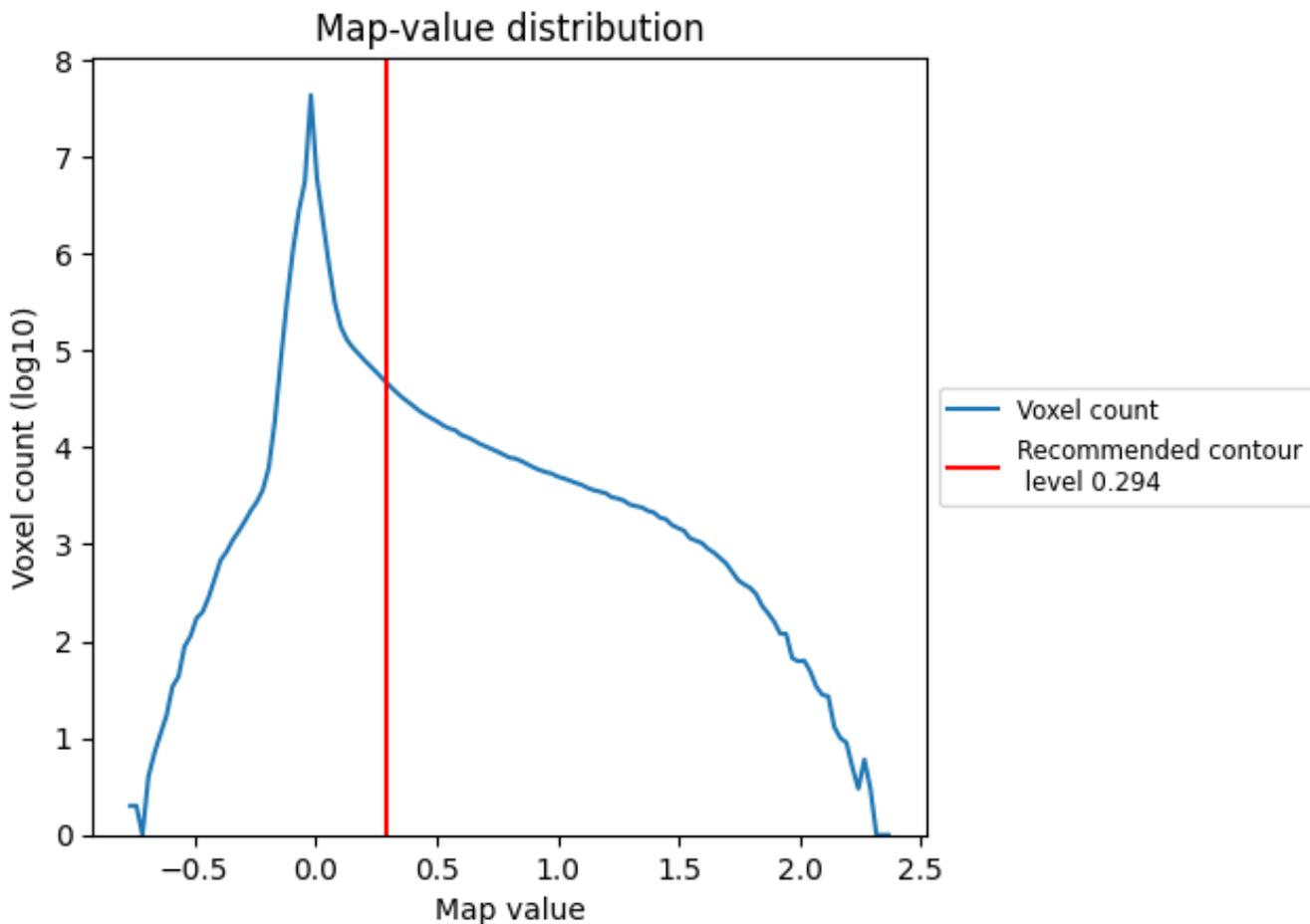
## 6.5 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

## 7 Map analysis [i](#)

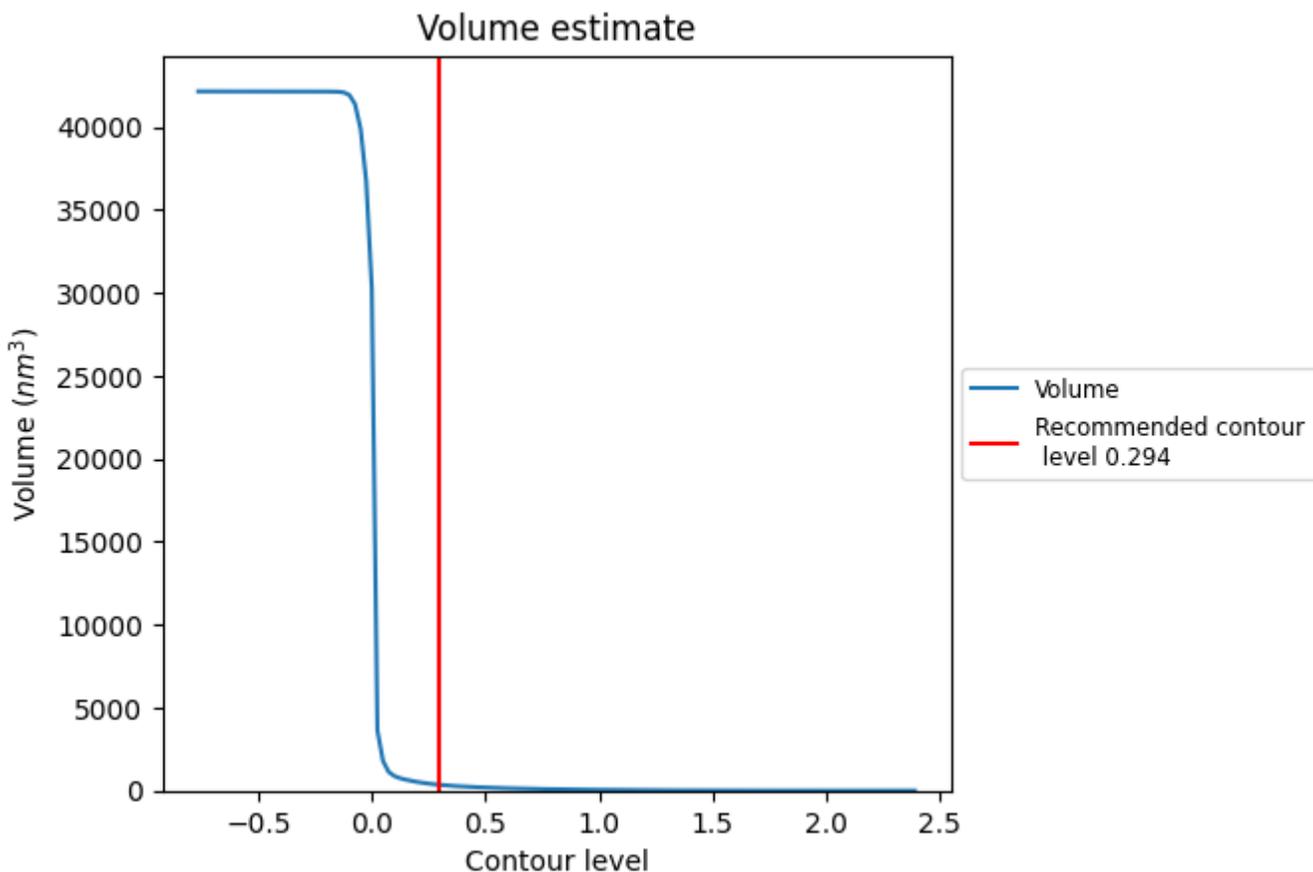
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

### 7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

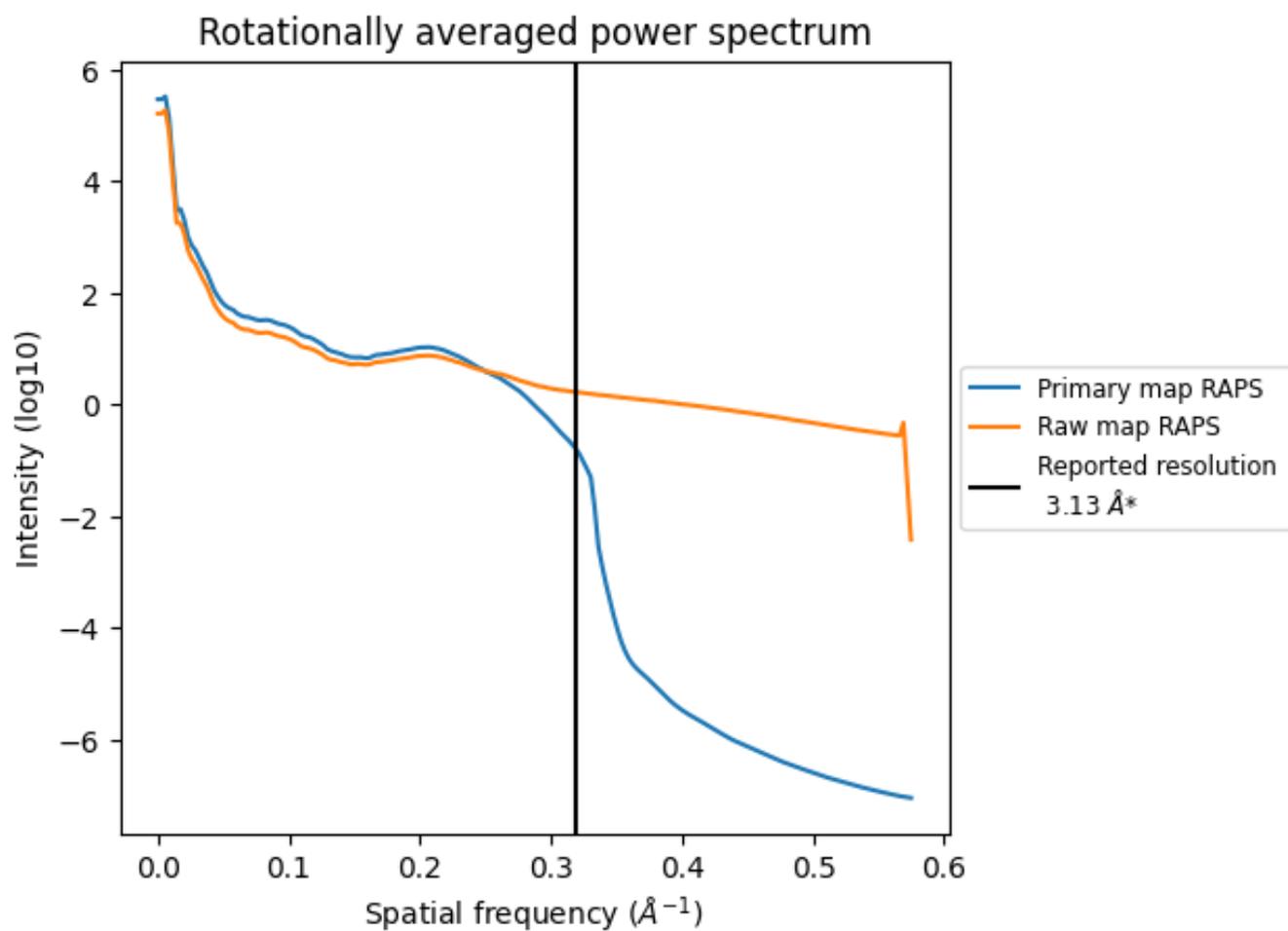
## 7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 355  $\text{nm}^3$ ; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 320 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

### 7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum [i](#)

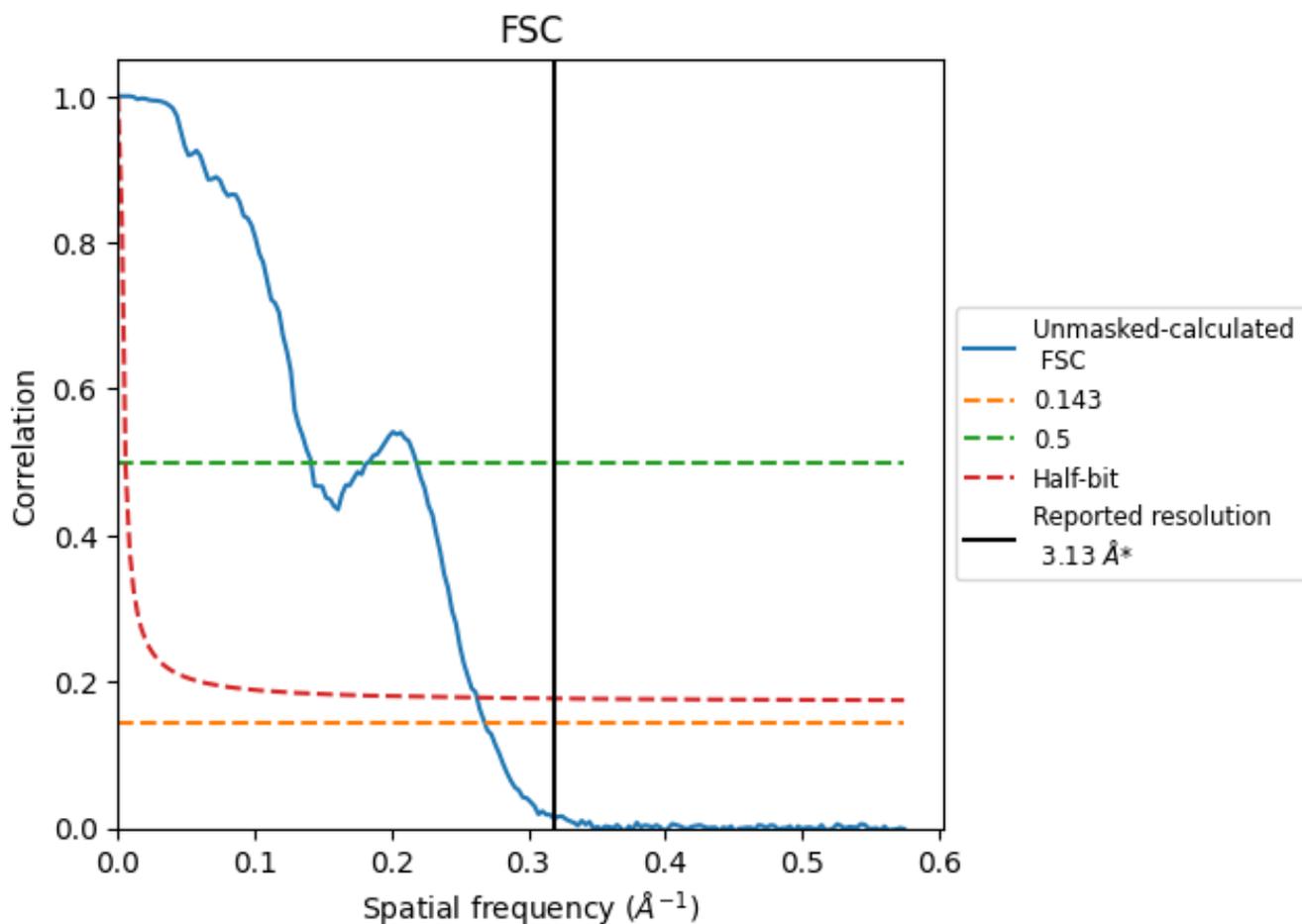


\*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.319 Å<sup>-1</sup>

## 8 Fourier-Shell correlation [i](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

### 8.1 FSC [i](#)



\*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of  $0.319 \text{\AA}^{-1}$

## 8.2 Resolution estimates [i](#)

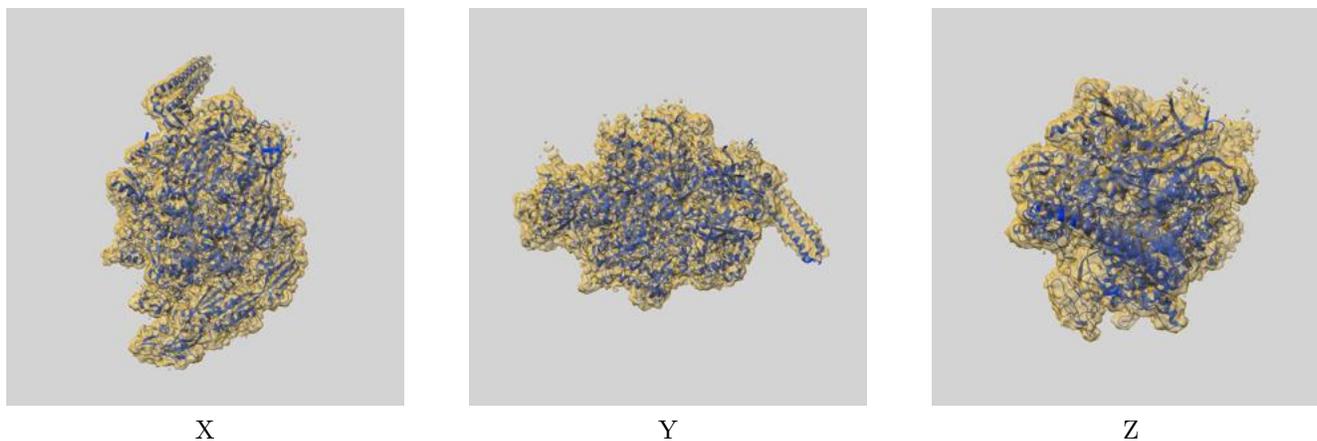
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	3.13	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	-	-	-
Unmasked-calculated*	3.73	7.09	3.81

\*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 3.73 differs from the reported value 3.13 by more than 10 %

## 9 Map-model fit [i](#)

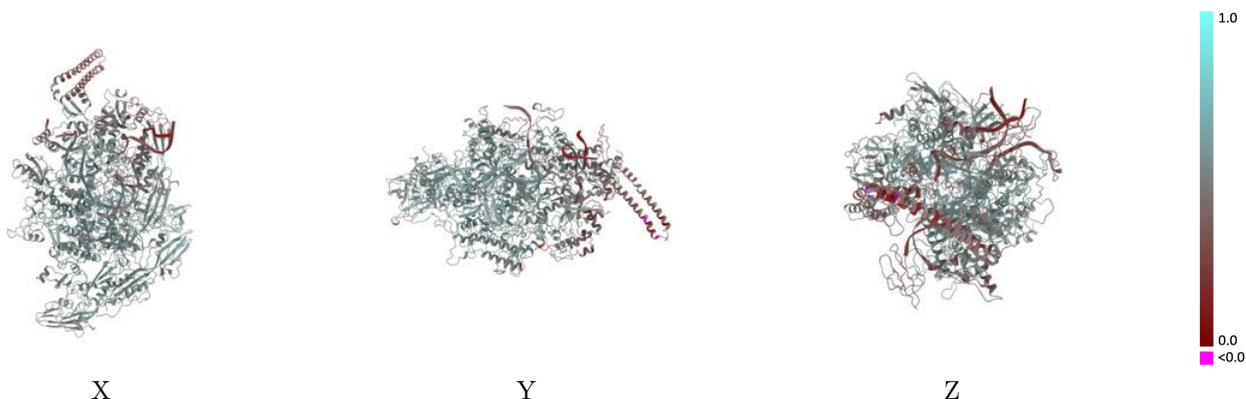
This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-28174 and PDB model 8EJ3. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 7.

### 9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



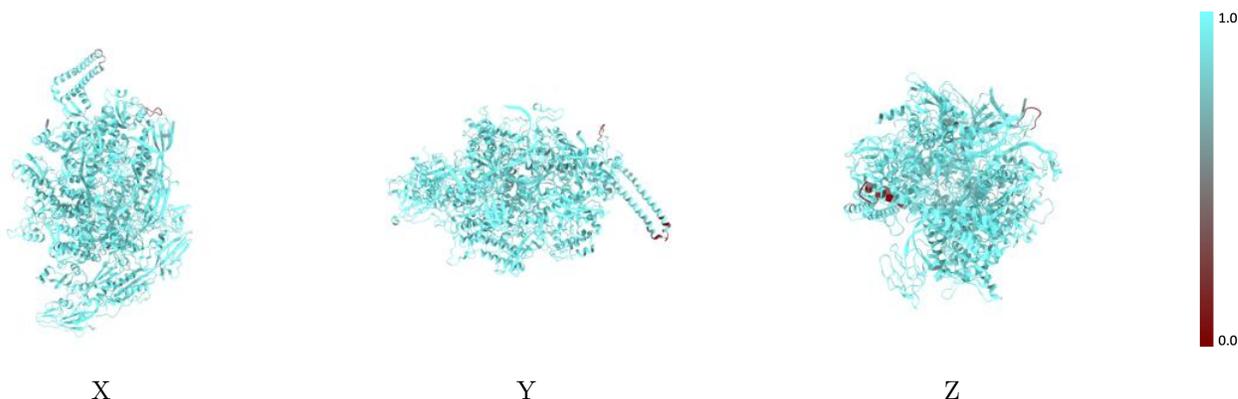
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.294 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

## 9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



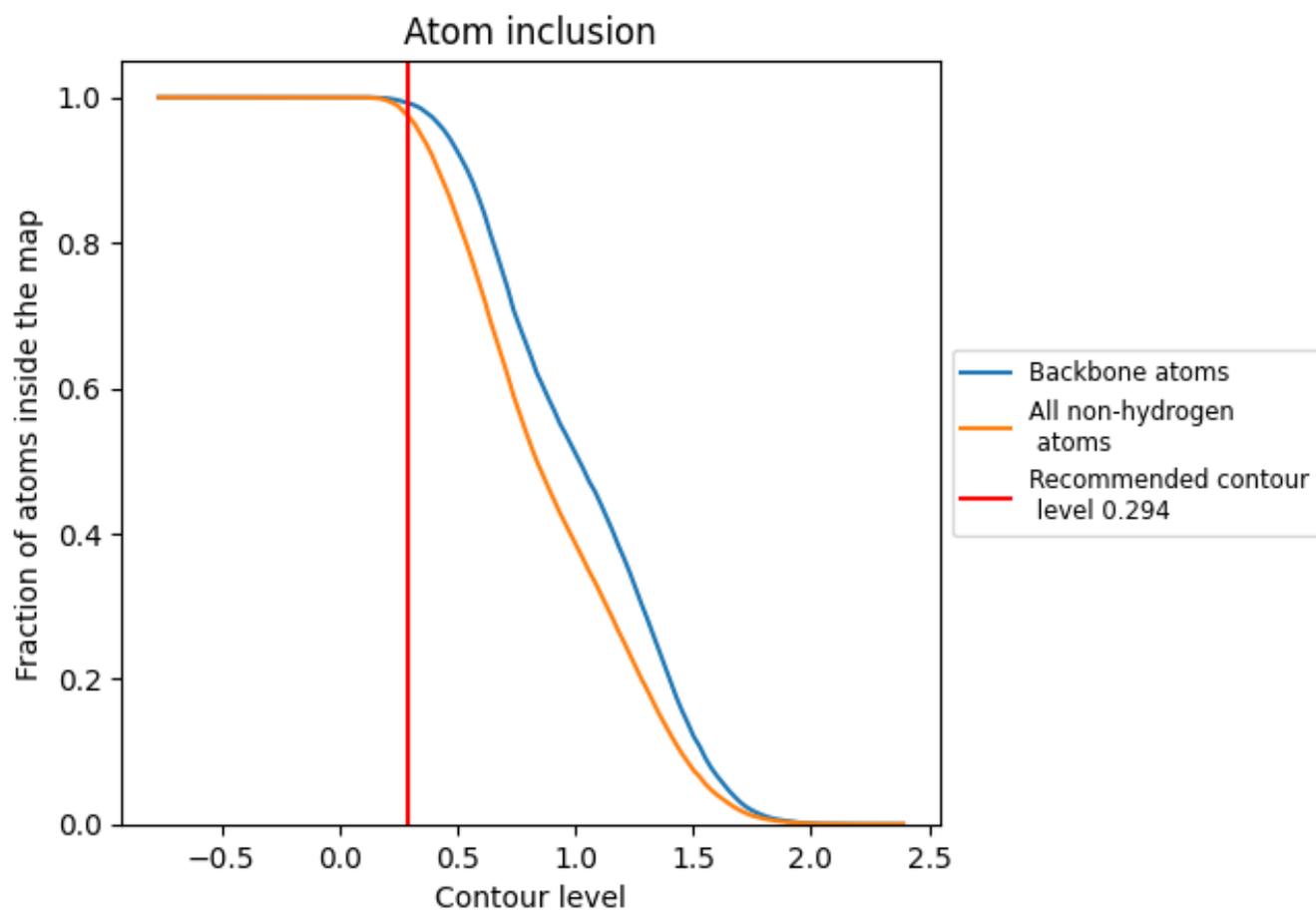
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

## 9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.294).

## 9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 99% of all backbone atoms, 97% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

## 9.5 Map-model fit summary

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.294) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	 0.9737	 0.5110
A	 0.9817	 0.5450
B	 0.9718	 0.5220
C	 0.9812	 0.5300
D	 0.9717	 0.5110
E	 0.9780	 0.5260
G	 0.9098	 0.4240
N	 0.9744	 0.3510
R	 0.9837	 0.4610
T	 0.9646	 0.4320

