



wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Sep 6, 2023 – 05:20 AM EDT

PDB ID : 4DDQ
Title : Structural plasticity of the Bacillus subtilis GyrA homodimer
Authors : Rudolph, M.G.; Klostermeier, D.
Deposited on : 2012-01-19
Resolution : 3.30 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13
EDS : 2.35
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac : 5.8.0158
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.35

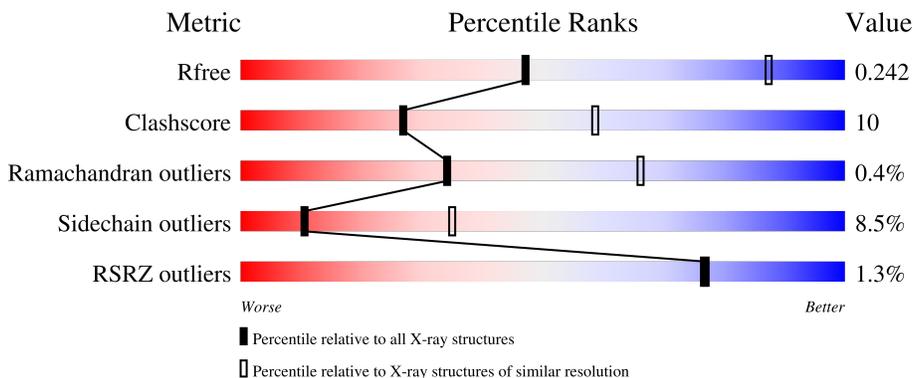
1 Overall quality at a glance i

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.30 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	130704	1149 (3.34-3.26)
Clashscore	141614	1205 (3.34-3.26)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1183 (3.34-3.26)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1182 (3.34-3.26)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1115 (3.34-3.26)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	502	<div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="width: 2%; height: 10px; background-color: red; margin-right: 5px;"></div> <div style="width: 67%; height: 10px; background-color: green; margin-right: 5px;"></div> <div style="width: 23%; height: 10px; background-color: yellow; margin-right: 5px;"></div> <div style="width: 9%; height: 10px; background-color: orange; margin-right: 5px;"></div> <div style="width: 9%; height: 10px; background-color: grey;"></div> </div> <p style="margin-left: 20px;">67% 23% • 9%</p>
1	B	502	<div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="width: 64%; height: 10px; background-color: green; margin-right: 5px;"></div> <div style="width: 26%; height: 10px; background-color: yellow; margin-right: 5px;"></div> <div style="width: 9%; height: 10px; background-color: orange; margin-right: 5px;"></div> <div style="width: 9%; height: 10px; background-color: grey;"></div> </div> <p style="margin-left: 20px;">64% 26% • 9%</p>
1	C	502	<div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="width: 62%; height: 10px; background-color: green; margin-right: 5px;"></div> <div style="width: 26%; height: 10px; background-color: yellow; margin-right: 5px;"></div> <div style="width: 9%; height: 10px; background-color: orange; margin-right: 5px;"></div> <div style="width: 9%; height: 10px; background-color: grey;"></div> </div> <p style="margin-left: 20px;">62% 26% • 9%</p>
1	D	502	<div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="width: 2%; height: 10px; background-color: red; margin-right: 5px;"></div> <div style="width: 64%; height: 10px; background-color: green; margin-right: 5px;"></div> <div style="width: 24%; height: 10px; background-color: yellow; margin-right: 5px;"></div> <div style="width: 9%; height: 10px; background-color: orange; margin-right: 5px;"></div> <div style="width: 9%; height: 10px; background-color: grey;"></div> </div> <p style="margin-left: 20px;">2% 64% 24% • 9%</p>
1	E	502	<div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="width: 4%; height: 10px; background-color: red; margin-right: 5px;"></div> <div style="width: 60%; height: 10px; background-color: green; margin-right: 5px;"></div> <div style="width: 28%; height: 10px; background-color: yellow; margin-right: 5px;"></div> <div style="width: 9%; height: 10px; background-color: orange; margin-right: 5px;"></div> <div style="width: 9%; height: 10px; background-color: grey;"></div> </div> <p style="margin-left: 20px;">4% 60% 28% • 9%</p>

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	F	502	 67% 21% 10%

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
2	K	B	601	-	-	-	X

2 Entry composition

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 21664 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

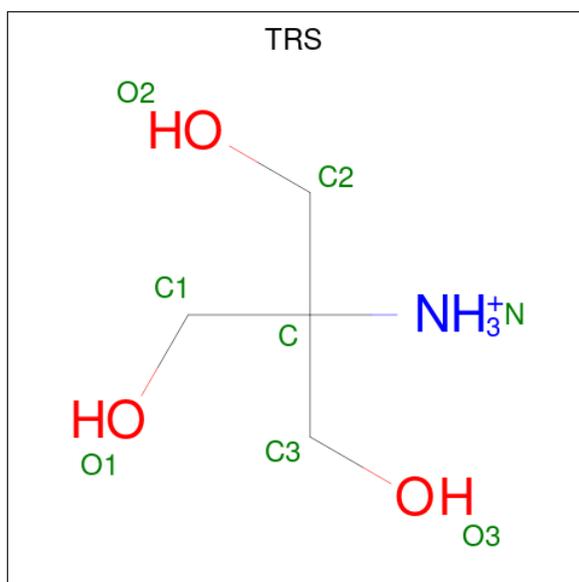
- Molecule 1 is a protein called DNA gyrase subunit A.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	A	458	3624	2266	650	694	14	0	0	0
1	B	457	3618	2263	649	692	14	0	0	0
1	C	455	3606	2255	647	690	14	0	0	0
1	D	455	3607	2256	647	691	13	0	0	0
1	E	456	3609	2255	648	692	14	0	0	0
1	F	452	3583	2241	641	687	14	0	0	0

- Molecule 2 is POTASSIUM ION (three-letter code: K) (formula: K).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total K 1 1	0	0
2	B	1	Total K 1 1	0	0
2	C	1	Total K 1 1	0	0
2	D	1	Total K 1 1	0	0
2	E	1	Total K 1 1	0	0
2	F	1	Total K 1 1	0	0

- Molecule 3 is 2-AMINO-2-HYDROXYMETHYL-PROPANE-1,3-DIOL (three-letter code: TRS) (formula: C₄H₁₂NO₃).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	C	N	O		
3	F	1	8	4	1	3	0	0

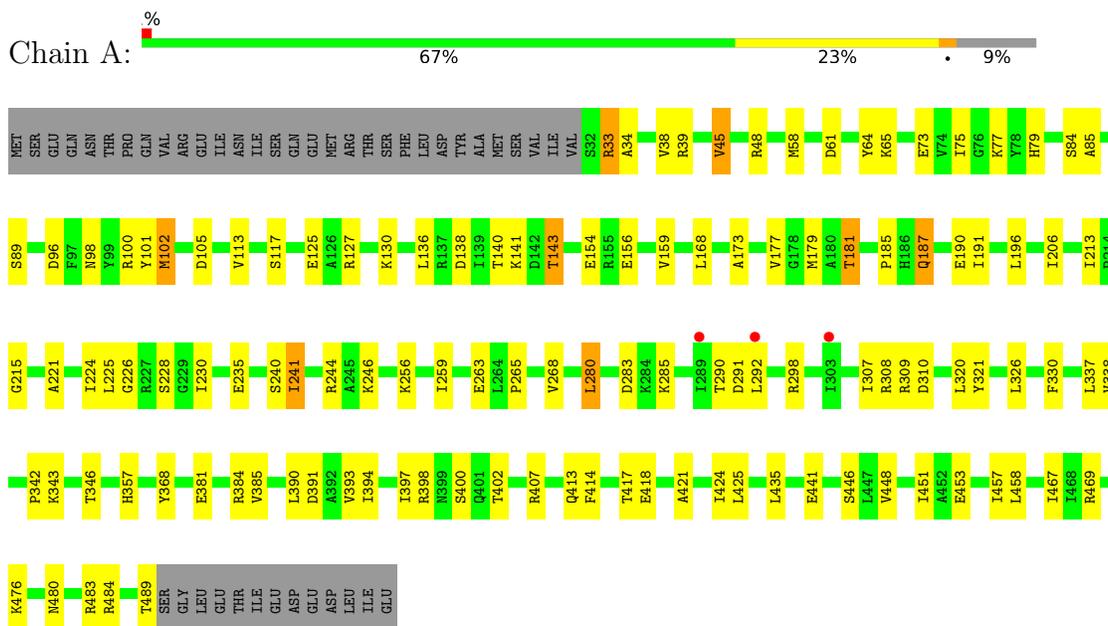
- Molecule 4 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	B	1	Total	O	0	0
			1	1		
4	D	2	Total	O	0	0
			2	2		

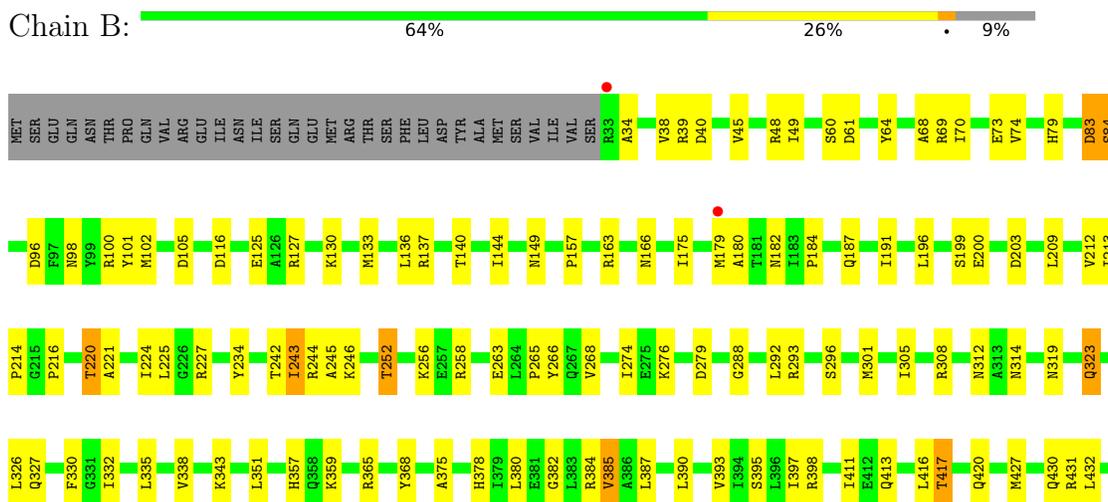
3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: DNA gyrase subunit A

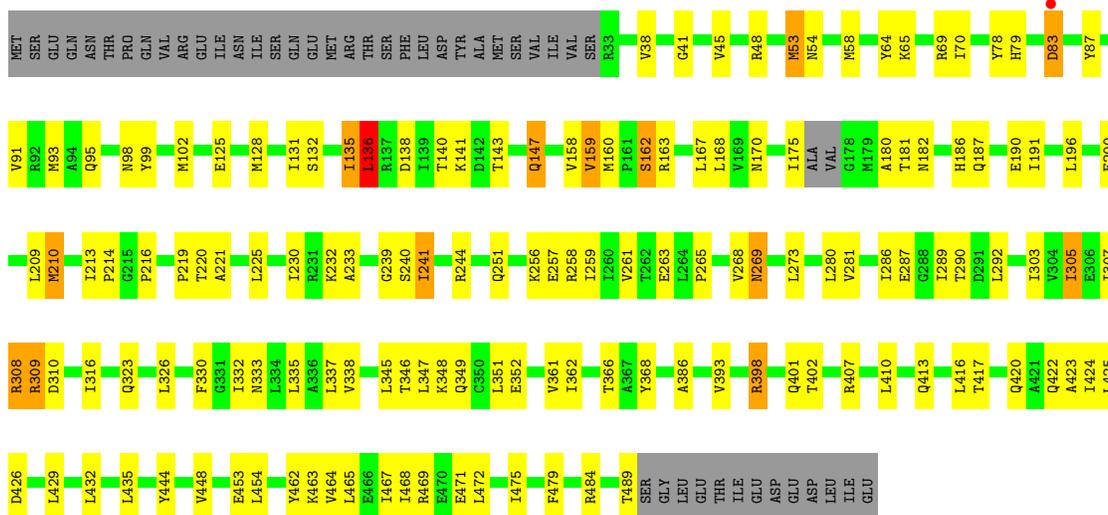


- Molecule 1: DNA gyrase subunit A

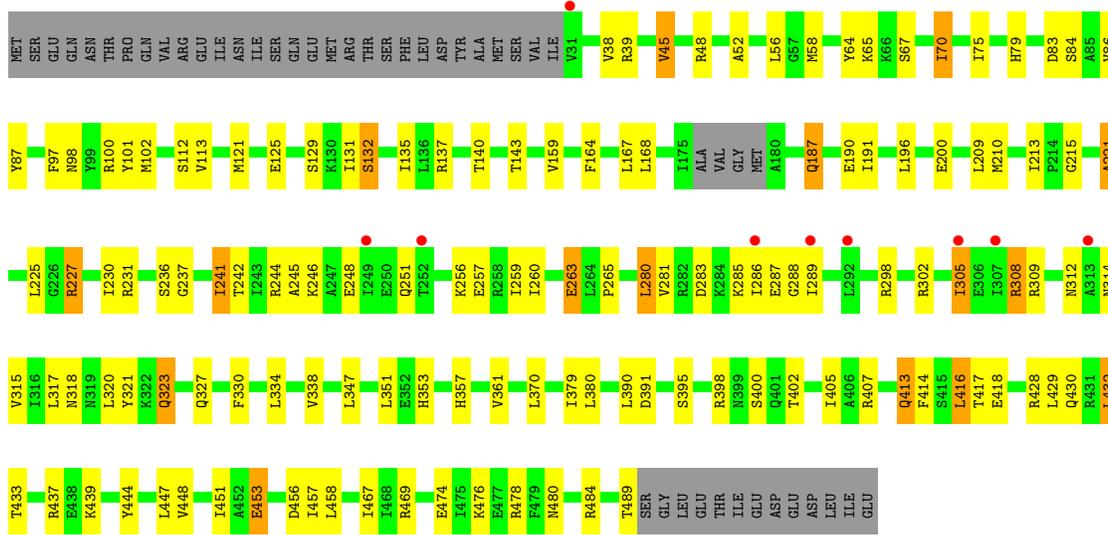




• Molecule 1: DNA gyrase subunit A

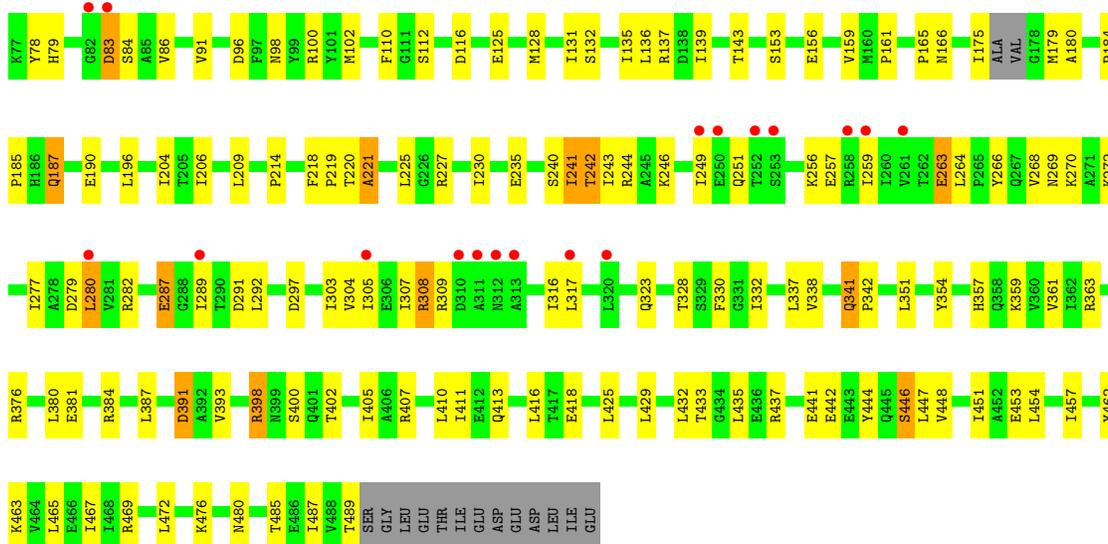


• Molecule 1: DNA gyrase subunit A

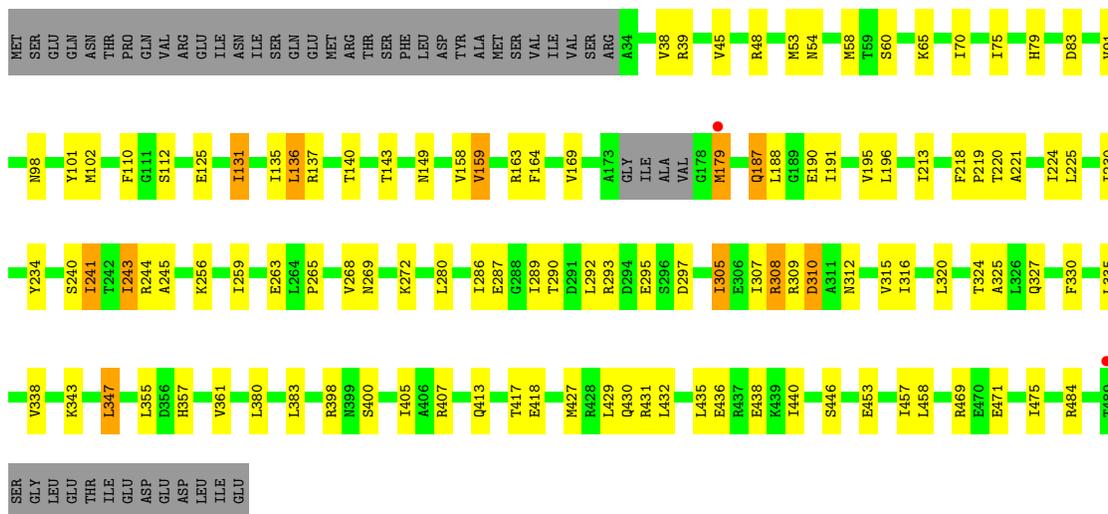


• Molecule 1: DNA gyrase subunit A





• Molecule 1: DNA gyrase subunit A



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	152.80Å 165.11Å 180.58Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	49.02 – 3.30 49.02 – 3.30	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.6 (49.02-3.30) 95.2 (49.02-3.30)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.17	Depositor
R_{sym}	0.17	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	1.28 (at 3.33Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX (phenix.refine: dev_934)	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.174 , 0.235 0.182 , 0.242	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	3499 reflections (5.06%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	131.4	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.300	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.30 , 113.2	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.49$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.97	EDS
Total number of atoms	21664	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	144.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 1.97% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: TRS, K

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	0.43	0/3671	0.61	0/4950
1	B	0.45	0/3665	0.67	0/4942
1	C	0.46	0/3652	0.68	1/4922 (0.0%)
1	D	0.41	0/3653	0.62	0/4925
1	E	0.41	0/3655	0.62	0/4926
1	F	0.39	0/3629	0.60	0/4892
All	All	0.42	0/21925	0.63	1/29557 (0.0%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	C	136	LEU	CA-CB-CG	-6.72	99.84	115.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3624	0	3705	69	0
1	B	3618	0	3700	74	0
1	C	3606	0	3685	94	0
1	D	3607	0	3687	74	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	E	3609	0	3681	84	0
1	F	3583	0	3658	66	0
2	A	1	0	0	0	0
2	B	1	0	0	0	0
2	C	1	0	0	0	0
2	D	1	0	0	0	0
2	E	1	0	0	0	0
2	F	1	0	0	0	0
3	F	8	0	12	0	0
4	B	1	0	0	0	0
4	D	2	0	0	0	0
All	All	21664	0	22128	447	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 10.

The worst 5 of 447 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:F:243:ILE:HD11	1:F:330:PHE:HB2	1.53	0.90
1:E:384:ARG:NH1	1:E:441:GLU:OE2	2.08	0.86
1:A:230:ILE:HG12	1:A:241:ILE:HD11	1.59	0.84
1:B:243:ILE:HD11	1:B:330:PHE:HB2	1.61	0.81
1:B:432:LEU:O	1:B:437:ARG:NH1	2.14	0.80

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	456/502 (91%)	427 (94%)	28 (6%)	1 (0%)	47 77

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	B	455/502 (91%)	422 (93%)	28 (6%)	5 (1%)	14	45
1	C	451/502 (90%)	416 (92%)	35 (8%)	0	100	100
1	D	451/502 (90%)	419 (93%)	31 (7%)	1 (0%)	47	77
1	E	452/502 (90%)	422 (93%)	28 (6%)	2 (0%)	34	66
1	F	448/502 (89%)	426 (95%)	20 (4%)	2 (0%)	34	66
All	All	2713/3012 (90%)	2532 (93%)	170 (6%)	11 (0%)	34	66

5 of 11 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	68	ALA
1	B	84	SER
1	E	84	SER
1	E	221	ALA
1	B	266	TYR

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	393/435 (90%)	362 (92%)	31 (8%)	12	37
1	B	392/435 (90%)	366 (93%)	26 (7%)	16	46
1	C	391/435 (90%)	353 (90%)	38 (10%)	8	29
1	D	392/435 (90%)	357 (91%)	35 (9%)	9	32
1	E	391/435 (90%)	352 (90%)	39 (10%)	7	27
1	F	389/435 (89%)	358 (92%)	31 (8%)	12	37
All	All	2348/2610 (90%)	2148 (92%)	200 (8%)	10	35

5 of 200 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	D	323	GLN

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	E	153	SER
1	F	458	LEU
1	D	395	SER
1	E	61	ASP

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 10 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	D	353	HIS
1	E	389	HIS
1	F	318	ASN
1	C	81	HIS
1	C	251	GLN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 7 ligands modelled in this entry, 6 are monoatomic - leaving 1 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
3	TRS	F	602	-	7,7,7	0.25	0	9,9,9	0.45	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	TRS	F	602	-	-	3/9/9/9	-

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	F	602	TRS	C1-C-C3-O3
3	F	602	TRS	N-C-C3-O3
3	F	602	TRS	C2-C-C3-O3

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ > 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q < 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	458/502 (91%)	-0.08	3 (0%) 87 88	94, 136, 222, 293	0
1	B	457/502 (91%)	-0.16	2 (0%) 92 93	97, 127, 162, 231	0
1	C	455/502 (90%)	-0.12	1 (0%) 95 96	92, 129, 176, 232	0
1	D	455/502 (90%)	-0.03	9 (1%) 65 64	101, 139, 211, 287	0
1	E	456/502 (90%)	0.03	19 (4%) 36 34	93, 142, 231, 287	0
1	F	452/502 (90%)	-0.13	2 (0%) 92 93	110, 152, 196, 247	0
All	All	2733/3012 (90%)	-0.08	36 (1%) 77 77	92, 137, 205, 293	0

The worst 5 of 36 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	E	311	ALA	4.1
1	E	313	ALA	4.1
1	E	250	GLU	4.0
1	E	32	SER	4.0
1	E	261	VAL	4.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å ²)	Q<0.9
2	K	B	601	1/1	0.63	0.53	210,210,210,210	0
3	TRS	F	602	8/8	0.85	0.79	138,165,167,169	0
2	K	E	601	1/1	0.91	0.11	195,195,195,195	0
2	K	F	601	1/1	0.93	0.23	179,179,179,179	0
2	K	A	601	1/1	0.94	0.09	181,181,181,181	0
2	K	C	601	1/1	0.94	0.18	180,180,180,180	0
2	K	D	601	1/1	0.94	0.05	166,166,166,166	0

6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.