



## wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Apr 5, 2026 – 09:12 PM UTC

PDB ID : 9CLM / pdb\_00009clm  
EMDB ID : EMD-45682  
Title : Transferrin Binding Protein A in complex with transferrin binding protein B  
and two molecules of transferrin  
Authors : Dubey, S.; Noinaj, N.  
Deposited on : 2024-07-11  
Resolution : 4.30 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>  
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev132  
Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)  
MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0  
Buster-report : wwPDB partial adaption of 1.1.7 (2018)  
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)  
EM percentile statistics : 202505.v01 (Using data in the EMDB archive up until May 2025)  
MapQ : 1.9.13  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49



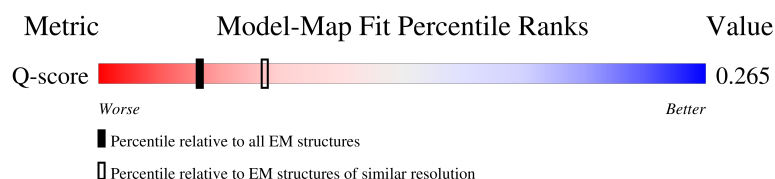
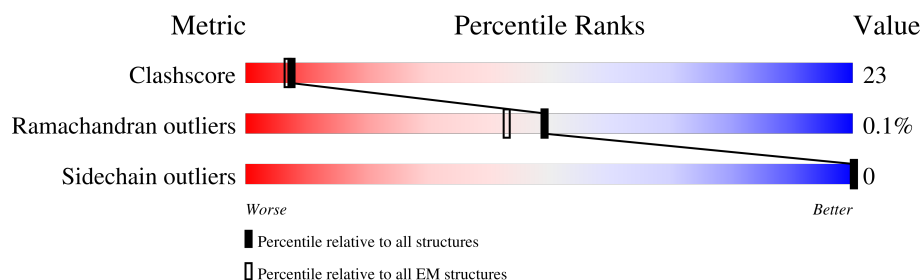
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*ELECTRON MICROSCOPY*

The reported resolution of this entry is 4.30 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)	Similar EM resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	229148	23984	-
Ramachandran outliers	224038	23583	-
Sidechain outliers	223484	23102	-
Q-score	-	25397	4585 ( 3.80 - 4.80 )

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion  $< 40\%$ ). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	939	
2	B	712	
3	F	698	
3	G	698	



The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
4	BCT	F	701	-	-	X	-
4	BCT	G	701	-	-	X	-



## 2 Entry composition

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 21972 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Transferrin Binding Protein A.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	A	870	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			6869	4289	1264	1305	11		

There are 68 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	-23	MET	-	initiating methionine	UNP A0A0E3X1L2
A	-22	SER	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0E3X1L2
A	-21	ASN	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0E3X1L2
A	-20	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0E3X1L2
A	-19	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0E3X1L2
A	-18	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0E3X1L2
A	-17	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0E3X1L2
A	-16	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0E3X1L2
A	-15	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0E3X1L2
A	-14	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0E3X1L2
A	-13	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0E3X1L2
A	-12	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0E3X1L2
A	-11	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0E3X1L2
A	-10	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0E3X1L2
A	-9	ASN	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0E3X1L2
A	-8	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0E3X1L2
A	-7	TYR	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0E3X1L2
A	-6	PHE	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0E3X1L2
A	-5	GLN	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0E3X1L2
A	-4	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0E3X1L2
A	-3	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0E3X1L2
A	-2	MET	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0E3X1L2
A	-1	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0E3X1L2
A	0	ILE	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0E3X1L2
A	22	ALA	VAL	conflict	UNP A0A0E3X1L2
A	222	ARG	HIS	conflict	UNP A0A0E3X1L2
A	226	HIS	ARG	conflict	UNP A0A0E3X1L2
A	235	ALA	ASP	conflict	UNP A0A0E3X1L2

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Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	247	ALA	VAL	conflict	UNP A0A0E3X1L2
A	250	ASP	GLU	conflict	UNP A0A0E3X1L2
A	252	GLY	SER	conflict	UNP A0A0E3X1L2
A	254	LYS	ASN	conflict	UNP A0A0E3X1L2
A	261	GLU	LYS	conflict	UNP A0A0E3X1L2
A	268	GLY	SER	conflict	UNP A0A0E3X1L2
A	269	HIS	TYR	conflict	UNP A0A0E3X1L2
A	271	LYS	THR	conflict	UNP A0A0E3X1L2
A	283	GLU	LYS	conflict	UNP A0A0E3X1L2
A	285	LYS	GLU	conflict	UNP A0A0E3X1L2
A	333	ARG	HIS	conflict	UNP A0A0E3X1L2
A	358	GLN	SER	conflict	UNP A0A0E3X1L2
A	365	ARG	PRO	conflict	UNP A0A0E3X1L2
A	382	SER	ASN	conflict	UNP A0A0E3X1L2
A	386	ASN	GLY	conflict	UNP A0A0E3X1L2
A	388	PRO	LEU	conflict	UNP A0A0E3X1L2
A	478	LYS	ARG	conflict	UNP A0A0E3X1L2
A	503	TYR	PHE	conflict	UNP A0A0E3X1L2
A	519	SER	HIS	conflict	UNP A0A0E3X1L2
A	526	LEU	SER	conflict	UNP A0A0E3X1L2
A	527	LYS	ASN	conflict	UNP A0A0E3X1L2
A	537	THR	ILE	conflict	UNP A0A0E3X1L2
A	542	ARG	SER	conflict	UNP A0A0E3X1L2
A	544	LYS	THR	conflict	UNP A0A0E3X1L2
A	545	ASN	SER	conflict	UNP A0A0E3X1L2
A	550	SER	THR	conflict	UNP A0A0E3X1L2
A	559	ARG	GLY	conflict	UNP A0A0E3X1L2
A	563	LEU	ARG	conflict	UNP A0A0E3X1L2
A	564	PHE	LEU	conflict	UNP A0A0E3X1L2
A	635	ALA	THR	conflict	UNP A0A0E3X1L2
A	661	SER	ALA	conflict	UNP A0A0E3X1L2
A	663	ASP	VAL	conflict	UNP A0A0E3X1L2
A	664	LYS	GLN	conflict	UNP A0A0E3X1L2
A	665	ILE	SER	conflict	UNP A0A0E3X1L2
A	718	GLN	GLU	conflict	UNP A0A0E3X1L2
A	719	VAL	ALA	conflict	UNP A0A0E3X1L2
A	722	ASN	ASP	conflict	UNP A0A0E3X1L2
A	795	SER	LEU	conflict	UNP A0A0E3X1L2
A	872	HIS	TYR	conflict	UNP A0A0E3X1L2
A	885	ALA	GLY	conflict	UNP A0A0E3X1L2

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Transferrin Binding Protein B.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
2	B	600	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			4720	2939	817	958	6		

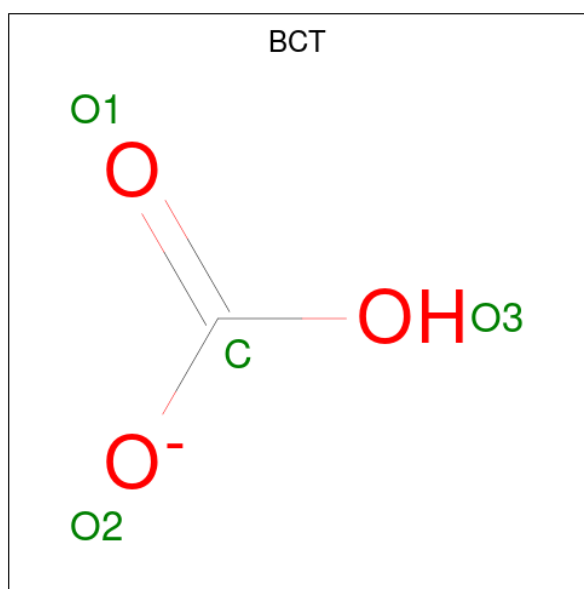
- Molecule 3 is a protein called Transferrin.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
3	F	675	Total	C	N	O	S	1	0
			5176	3256	896	977	47		
3	G	675	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			5192	3263	896	986	47		

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
F	448	VAL	ILE	conflict	UNP P02787
G	448	VAL	ILE	conflict	UNP P02787

- Molecule 4 is BICARBONATE ION (CCD ID: BCT) (formula:  $\text{CHO}_3$ ) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			AltConf
4	F	1	Total	C	O	0
			4	1	3	
4	G	1	Total	C	O	0
			4	1	3	
4	G	1	Total	C	O	0
			4	1	3	



- Molecule 5 is FE (III) ION (CCD ID: FE) (formula: Fe) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		AltConf
5	F	1	Total 1	Fe 1	0
5	G	2	Total 2	Fe 2	0







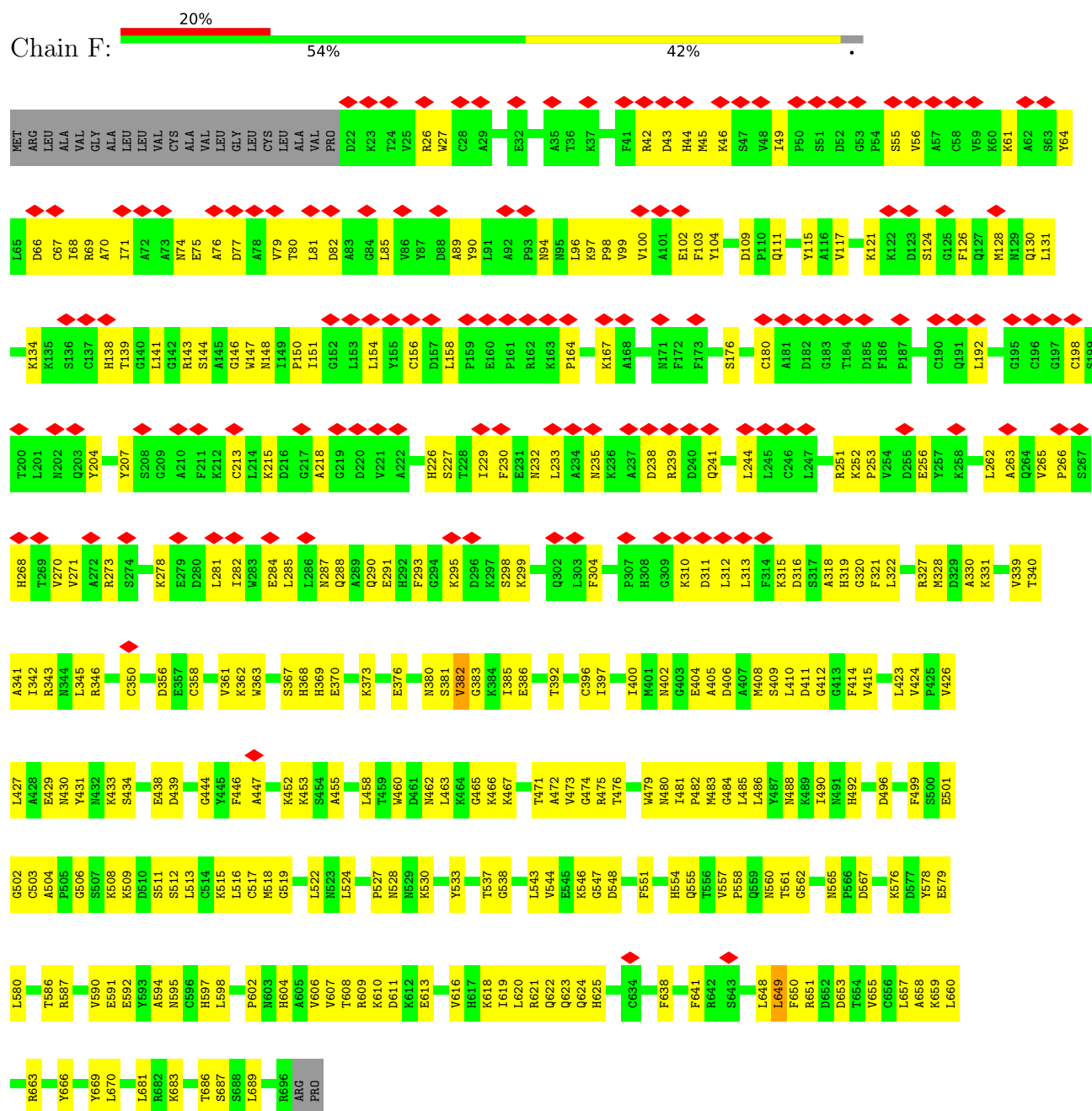


Chain B: 





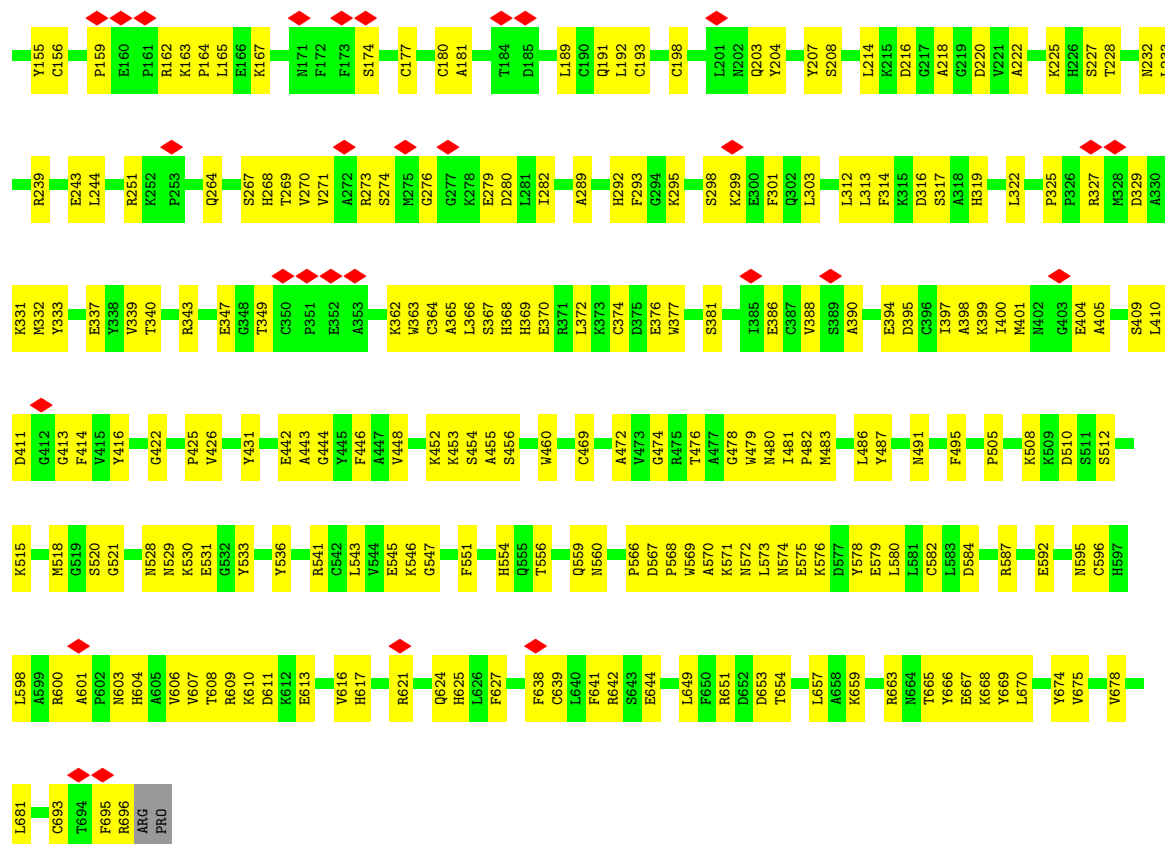
- Molecule 3: Transferrin



- Molecule 3: Transferrin









## 4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	47147	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ( $e^-/\text{\AA}^2$ )	53.52	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	700	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	2500	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K3 (6k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.435	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.160	Depositor
Average map value	0.003	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.018	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.0888	Depositor
Map size ( $\text{\AA}$ )	323.4, 323.4, 323.4	wwPDB
Map dimensions	300, 300, 300	wwPDB
Map angles ( $^\circ$ )	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing ( $\text{\AA}$ )	1.078, 1.078, 1.078	Depositor



## 5 Model quality

### 5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: FE, BCT

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$
1	A	0.17	0/7020	0.37	0/9478
2	B	0.19	0/4818	0.38	0/6493
3	F	0.17	0/5293	0.42	1/7161 (0.0%)
3	G	0.15	0/5309	0.35	0/7179
All	All	0.17	0/22440	0.38	1/30311 (0.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
2	B	0	1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed( $^{\circ}$ )	Ideal( $^{\circ}$ )
3	F	358	CYS	CB-CA-C	-5.16	110.64	116.63

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
2	B	96	GLU	Peptide



## 5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	6869	0	6669	284	0
2	B	4720	0	4504	291	0
3	F	5176	0	4942	252	0
3	G	5192	0	4970	223	0
4	F	4	0	1	2	0
4	G	8	0	2	5	0
5	F	1	0	0	0	0
5	G	2	0	0	0	0
All	All	21972	0	21088	991	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 23.

The worst 5 of 991 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:576:ALA:O	2:B:697:SER:HA	1.64	0.96
2:B:169:ASN:O	2:B:175:LYS:HA	1.66	0.95
3:G:556:THR:O	3:G:560:ASN:HB2	1.69	0.91
1:A:149:LYS:HG2	1:A:176:LYS:HA	1.56	0.88
2:B:566:VAL:HG23	2:B:708:GLN:HB2	1.58	0.85

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	868/939 (92%)	832 (96%)	36 (4%)	0	100	100
2	B	590/712 (83%)	546 (92%)	44 (8%)	0	100	100
3	F	672/698 (96%)	584 (87%)	86 (13%)	2 (0%)	36	71
3	G	671/698 (96%)	614 (92%)	57 (8%)	0	100	100
All	All	2801/3047 (92%)	2576 (92%)	223 (8%)	2 (0%)	49	83

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	F	382	VAL
3	F	649	LEU

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	708/768 (92%)	708 (100%)	0	100	100
2	B	507/580 (87%)	507 (100%)	0	100	100
3	F	547/585 (94%)	547 (100%)	0	100	100
3	G	554/585 (95%)	554 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	2316/2518 (92%)	2316 (100%)	0	100	100

There are no protein residues with a non-rotameric sidechain to report.

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 24 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	F	595	ASN
3	G	369	HIS
3	G	287	ASN
3	G	380	ASN
1	A	545	ASN



### 5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry ⓘ

Of 6 ligands modelled in this entry, 3 are monoatomic - leaving 3 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$
4	BCT	G	701	-	3,3,3	0.78	0	2,3,3	3.25	2 (100%)
4	BCT	G	702	5	3,3,3	0.79	0	2,3,3	3.27	2 (100%)
4	BCT	F	701	5	3,3,3	0.78	0	2,3,3	3.30	2 (100%)

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 6 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
4	G	702	BCT	O2-C-O1	4.05	130.03	119.68
4	F	701	BCT	O2-C-O1	4.04	130.02	119.68
4	G	701	BCT	O2-C-O1	3.98	129.87	119.68
4	F	701	BCT	O3-C-O1	-2.33	113.73	119.68
4	G	701	BCT	O3-C-O1	-2.29	113.83	119.68

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.



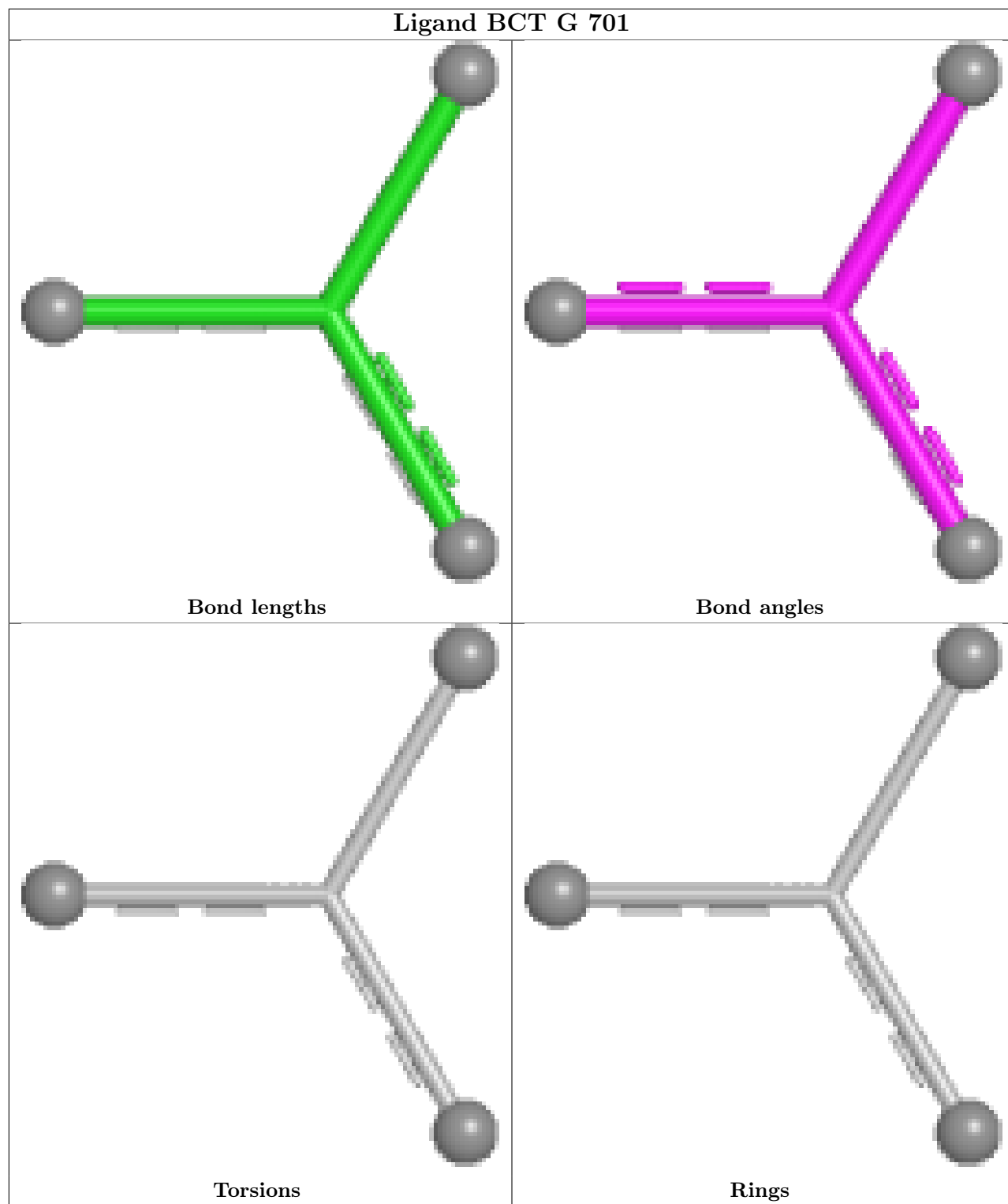
There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 7 short contacts:

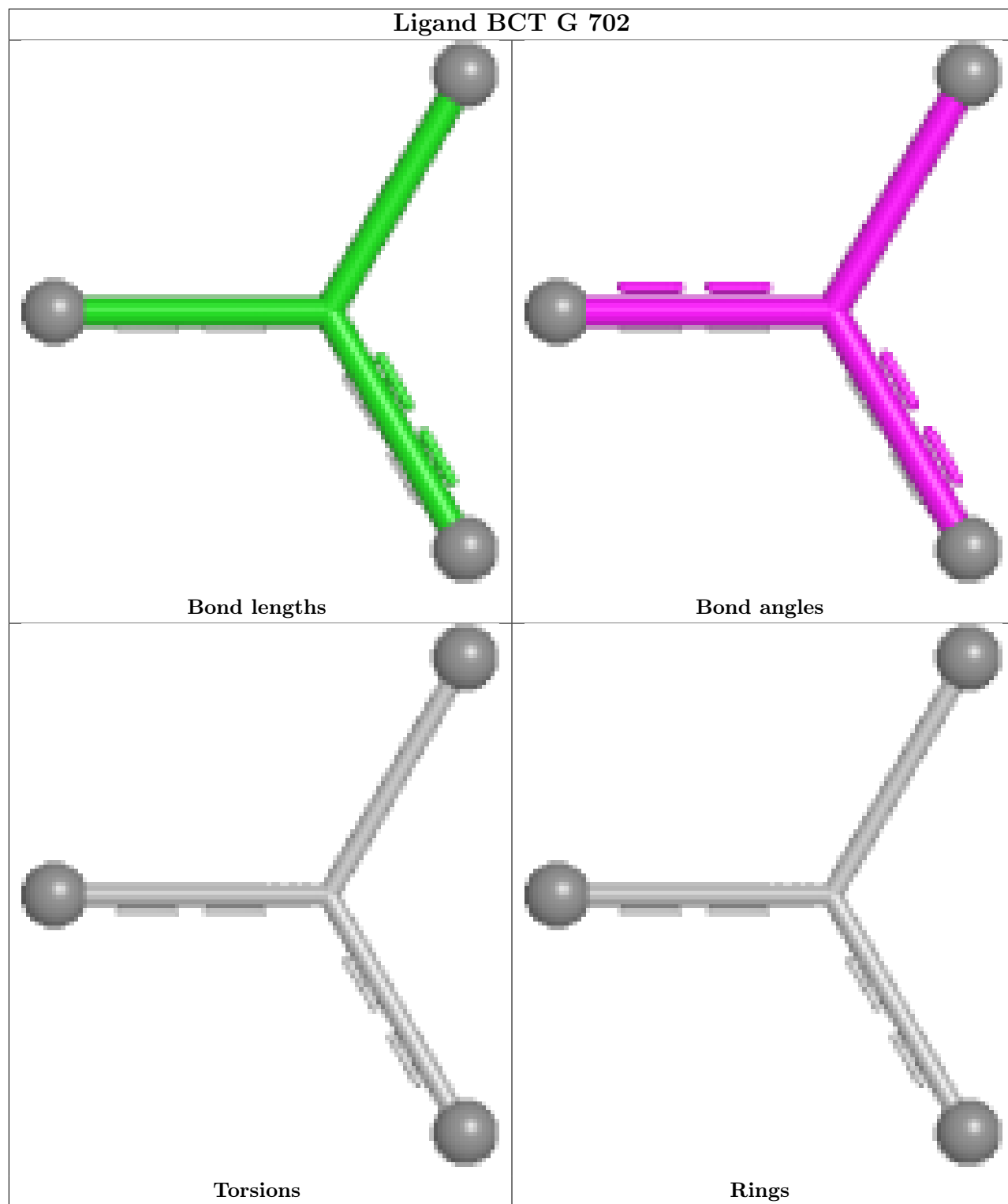
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	G	701	BCT	5	0
4	F	701	BCT	2	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

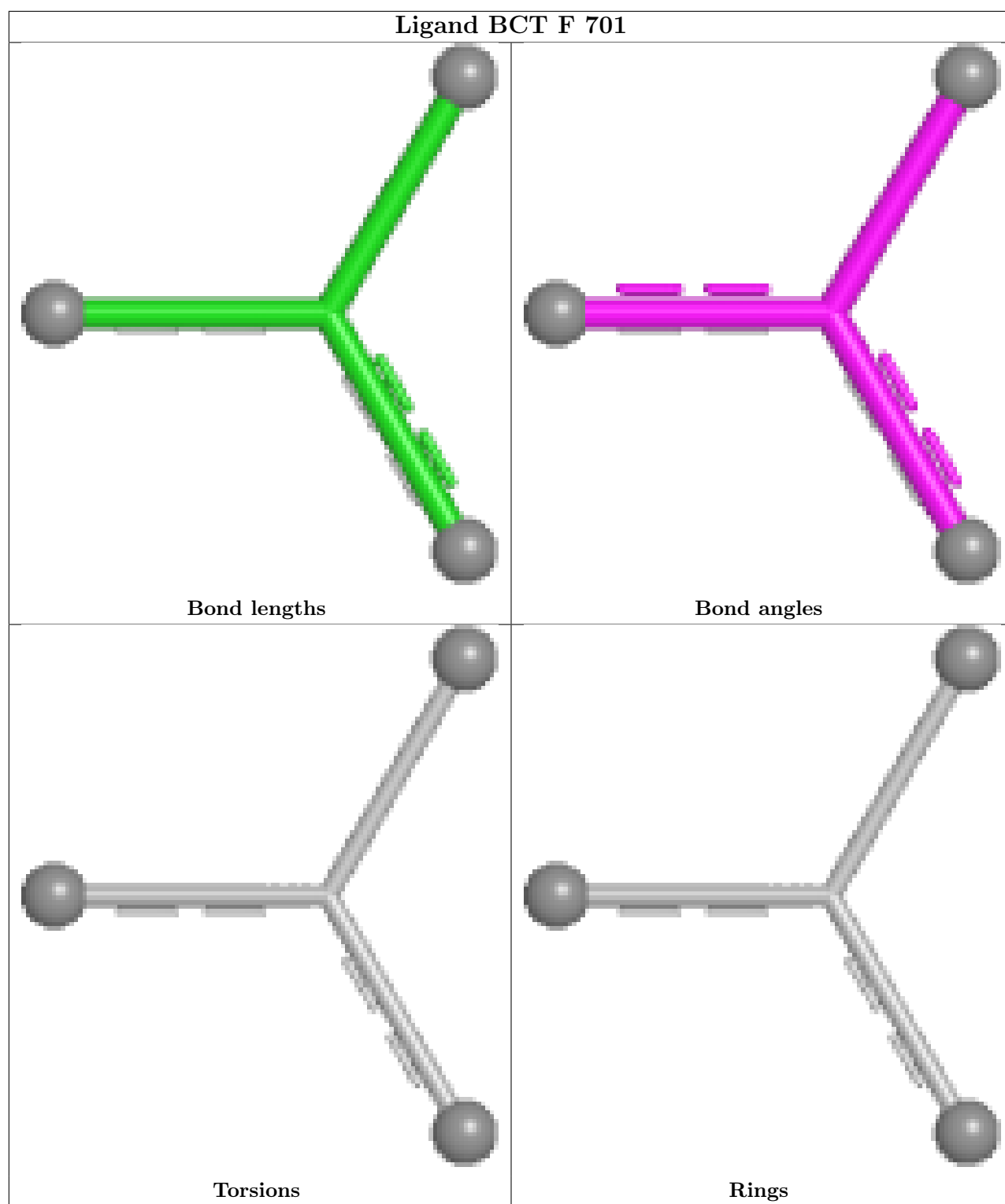












## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.



## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues

The following chains have linkage breaks:

Mol	Chain	Number of breaks
3	F	1

All chain breaks are listed below:

Model	Chain	Residue-1	Atom-1	Residue-2	Atom-2	Distance (Å)
1	F	206:GLY	C	207:TYR	N	3.18



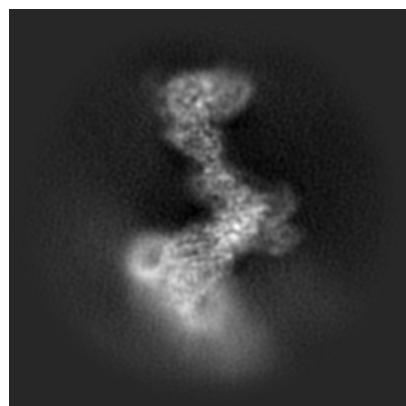
## 6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-45682. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

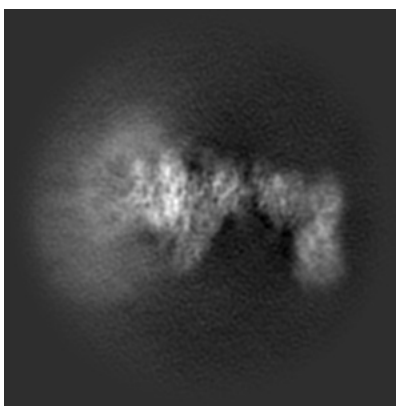
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

### 6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

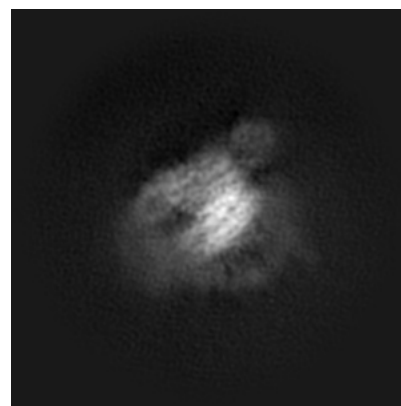
#### 6.1.1 Primary map



X

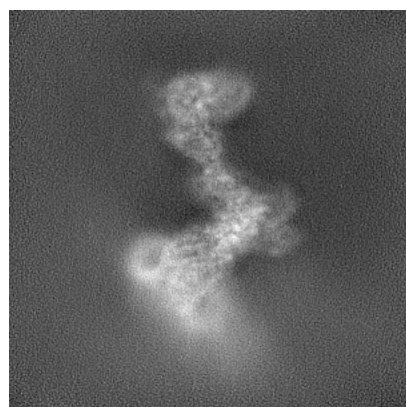


Y

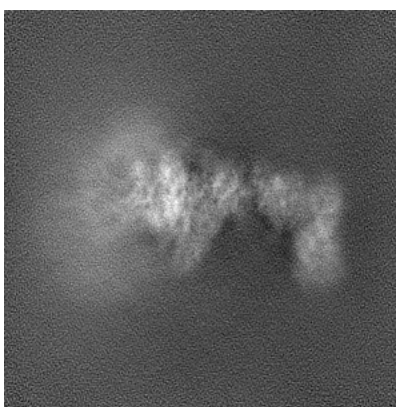


Z

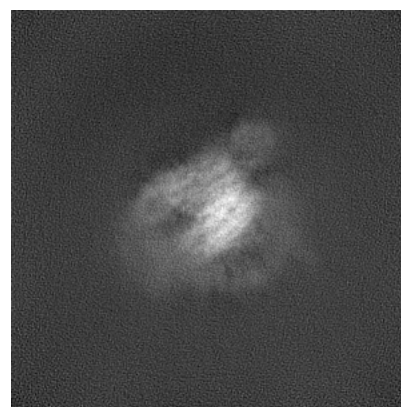
#### 6.1.2 Raw map



X



Y



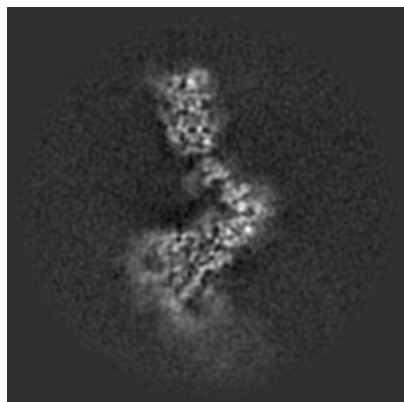
Z

The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

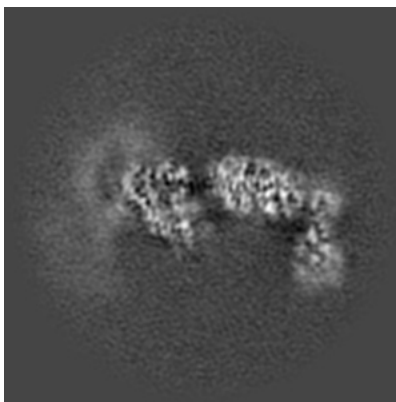


## 6.2 Central slices [i](#)

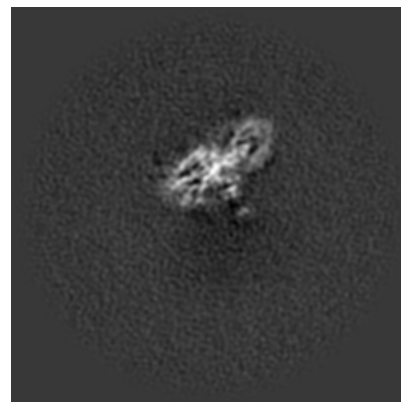
### 6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 150

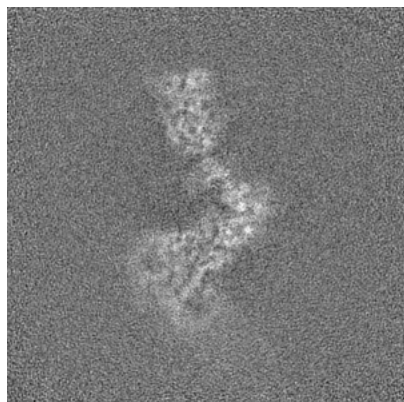


Y Index: 150

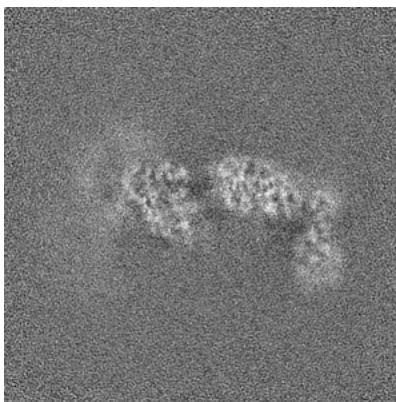


Z Index: 150

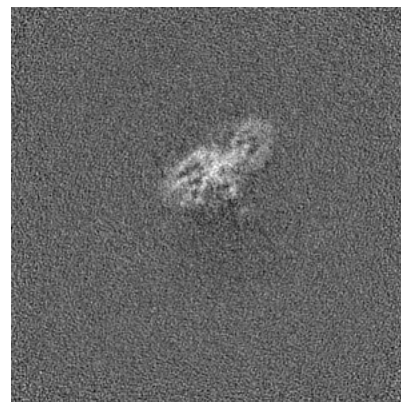
### 6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 150



Y Index: 150



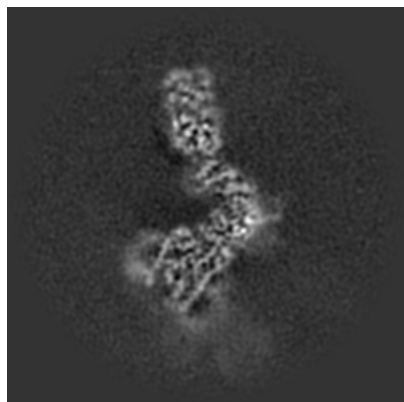
Z Index: 150

The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

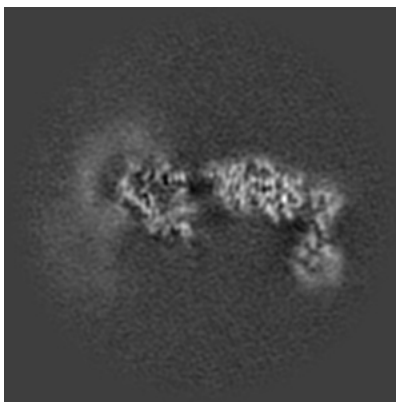


## 6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

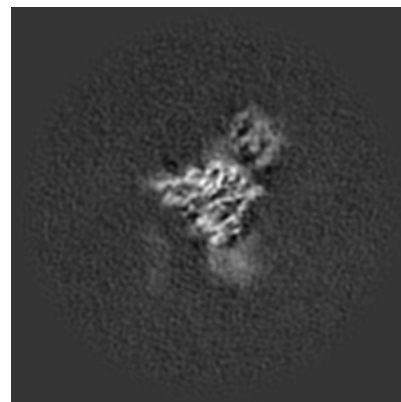
### 6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 157

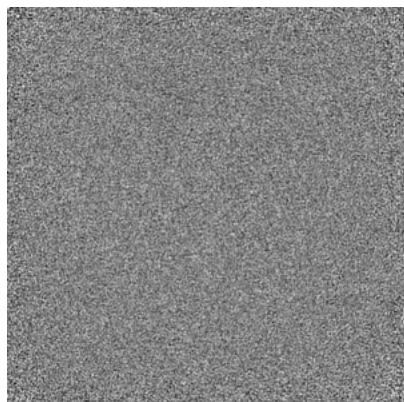


Y Index: 148

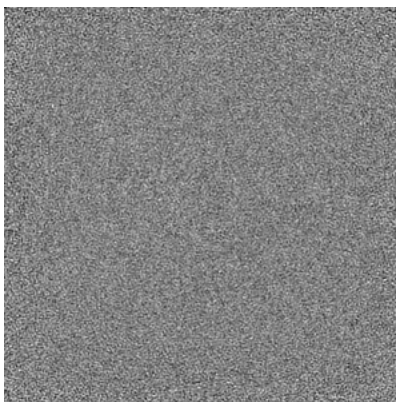


Z Index: 129

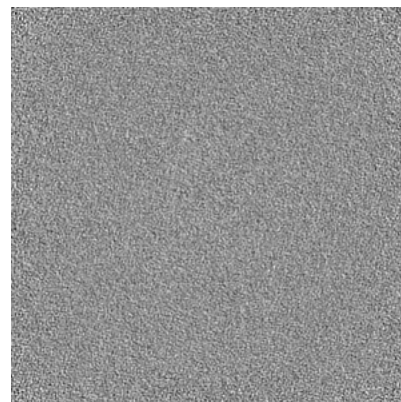
### 6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 0



Y Index: 0



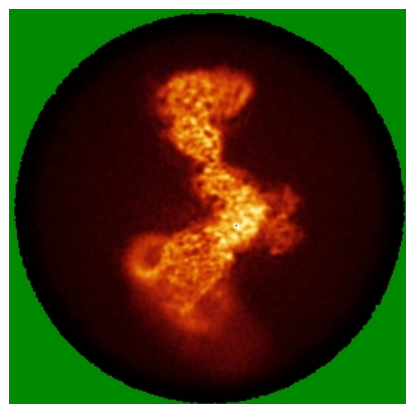
Z Index: 0

The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

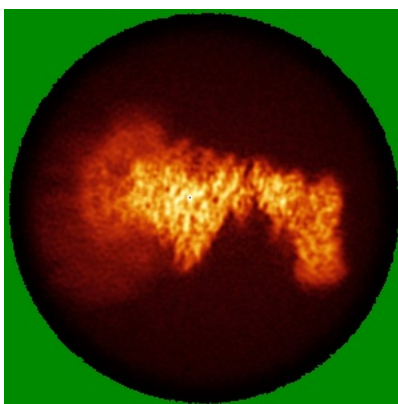


## 6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

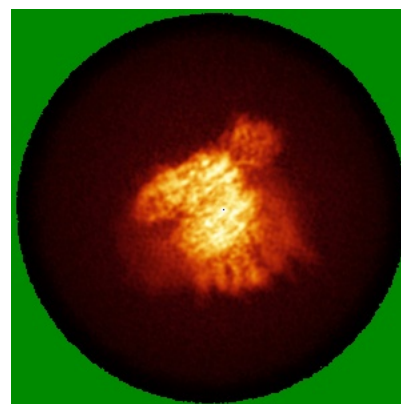
### 6.4.1 Primary map



X

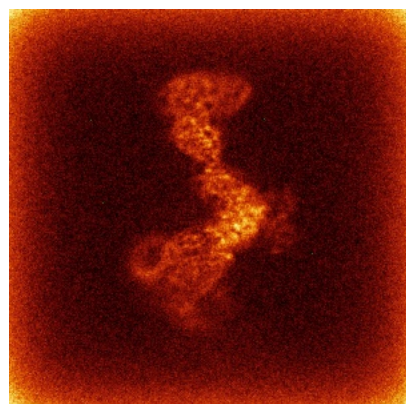


Y

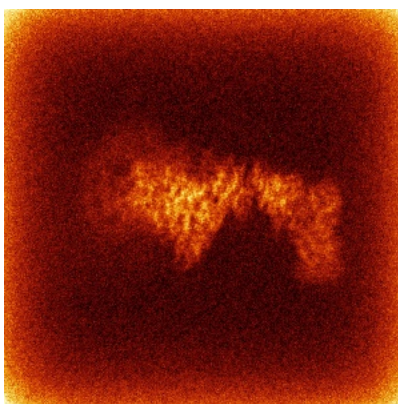


Z

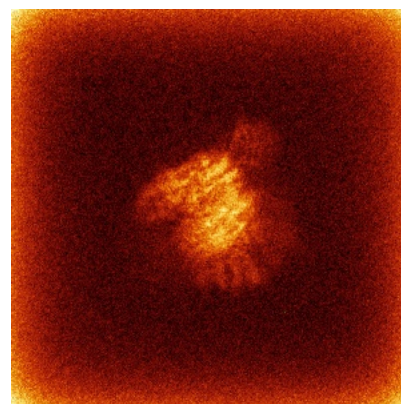
### 6.4.2 Raw map



X



Y



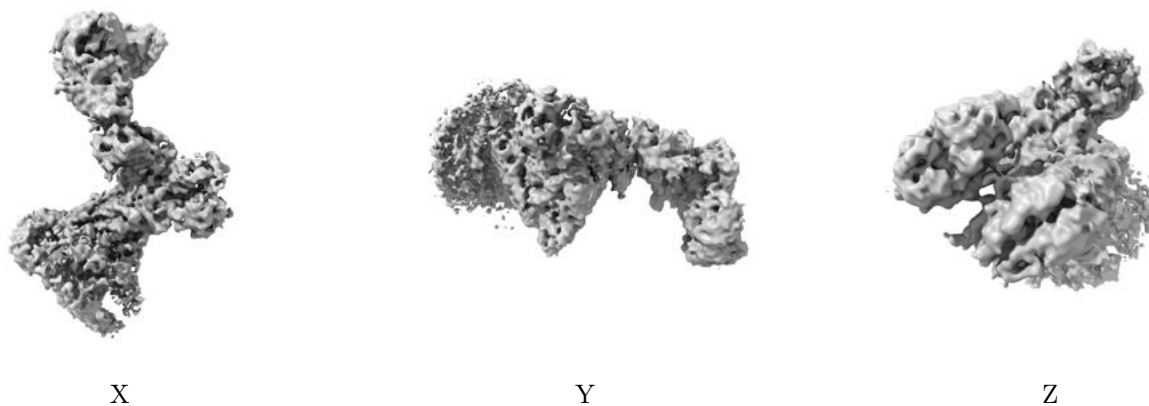
Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.



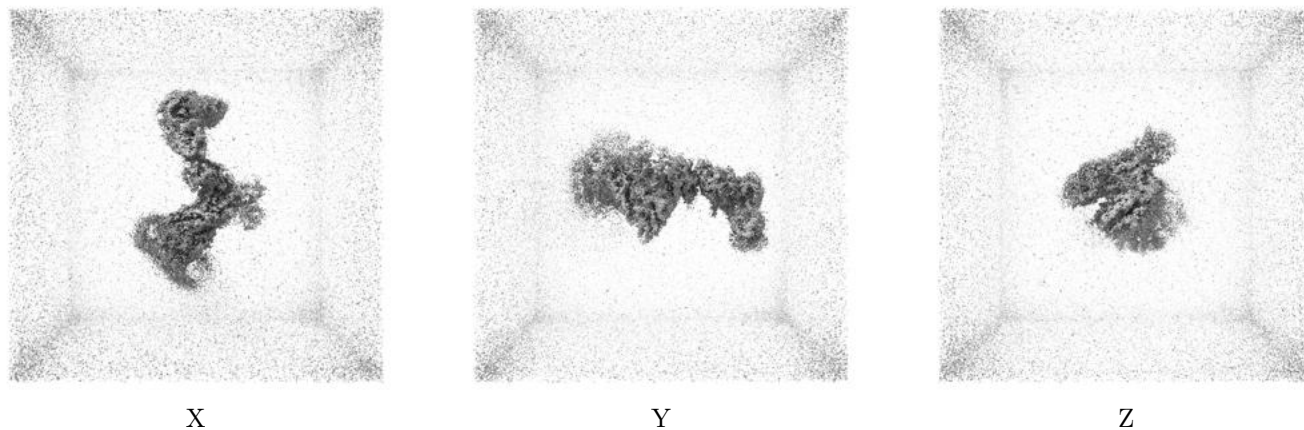
## 6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

### 6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.0888. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

### 6.5.2 Raw map



These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

## 6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

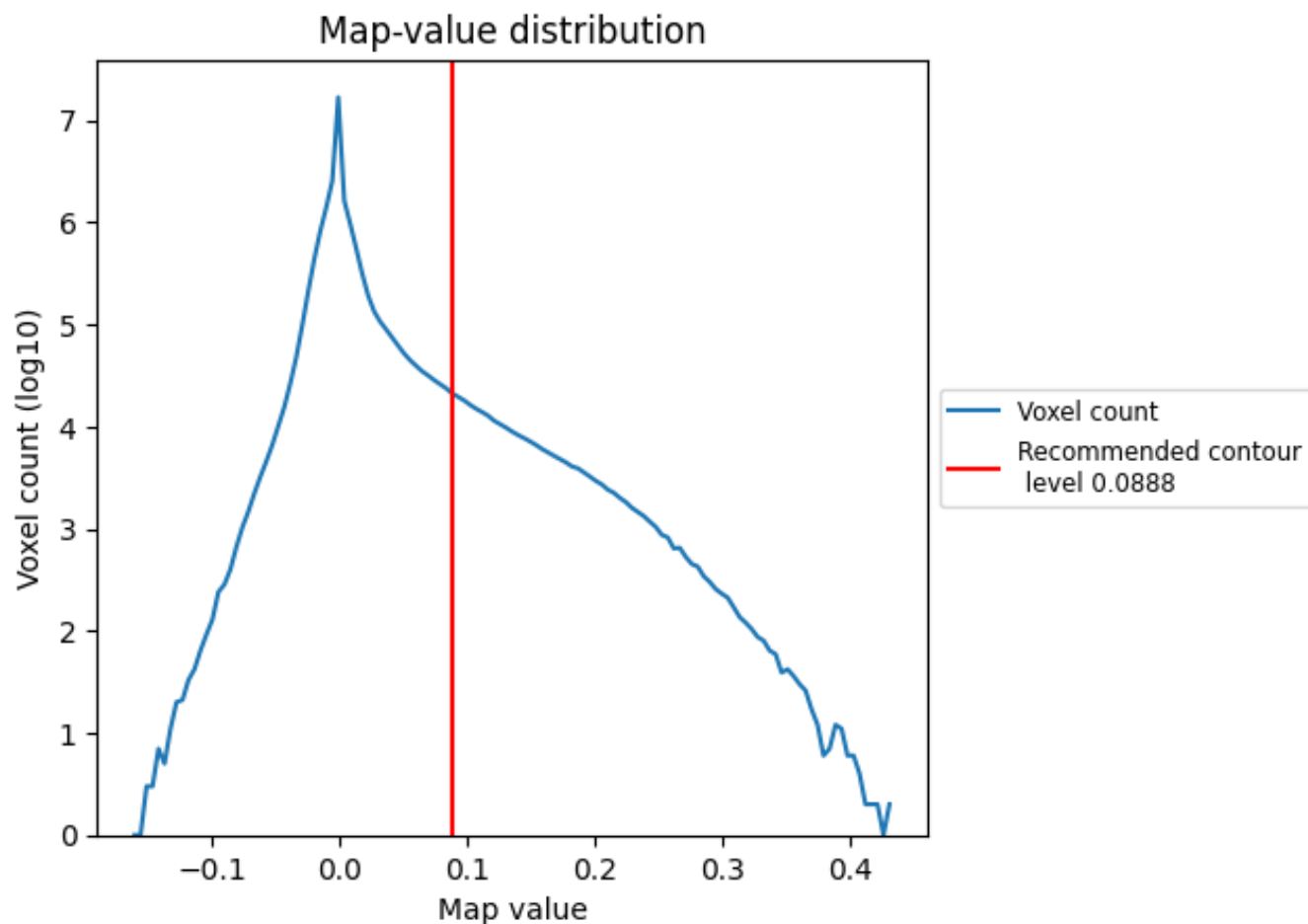
This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.



## 7 Map analysis [i](#)

This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

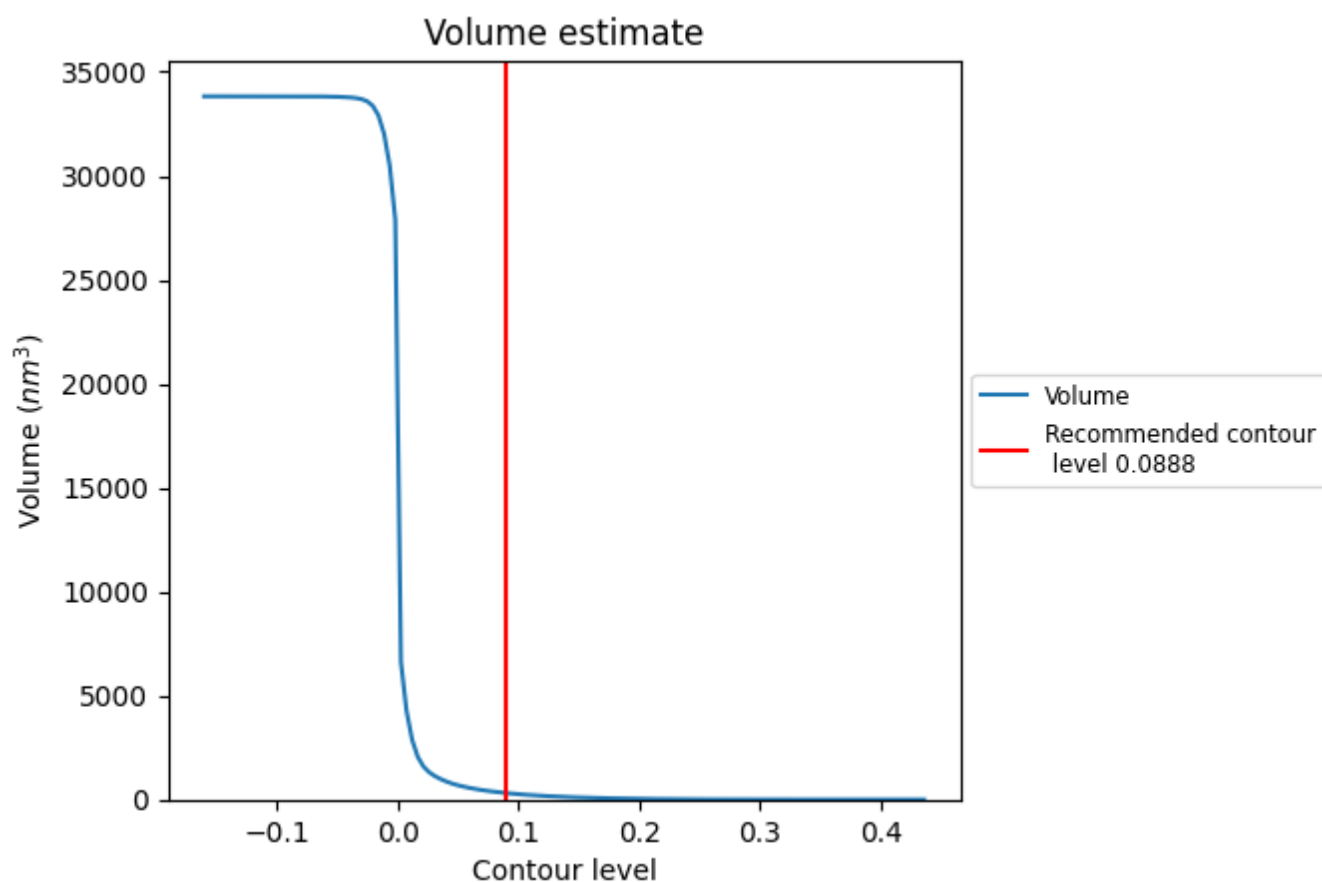
### 7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.



## 7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)

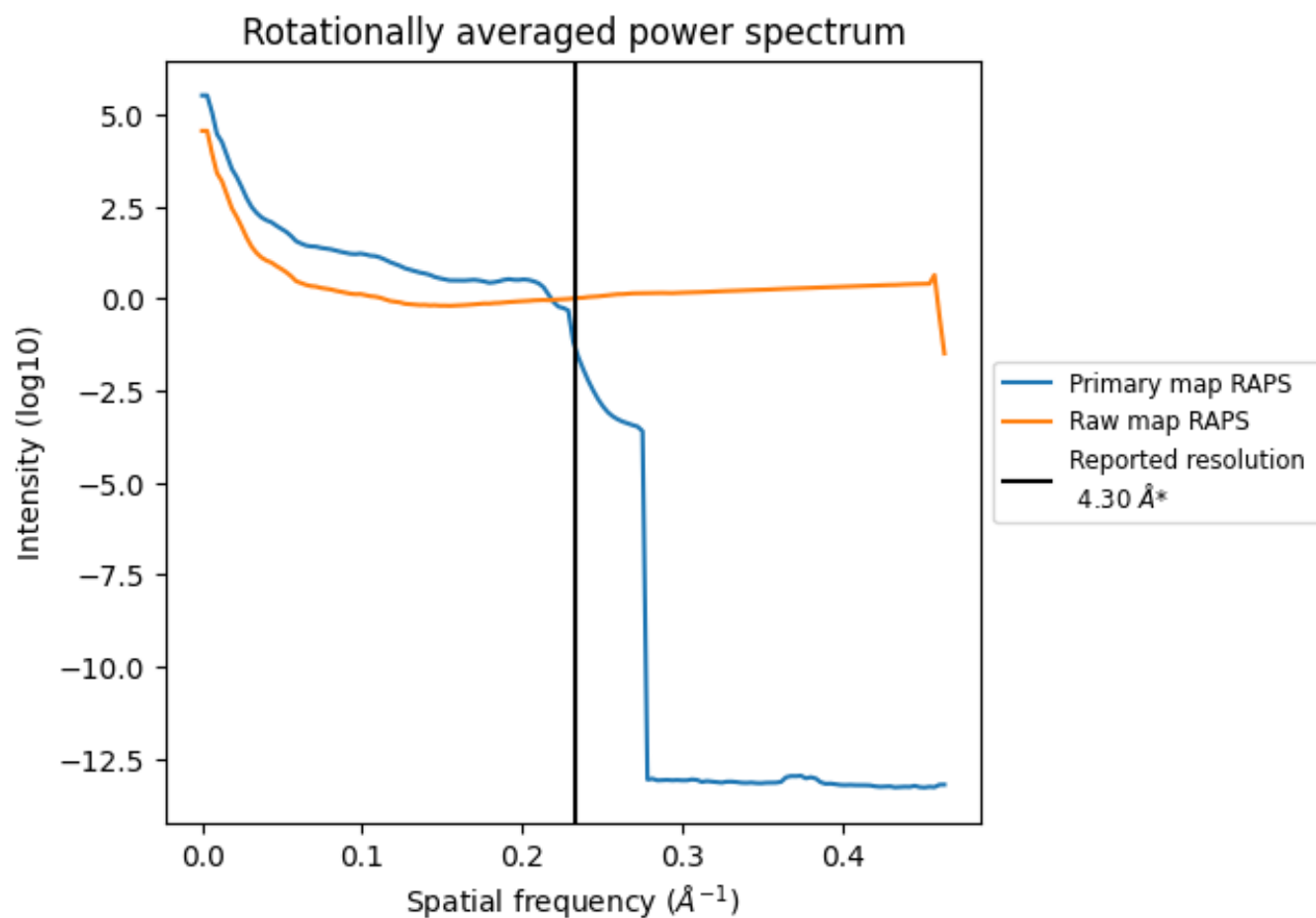


The volume at the recommended contour level is 318 nm<sup>3</sup>; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 287 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.



### 7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum ⓘ



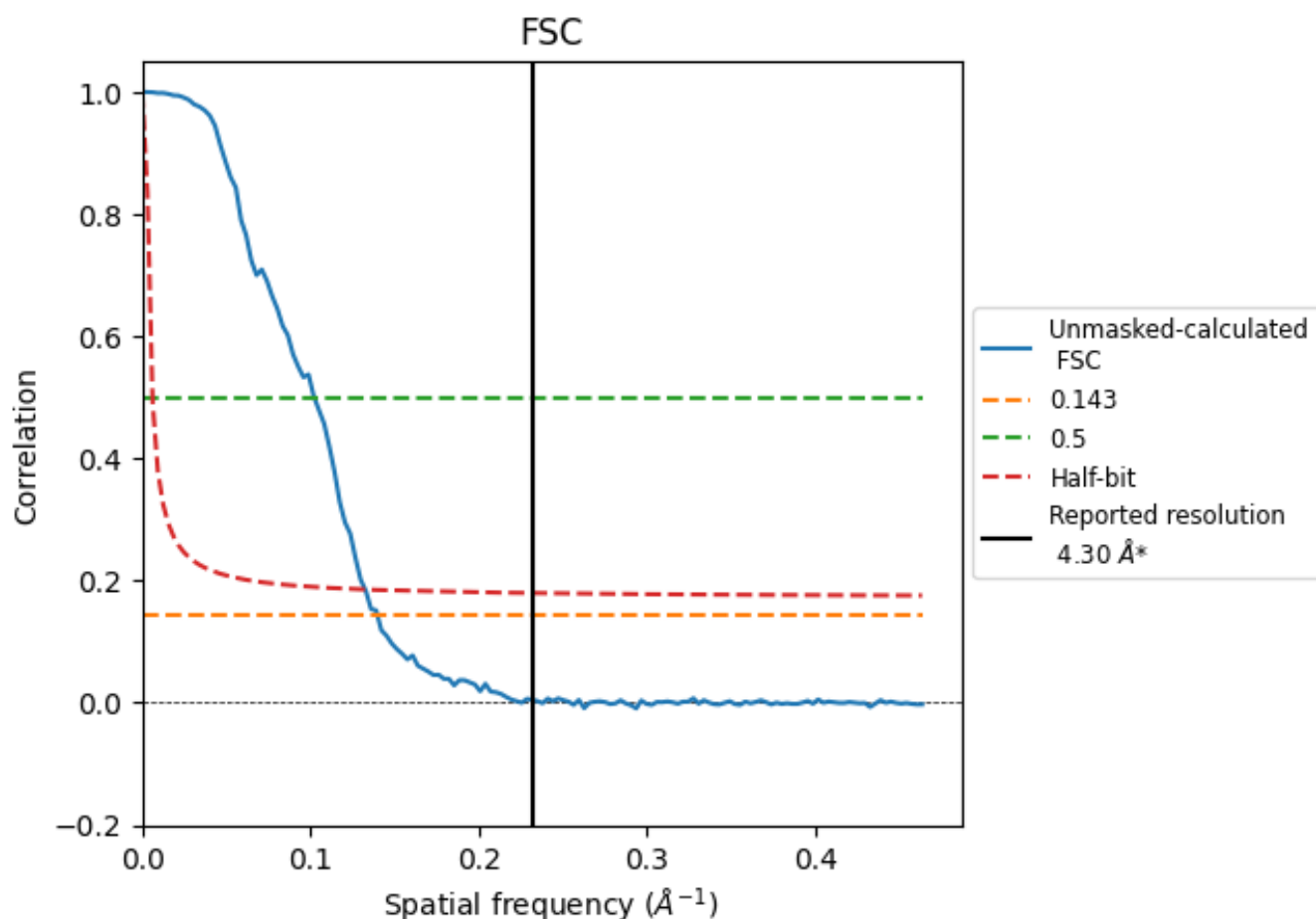
\*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.233 Å<sup>-1</sup>



## 8 Fourier-Shell correlation [i](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

### 8.1 FSC [i](#)



\*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.233 Å<sup>-1</sup>



## 8.2 Resolution estimates [i](#)

Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	4.30	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	-	-	-
Unmasked-calculated*	7.15	9.78	7.55

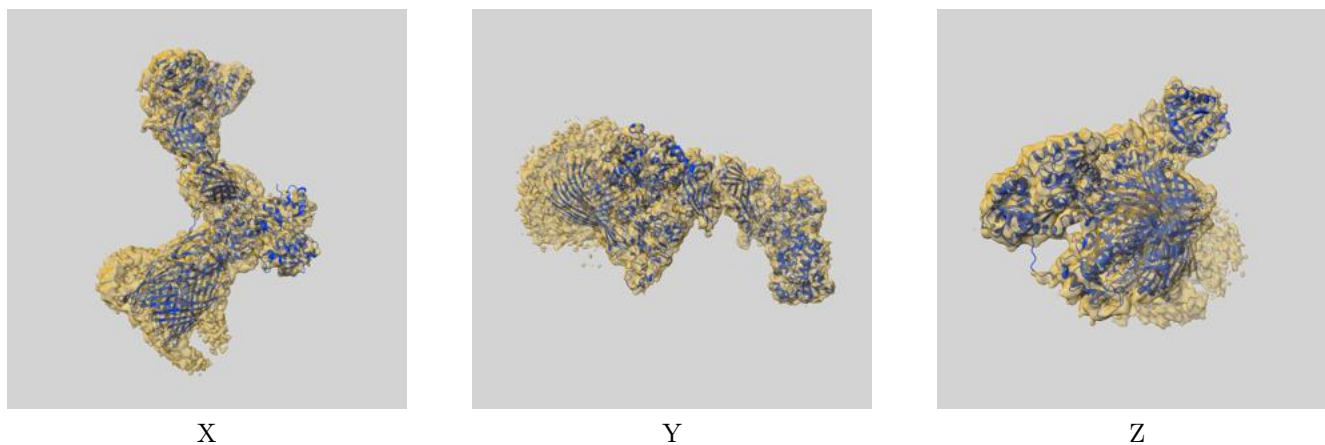
\*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 7.15 differs from the reported value 4.3 by more than 10 %



## 9 Map-model fit [i](#)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-45682 and PDB model 9CLM. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in [section 3](#) on [page 8](#).

### 9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.0888 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

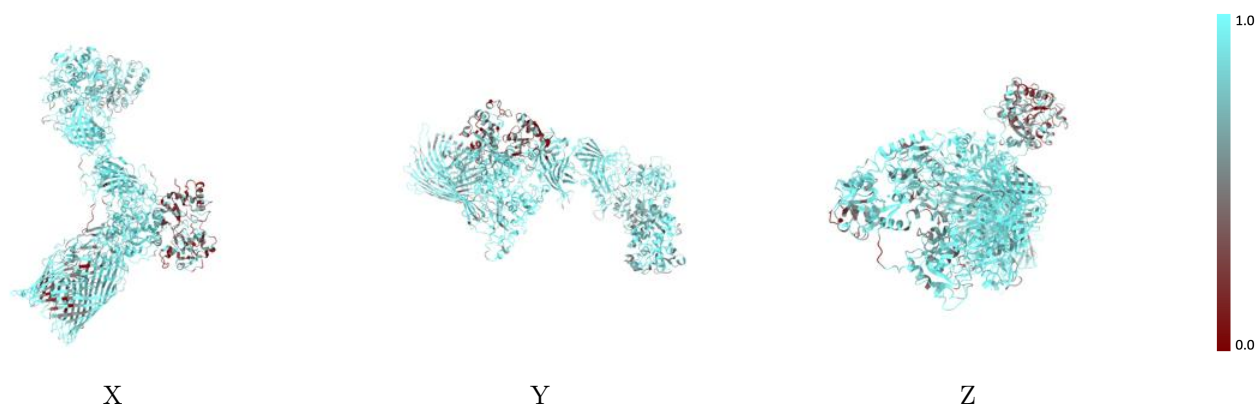


## 9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

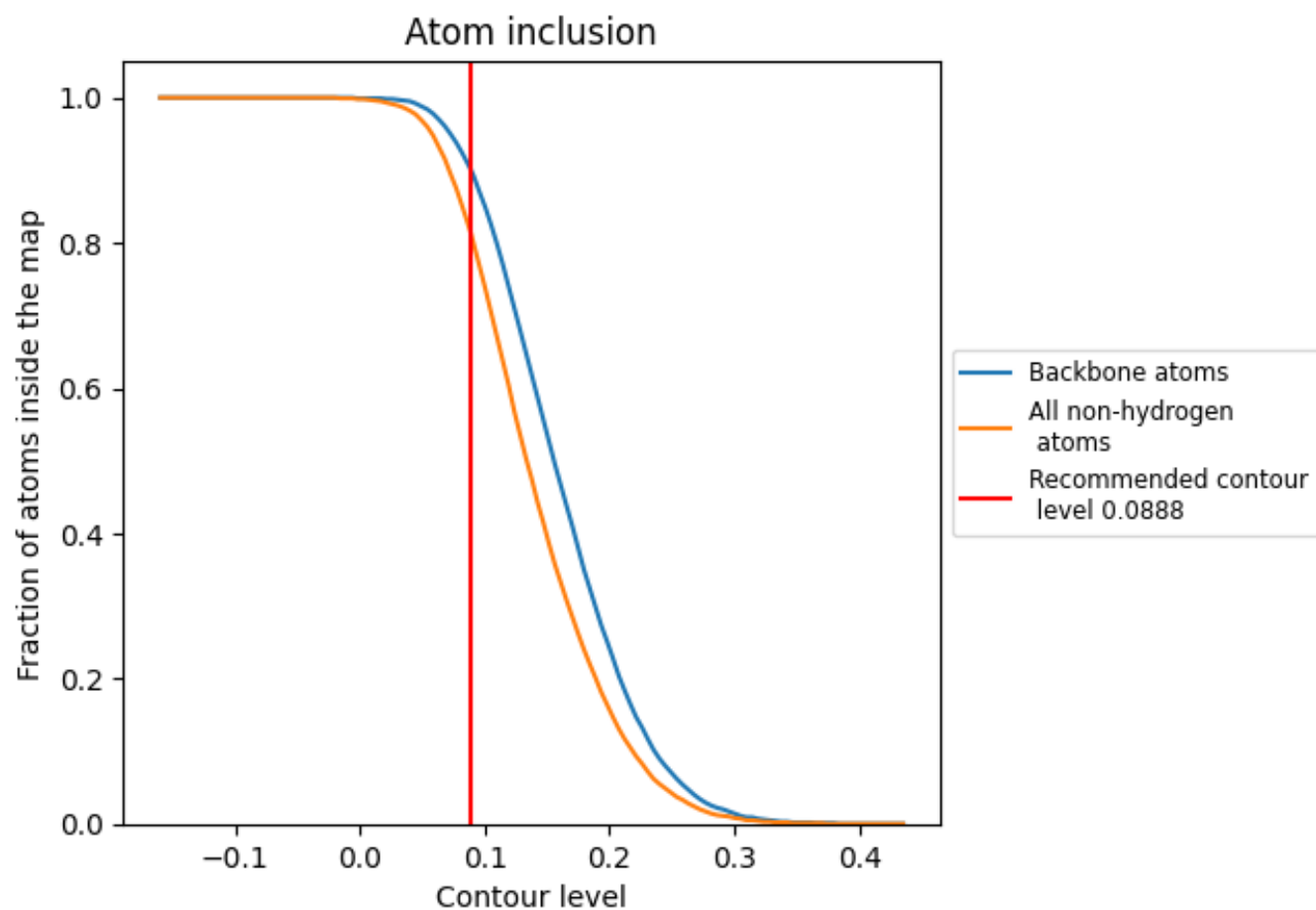
## 9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.0888).



## 9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 90% of all backbone atoms, 81% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.



9.5 Map-model fit summary ⓘ

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.0888) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	<div></div> 0.8140	<div></div> 0.2650
A	<div></div> 0.8290	<div></div> 0.2730
B	<div></div> 0.8850	<div></div> 0.2980
F	<div></div> 0.7400	<div></div> 0.2550
G	<div></div> 0.8010	<div></div> 0.2350

