wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Oct 23, 2021 – 06:03 PM EDT

PDB ID	:	1CJT
Title	:	COMPLEX OF GS-ALPHA WITH THE CATALYTIC DOMAINS OF MAMMALIAN ADENYLYL CYCLASE: COMPLEX WITH BETA-L-2',3'-DIDEOXYATP, MN, AND MG
Authors	:	Tesmer, J.J.G.; Sprang, S.R.
Deposited on	:	1999-04-16
Resolution	:	2.80 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

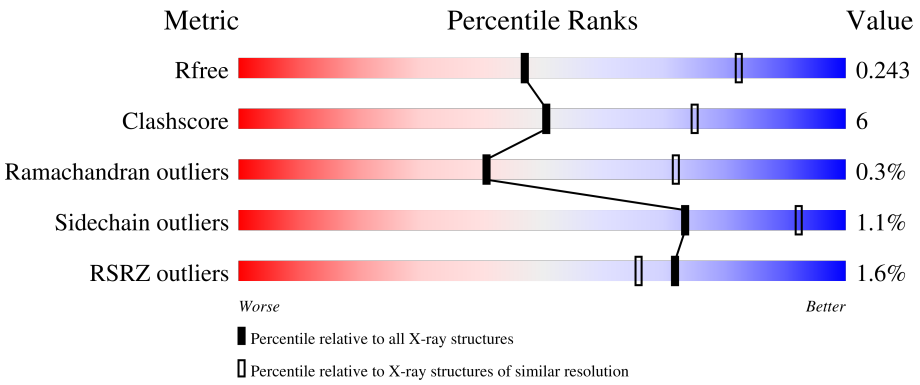
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
EDS	:	2.23.2
buster-report	:	1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.23.2

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.80 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	130704	3140 (2.80-2.80)
Clashscore	141614	3569 (2.80-2.80)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	3498 (2.80-2.80)
Sidechain outliers	138945	3500 (2.80-2.80)
RSRZ outliers	127900	3078 (2.80-2.80)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	217	70% 16% • 13%
2	B	212	% 80% 9% 11%
3	C	402	2% 71% 11% 18%

2 Entry composition (i)

There are 11 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 5821 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called ADENYLATE CYCLASE, TYPE V.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	A	189	1476	929	259	271	17	0	0	0

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	476	MET	VAL	engineered mutation	UNP P30803

- Molecule 2 is a protein called ADENYLATE CYCLASE, TYPE II.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
2	B	189	1471	939	242	280	10	0	0	0

- Molecule 3 is a protein called GUANINE NUCLEOTIDE-BINDING PROTEIN G(S).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
3	C	330	2702	1714	470	505	13	0	0	0

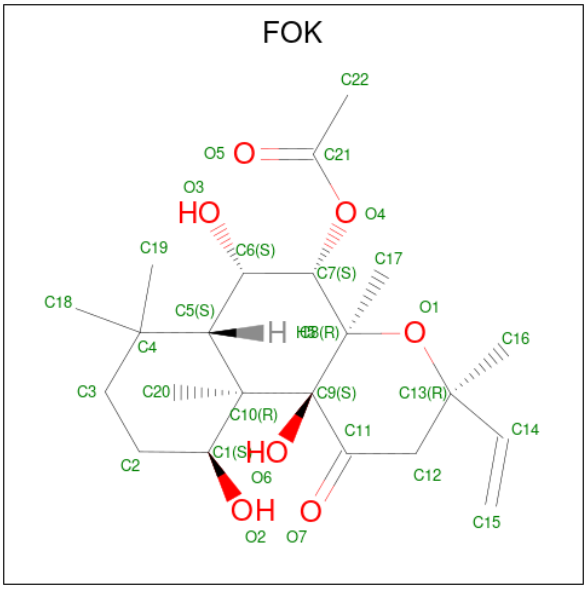
- Molecule 4 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	Mg		
4	A	1	1	1	0	0
4	C	1	1	1	0	0

- Molecule 5 is MANGANESE (II) ION (three-letter code: MN) (formula: Mn).

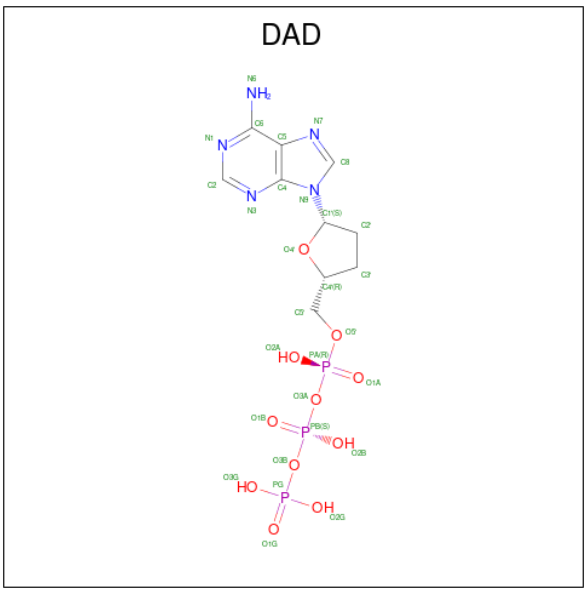
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	Mn		
5	A	1	1	1	0	0

- Molecule 6 is FORSKOLIN (three-letter code: FOK) (formula: $C_{22}H_{34}O_7$).



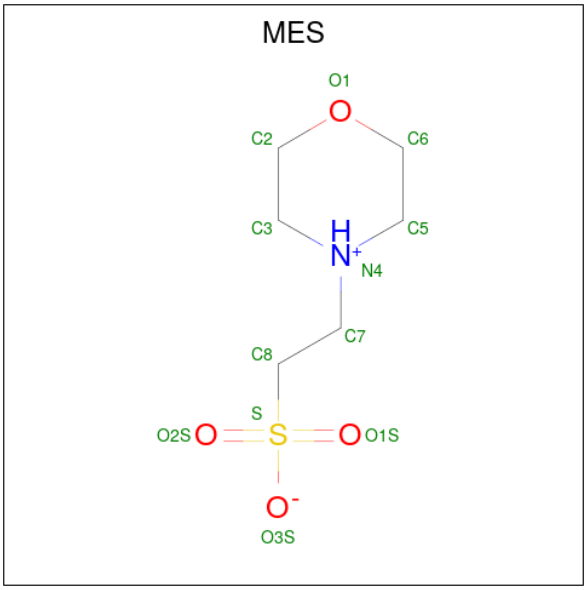
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	C	O		
6	A	1	29	22	7	0	0

- Molecule 7 is 2',3'-DIDEOXYADENOSINE-5'-TRIPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: DAD) (formula: $C_{10}H_{16}N_5O_{11}P_3$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	C	N	O	P		
7	A	1	29	10	5	11	3	0	0

- Molecule 8 is 2-(N-MORPHOLINO)-ETHANESULFONIC ACID (three-letter code: MES) (formula: $C_6H_{13}NO_4S$).

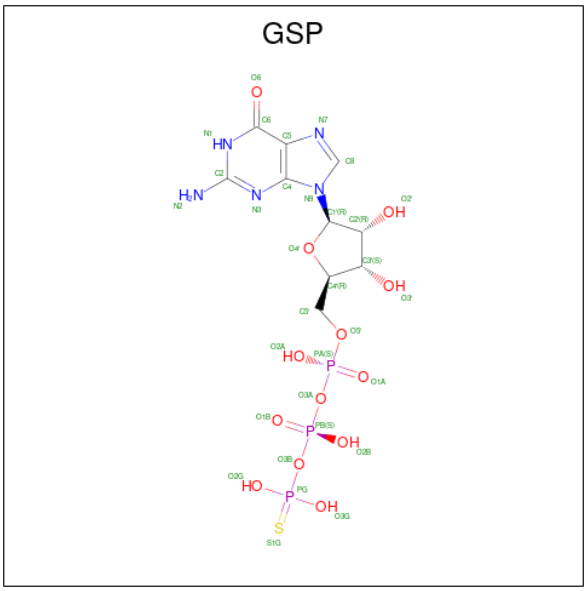


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	C	N	O	S		
8	A	1	12	6	1	4	1	0	0

- Molecule 9 is CHLORIDE ION (three-letter code: CL) (formula: Cl).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	Cl		
9	C	1	1	1	0	0

- Molecule 10 is 5'-GUANOSINE-DIPHOSPHATE-MONOTHIOPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: GSP) (formula: $C_{10}H_{16}N_5O_{13}P_3S$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	C	N	O	P	S		
10	C	1	32	10	5	13	3	1	0	0

- Molecule 11 is water.

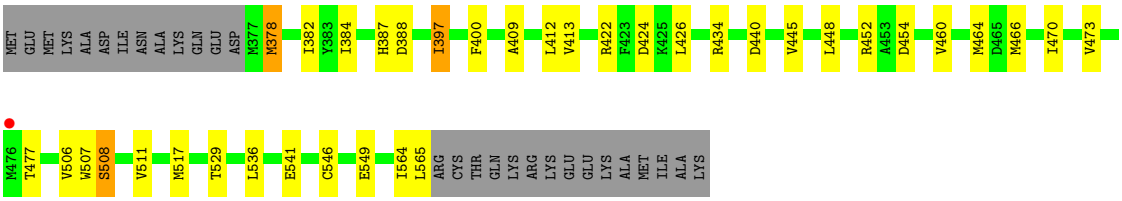
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	O		
11	A	15	15	15	0	0
			Total	O		
11	B	25	25	25	0	0
			Total	O		
11	C	26	26	26	0	0

3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

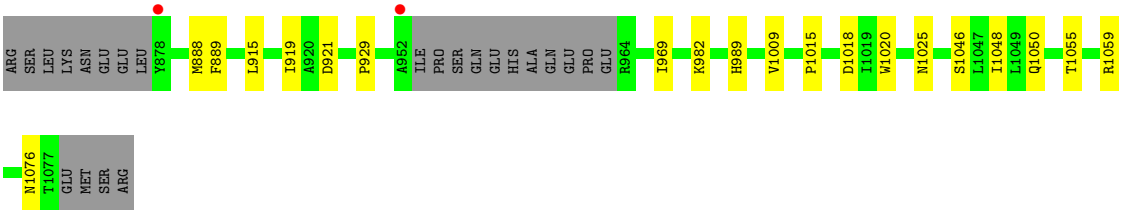
• Molecule 1: ADENYLATE CYCLASE, TYPE V

Chain A:



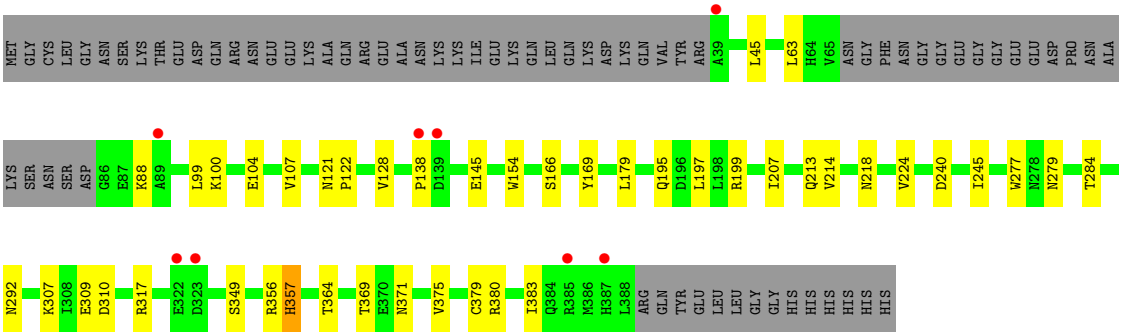
• Molecule 2: ADENYLATE CYCLASE, TYPE II

Chain B:



• Molecule 3: GUANINE NUCLEOTIDE-BINDING PROTEIN G(S)

Chain C:



4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 2	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α, β, γ	118.20Å 134.20Å 71.30Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	15.00 – 2.80 37.89 – 2.80	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	95.1 (15.00-2.80) 95.2 (37.89-2.80)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	0.11	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) >$ [1]	3.95 (at 2.81Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	CNS 0.5	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.206 , 0.252 0.202 , 0.243	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	5280 reflections (9.87%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å^2)	37.7	Xtriage
Anisotropy	1.246	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)	0.34 , 49.9	EDS
L-test for twinning[2]	$< \|L\| > = 0.48$, $< L^2 > = 0.31$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o,F_c correlation	0.93	EDS
Total number of atoms	5821	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å^2)	41.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.52% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

[1] Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

[2] Theoretical values of $< |L| >$, $< L^2 >$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: CL, MN, FOK, MG, MES, DAD, GSP

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\#\|Z\|>5$	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\|>5$
1	A	0.37	0/1504	0.58	0/2027
2	B	0.43	0/1497	0.62	0/2021
3	C	0.40	0/2759	0.57	0/3733
All	All	0.40	0/5760	0.59	0/7781

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1476	0	1450	23	0
2	B	1471	0	1468	12	0
3	C	2702	0	2650	27	0
4	A	1	0	0	0	0
4	C	1	0	0	0	0
5	A	1	0	0	0	0
6	A	29	0	34	4	0
7	A	29	0	12	2	0
8	A	12	0	13	0	0
9	C	1	0	0	0	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
10	C	32	0	12	0	0
11	A	15	0	0	0	0
11	B	25	0	0	0	0
11	C	26	0	0	0	0
All	All	5821	0	5639	65	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

The worst 5 of 65 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
6:A:101:FOK:H173	6:A:101:FOK:H201	1.69	0.73
1:A:397:ILE:HG13	1:A:440:ASP:HB2	1.69	0.73
7:A:102:DAD:H8	2:B:1025:ASN:ND2	2.10	0.66
3:C:88:LYS:HG2	3:C:197:LEU:HD11	1.81	0.62
2:B:1018:ASP:HB3	2:B:1020:TRP:CH2	2.37	0.60

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	187/217 (86%)	180 (96%)	6 (3%)	1 (0%)	29 61
2	B	185/212 (87%)	179 (97%)	6 (3%)	0	100 100
3	C	326/402 (81%)	315 (97%)	10 (3%)	1 (0%)	41 72
All	All	698/831 (84%)	674 (97%)	22 (3%)	2 (0%)	41 72

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	C	138	PRO
1	A	508	SER

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	158/182 (87%)	155 (98%)	3 (2%)	57	85
2	B	162/184 (88%)	160 (99%)	2 (1%)	71	92
3	C	297/357 (83%)	295 (99%)	2 (1%)	84	95
All	All	617/723 (85%)	610 (99%)	7 (1%)	73	92

5 of 7 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	B	929	PRO
2	B	1059	ARG
3	C	357	HIS
3	C	240	ASP
1	A	397	ILE

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 13 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	C	97	ASN
3	C	218	ASN
3	C	377	ASN
3	C	236	GLN
3	C	371	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 8 ligands modelled in this entry, 4 are monoatomic - leaving 4 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$
8	MES	A	103	-	12,12,12	1.08	1 (8%)	14,16,16	0.55	0
7	DAD	A	102	4,5	25,31,31	0.84	0	26,48,48	1.87	4 (15%)
10	GSP	C	405	4	26,34,34	1.13	2 (7%)	28,54,54	2.30	4 (14%)
6	FOK	A	101	-	28,31,31	0.91	1 (3%)	35,54,54	0.89	1 (2%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
8	MES	A	103	-	-	0/6/14/14	0/1/1/1
7	DAD	A	102	4,5	-	7/18/31/31	0/3/3/3
10	GSP	C	405	4	-	2/17/38/38	0/3/3/3
6	FOK	A	101	-	-	5/7/80/80	0/3/3/3

All (4) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
8	A	103	MES	C5-N4	3.45	1.56	1.46

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
10	C	405	GSP	C6-N1	3.33	1.38	1.33
6	A	101	FOK	C3-C4	2.30	1.58	1.54
10	C	405	GSP	C8-N7	-2.20	1.30	1.34

The worst 5 of 9 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
10	C	405	GSP	C5-C6-N1	-8.72	111.50	123.43
7	A	102	DAD	C2'-C1'-N9	6.92	125.51	112.48
10	C	405	GSP	C6-N1-C2	5.80	125.14	115.93
7	A	102	DAD	O4'-C1'-C2'	3.76	110.74	106.67
10	C	405	GSP	C2-N3-C4	-3.37	111.50	115.36

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 14 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
6	A	101	FOK	O1-C13-C14-C15
6	A	101	FOK	C16-C13-C14-C15
7	A	102	DAD	PB-O3B-PG-O2G
7	A	102	DAD	PB-O3B-PG-O3G
7	A	102	DAD	PB-O3A-PA-O5'

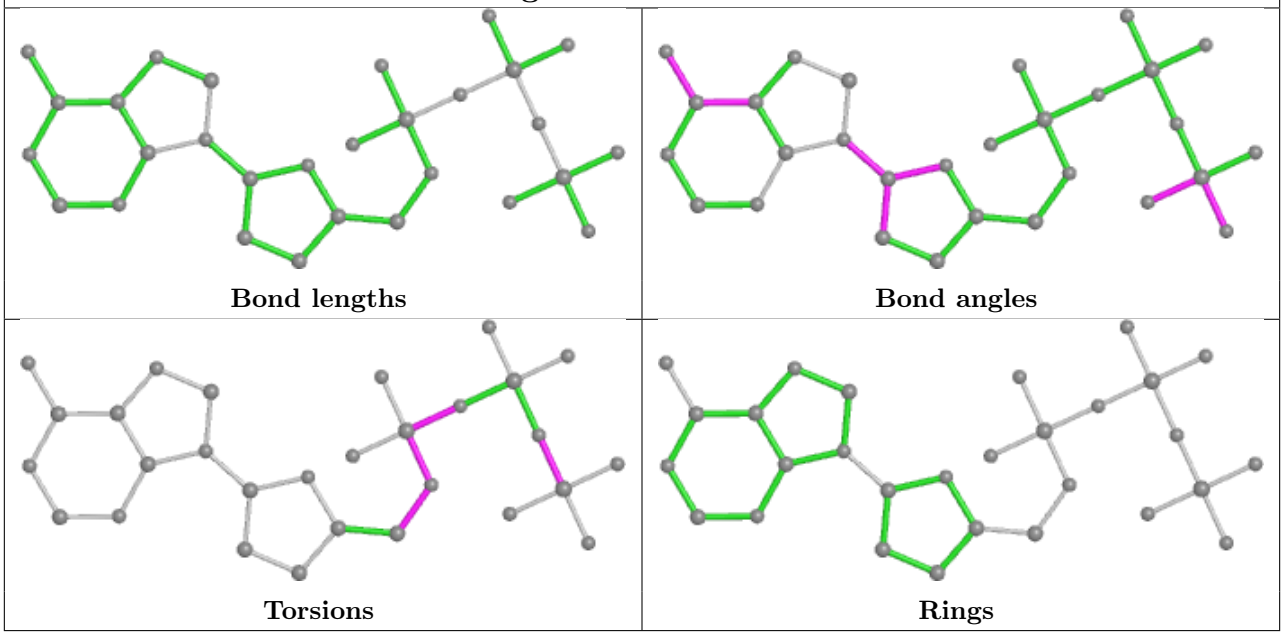
There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 6 short contacts:

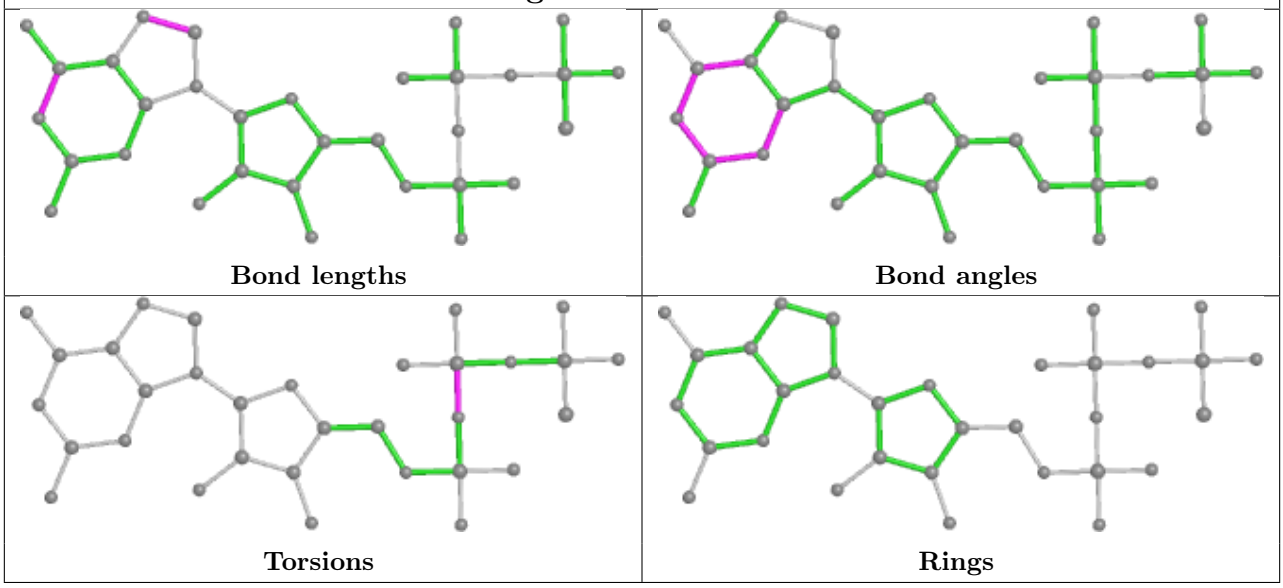
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
7	A	102	DAD	2	0
6	A	101	FOK	4	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

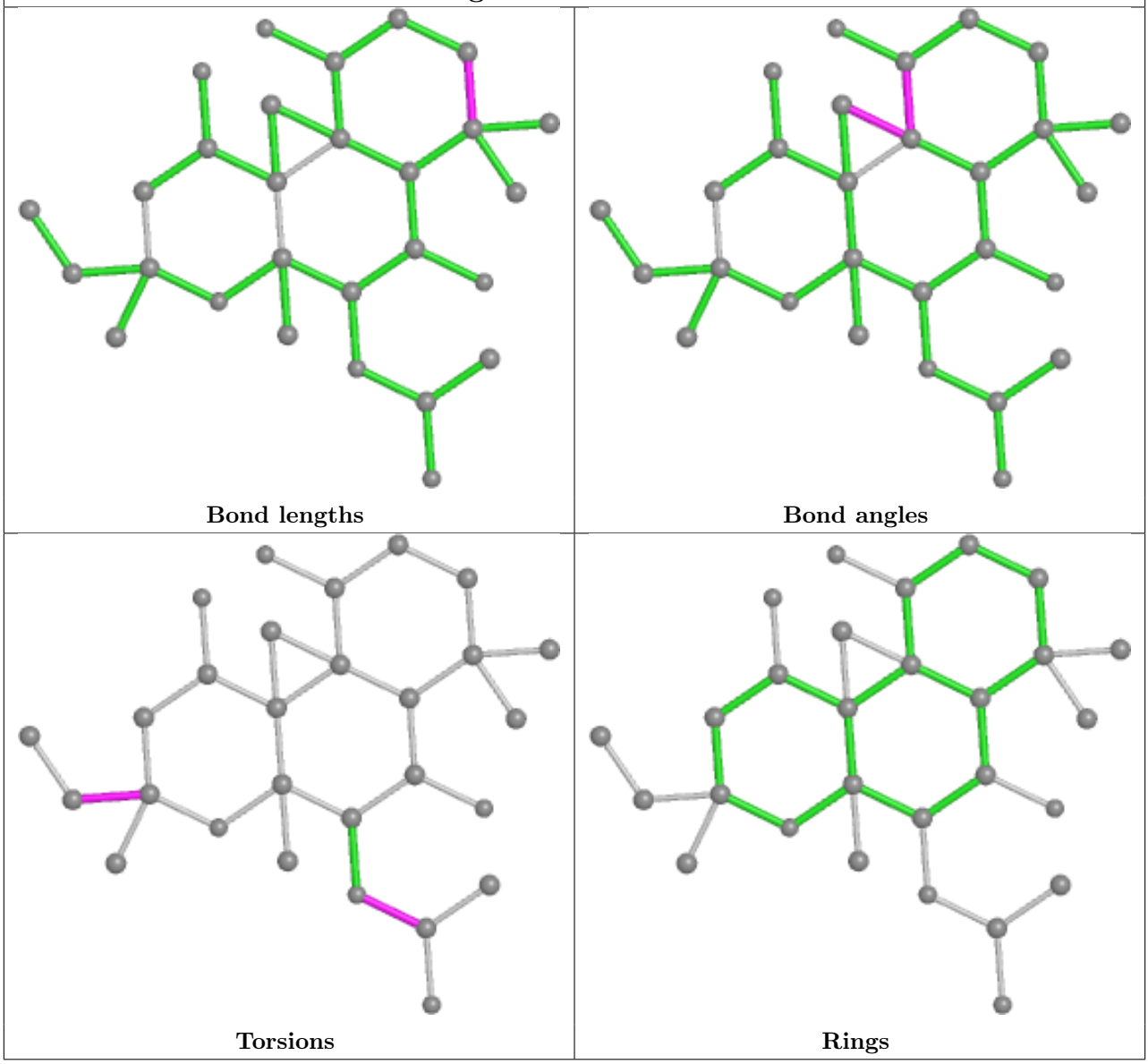
Ligand DAD A 102



Ligand GSP C 405



Ligand FOK A 101



5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2			OWAB(Å^2)	Q<0.9
1	A	189/217 (87%)	-0.11	1 (0%)	91	88	19, 48, 68, 86	0
2	B	189/212 (89%)	-0.30	2 (1%)	80	75	14, 32, 67, 97	0
3	C	330/402 (82%)	-0.26	8 (2%)	59	49	18, 38, 66, 97	0
All	All	708/831 (85%)	-0.23	11 (1%)	72	66	14, 39, 68, 97	0

The worst 5 of 11 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
2	B	878	TYR	4.6
3	C	387	HIS	3.9
3	C	139	ASP	3.5
3	C	322	GLU	3.3
3	C	138	PRO	3.2

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands (i)

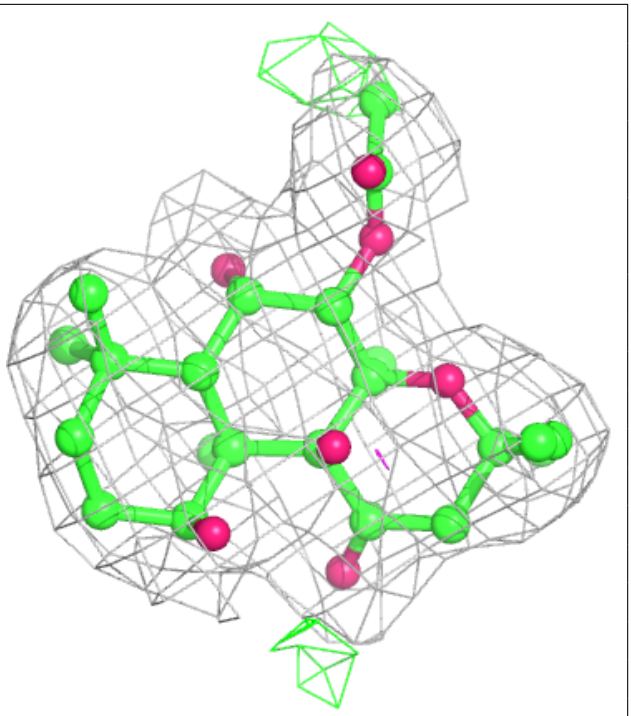
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

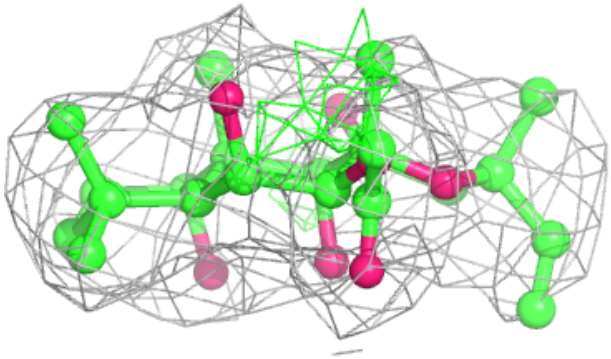
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å^2)	Q<0.9
4	MG	A	581	1/1	0.85	0.20	51,51,51,51	0
8	MES	A	103	12/12	0.91	0.23	69,70,77,77	0
6	FOK	A	101	29/29	0.96	0.19	18,23,28,29	0
4	MG	C	403	1/1	0.96	0.09	3,3,3,3	0
9	CL	C	404	1/1	0.97	0.18	34,34,34,34	0
7	DAD	A	102	29/29	0.98	0.15	20,32,38,40	0
10	GSP	C	405	32/32	0.98	0.13	19,26,30,36	0
5	MN	A	582	1/1	0.99	0.12	26,26,26,26	0

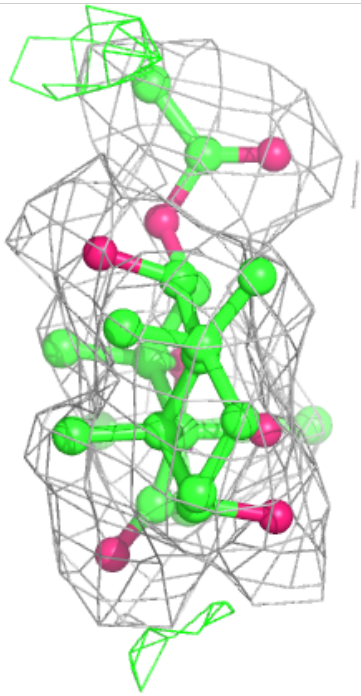
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

Electron density around FOK A 101:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

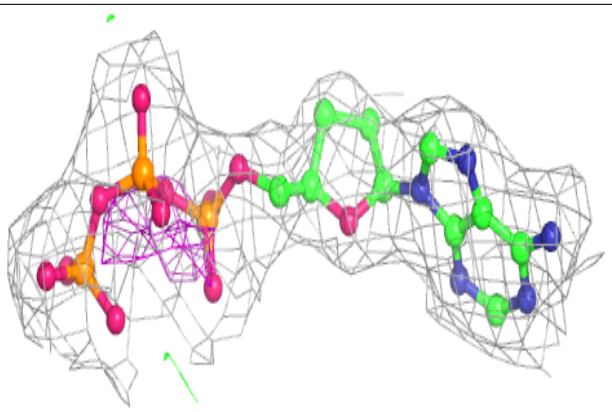


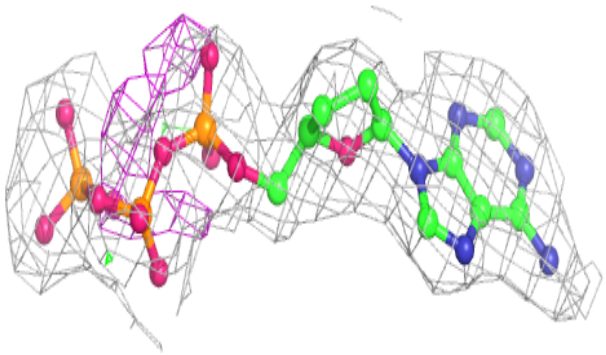


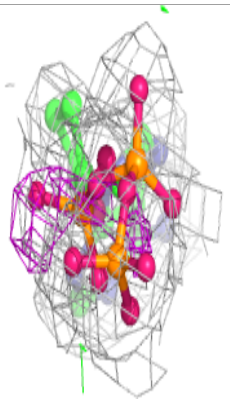


Electron density around DAD A 102:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

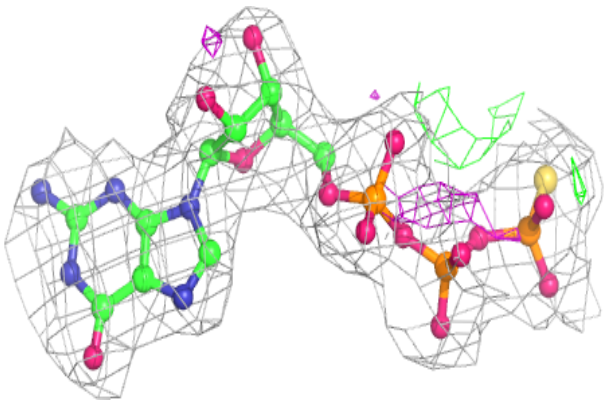


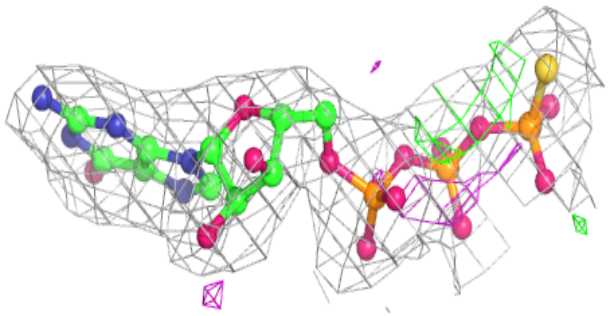


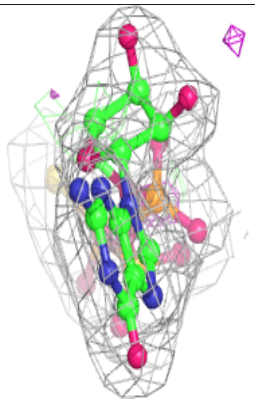


Electron density around GSP C 405:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)







6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.