



# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Dec 10, 2023 – 01:19 am GMT

PDB ID : 2BS4  
Title : GLU C180 -> ILE VARIANT QUINOL:FUMARATE REDUCTASE FROM-  
WOLINELLA SUCCINOGENES  
Authors : Lancaster, C.R.D.  
Deposited on : 2005-05-14  
Resolution : 2.76 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Mogul : 1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)  
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13  
EDS : 2.36  
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)  
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)  
Refmac : 5.8.0158  
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

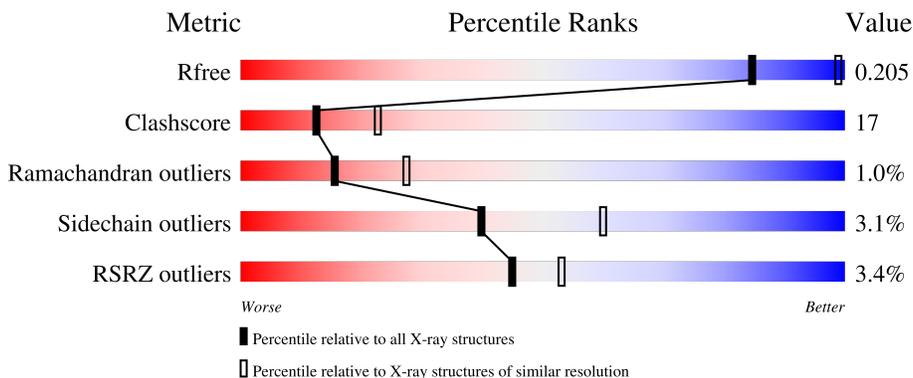
# 1 Overall quality at a glance i

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.76 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	130704	1235 (2.78-2.74)
Clashscore	141614	1277 (2.78-2.74)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1257 (2.78-2.74)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1257 (2.78-2.74)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1207 (2.78-2.74)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	656	 4% 69% 28%
1	D	656	 3% 69% 29%
2	B	239	 % 72% 27%
2	E	239	 % 70% 28%
3	C	256	 7% 64% 33%

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
3	F	256	

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
11	LMT	E	1242	-	-	-	X
5	CIT	A	1657	-	-	X	-
5	CIT	D	1657	-	-	X	X

## 2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 13 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 19050 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called QUINOL-FUMARATE REDUCTASE FLAVOPROTEIN SUBUNIT A.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	A	656	5094	3190	911	961	32	36	0	1
1	D	656	5094	3190	911	961	32	36	0	1

- Molecule 2 is a protein called QUINOL-FUMARATE REDUCTASE IRON-SULFUR SUBUNIT B.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
2	B	239	1894	1194	322	355	23	6	0	0
2	E	239	1894	1194	322	355	23	6	0	0

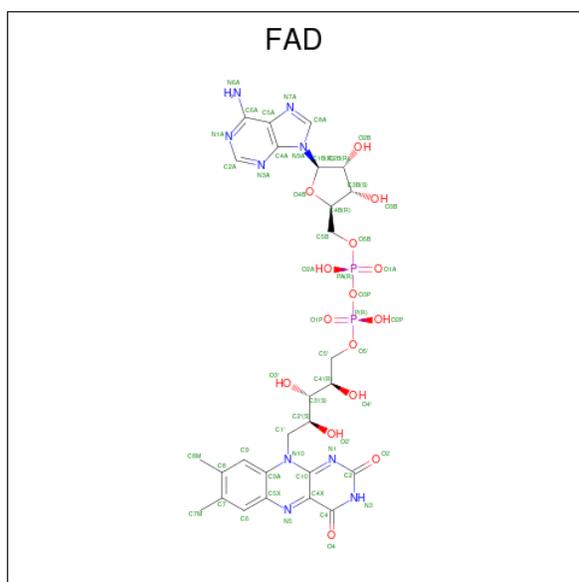
- Molecule 3 is a protein called QUINOL-FUMARATE REDUCTASE DIHEME CYTOCHROME B SUBUNIT C.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
3	C	255	2080	1389	334	343	14	15	0	1
3	F	255	2080	1389	334	343	14	15	0	1

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

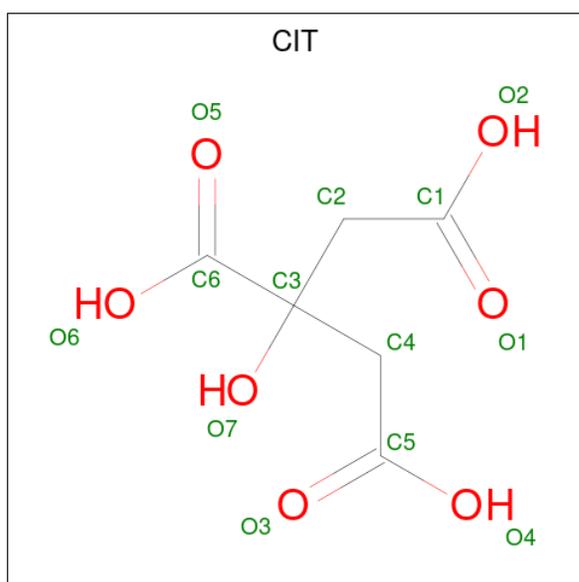
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
C	180	ILE	GLU	conflict	UNP P17413
F	180	ILE	GLU	conflict	UNP P17413

- Molecule 4 is FLAVIN-ADENINE DINUCLEOTIDE (three-letter code: FAD) (formula:  $C_{27}H_{33}N_9O_{15}P_2$ ).



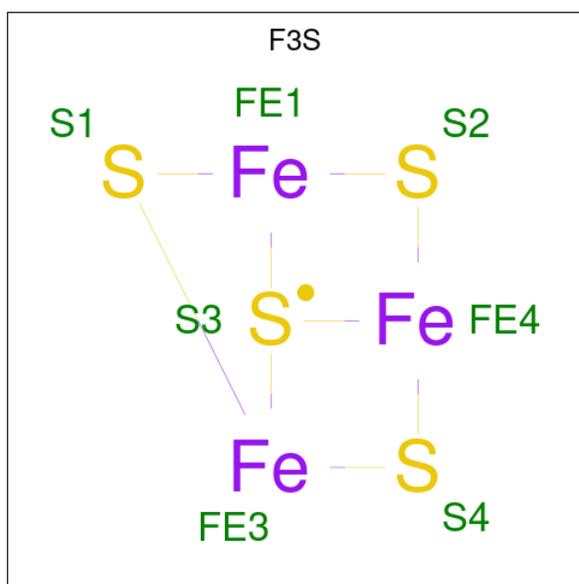
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf		
			Total	C	N	O			P	
4	A	1	Total	53	27	9	15	2	0	0
4	D	1	Total	53	27	9	15	2	0	0

- Molecule 5 is CITRIC ACID (three-letter code: CIT) (formula:  $C_6H_8O_7$ ).



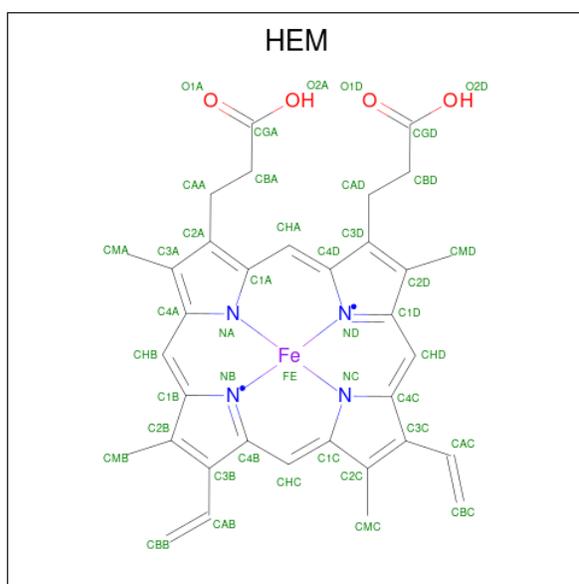
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf		
			Total	C O				
5	A	1	Total	13	6	7	0	0
5	D	1	Total	13	6	7	0	0

- Molecule 6 is FE3-S4 CLUSTER (three-letter code: F3S) (formula: Fe<sub>3</sub>S<sub>4</sub>).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf		
6	B	1	Total	Fe	S	0	0
			7	3	4		
6	E	1	Total	Fe	S	0	0
			7	3	4		

- Molecule 7 is PROTOPORPHYRIN IX CONTAINING FE (three-letter code: HEM) (formula: C<sub>34</sub>H<sub>32</sub>FeN<sub>4</sub>O<sub>4</sub>).

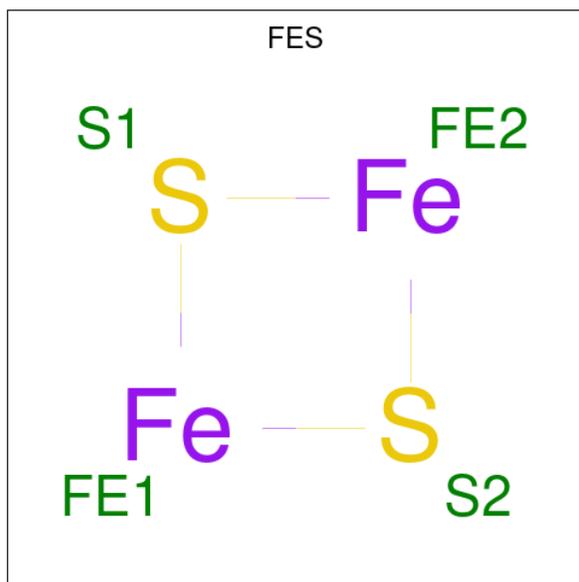


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	
7	C	1	Total	C	Fe	N	O	0	0
			43	34	1	4	4		
7	C	1	Total	C	Fe	N	O	0	0
			43	34	1	4	4		
7	F	1	Total	C	Fe	N	O	0	0
			43	34	1	4	4		
7	F	1	Total	C	Fe	N	O	0	0
			43	34	1	4	4		

- Molecule 8 is SODIUM ION (three-letter code: NA) (formula: Na).

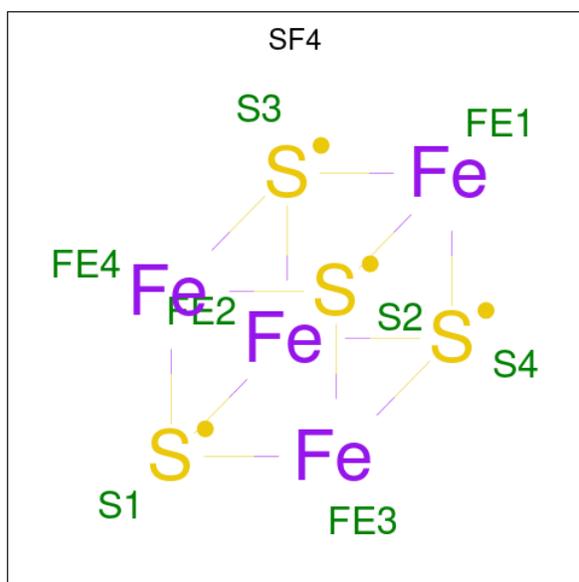
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	D	1	Total	Na	0	0
			1	1		
8	E	1	Total	Na	0	0
			1	1		

- Molecule 9 is FE2/S2 (INORGANIC) CLUSTER (three-letter code: FES) (formula: Fe<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>).



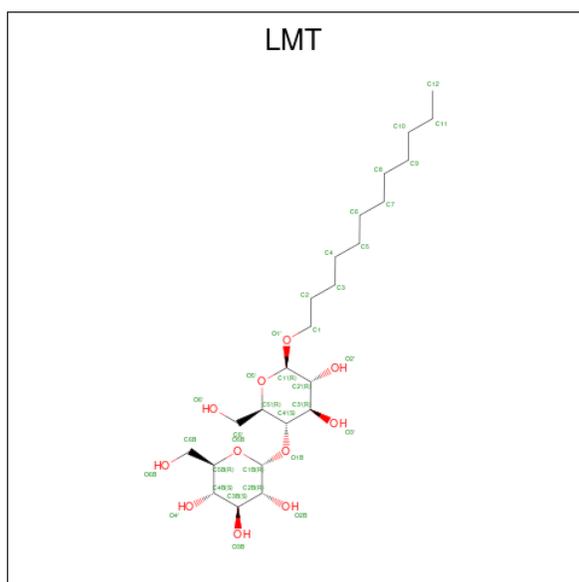
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
9	E	1	Total	Fe	S	0	0
			4	2	2		
9	E	1	Total	Fe	S	0	0
			4	2	2		

- Molecule 10 is IRON/SULFUR CLUSTER (three-letter code: SF4) (formula: Fe<sub>4</sub>S<sub>4</sub>).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
10	E	1	Total Fe S 8 4 4	0	0
10	E	1	Total Fe S 8 4 4	0	0

- Molecule 11 is DODECYL-BETA-D-MALTOSE (three-letter code: LMT) (formula:  $C_{24}H_{46}O_{11}$ ).



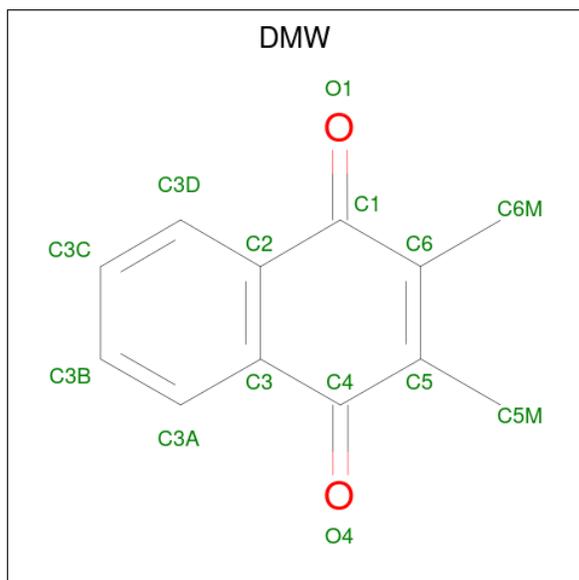
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
11	E	1	Total C O 35 24 11	16	0

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Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
11	F	1	Total	C	O	16	0
			35	24	11		

- Molecule 12 is 2,3-DIMETHYL-1,4-NAPHTHOQUINONE (three-letter code: DMW) (formula: C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>10</sub>O<sub>2</sub>).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
12	E	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			14	12	2		
12	F	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			14	12	2		

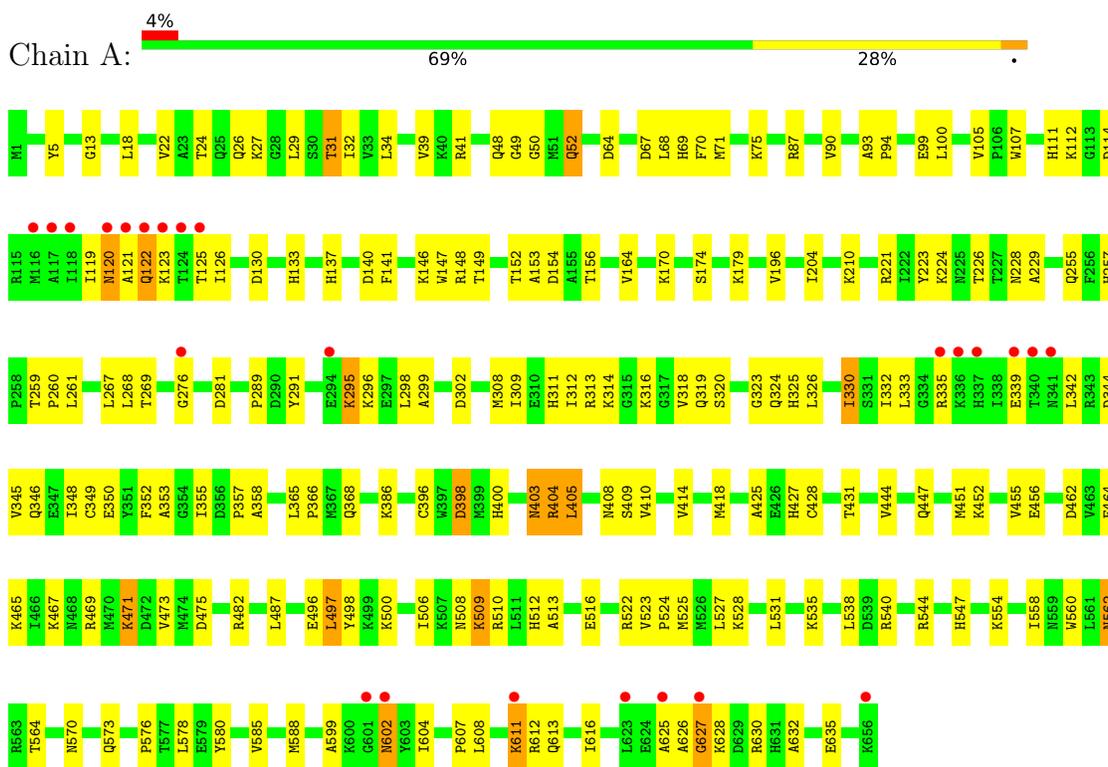
- Molecule 13 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
13	A	136	Total	O	0	0
			136	136		
13	B	73	Total	O	0	0
			73	73		
13	C	24	Total	O	0	0
			24	24		
13	D	137	Total	O	0	0
			137	137		
13	E	76	Total	O	0	0
			76	76		
13	F	26	Total	O	0	0
			26	26		

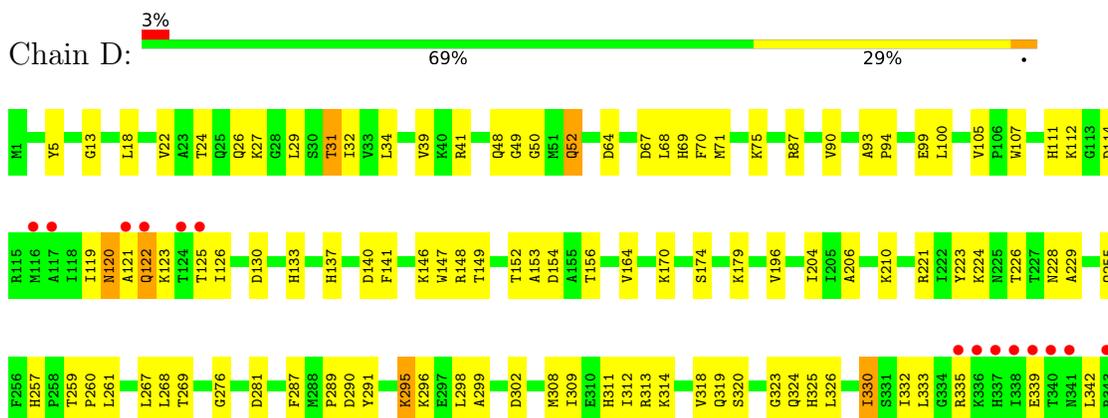
### 3 Residue-property plots

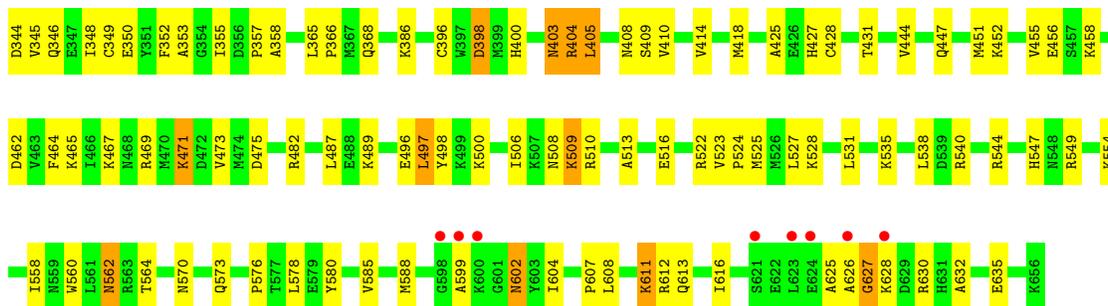
These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

#### • Molecule 1: QUINOL-FUMARATE REDUCTASE FLAVOPROTEIN SUBUNIT A

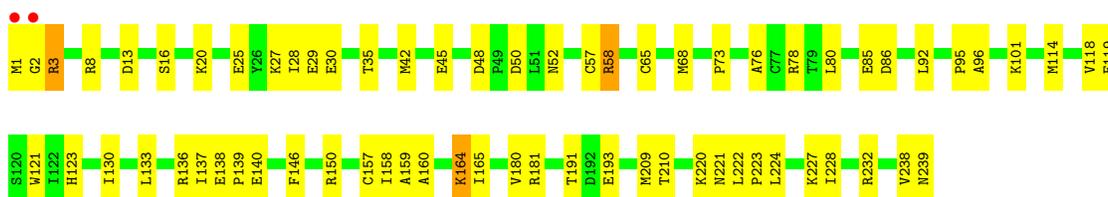


#### • Molecule 1: QUINOL-FUMARATE REDUCTASE FLAVOPROTEIN SUBUNIT A

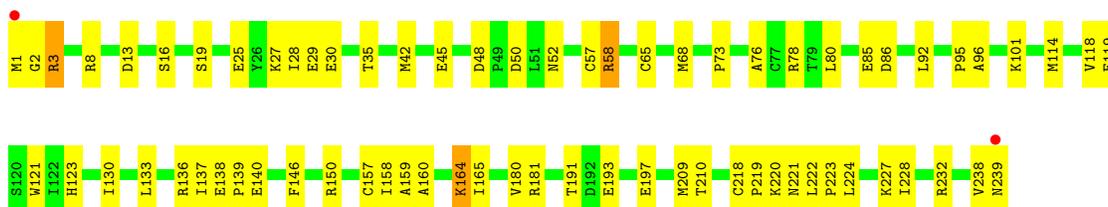




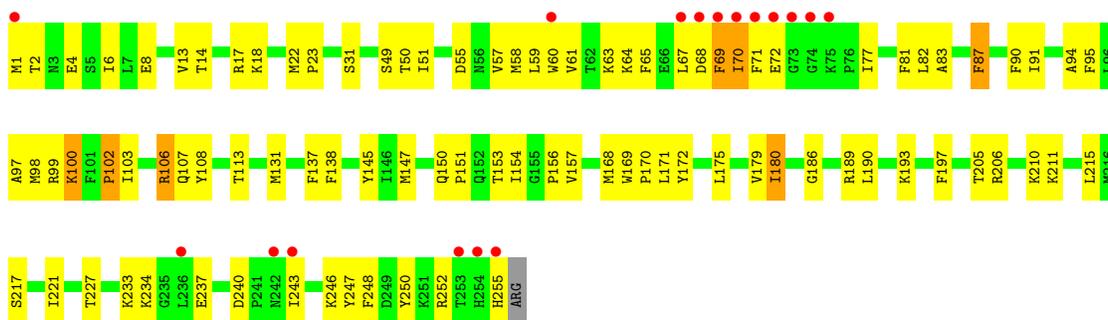
• Molecule 2: QUINOL-FUMARATE REDUCTASE IRON-SULFUR SUBUNIT B



• Molecule 2: QUINOL-FUMARATE REDUCTASE IRON-SULFUR SUBUNIT B

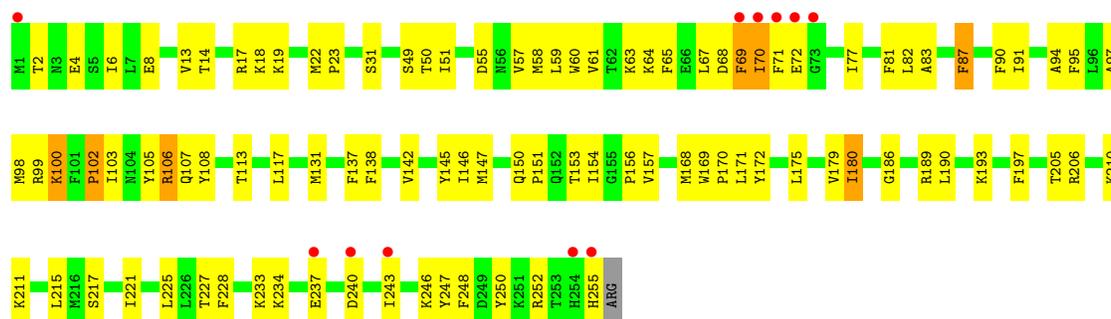


• Molecule 3: QUINOL-FUMARATE REDUCTASE DIHEME CYTOCHROME B SUBUNIT C



• Molecule 3: QUINOL-FUMARATE REDUCTASE DIHEME CYTOCHROME B SUBUNIT C





## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	85.10Å 188.77Å 117.82Å 90.00° 104.47° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	29.65 – 2.76 29.71 – 2.76	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	86.0 (29.65-2.76) 85.9 (29.71-2.76)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.10	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	1.37 (at 2.76Å)	Xtrriage
Refinement program	CNS 1.1	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.200 , 0.216 0.191 , 0.205	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	1000 reflections (1.26%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	36.9	Xtrriage
Anisotropy	0.274	Xtrriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.29 , 49.8	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.46$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.29$	Xtrriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtrriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.92	EDS
Total number of atoms	19050	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	38.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtrriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.77% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

## 5 Model quality [i](#)

### 5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: CIT, F3S, SF4, DMW, FAD, NA, FES, LMT, HEM

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# $ Z  > 5$	RMSZ	# $ Z  > 5$
1	A	0.35	0/5190	0.62	0/6998
1	D	0.35	0/5190	0.62	0/6998
2	B	0.37	0/1931	0.62	0/2604
2	E	0.37	0/1931	0.62	0/2604
3	C	0.39	0/2146	0.55	1/2905 (0.0%)
3	F	0.39	0/2146	0.55	1/2905 (0.0%)
All	All	0.36	0/18534	0.61	2/25014 (0.0%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed( $^{\circ}$ )	Ideal( $^{\circ}$ )
3	C	102	PRO	N-CA-C	-6.14	96.14	112.10
3	F	102	PRO	N-CA-C	-6.14	96.15	112.10

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	5094	0	5069	169	0
1	D	5094	0	5069	167	0
2	B	1894	0	1861	61	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	E	1894	0	1861	63	0
3	C	2080	0	2106	95	0
3	F	2080	0	2106	97	0
4	A	53	0	29	5	0
4	D	53	0	29	5	0
5	A	13	0	5	9	0
5	D	13	0	5	9	0
6	B	7	0	0	0	0
6	E	7	0	0	0	0
7	C	86	0	60	7	0
7	F	86	0	60	7	0
8	D	1	0	0	0	0
8	E	1	0	0	0	0
9	E	8	0	0	0	0
10	E	16	0	0	0	0
11	E	35	0	46	8	0
11	F	35	0	46	8	0
12	E	14	0	10	0	0
12	F	14	0	10	0	0
13	A	136	0	0	1	0
13	B	73	0	0	1	0
13	C	24	0	0	2	0
13	D	137	0	0	1	0
13	E	76	0	0	1	0
13	F	26	0	0	2	0
All	All	19050	0	18372	616	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 17.

The worst 5 of 616 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
3:C:103:ILE:HD12	3:F:103:ILE:CD1	1.70	1.22
3:C:103:ILE:CD1	3:F:103:ILE:HD12	1.70	1.21
1:D:112:LYS:HG3	1:D:130:ASP:HA	1.56	0.87
1:A:289:PRO:HG3	1:A:296:LYS:HG2	1.55	0.86
1:D:289:PRO:HG3	1:D:296:LYS:HG2	1.55	0.86

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	654/656 (100%)	613 (94%)	34 (5%)	7 (1%)	14	25
1	D	654/656 (100%)	613 (94%)	34 (5%)	7 (1%)	14	25
2	B	237/239 (99%)	220 (93%)	15 (6%)	2 (1%)	19	34
2	E	237/239 (99%)	220 (93%)	15 (6%)	2 (1%)	19	34
3	C	253/256 (99%)	239 (94%)	11 (4%)	3 (1%)	13	23
3	F	253/256 (99%)	239 (94%)	11 (4%)	3 (1%)	13	23
All	All	2288/2302 (99%)	2144 (94%)	120 (5%)	24 (1%)	15	27

5 of 24 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	122	GLN
2	B	3	ARG
3	C	72	GLU
1	D	122	GLN
2	E	3	ARG

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	532/533 (100%)	513 (96%)	19 (4%)	35	55
1	D	532/533 (100%)	513 (96%)	19 (4%)	35	55
2	B	211/211 (100%)	207 (98%)	4 (2%)	57	73

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
2	E	211/211 (100%)	207 (98%)	4 (2%)	57	73
3	C	221/223 (99%)	214 (97%)	7 (3%)	39	59
3	F	221/223 (99%)	214 (97%)	7 (3%)	39	59
All	All	1928/1934 (100%)	1868 (97%)	60 (3%)	40	60

5 of 60 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	C	137	PHE
3	F	87	PHE
1	D	302	ASP
3	F	82	LEU
3	F	180	ILE

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 46 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	D	225	ASN
1	D	430	ASN
1	D	228	ASN
1	D	325	HIS
1	D	547	HIS

### 5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry

Of 20 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 18 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
7	HEM	F	1256	3	41,50,50	1.39	5 (12%)	45,82,82	1.35	5 (11%)
6	F3S	E	1246	2	0,9,9	-	-	-	-	-
9	FES	E	1245	2	0,4,4	-	-	-	-	-
10	SF4	E	1247	2	0,12,12	-	-	-	-	-
12	DMW	F	1258	-	15,15,15	2.28	5 (33%)	22,22,22	0.78	0
7	HEM	C	1256	3	41,50,50	1.39	5 (12%)	45,82,82	1.35	5 (11%)
12	DMW	E	1244	-	15,15,15	2.29	5 (33%)	22,22,22	0.77	0
11	LMT	F	1257	-	36,36,36	1.14	2 (5%)	47,47,47	1.21	4 (8%)
4	FAD	A	1656	1	53,58,58	1.84	13 (24%)	68,89,89	1.29	6 (8%)
4	FAD	D	1656	1	53,58,58	1.85	13 (24%)	68,89,89	1.30	6 (8%)
9	FES	E	1240	2	0,4,4	-	-	-	-	-
6	F3S	B	1240	2	0,9,9	-	-	-	-	-
5	CIT	D	1657	-	12,12,12	0.77	0	17,17,17	1.45	1 (5%)
7	HEM	C	1255	3	41,50,50	1.43	6 (14%)	45,82,82	1.09	4 (8%)
10	SF4	E	1241	2	0,12,12	-	-	-	-	-
11	LMT	E	1242	-	36,36,36	1.14	2 (5%)	47,47,47	1.21	4 (8%)
5	CIT	A	1657	-	12,12,12	0.77	0	17,17,17	1.45	1 (5%)
7	HEM	F	1255	3	41,50,50	1.43	6 (14%)	45,82,82	1.09	4 (8%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
7	HEM	F	1256	3	-	2/12/54/54	-
6	F3S	E	1246	2	-	-	0/3/3/3
9	FES	E	1245	2	-	-	0/1/1/1

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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
10	SF4	E	1247	2	-	-	0/6/5/5
12	DMW	F	1258	-	-	-	0/2/2/2
7	HEM	C	1256	3	-	2/12/54/54	-
12	DMW	E	1244	-	-	-	0/2/2/2
11	LMT	F	1257	-	-	14/21/61/61	0/2/2/2
4	FAD	A	1656	1	-	4/30/50/50	0/6/6/6
4	FAD	D	1656	1	-	4/30/50/50	0/6/6/6
9	FES	E	1240	2	-	-	0/1/1/1
6	F3S	B	1240	2	-	-	0/3/3/3
7	HEM	C	1255	3	-	3/12/54/54	-
5	CIT	D	1657	-	-	0/16/16/16	-
10	SF4	E	1241	2	-	-	0/6/5/5
11	LMT	E	1242	-	-	14/21/61/61	0/2/2/2
5	CIT	A	1657	-	-	0/16/16/16	-
7	HEM	F	1255	3	-	3/12/54/54	-

The worst 5 of 62 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
4	D	1656	FAD	C1'-C2'	4.76	1.59	1.52
4	A	1656	FAD	C1'-C2'	4.72	1.59	1.52
12	E	1244	DMW	C3A-C3	4.54	1.47	1.39
12	F	1258	DMW	C3A-C3	4.51	1.47	1.39
4	D	1656	FAD	O4B-C1B	4.24	1.47	1.41

The worst 5 of 40 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
7	C	1256	HEM	CBA-CAA-C2A	4.64	120.54	112.62
7	F	1256	HEM	CBA-CAA-C2A	4.64	120.54	112.62
11	E	1242	LMT	C1-O1'-C1'	4.47	121.26	113.84
11	F	1257	LMT	C1-O1'-C1'	4.47	121.26	113.84
5	A	1657	CIT	O6-C6-C3	4.24	120.41	113.05

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 46 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	A	1656	FAD	PA-O3P-P-O5'
4	D	1656	FAD	PA-O3P-P-O5'

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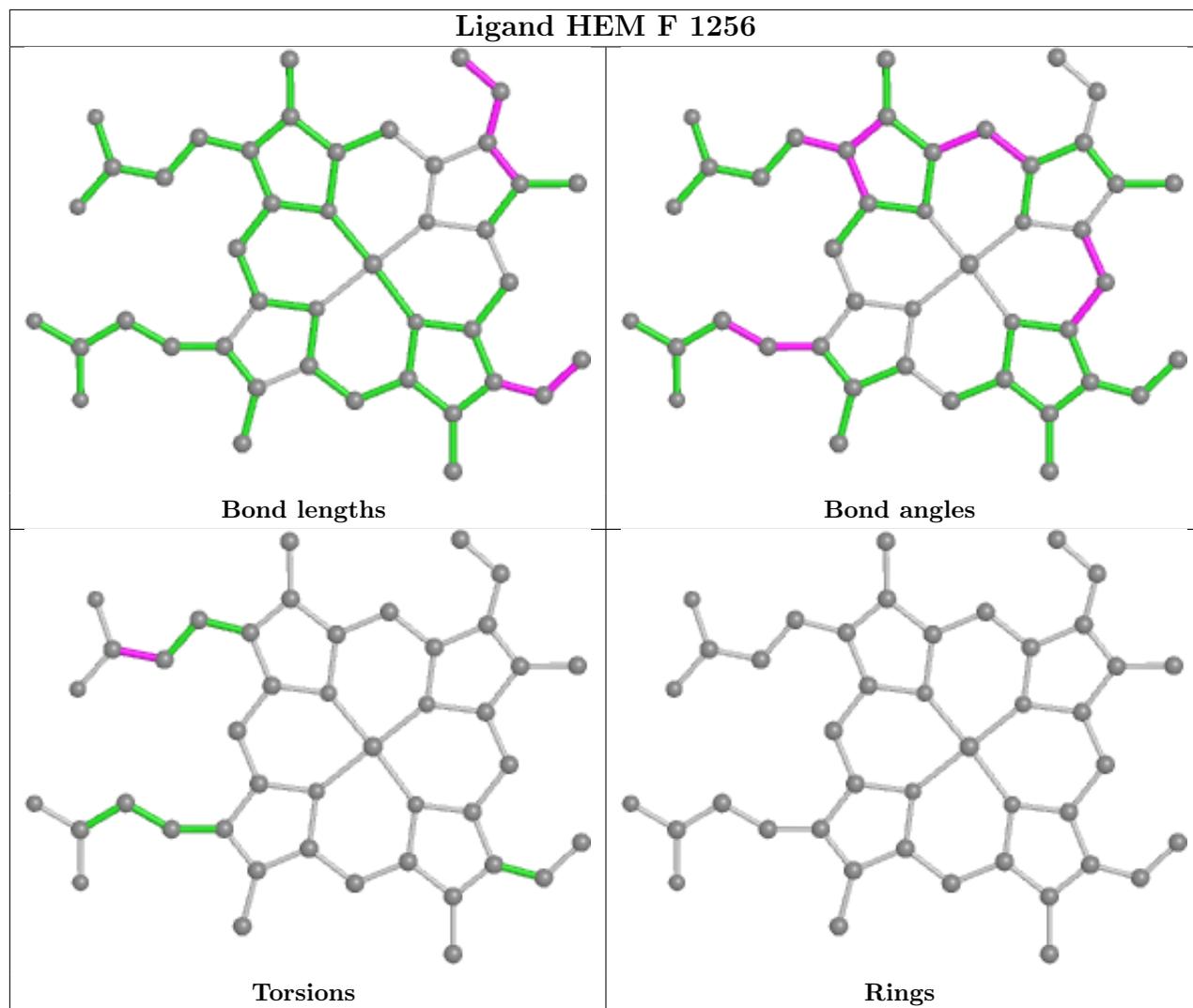
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
11	E	1242	LMT	O5'-C5'-C6'-O6'
11	F	1257	LMT	O5'-C5'-C6'-O6'
11	E	1242	LMT	C4'-C5'-C6'-O6'

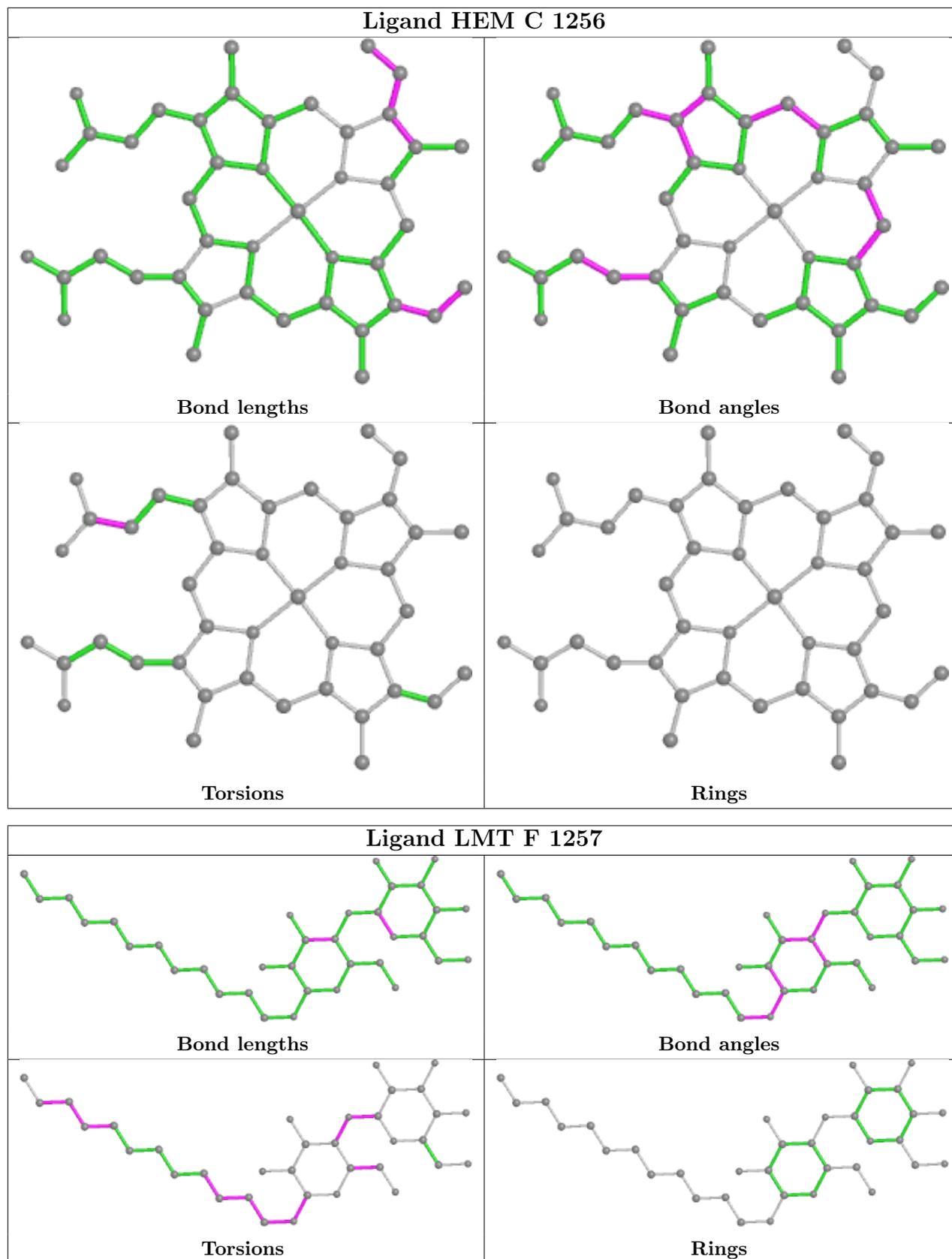
There are no ring outliers.

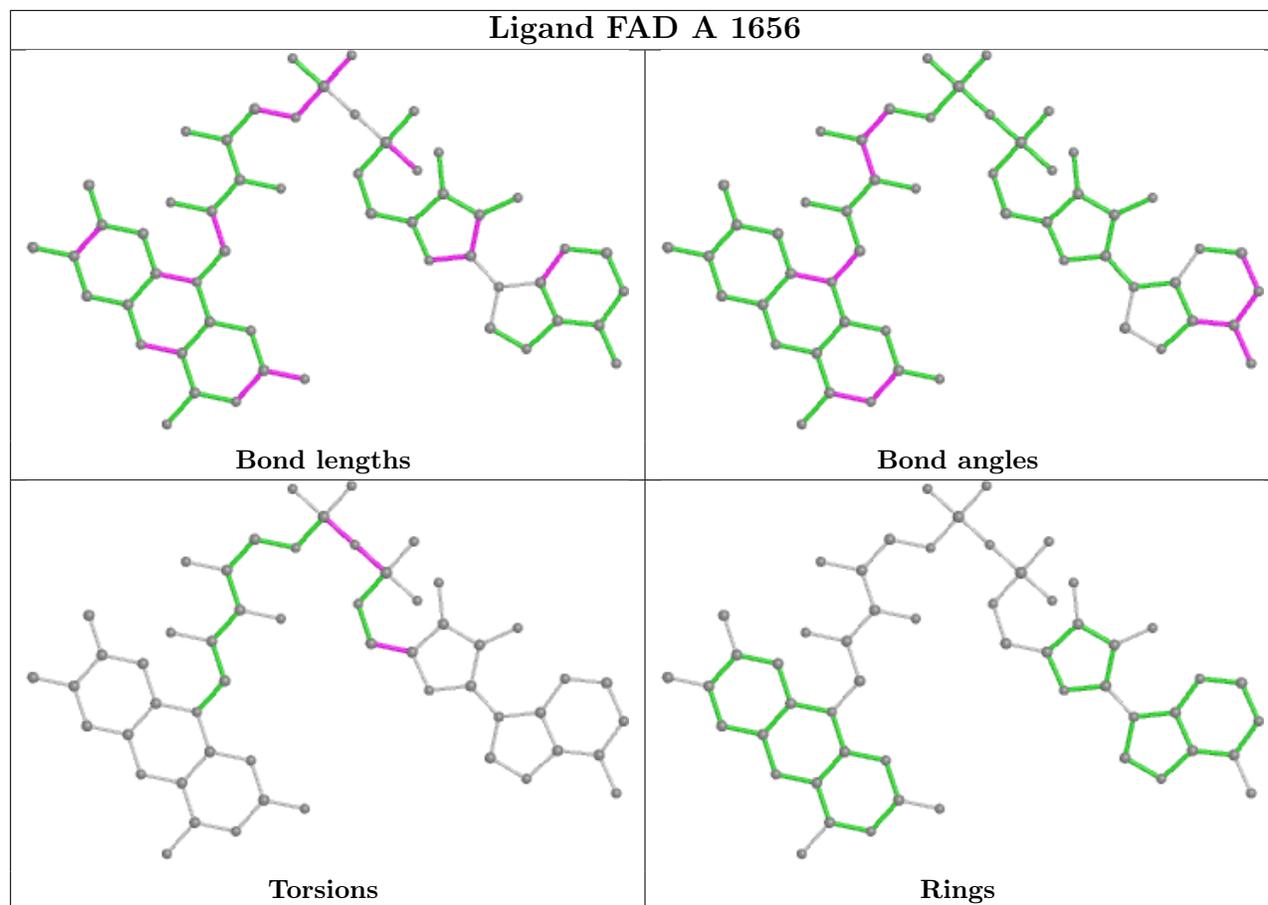
10 monomers are involved in 54 short contacts:

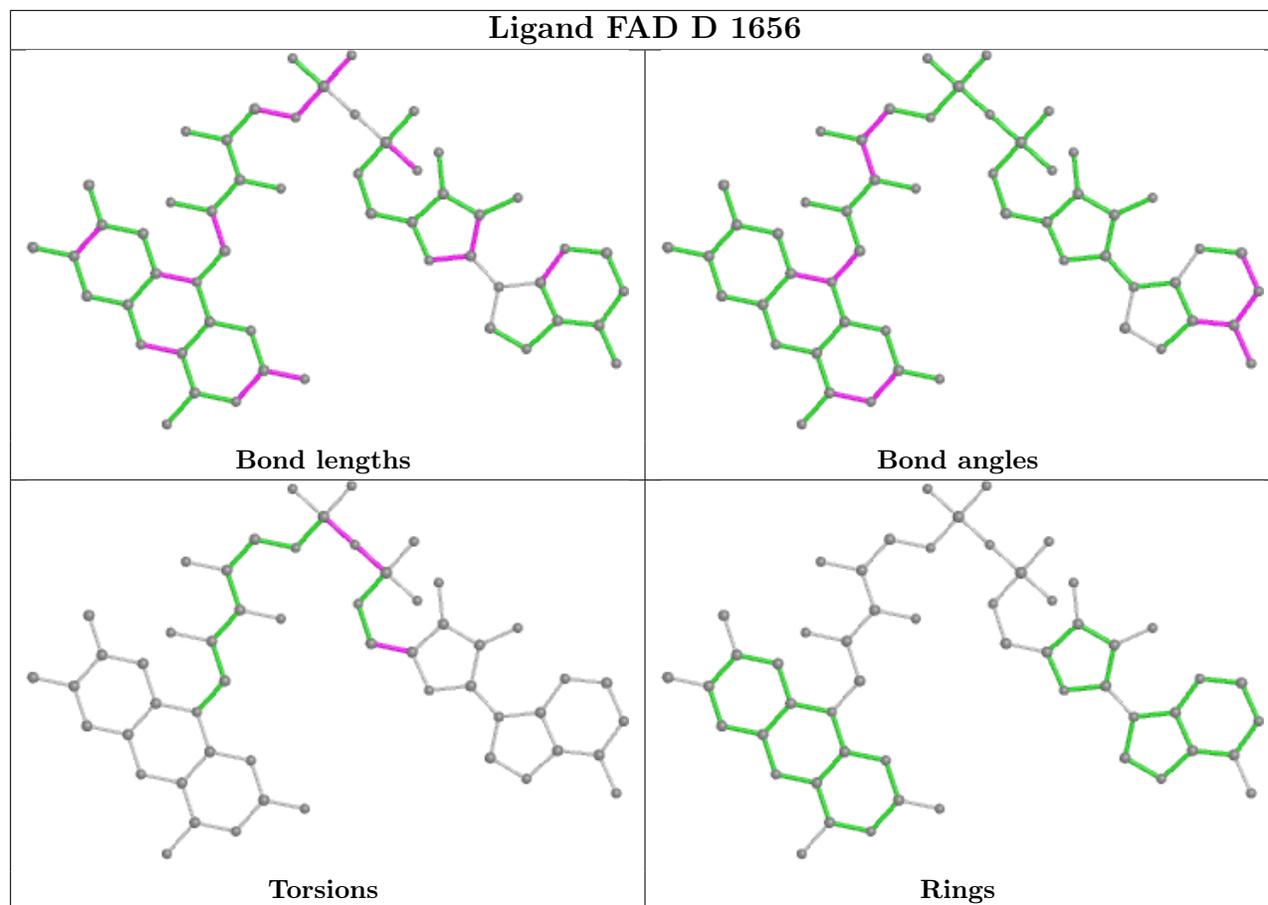
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
7	F	1256	HEM	4	0
7	C	1256	HEM	4	0
11	F	1257	LMT	8	0
4	A	1656	FAD	5	0
4	D	1656	FAD	5	0
5	D	1657	CIT	9	0
7	C	1255	HEM	3	0
11	E	1242	LMT	8	0
5	A	1657	CIT	9	0
7	F	1255	HEM	3	0

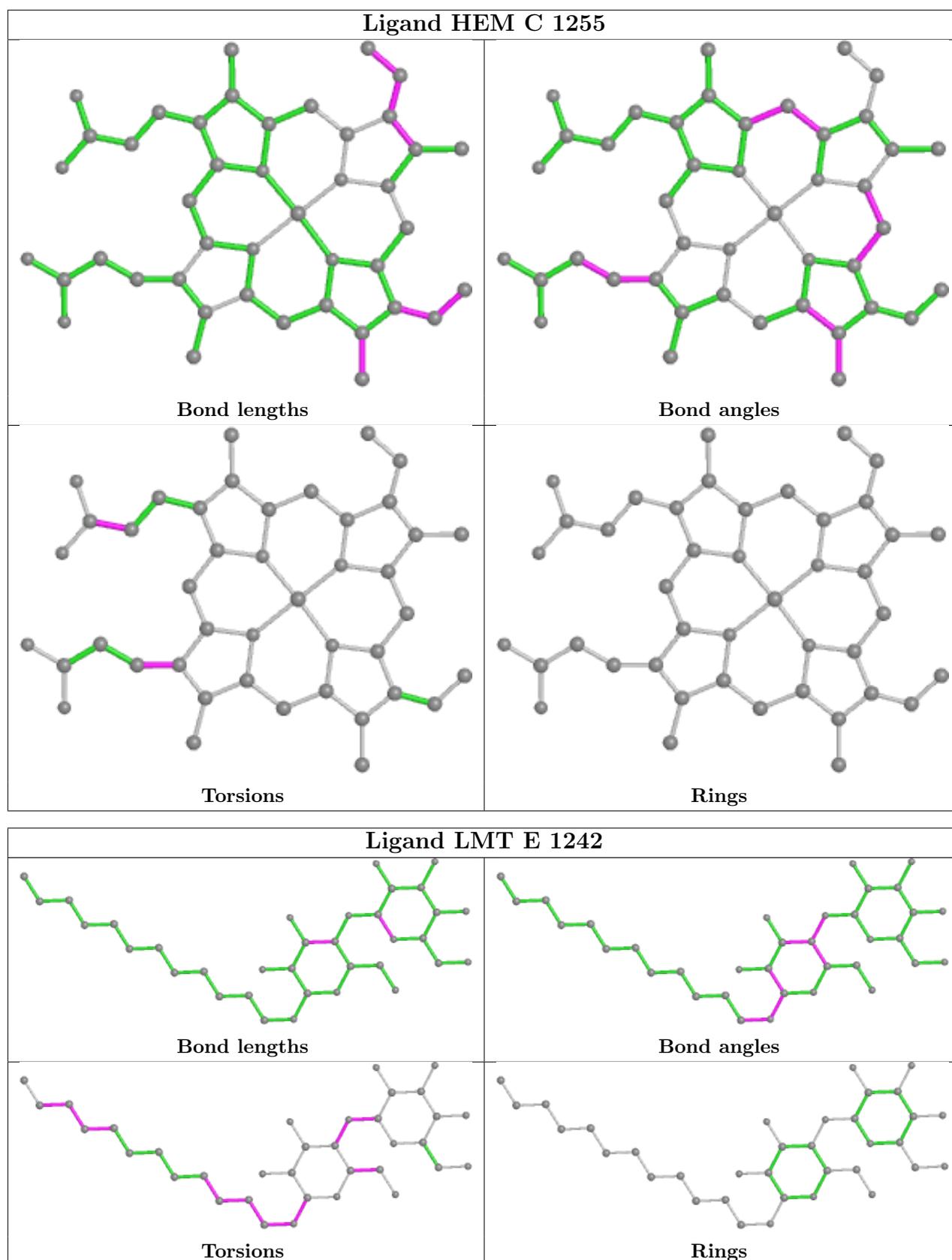
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

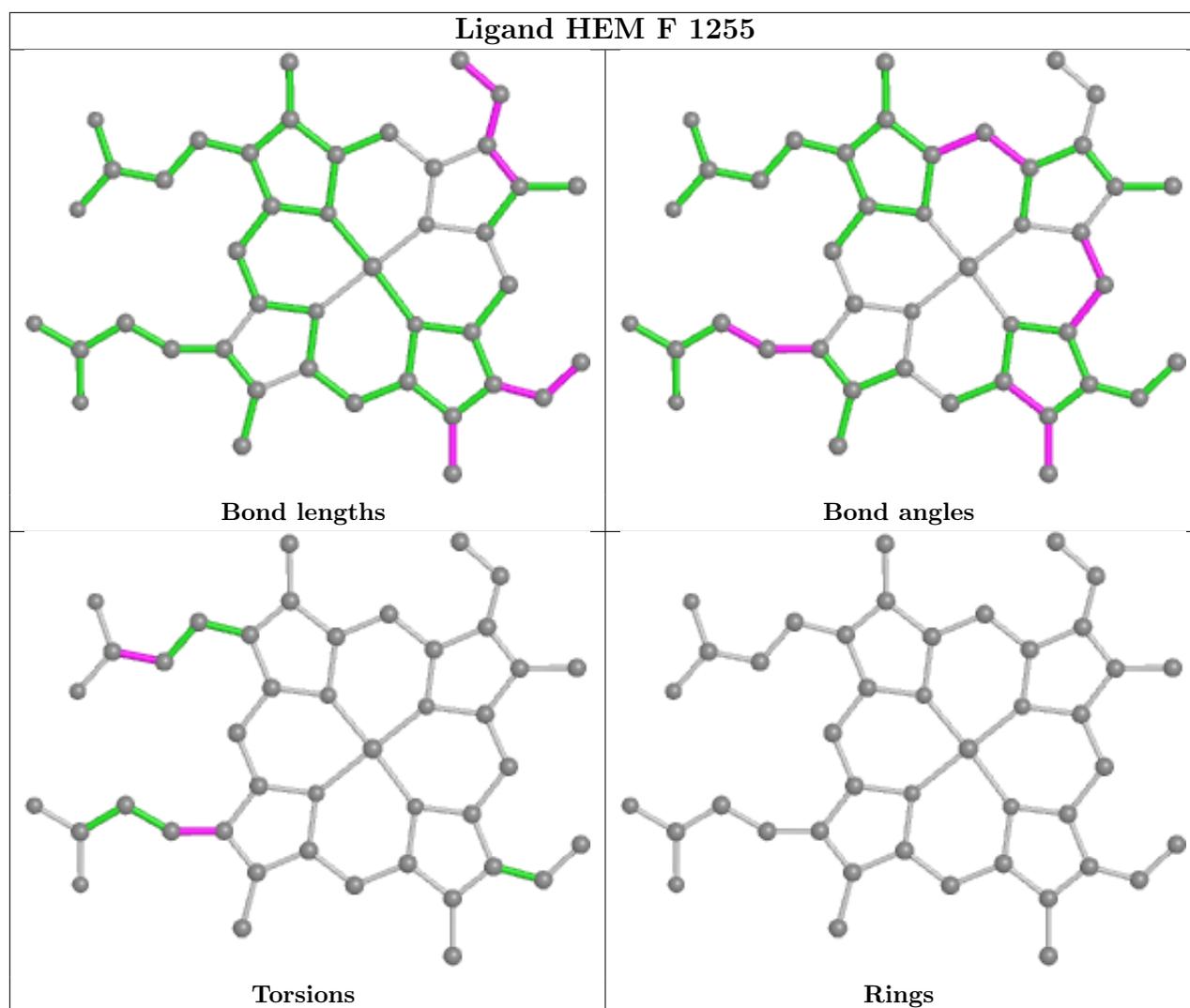












## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ > 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q < 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	656/656 (100%)	-0.37	24 (3%) 41 49	16, 34, 71, 91	15 (2%)
1	D	656/656 (100%)	-0.36	22 (3%) 45 53	16, 34, 71, 91	15 (2%)
2	B	239/239 (100%)	-0.50	2 (0%) 86 90	17, 27, 49, 88	2 (0%)
2	E	239/239 (100%)	-0.50	2 (0%) 86 90	17, 27, 49, 88	2 (0%)
3	C	255/256 (99%)	-0.08	17 (6%) 17 21	22, 44, 76, 100	10 (3%)
3	F	255/256 (99%)	-0.18	11 (4%) 35 42	22, 44, 76, 100	10 (3%)
All	All	2300/2302 (99%)	-0.34	78 (3%) 45 53	16, 34, 72, 100	54 (2%)

The worst 5 of 78 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	D	122	GLN	6.0
2	E	1	MET	5.9
2	B	1	MET	5.7
3	C	71	PHE	4.9
3	C	254	HIS	4.8

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 6.4 Ligands

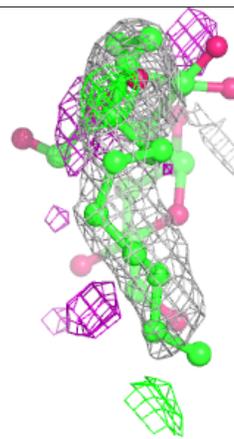
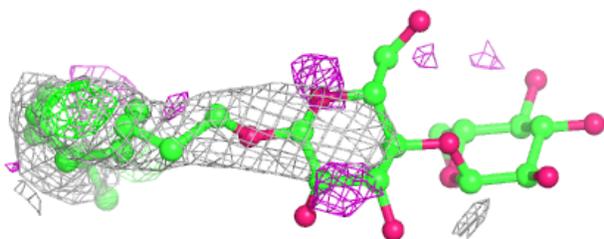
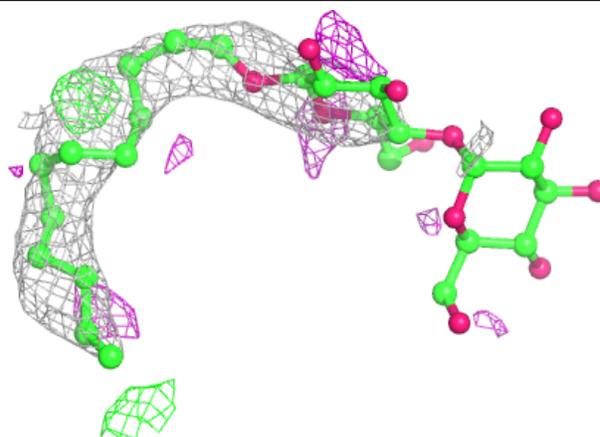
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
11	LMT	E	1242	35/35	0.77	0.42	60,65,68,68	16
5	CIT	D	1657	13/13	0.79	0.43	24,28,34,35	13
5	CIT	A	1657	13/13	0.79	0.39	24,28,34,35	13
11	LMT	F	1257	35/35	0.85	0.32	60,65,68,68	16
12	DMW	E	1244	14/14	0.85	0.70	27,28,29,30	14
12	DMW	F	1258	14/14	0.90	0.52	27,28,29,30	14
8	NA	E	1243	1/1	0.93	0.10	17,17,17,17	0
8	NA	D	1658	1/1	0.95	0.12	17,17,17,17	0
7	HEM	C	1255	43/43	0.96	0.17	29,36,39,44	0
7	HEM	F	1255	43/43	0.97	0.14	29,36,39,44	0
4	FAD	A	1656	53/53	0.98	0.12	12,20,23,26	0
9	FES	E	1240	4/4	0.98	0.10	19,20,21,21	0
7	HEM	C	1256	43/43	0.98	0.15	39,44,45,46	0
4	FAD	D	1656	53/53	0.98	0.13	12,20,23,26	0
7	HEM	F	1256	43/43	0.98	0.16	39,44,45,46	0
6	F3S	E	1246	7/7	0.98	0.11	22,23,24,26	0
6	F3S	B	1240	7/7	0.99	0.12	22,23,24,26	0
9	FES	E	1245	4/4	0.99	0.09	19,20,21,21	0
10	SF4	E	1241	8/8	0.99	0.07	18,21,22,22	0
10	SF4	E	1247	8/8	0.99	0.08	18,21,22,22	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

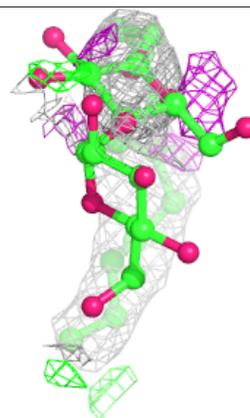
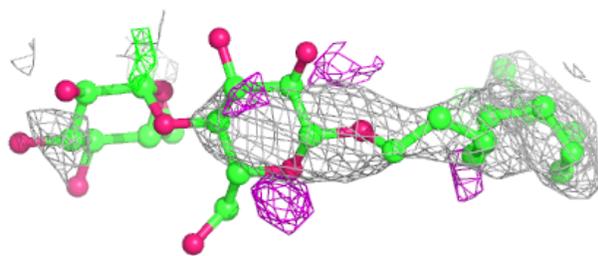
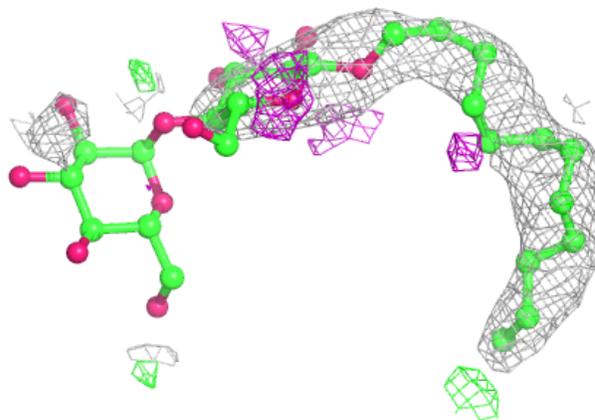
**Electron density around LMT E 1242:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rnsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rnsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)



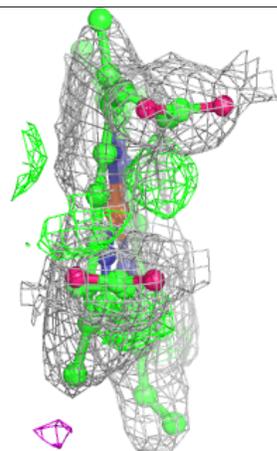
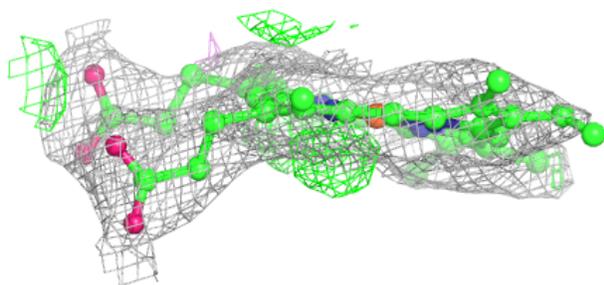
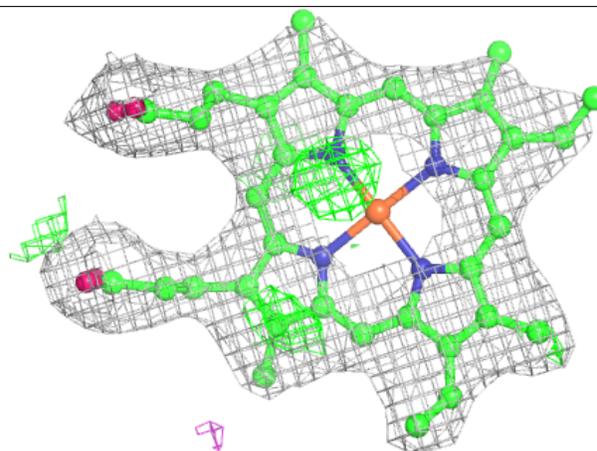
**Electron density around LMT F 1257:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)



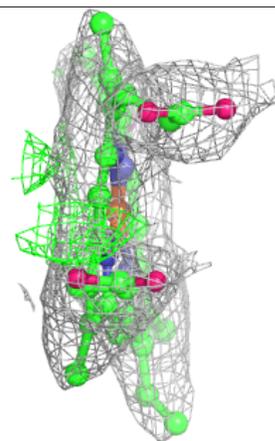
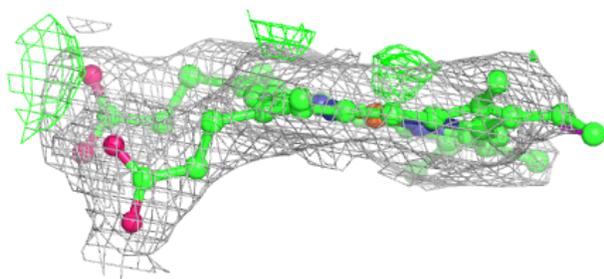
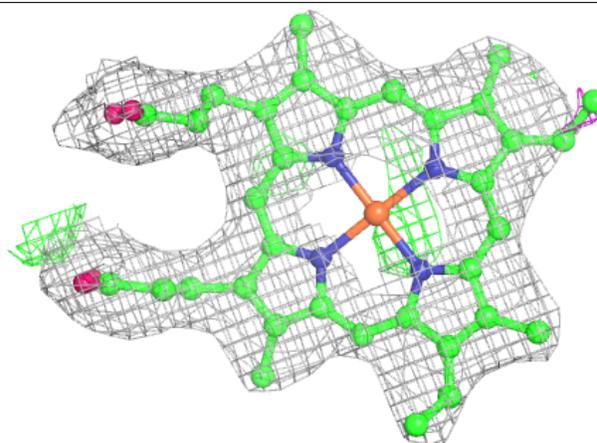
**Electron density around HEM C 1255:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)

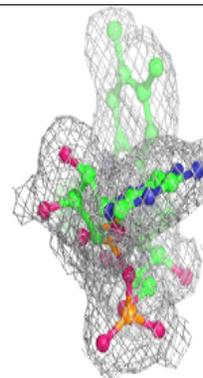
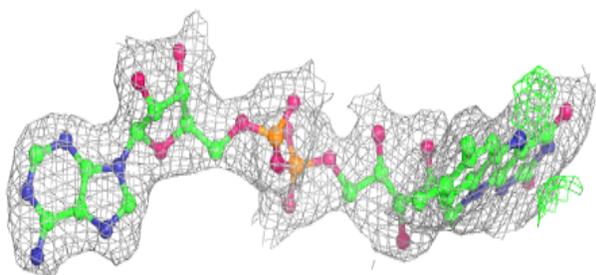
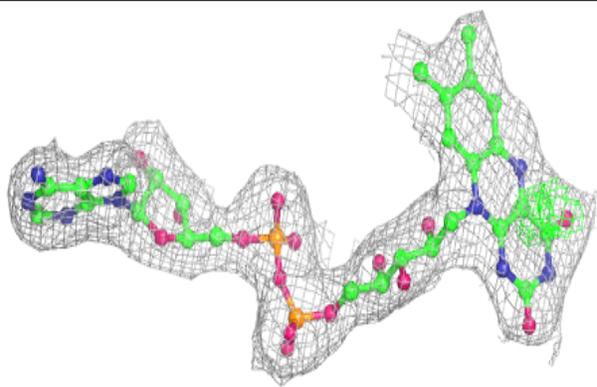


**Electron density around HEM F 1255:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)

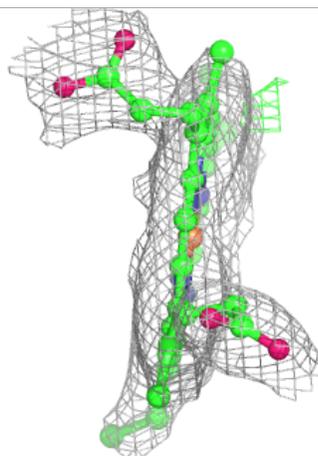
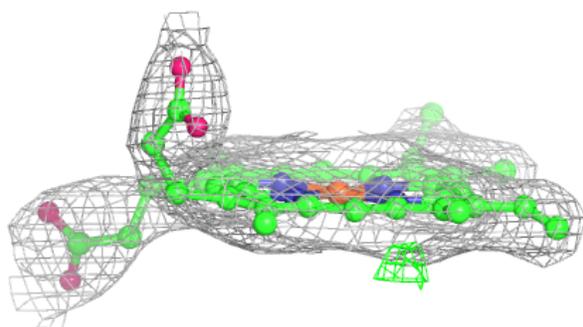
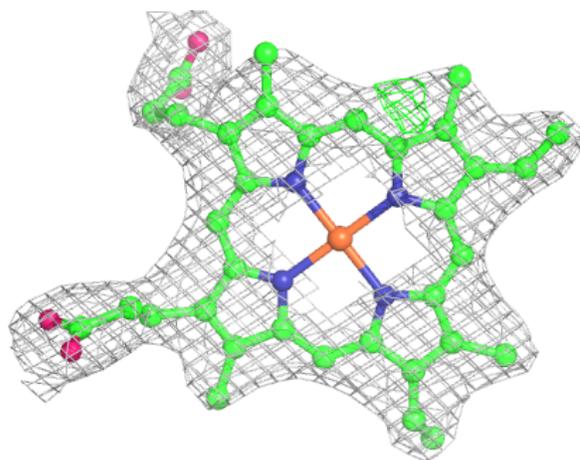
**Electron density around FAD A 1656:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)



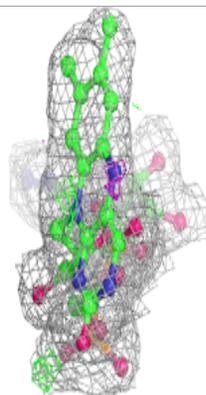
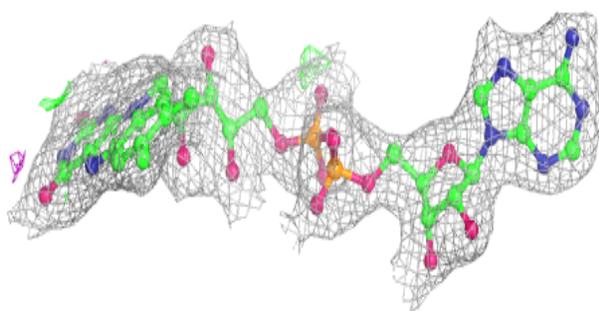
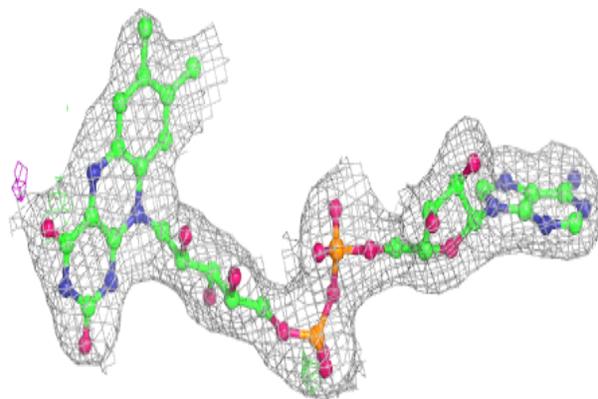
**Electron density around HEM C 1256:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)

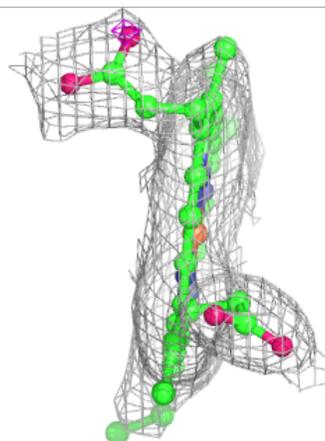
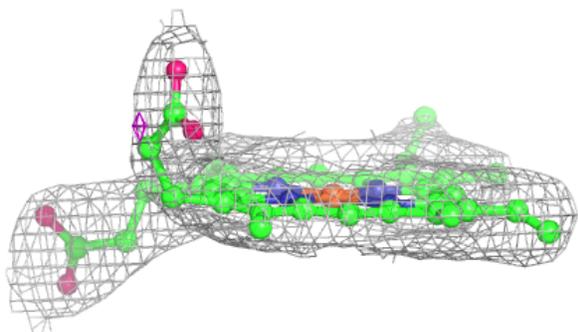
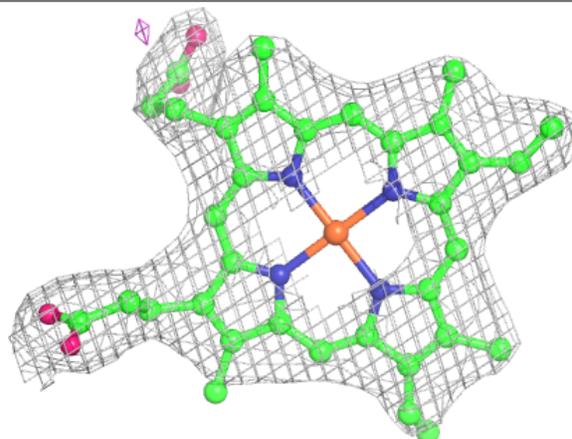


**Electron density around FAD D 1656:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)

**Electron density around HEM F 1256:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)



## 6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.