Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report (i)

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PDB ID	:	6BF5
BMRB ID	:	30366
Title	:	Solution structure of de novo macrocycle design7.3a
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This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at
http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

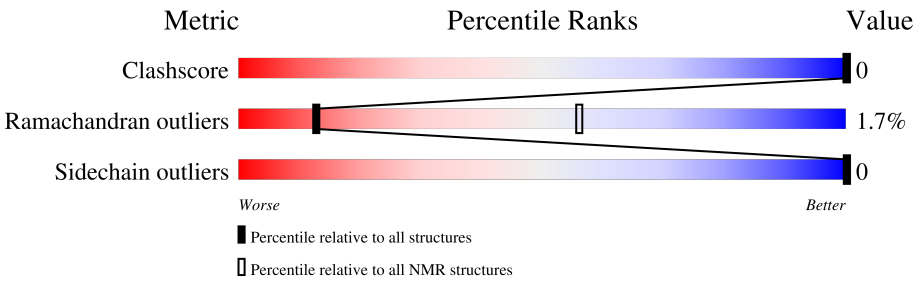
Cyrange	:	Kirchner and Güntert (2011)
NmrClust	:	Kelley et al. (1996)
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
wwPDB-RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
wwPDB-ShiftChecker	:	v1.2
BMRB Restraints Analysis	:	v1.2
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.36

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 44%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	7	100%

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA and RNA chains that are outliers for geometric criteria:

Mol	Chain	Compound	Res	Total models with violations	
				Chirality	Geometry
1	A	DTH	6	20	-

2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 20 models.

Cyrange was unable to find well-defined residues.

Error message: The number of core atoms (3) was below the domain threshold value (8).

NmrClust was unable to cluster the ensemble.

Error message: Wrapper check: not enough residues in core to run NmrClust

3 Entry composition (i)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 105 atoms, of which 50 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called QDP(DPR)K(DTH)(DAS).

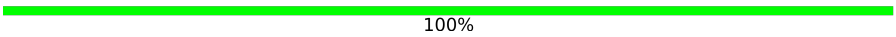
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	
1	A	7	105	33	50	9	13	0

4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: QDP(DPR)K(DTH)(DAS)

Chain A: 

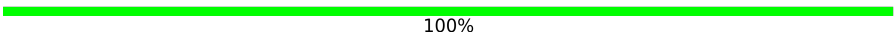
There are no outlier residues in this chain.

4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1

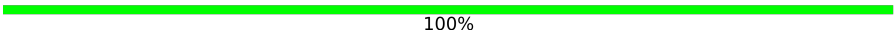
• Molecule 1: QDP(DPR)K(DTH)(DAS)

Chain A: 

There are no outlier residues in this chain.

4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2

• Molecule 1: QDP(DPR)K(DTH)(DAS)

Chain A: 

There are no outlier residues in this chain.

4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

• Molecule 1: QDP(DPR)K(DTH)(DAS)

Chain A:

4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

- Molecule 1: QDP(DPR)K(DTH)(DAS)

Chain A:

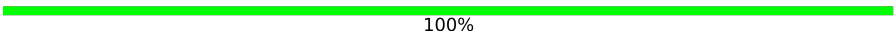
4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

- Molecule 1: QDP(DPR)K(DTH)(DAS)

Chain A:

4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

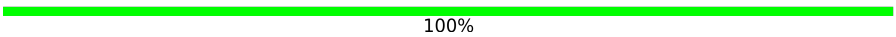
- Molecule 1: QDP(DPR)K(DTH)(DAS)

Chain A: 

There are no outlier residues in this chain.

4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7

- Molecule 1: QDP(DPR)K(DTH)(DAS)

Chain A: 

There are no outlier residues in this chain.

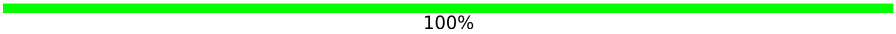
4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

- Molecule 1: QDP(DPR)K(DTH)(DAS)

Chain A:

4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

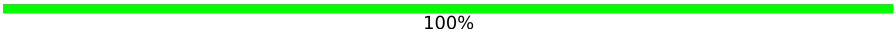
- Molecule 1: QDP(DPR)K(DTH)(DAS)

Chain A: 

There are no outlier residues in this chain.

4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

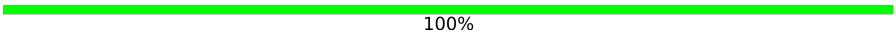
- Molecule 1: QDP(DPR)K(DTH)(DAS)

Chain A: 

There are no outlier residues in this chain.

4.2.11 Score per residue for model 11

- Molecule 1: QDP(DPR)K(DTH)(DAS)

Chain A: 

There are no outlier residues in this chain.

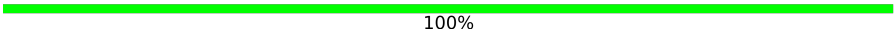
4.2.12 Score per residue for model 12

- Molecule 1: QDP(DPR)K(DTH)(DAS)

Chain A:

4.2.13 Score per residue for model 13

- Molecule 1: QDP(DPR)K(DTH)(DAS)

Chain A: 

There are no outlier residues in this chain.

4.2.14 Score per residue for model 14

• Molecule 1: QDP(DPR)K(DTH)(DAS)

Chain A: 100%

There are no outlier residues in this chain.

4.2.15 Score per residue for model 15

• Molecule 1: QDP(DPR)K(DTH)(DAS)

Chain A: 86% 14%

4.2.16 Score per residue for model 16

• Molecule 1: QDP(DPR)K(DTH)(DAS)

Chain A: 100%

There are no outlier residues in this chain.

4.2.17 Score per residue for model 17

• Molecule 1: QDP(DPR)K(DTH)(DAS)

Chain A: 100%

There are no outlier residues in this chain.

4.2.18 Score per residue for model 18

• Molecule 1: QDP(DPR)K(DTH)(DAS)

Chain A: 100%

There are no outlier residues in this chain.

4.2.19 Score per residue for model 19

- Molecule 1: QDP(DPR)K(DTH)(DAS)

Chain A:

There are no outlier residues in this chain.

4.2.20 Score per residue for model 20

- Molecule 1: QDP(DPR)K(DTH)(DAS)

Chain A:

5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

The models were refined using the following method: *molecular dynamics*.

Of the 200 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	**Classification**	**Version**
GROMACS	refinement	2016.1
X-PLOR NIH	structure calculation	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	37
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	37
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	44%

6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: DPR, DAS, DTH

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5
1	A	0.53±0.04	0±0/32 (0.0± 0.0%)	1.62±0.31	0±1/40 (1.0± 1.8%)
All	All	0.53	0/640 (0.0%)	1.65	8/800 (1.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	Chirality	Planarity
1	A	1.0±0.0	0.1±0.2
All	All	20	1

There are no bond-length outliers.

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	2	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	7.23	124.81	118.30	5	2
1	A	2	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	-6.88	112.11	118.30	4	3
1	A	1	GLN	O-C-N	-5.92	113.23	122.70	20	1
1	A	2	ASP	OD1-CG-OD2	-5.62	112.62	123.30	5	1
1	A	3	PRO	N-CA-CB	5.52	109.92	103.30	5	1

All unique chiral outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Models (Total)
1	A	6	DTH	CB	20

All unique planar outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group	Models (Total)
1	A	1	GLN	Peptide	1

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
All	All	1100	1000	958	-

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is -.

There are no clashes.

6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	3/7 (43%)	3±1 (85±25%)	0±1 (13±24%)	0±0 (2±7%)	13	56
All	All	60/140 (43%)	51 (85%)	8 (13%)	1 (2%)	13	56

All 1 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	3	PRO	1

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	4/4 (100%)	4±0 (100±0%)	0±0 (0±0%)	100	100
All	All	80/80 (100%)	80 (100%)	0 (0%)	100	100

There are no protein residues with a non-rotameric sidechain to report.

6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

3 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	DTH	A	6	1	1±0,1,2,3	-	-

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

All unique chiral outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Models (Total)
1	A	6	DTH	CB	20

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 44% for the well-defined parts and 44% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *survivor_2_bmrb.txt*

7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	37
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	37
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

No chemical shift referencing corrections were calculated (not enough data).

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 44%, i.e. 24 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 54. 0 out of 0 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	**^{1}H**	**^{13}C**	**^{15}N**
Backbone	6/18 (33%)	6/7 (86%)	0/8 (0%)	0/3 (0%)
Sidechain	18/36 (50%)	18/22 (82%)	0/12 (0%)	0/2 (0%)
Overall	24/54 (44%)	24/29 (83%)	0/20 (0%)	0/5 (0%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 44%, i.e. 24 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 54. 0 out of 0 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^{1}H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	6/18 (33%)	6/7 (86%)	0/8 (0%)	0/3 (0%)
Sidechain	18/36 (50%)	18/22 (82%)	0/12 (0%)	0/2 (0%)
Overall	24/54 (44%)	24/29 (83%)	0/20 (0%)	0/5 (0%)

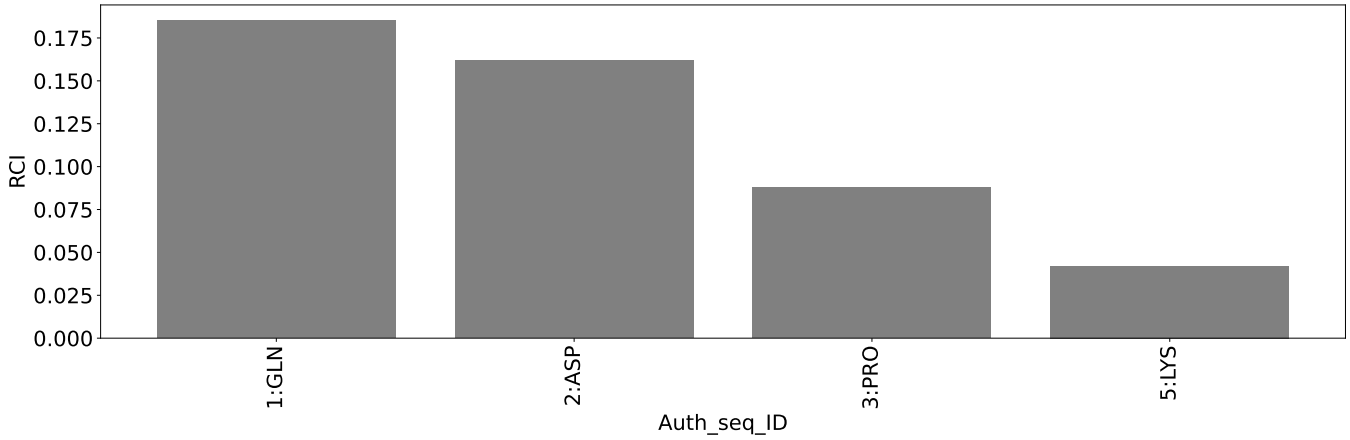
7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition.If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:



8 NMR restraints analysis (i)

8.1 Conformationally restricting restraints (i)

The following table provides the summary of experimentally observed NMR restraints in different categories. Restraints are classified into different categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved.

Description	Value
Total distance restraints	47
Intra-residue (|i-j|=0)	27
Sequential (|i-j|=1)	13
Medium range (|i-j|>1 and |i-j|<5)	3
Long range (|i-j|≥5)	4
Inter-chain	0
Hydrogen bond restraints	0
Disulfide bond restraints	0
Total dihedral-angle restraints	0
Number of unmapped restraints	8
Number of restraints per residue	6.7
Number of long range restraints per residue[1]	0.6

[1]Long range hydrogen bonds and disulfide bonds are counted as long range restraints while calculating the number of long range restraints per residue

8.2 Residual restraint violations (i)

This section provides the overview of the restraint violations analysis. The violations are binned as small, medium and large violations based on its absolute value. Average number of violations per model is calculated by dividing the total number of violations in each bin by the size of the ensemble.

8.2.1 Average number of distance violations per model (i)

Distance violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the calculation.

Bins (Å)	Average number of violations per model	Max (Å)
0.1-0.2 (Small)	1.6	0.2
0.2-0.5 (Medium)	3.9	0.5
>0.5 (Large)	3.5	0.85

8.2.2 Average number of dihedral-angle violations per model (i)

Dihedral-angle violations less than 1° are not included in the calculation.There are no dihedral-angle violations

9 Distance violation analysis (i)

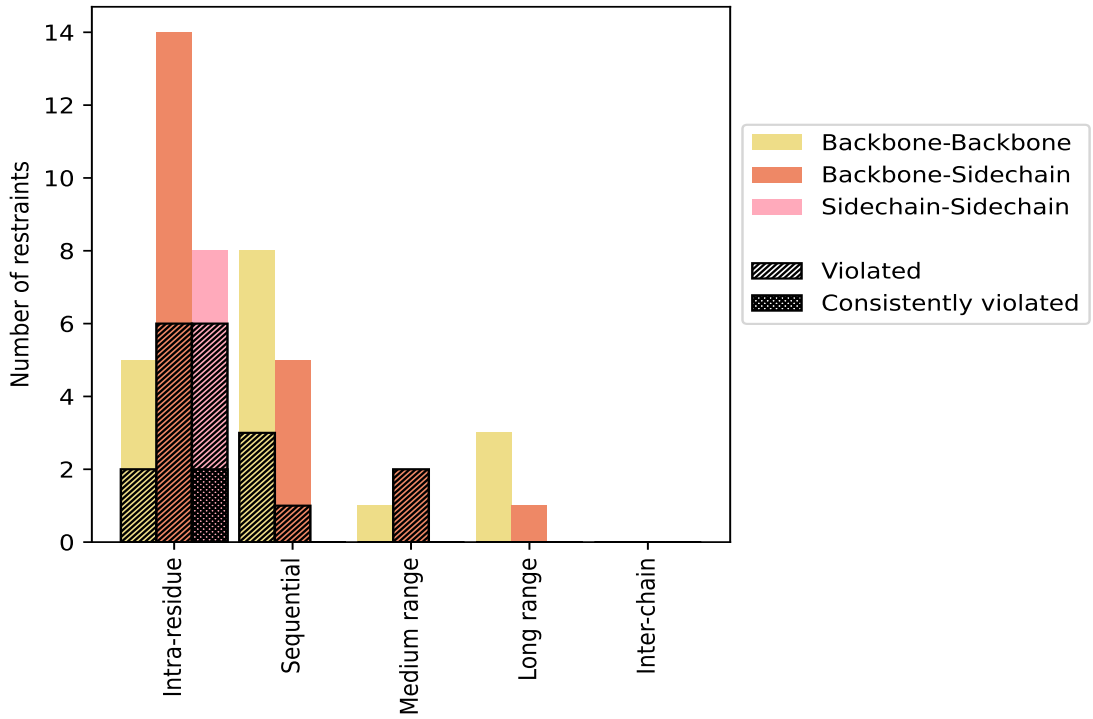
9.1 Summary of distance violations (i)

The following table shows the summary of distance violations in different restraint categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved. Each category is further sub-divided into three sub-categories based on the atoms involved. Violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the statistics.

Restraints type	Count	%[1]	Violated[3]			Consistently Violated[4]		
			Count	%[2]	%[1]	Count	%[2]	%[1]
Intra-residue (|i-j|=0)	27	57.4	14	51.9	29.8	2	7.4	4.3
Backbone-Backbone	5	10.6	2	40.0	4.3	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	14	29.8	6	42.9	12.8	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	8	17.0	6	75.0	12.8	2	25.0	4.3
Sequential (|i-j|=1)	13	27.7	4	30.8	8.5	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	8	17.0	3	37.5	6.4	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	5	10.6	1	20.0	2.1	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Medium range (|i-j|>1 & |i-j|<5)	3	6.4	2	66.7	4.3	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	1	2.1	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	2	4.3	2	100.0	4.3	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Long range (|i-j|≥5)	4	8.5	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	3	6.4	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	1	2.1	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Inter-chain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Hydrogen bond	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Disulfide bond	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Total	47	100.0	20	42.6	42.6	2	4.3	4.3
Backbone-Backbone	17	36.2	5	29.4	10.6	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	22	46.8	9	40.9	19.1	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	8	17.0	6	75.0	12.8	2	25.0	4.3

[1] percentage calculated with respect to the total number of distance restraints, [2] percentage calculated with respect to the number of restraints in a particular restraint category, [3] violated in at least one model, [4] violated in all the models

9.1.1 Bar chart : Distribution of distance restraints and violations (i)



Violated and consistently violated restraints are shown using different hatch patterns in their respective categories. The hydrogen bonds and disulfied bonds are counted in their appropriate category on the x-axis

9.2 Distance violation statistics for each model (i)

The following table provides the distance violation statistics for each model in the ensemble. Violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the statistics.

Model ID	Number of violations						Mean (Å)	Max (Å)	SD[6] (Å)	Median (Å)
	IR[1]	SQ[2]	MR[3]	LR[4]	IC[5]	Total				
1	7	3	2	0	0	12	0.36	0.62	0.18	0.32
2	6	1	0	0	0	7	0.48	0.69	0.17	0.49
3	6	2	1	0	0	9	0.49	0.85	0.19	0.41
4	7	2	0	0	0	9	0.42	0.71	0.2	0.54
5	6	2	2	0	0	10	0.34	0.52	0.14	0.31
6	6	3	1	0	0	10	0.31	0.63	0.16	0.24
7	5	0	0	0	0	5	0.48	0.74	0.16	0.45
8	5	3	0	0	0	8	0.42	0.75	0.21	0.36
9	9	1	0	0	0	10	0.41	0.79	0.25	0.3
10	7	2	0	0	0	9	0.46	0.77	0.21	0.41
11	7	2	1	0	0	10	0.37	0.71	0.19	0.28

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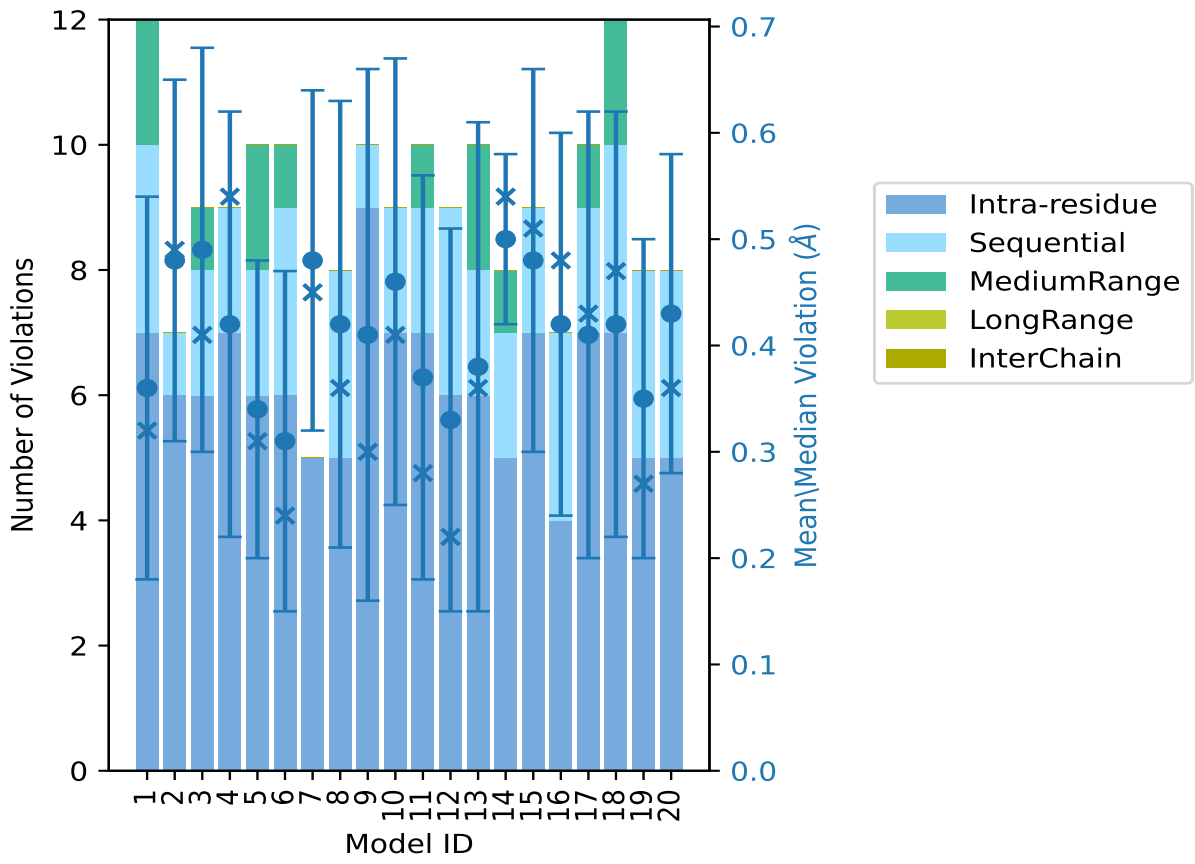
Model ID	Number of violations						Mean (Å)	Max (Å)	SD[6] (Å)	Median (Å)
	IR[1]	SQ[2]	MR[3]	LR[4]	IC[5]	Total				
12	6	3	0	0	0	9	0.33	0.63	0.18	0.22
13	6	2	2	0	0	10	0.38	0.73	0.23	0.36
14	5	2	1	0	0	8	0.5	0.56	0.08	0.54
15	7	2	0	0	0	9	0.48	0.73	0.18	0.51
16	4	3	0	0	0	7	0.42	0.67	0.18	0.48
17	7	2	1	0	0	10	0.41	0.67	0.21	0.43
18	7	3	2	0	0	12	0.42	0.67	0.2	0.47
19	5	3	0	0	0	8	0.35	0.58	0.15	0.27
20	5	3	0	0	0	8	0.43	0.71	0.15	0.36

[1]Intra-residue restraints, [2]Sequential restraints, [3]Medium range restraints, [4]Long range restraints, [5]Inter-chain restraints, [6]Standard deviation

9.2.1 Bar graph : Distance Violation statistics for each model (i)



The mean(dot),median(x) and the standard deviation are shown in blue with respect to the y axis on the right

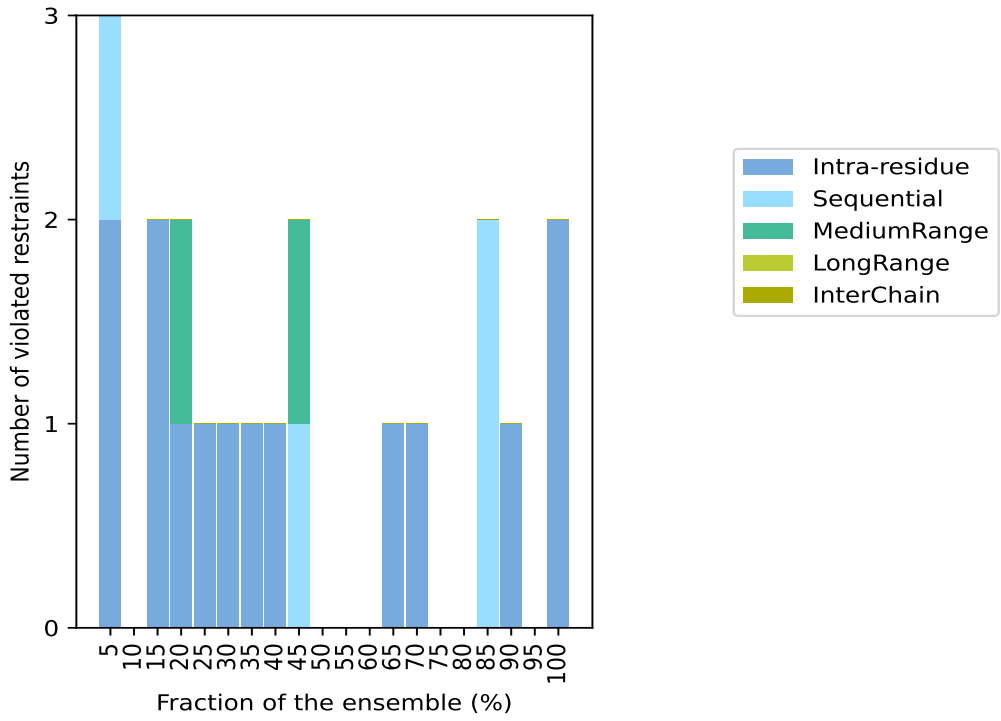
9.3 Distance violation statistics for the ensemble (i)

Violation analysis may find that some restraints are violated in few models and some are violated in most of models. The following table provides this information as number of violated restraints for a given fraction of the ensemble. In total, 27(IR:13, SQ:9, MR:1, LR:4, IC:0) restraints are not violated in the ensemble.

Number of violated restraints						Fraction of the ensemble	
IR[1]	SQ[2]	MR[3]	LR[4]	IC[5]	Total	Count[6]	%
2	1	0	0	0	3	1	5.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	2	10.0
2	0	0	0	0	2	3	15.0
1	0	1	0	0	2	4	20.0
1	0	0	0	0	1	5	25.0
1	0	0	0	0	1	6	30.0
1	0	0	0	0	1	7	35.0
1	0	0	0	0	1	8	40.0
0	1	1	0	0	2	9	45.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	10	50.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	11	55.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	12	60.0
1	0	0	0	0	1	13	65.0
1	0	0	0	0	1	14	70.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	15	75.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	16	80.0
0	2	0	0	0	2	17	85.0
1	0	0	0	0	1	18	90.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	19	95.0
2	0	0	0	0	2	20	100.0

[1]Intra-residue restraints, [2]Sequential restraints, [3]Medium range restraints, [4]Long range restraints, [5]Inter-chain restraints, [6] Number of models with violations

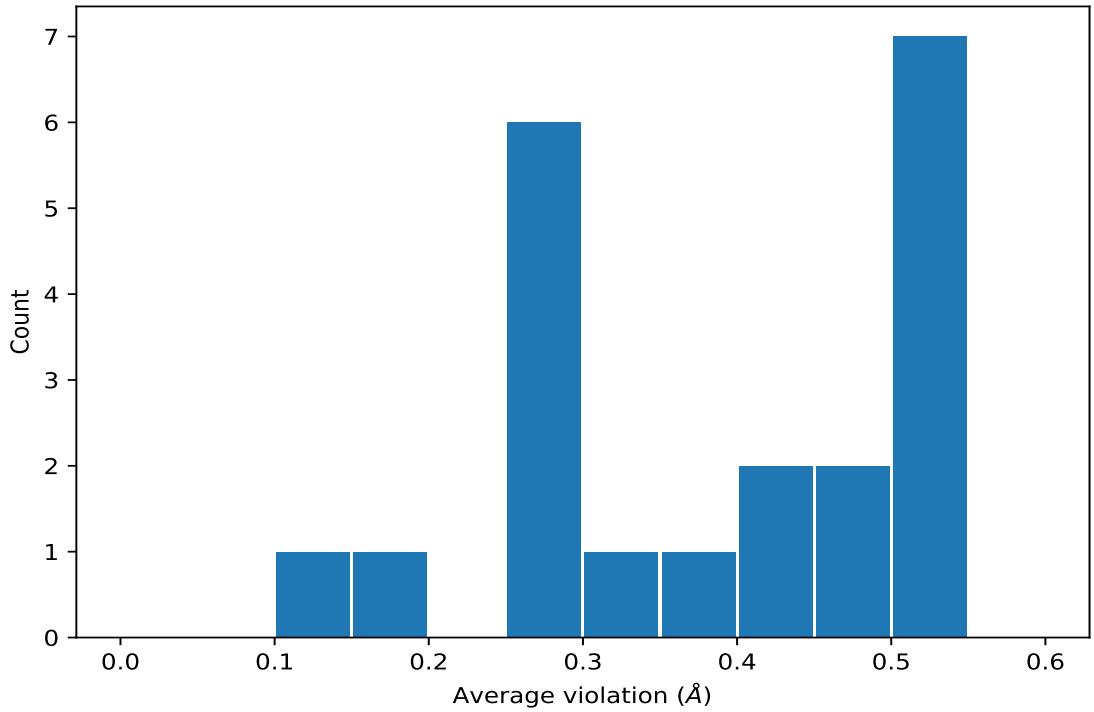
9.3.1 Bar graph : Distance violation statistics for the ensemble (i)



9.4 Most violated distance restraints in the ensemble (i)

9.4.1 Histogram : Distribution of mean distance violations (i)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the average value of the violation. The average is calculated for each restraint that is violated in more than one model over all the violated models in the ensemble



9.4.2 Table: Most violated distance restraints (i)

The following table provides the mean and the standard deviation of the violation for each restraint sorted by number of violated models and the mean value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Models[1]	Mean (Å)	SD[1] (Å)	Median (Å)
(1,20)	1:3:A:PRO:HD2	1:3:A:PRO:HG2	20	0.54	0.08	0.52
(1,27)	1:3:A:PRO:HD3	1:3:A:PRO:HG3	20	0.54	0.08	0.54
(1,33)	1:5:A:LYS:HB2	1:5:A:LYS:H	18	0.5	0.18	0.56
(1,33)	1:5:A:LYS:HB3	1:5:A:LYS:H	18	0.5	0.18	0.56
(1,37)	1:5:A:LYS:H	1:6:A:DTH:H	17	0.46	0.2	0.52
(1,41)	1:6:A:DTH:H	1:5:A:LYS:H	17	0.46	0.2	0.52
(1,11)	1:2:A:ASP:HB2	1:2:A:ASP:H	14	0.28	0.07	0.29
(1,40)	1:6:A:DTH:HG21	1:6:A:DTH:H	13	0.54	0.16	0.53
(1,40)	1:6:A:DTH:HG22	1:6:A:DTH:H	13	0.54	0.16	0.53
(1,40)	1:6:A:DTH:HG23	1:6:A:DTH:H	13	0.54	0.16	0.53
(1,15)	1:3:A:PRO:HB3	1:6:A:DTH:H	9	0.27	0.12	0.27
(1,28)	1:4:A:DPR:HA	1:5:A:LYS:H	9	0.26	0.16	0.19
(1,26)	1:3:A:PRO:HD3	1:3:A:PRO:HG2	8	0.26	0.08	0.26
(1,21)	1:3:A:PRO:HD2	1:3:A:PRO:HG3	7	0.19	0.05	0.2
(1,39)	1:6:A:DTH:HB	1:6:A:DTH:H	6	0.27	0.13	0.22
(1,36)	1:5:A:LYS:HG2	1:5:A:LYS:H	5	0.41	0.28	0.27

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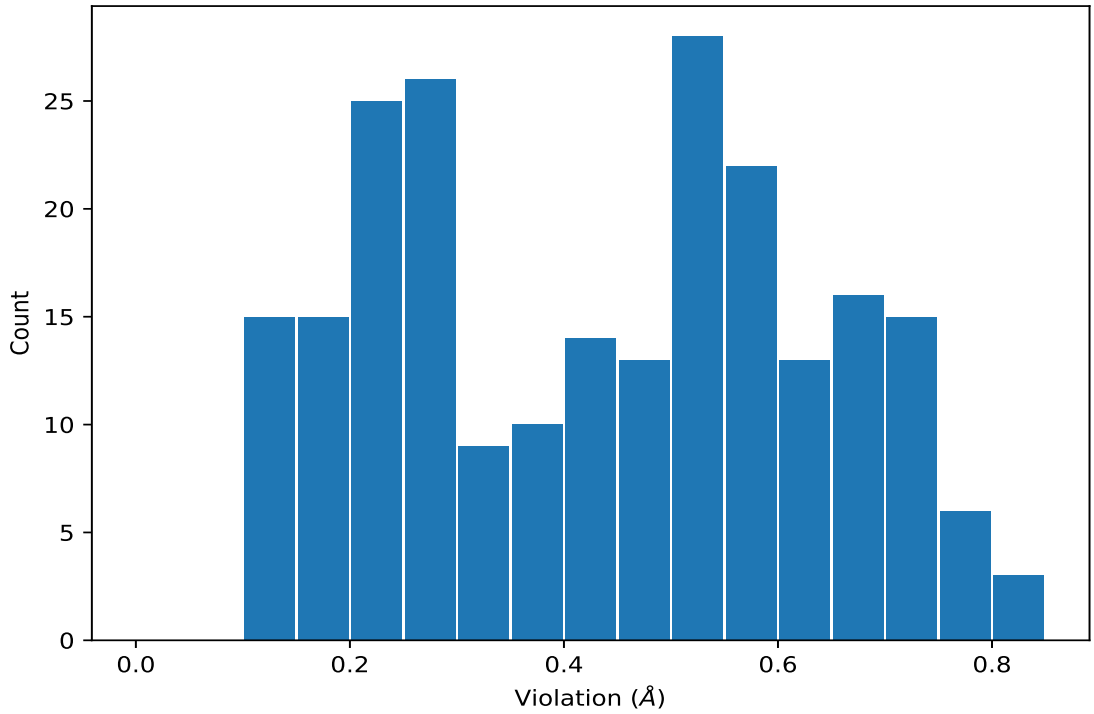
Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Models[1]	Mean (Å)	SD[1] (Å)	Median (Å)
(1,36)	1:5:A:LYS:HG3	1:5:A:LYS:H	5	0.41	0.28	0.27
(1,14)	1:3:A:PRO:HB2	1:6:A:DTH:H	4	0.35	0.18	0.26
(1,25)	1:3:A:PRO:HD3	1:3:A:PRO:HB3	4	0.25	0.15	0.21
(1,18)	1:3:A:PRO:HD2	1:3:A:PRO:HB2	3	0.3	0.08	0.3
(1,45)	1:7:A:DAS:HA	1:7:A:DAS:H	3	0.12	0.01	0.12

[1]Number of violated models, [2]Standard deviation

9.5 All violated distance restraints (i)

9.5.1 Histogram : Distribution of distance violations (i)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the absolute value of the violation for all violated restraints in the ensemble.



9.5.2 Table : All distance violations (i)

The following table lists the absolute value of the violation for each restraint in the ensemble sorted by its value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(1,40)	1:6:A:DTH:HG21	1:6:A:DTH:H	3	0.85
(1,40)	1:6:A:DTH:HG22	1:6:A:DTH:H	3	0.85
(1,40)	1:6:A:DTH:HG23	1:6:A:DTH:H	3	0.85
(1,36)	1:5:A:LYS:HG2	1:5:A:LYS:H	9	0.79
(1,36)	1:5:A:LYS:HG3	1:5:A:LYS:H	9	0.79
(1,41)	1:6:A:DTH:H	1:5:A:LYS:H	10	0.77
(1,37)	1:5:A:LYS:H	1:6:A:DTH:H	10	0.77
(1,33)	1:5:A:LYS:HB2	1:5:A:LYS:H	8	0.75
(1,33)	1:5:A:LYS:HB3	1:5:A:LYS:H	8	0.75
(1,33)	1:5:A:LYS:HB2	1:5:A:LYS:H	7	0.74
(1,33)	1:5:A:LYS:HB3	1:5:A:LYS:H	7	0.74
(1,41)	1:6:A:DTH:H	1:5:A:LYS:H	13	0.73
(1,41)	1:6:A:DTH:H	1:5:A:LYS:H	15	0.73
(1,37)	1:5:A:LYS:H	1:6:A:DTH:H	13	0.73
(1,37)	1:5:A:LYS:H	1:6:A:DTH:H	15	0.73
(1,20)	1:3:A:PRO:HD2	1:3:A:PRO:HG2	9	0.73
(1,40)	1:6:A:DTH:HG21	1:6:A:DTH:H	8	0.72
(1,40)	1:6:A:DTH:HG22	1:6:A:DTH:H	8	0.72
(1,40)	1:6:A:DTH:HG23	1:6:A:DTH:H	8	0.72
(1,36)	1:5:A:LYS:HG2	1:5:A:LYS:H	11	0.71
(1,36)	1:5:A:LYS:HG3	1:5:A:LYS:H	11	0.71
(1,33)	1:5:A:LYS:HB2	1:5:A:LYS:H	20	0.71
(1,33)	1:5:A:LYS:HB3	1:5:A:LYS:H	20	0.71
(1,20)	1:3:A:PRO:HD2	1:3:A:PRO:HG2	4	0.71
(1,40)	1:6:A:DTH:HG21	1:6:A:DTH:H	2	0.69
(1,40)	1:6:A:DTH:HG22	1:6:A:DTH:H	2	0.69
(1,40)	1:6:A:DTH:HG23	1:6:A:DTH:H	2	0.69
(1,41)	1:6:A:DTH:H	1:5:A:LYS:H	17	0.67
(1,40)	1:6:A:DTH:HG21	1:6:A:DTH:H	16	0.67
(1,40)	1:6:A:DTH:HG22	1:6:A:DTH:H	16	0.67
(1,40)	1:6:A:DTH:HG23	1:6:A:DTH:H	16	0.67
(1,37)	1:5:A:LYS:H	1:6:A:DTH:H	17	0.67
(1,33)	1:5:A:LYS:HB2	1:5:A:LYS:H	2	0.67
(1,33)	1:5:A:LYS:HB3	1:5:A:LYS:H	2	0.67
(1,28)	1:4:A:DPR:HA	1:5:A:LYS:H	9	0.67
(1,14)	1:3:A:PRO:HB2	1:6:A:DTH:H	18	0.67
(1,33)	1:5:A:LYS:HB2	1:5:A:LYS:H	18	0.66
(1,33)	1:5:A:LYS:HB3	1:5:A:LYS:H	18	0.66
(1,27)	1:3:A:PRO:HD3	1:3:A:PRO:HG3	3	0.65
(1,20)	1:3:A:PRO:HD2	1:3:A:PRO:HG2	3	0.65
(1,33)	1:5:A:LYS:HB2	1:5:A:LYS:H	12	0.63
(1,33)	1:5:A:LYS:HB3	1:5:A:LYS:H	12	0.63
(1,27)	1:3:A:PRO:HD3	1:3:A:PRO:HG3	6	0.63

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Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(1,27)	1:3:A:PRO:HD3	1:3:A:PRO:HG3	12	0.63
(1,27)	1:3:A:PRO:HD3	1:3:A:PRO:HG3	1	0.62
(1,41)	1:6:A:DTH:H	1:5:A:LYS:H	18	0.61
(1,40)	1:6:A:DTH:HG21	1:6:A:DTH:H	9	0.61
(1,40)	1:6:A:DTH:HG22	1:6:A:DTH:H	9	0.61
(1,40)	1:6:A:DTH:HG23	1:6:A:DTH:H	9	0.61
(1,37)	1:5:A:LYS:H	1:6:A:DTH:H	18	0.61
(1,27)	1:3:A:PRO:HD3	1:3:A:PRO:HG3	10	0.61
(1,20)	1:3:A:PRO:HD2	1:3:A:PRO:HG2	1	0.61
(1,20)	1:3:A:PRO:HD2	1:3:A:PRO:HG2	16	0.6
(1,27)	1:3:A:PRO:HD3	1:3:A:PRO:HG3	20	0.59
(1,33)	1:5:A:LYS:HB2	1:5:A:LYS:H	19	0.58
(1,33)	1:5:A:LYS:HB3	1:5:A:LYS:H	19	0.58
(1,27)	1:3:A:PRO:HD3	1:3:A:PRO:HG3	15	0.58
(1,20)	1:3:A:PRO:HD2	1:3:A:PRO:HG2	11	0.58
(1,33)	1:5:A:LYS:HB2	1:5:A:LYS:H	6	0.57
(1,33)	1:5:A:LYS:HB3	1:5:A:LYS:H	6	0.57
(1,41)	1:6:A:DTH:H	1:5:A:LYS:H	1	0.56
(1,40)	1:6:A:DTH:HG21	1:6:A:DTH:H	17	0.56
(1,40)	1:6:A:DTH:HG22	1:6:A:DTH:H	17	0.56
(1,40)	1:6:A:DTH:HG23	1:6:A:DTH:H	17	0.56
(1,37)	1:5:A:LYS:H	1:6:A:DTH:H	1	0.56
(1,33)	1:5:A:LYS:HB2	1:5:A:LYS:H	4	0.56
(1,33)	1:5:A:LYS:HB3	1:5:A:LYS:H	4	0.56
(1,27)	1:3:A:PRO:HD3	1:3:A:PRO:HG3	14	0.56
(1,41)	1:6:A:DTH:H	1:5:A:LYS:H	14	0.55
(1,37)	1:5:A:LYS:H	1:6:A:DTH:H	14	0.55
(1,33)	1:5:A:LYS:HB2	1:5:A:LYS:H	3	0.55
(1,33)	1:5:A:LYS:HB3	1:5:A:LYS:H	3	0.55
(1,27)	1:3:A:PRO:HD3	1:3:A:PRO:HG3	11	0.55
(1,20)	1:3:A:PRO:HD2	1:3:A:PRO:HG2	14	0.55
(1,20)	1:3:A:PRO:HD2	1:3:A:PRO:HG2	17	0.55
(1,41)	1:6:A:DTH:H	1:5:A:LYS:H	4	0.54
(1,37)	1:5:A:LYS:H	1:6:A:DTH:H	4	0.54
(1,27)	1:3:A:PRO:HD3	1:3:A:PRO:HG3	2	0.54
(1,27)	1:3:A:PRO:HD3	1:3:A:PRO:HG3	4	0.54
(1,27)	1:3:A:PRO:HD3	1:3:A:PRO:HG3	13	0.54
(1,40)	1:6:A:DTH:HG21	1:6:A:DTH:H	10	0.53
(1,40)	1:6:A:DTH:HG22	1:6:A:DTH:H	10	0.53
(1,40)	1:6:A:DTH:HG23	1:6:A:DTH:H	10	0.53
(1,39)	1:6:A:DTH:HB	1:6:A:DTH:H	11	0.53
(1,27)	1:3:A:PRO:HD3	1:3:A:PRO:HG3	18	0.53

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Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(1,20)	1:3:A:PRO:HD2	1:3:A:PRO:HG2	7	0.53
(1,20)	1:3:A:PRO:HD2	1:3:A:PRO:HG2	20	0.53
(1,41)	1:6:A:DTH:H	1:5:A:LYS:H	5	0.52
(1,40)	1:6:A:DTH:HG21	1:6:A:DTH:H	14	0.52
(1,40)	1:6:A:DTH:HG22	1:6:A:DTH:H	14	0.52
(1,40)	1:6:A:DTH:HG23	1:6:A:DTH:H	14	0.52
(1,37)	1:5:A:LYS:H	1:6:A:DTH:H	5	0.52
(1,27)	1:3:A:PRO:HD3	1:3:A:PRO:HG3	19	0.52
(1,20)	1:3:A:PRO:HD2	1:3:A:PRO:HG2	15	0.52
(1,40)	1:6:A:DTH:HG21	1:6:A:DTH:H	15	0.51
(1,40)	1:6:A:DTH:HG22	1:6:A:DTH:H	15	0.51
(1,40)	1:6:A:DTH:HG23	1:6:A:DTH:H	15	0.51
(1,33)	1:5:A:LYS:HB2	1:5:A:LYS:H	14	0.51
(1,33)	1:5:A:LYS:HB3	1:5:A:LYS:H	14	0.51
(1,27)	1:3:A:PRO:HD3	1:3:A:PRO:HG3	16	0.51
(1,20)	1:3:A:PRO:HD2	1:3:A:PRO:HG2	13	0.51
(1,20)	1:3:A:PRO:HD2	1:3:A:PRO:HG2	5	0.5
(1,20)	1:3:A:PRO:HD2	1:3:A:PRO:HG2	8	0.5
(1,25)	1:3:A:PRO:HD3	1:3:A:PRO:HB3	2	0.49
(1,20)	1:3:A:PRO:HD2	1:3:A:PRO:HG2	19	0.49
(1,33)	1:5:A:LYS:HB2	1:5:A:LYS:H	16	0.48
(1,33)	1:5:A:LYS:HB3	1:5:A:LYS:H	16	0.48
(1,20)	1:3:A:PRO:HD2	1:3:A:PRO:HG2	2	0.48
(1,15)	1:3:A:PRO:HB3	1:6:A:DTH:H	18	0.48
(1,35)	1:5:A:LYS:HD3	1:5:A:LYS:H	17	0.46
(1,27)	1:3:A:PRO:HD3	1:3:A:PRO:HG3	5	0.46
(1,20)	1:3:A:PRO:HD2	1:3:A:PRO:HG2	12	0.46
(1,20)	1:3:A:PRO:HD2	1:3:A:PRO:HG2	18	0.46
(1,27)	1:3:A:PRO:HD3	1:3:A:PRO:HG3	7	0.45
(1,27)	1:3:A:PRO:HD3	1:3:A:PRO:HG3	8	0.45
(1,20)	1:3:A:PRO:HD2	1:3:A:PRO:HG2	6	0.45
(1,40)	1:6:A:DTH:HG21	1:6:A:DTH:H	7	0.43
(1,40)	1:6:A:DTH:HG22	1:6:A:DTH:H	7	0.43
(1,40)	1:6:A:DTH:HG23	1:6:A:DTH:H	7	0.43
(1,40)	1:6:A:DTH:HG21	1:6:A:DTH:H	13	0.43
(1,40)	1:6:A:DTH:HG22	1:6:A:DTH:H	13	0.43
(1,40)	1:6:A:DTH:HG23	1:6:A:DTH:H	13	0.43
(1,33)	1:5:A:LYS:HB2	1:5:A:LYS:H	15	0.43
(1,33)	1:5:A:LYS:HB3	1:5:A:LYS:H	15	0.43
(1,41)	1:6:A:DTH:H	1:5:A:LYS:H	3	0.41
(1,37)	1:5:A:LYS:H	1:6:A:DTH:H	3	0.41
(1,20)	1:3:A:PRO:HD2	1:3:A:PRO:HG2	10	0.41

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Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(1,11)	1:2:A:ASP:HB2	1:2:A:ASP:H	3	0.41
(1,27)	1:3:A:PRO:HD3	1:3:A:PRO:HG3	9	0.4
(1,18)	1:3:A:PRO:HD2	1:3:A:PRO:HB2	17	0.4
(1,28)	1:4:A:DPR:HA	1:5:A:LYS:H	20	0.39
(1,27)	1:3:A:PRO:HD3	1:3:A:PRO:HG3	17	0.38
(1,26)	1:3:A:PRO:HD3	1:3:A:PRO:HG2	10	0.38
(1,11)	1:2:A:ASP:HB2	1:2:A:ASP:H	14	0.38
(1,11)	1:2:A:ASP:HB2	1:2:A:ASP:H	15	0.38
(1,15)	1:3:A:PRO:HB3	1:6:A:DTH:H	1	0.36
(1,40)	1:6:A:DTH:HG21	1:6:A:DTH:H	4	0.35
(1,40)	1:6:A:DTH:HG22	1:6:A:DTH:H	4	0.35
(1,40)	1:6:A:DTH:HG23	1:6:A:DTH:H	4	0.35
(1,39)	1:6:A:DTH:HB	1:6:A:DTH:H	1	0.35
(1,26)	1:3:A:PRO:HD3	1:3:A:PRO:HG2	15	0.34
(1,15)	1:3:A:PRO:HB3	1:6:A:DTH:H	5	0.34
(1,15)	1:3:A:PRO:HB3	1:6:A:DTH:H	14	0.34
(1,41)	1:6:A:DTH:H	1:5:A:LYS:H	20	0.33
(1,37)	1:5:A:LYS:H	1:6:A:DTH:H	20	0.33
(1,11)	1:2:A:ASP:HB2	1:2:A:ASP:H	19	0.31
(1,18)	1:3:A:PRO:HD2	1:3:A:PRO:HB2	10	0.3
(1,11)	1:2:A:ASP:HB2	1:2:A:ASP:H	1	0.3
(1,11)	1:2:A:ASP:HB2	1:2:A:ASP:H	18	0.3
(1,33)	1:5:A:LYS:HB2	1:5:A:LYS:H	10	0.29
(1,33)	1:5:A:LYS:HB3	1:5:A:LYS:H	10	0.29
(1,26)	1:3:A:PRO:HD3	1:3:A:PRO:HG2	12	0.29
(1,11)	1:2:A:ASP:HB2	1:2:A:ASP:H	4	0.29
(1,11)	1:2:A:ASP:HB2	1:2:A:ASP:H	20	0.29
(1,33)	1:5:A:LYS:HB2	1:5:A:LYS:H	13	0.28
(1,33)	1:5:A:LYS:HB3	1:5:A:LYS:H	13	0.28
(1,21)	1:3:A:PRO:HD2	1:3:A:PRO:HG3	20	0.28
(1,14)	1:3:A:PRO:HB2	1:6:A:DTH:H	5	0.28
(1,11)	1:2:A:ASP:HB2	1:2:A:ASP:H	11	0.28
(1,41)	1:6:A:DTH:H	1:5:A:LYS:H	8	0.27
(1,37)	1:5:A:LYS:H	1:6:A:DTH:H	8	0.27
(1,36)	1:5:A:LYS:HG2	1:5:A:LYS:H	3	0.27
(1,36)	1:5:A:LYS:HG3	1:5:A:LYS:H	3	0.27
(1,26)	1:3:A:PRO:HD3	1:3:A:PRO:HG2	11	0.27
(1,15)	1:3:A:PRO:HB3	1:6:A:DTH:H	11	0.27
(1,11)	1:2:A:ASP:HB2	1:2:A:ASP:H	6	0.27
(1,28)	1:4:A:DPR:HA	1:5:A:LYS:H	2	0.26
(1,26)	1:3:A:PRO:HD3	1:3:A:PRO:HG2	6	0.26
(1,41)	1:6:A:DTH:H	1:5:A:LYS:H	16	0.25

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Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(1,37)	1:5:A:LYS:H	1:6:A:DTH:H	16	0.25
(1,33)	1:5:A:LYS:HB2	1:5:A:LYS:H	1	0.25
(1,33)	1:5:A:LYS:HB3	1:5:A:LYS:H	1	0.25
(1,26)	1:3:A:PRO:HD3	1:3:A:PRO:HG2	8	0.25
(1,14)	1:3:A:PRO:HB2	1:6:A:DTH:H	1	0.25
(1,11)	1:2:A:ASP:HB2	1:2:A:ASP:H	7	0.25
(1,39)	1:6:A:DTH:HB	1:6:A:DTH:H	5	0.24
(1,25)	1:3:A:PRO:HD3	1:3:A:PRO:HB3	18	0.24
(1,41)	1:6:A:DTH:H	1:5:A:LYS:H	6	0.23
(1,41)	1:6:A:DTH:H	1:5:A:LYS:H	19	0.23
(1,37)	1:5:A:LYS:H	1:6:A:DTH:H	6	0.23
(1,37)	1:5:A:LYS:H	1:6:A:DTH:H	19	0.23
(1,28)	1:4:A:DPR:HA	1:5:A:LYS:H	19	0.23
(1,21)	1:3:A:PRO:HD2	1:3:A:PRO:HG3	5	0.23
(1,11)	1:2:A:ASP:HB2	1:2:A:ASP:H	12	0.22
(1,41)	1:6:A:DTH:H	1:5:A:LYS:H	12	0.21
(1,40)	1:6:A:DTH:HG21	1:6:A:DTH:H	18	0.21
(1,40)	1:6:A:DTH:HG22	1:6:A:DTH:H	18	0.21
(1,40)	1:6:A:DTH:HG23	1:6:A:DTH:H	18	0.21
(1,37)	1:5:A:LYS:H	1:6:A:DTH:H	12	0.21
(1,21)	1:3:A:PRO:HD2	1:3:A:PRO:HG3	9	0.21
(1,15)	1:3:A:PRO:HB3	1:6:A:DTH:H	3	0.21
(1,14)	1:3:A:PRO:HB2	1:6:A:DTH:H	13	0.21
(1,39)	1:6:A:DTH:HB	1:6:A:DTH:H	19	0.2
(1,33)	1:5:A:LYS:HB2	1:5:A:LYS:H	9	0.2
(1,33)	1:5:A:LYS:HB3	1:5:A:LYS:H	9	0.2
(1,33)	1:5:A:LYS:HB2	1:5:A:LYS:H	11	0.2
(1,33)	1:5:A:LYS:HB3	1:5:A:LYS:H	11	0.2
(1,21)	1:3:A:PRO:HD2	1:3:A:PRO:HG3	2	0.2
(1,18)	1:3:A:PRO:HD2	1:3:A:PRO:HB2	6	0.2
(1,15)	1:3:A:PRO:HB3	1:6:A:DTH:H	6	0.2
(1,28)	1:4:A:DPR:HA	1:5:A:LYS:H	16	0.19
(1,25)	1:3:A:PRO:HD3	1:3:A:PRO:HB3	5	0.18
(1,41)	1:6:A:DTH:H	1:5:A:LYS:H	11	0.17
(1,37)	1:5:A:LYS:H	1:6:A:DTH:H	11	0.17
(1,31)	1:5:A:LYS:HA	1:5:A:LYS:H	9	0.17
(1,28)	1:4:A:DPR:HA	1:5:A:LYS:H	8	0.17
(1,21)	1:3:A:PRO:HD2	1:3:A:PRO:HG3	18	0.17
(1,39)	1:6:A:DTH:HB	1:6:A:DTH:H	12	0.16
(1,28)	1:4:A:DPR:HA	1:5:A:LYS:H	12	0.16
(1,11)	1:2:A:ASP:HB2	1:2:A:ASP:H	5	0.16
(1,36)	1:5:A:LYS:HG2	1:5:A:LYS:H	1	0.15

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Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(1,36)	1:5:A:LYS:HG3	1:5:A:LYS:H	1	0.15
(1,28)	1:4:A:DPR:HA	1:5:A:LYS:H	1	0.15
(1,26)	1:3:A:PRO:HD3	1:3:A:PRO:HG2	1	0.15
(1,21)	1:3:A:PRO:HD2	1:3:A:PRO:HG3	13	0.15
(1,45)	1:7:A:DAS:HA	1:7:A:DAS:H	17	0.14
(1,39)	1:6:A:DTH:HB	1:6:A:DTH:H	9	0.14
(1,11)	1:2:A:ASP:HB2	1:2:A:ASP:H	9	0.14
(1,26)	1:3:A:PRO:HD3	1:3:A:PRO:HG2	17	0.13
(1,45)	1:7:A:DAS:HA	1:7:A:DAS:H	4	0.12
(1,36)	1:5:A:LYS:HG2	1:5:A:LYS:H	10	0.12
(1,36)	1:5:A:LYS:HG3	1:5:A:LYS:H	10	0.12
(1,21)	1:3:A:PRO:HD2	1:3:A:PRO:HG3	4	0.12
(1,45)	1:7:A:DAS:HA	1:7:A:DAS:H	15	0.11
(1,28)	1:4:A:DPR:HA	1:5:A:LYS:H	6	0.11
(1,15)	1:3:A:PRO:HB3	1:6:A:DTH:H	17	0.11
(1,6)	1:1:A:GLN:HB2	1:2:A:ASP:H	18	0.11
(1,6)	1:1:A:GLN:HB3	1:2:A:ASP:H	18	0.11
(1,25)	1:3:A:PRO:HD3	1:3:A:PRO:HB3	13	0.1
(1,15)	1:3:A:PRO:HB3	1:6:A:DTH:H	13	0.1

10 Dihedral-angle violation analysis (i)

No dihedral-angle restraints found