Network Working Group Request for Comments: 1612 Category: Standards Track R. Austein
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DNS Resolver MIB Extensions

Status of this Memo

This document specifies an Internet standards track protocol for the Internet community, and requests discussion and suggestions for improvements. Please refer to the current edition of the "Internet Official Protocol Standards" (STD 1) for the standardization state and status of this protocol. Distribution of this memo is unlimited.

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1. Introduction

This memo defines a portion of the Management Information Base (MIB) for use with network management protocols in the Internet community. In particular, it describes a set of extensions which instrument DNS resolver functions. This memo was produced by the DNS working group.

With the adoption of the Internet-standard Network Management Framework [4,5,6,7], and with a large number of vendor implementations of these standards in commercially available products, it became possible to provide a higher level of effective network management in TCP/IP-based internets than was previously available. With the growth in the use of these standards, it has become possible to consider the management of other elements of the infrastructure beyond the basic TCP/IP protocols. A key element of

the TCP/IP infrastructure is the DNS.

Up to this point there has been no mechanism to integrate the management of the DNS with SNMP-based managers. This memo provides the mechanisms by which IP-based management stations can effectively manage DNS resolver software in an integrated fashion.

We have defined DNS MIB objects to be used in conjunction with the Internet MIB to allow access to and control of DNS resolver software via SNMP by the Internet community.

2. The SNMPv2 Network Management Framework

The SNMPv2 Network Management Framework consists of four major components. They are:

- o RFC 1442 which defines the SMI, the mechanisms used for describing and naming objects for the purpose of management.
- o STD 17, RFC 1213 defines MIB-II, the core set of managed objects for the Internet suite of protocols.
- o RFC 1445 which defines the administrative and other architectural aspects of the framework.
- o RFC 1448 which defines the protocol used for network access to managed objects.

The Framework permits new objects to be defined for the purpose of experimentation and evaluation.

2.1. Object Definitions

Managed objects are accessed via a virtual information store, termed the Management Information Base or MIB. Objects in the MIB are defined using the subset of Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1) defined in the SMI. In particular, each object object type is named by an OBJECT IDENTIFIER, an administratively assigned name. The object type together with an object instance serves to uniquely identify a specific instantiation of the object. For human convenience, we often use a textual string, termed the descriptor, to refer to the object type.

3. Overview

In theory, the DNS world is pretty simple. There are two kinds of entities: resolvers and name servers. Resolvers ask questions. Name servers answer them. The real world, however, is not so simple.

Implementors have made widely differing choices about how to divide DNS functions between resolvers and servers. They have also constructed various sorts of exotic hybrids. The most difficult task in defining this MIB was to accommodate this wide range of entities without having to come up with a separate MIB for each.

We divided up the various DNS functions into two, non-overlapping classes, called "resolver functions" and "name server functions." A DNS entity that performs what we define as resolver functions contains a resolver, and therefore must implement the MIB groups required of all resolvers which are defined in this module. Some resolvers also implement "optional" functions such as a cache, in which case they must also implement the cache group contained in this MIB. A DNS entity which implements name server functions is considered to be a name server, and must implement the MIB groups required for name servers which are defined in a separate module. If the same piece of software performs both resolver and server functions, we imagine that it contains both a resolver and a server and would thus implement both the DNS Server and DNS Resolver MIBs.

3.1. Resolvers

In our model, a resolver is a program (or piece thereof) which obtains resource records from servers. Normally it does so at the behest of an application, but may also do so as part of its own operation. A resolver sends DNS protocol queries and receives DNS protocol replies. A resolver neither receives queries nor sends replies. A full service resolver is one that knows how to resolve queries: it obtains the needed resource records by contacting a server authoritative for the records desired. A stub resolver does not know how to resolve queries: it sends all queries to a local name server, setting the "recursion desired" flag to indicate that it hopes that the name server will be willing to resolve the query. A resolver may (optionally) have a cache for remembering previously acquired resource records. It may also have a negative cache for remembering names or data that have been determined not to exist.

3.2. Name Servers

A name server is a program (or piece thereof) that provides resource records to resolvers. All references in this document to "a name server" imply "the name server's role"; in some cases the name server's role and the resolver's role might be combined into a single program. A name server receives DNS protocol queries and sends DNS protocol replies. A name server neither sends queries nor receives replies. As a consequence, name servers do not have caches. Normally, a name server would expect to receive only those queries to which it could respond with authoritative information. However, if a

name server receives a query that it cannot respond to with purely authoritative information, it may choose to try to obtain the necessary additional information from a resolver which may or may not be a separate process.

3.3. Selected Objects

Many of the objects included in this memo have been created from information contained in the DNS specifications [1,2], as amended and clarified by subsequent host requirements documents [3]. Other objects have been created based on experience with existing DNS management tools, expected operational needs, the statistics generated by existing DNS implementations, and the configuration files used by existing DNS implementations. These objects have been ordered into groups as follows:

- o Resolver Configuration Group
- o Resolver Counter Group
- o Resolver Lame Delegation Group
- o Resolver Cache Group
- o Resolver Negative Cache Group
- o Resolver Optional Counter Group

This information has been converted into a standard form using the SNMPv2 SMI defined in [9]. For the most part, the descriptions are influenced by the DNS related RFCs noted above. For example, the descriptions for counters used for the various types of queries of DNS records are influenced by the definitions used for the various record types found in [2].

3.4. Textual Conventions

Several conceptual data types have been introduced as a textual conventions in the DNS Server MIB document and have been imported into this MIB module. These additions will facilitate the common understanding of information used by the DNS. No changes to the SMI or the SNMP are necessary to support these conventions.

Readers familiar with MIBs designed to manage entities in the lower layers of the Internet protocol suite may be surprised at the number of non-enumerated integers used in this MIB to represent values such as DNS RR class and type numbers. The reason for this choice is simple: the DNS itself is designed as an extensible protocol,

allowing new classes and types of resource records to be added to the protocol without recoding the core DNS software. Using non-enumerated integers to represent these data types in this MIB allows the MIB to accommodate these changes as well.

4. Definitions

```
IMPORTS
    MODULE-IDENTITY, OBJECT-TYPE, IpAddress, Counter32, Integer32
        FROM SNMPv2-SMI
    TEXTUAL-CONVENTION, RowStatus, DisplayString
        FROM SNMPv2-TC
    MODULE-COMPLIANCE, OBJECT-GROUP
        FROM SNMPv2-CONF
    dns, DnsName, DnsNameAsIndex, DnsClass, DnsType, DnsQClass, DnsQType, DnsTime, DnsOpCode, DnsRespCode
```

-- DNS Resolver MIB

```
dnsResMIB MODULE-IDENTITY

LAST-UPDATED "9401282250Z"

ORGANIZATION "IETF DNS Working Group"

CONTACT-INFO
```

FROM DNS-SERVER-MIB;

DNS-RESOLVER-MIB DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN

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DESCRIPTION

"The MIB module for entities implementing the client (resolver) side of the Domain Name System (DNS) protocol."

```
::= { dns 2 }
-- (Old-style) groups in the DNS resolver MIB.
dnsResCounter
dnsResConfig
                       OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { dnsResMIBObjects 1 }
                     OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { dnsResMIBObjects 2 }
dnsResLameDelegation

dnsResCache

dnsResNCache

OBJECT IDENTIFIER := { dnsResMIBObjects 3 }

dnsResNCache

OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { dnsResMIBObjects 4 }

OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { dnsResMIBObjects 4 }
                      OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { dnsResMIBObjects 5 }
dnsResNCache
-- Resolver Configuration Group
dnsResConfigImplementIdent OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
           DisplayString
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The implementation identification string for the
           resolver software in use on the system, for example;
            `RES-2.1'"
    ::= { dnsResConfig 1 }
dnsResConfigService OBJECT-TYPE
               INTEGER { recursiveOnly(1),
                         iterativeOnly(2),
                         recursiveAndIterative(3) }
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
            "Kind of DNS resolution service provided:
           recursiveOnly(1) indicates a stub resolver.
            iterativeOnly(2) indicates a normal full service
            resolver.
            recursiveAndIterative(3) indicates a full-service
            resolver which performs a mix of recursive and iterative
           queries."
     ::= { dnsResConfig 2 }
dnsResConfigMaxCnames OBJECT-TYPE
               INTEGER (0..2147483647)
   MAX-ACCESS read-write
```

```
STATUS
              current
   DESCRIPTION
            "Limit on how many CNAMEs the resolver should allow
            before deciding that there's a CNAME loop. Zero means
            that resolver has no explicit CNAME limit."
   REFERENCE
            "RFC-1035 section 7.1."
    ::= { dnsResConfig 3 }
-- DNS Resolver Safety Belt Table
dnsResConfigSbeltTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF DnsResConfigSbeltEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS
              current
   DESCRIPTION
            "Table of safety belt information used by the resolver
            when it hasn't got any better idea of where to send a
            query, such as when the resolver is booting or is a stub
           resolver."
    ::= { dnsResConfig 4 }
dnsResConfigSbeltEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX DnsResConfigSbeltEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
            "An entry in the resolver's Sbelt table.
           Rows may be created or deleted at any time by the DNS
           resolver and by SNMP SET requests. Whether the values
            changed via SNMP are saved in stable storage across
            'reset' operations is implementation-specific."
    INDEX
             { dnsResConfigSbeltAddr,
                dnsResConfigSbeltSubTree,
                dnsResConfigSbeltClass }
    ::= { dnsResConfigSbeltTable 1 }
DnsResConfigSbeltEntry ::=
   SEQUENCE {
       dnsResConfigSbeltAddr
           IpAddress,
       dnsResConfigSbeltName
           DnsName,
        dnsResConfigSbeltRecursion
           INTEGER,
        dnsResConfigSbeltPref
           INTEGER,
       dnsResConfigSbeltSubTree
```

```
DnsNameAsIndex,
       dnsResConfigSbeltClass
           DnsClass,
       dnsResConfiqSbeltStatus
           RowStatus
    }
dnsResConfigSbeltAddr OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
            IpAddress
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS
           current
   DESCRIPTION
           "The IP address of the Sbelt name server identified by
           this row of the table."
    ::= { dnsResConfigSbeltEntry 1 }
dnsResConfigSbeltName OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
             DnsName
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "The DNS name of a Sbelt nameserver identified by this
           row of the table. A zero-length string indicates that
           the name is not known by the resolver."
    ::= { dnsResConfigSbeltEntry 2 }
dnsResConfigSbeltRecursion OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
               INTEGER { iterative(1),
                         recursive(2),
                         recursiveAndIterative(3) }
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "Kind of queries resolver will be sending to the name
           server identified in this row of the table:
           iterative(1) indicates that resolver will be directing
           iterative queries to this name server (RD bit turned
           recursive(2) indicates that resolver will be directing
           recursive queries to this name server (RD bit turned
           on).
           recursiveAndIterative(3) indicates that the resolver
           will be directing both recursive and iterative queries
           to the server identified in this row of the table."
     ::= { dnsResConfigSbeltEntry 3 }
```

```
dnsResConfigSbeltPref OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER (0..2147483647)
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "This value identifies the preference for the name server
           identified in this row of the table. The lower the
           value, the more desirable the resolver considers this
           server."
     ::= { dnsResConfigSbeltEntry 4 }
dnsResConfigSbeltSubTree OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX DnsNameAsIndex
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS
              current
   DESCRIPTION
           "Queries sent to the name server identified by this row
           of the table are limited to those for names in the name
           subtree identified by this variable. If no such
           limitation applies, the value of this variable is the
           name of the root domain (a DNS name consisting of a
           single zero octet)."
    ::= { dnsResConfigSbeltEntry 5 }
dnsResConfigSbeltClass OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX DnsClass
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS
           current
   DESCRIPTION
           "The class of DNS queries that will be sent to the server
           identified by this row of the table."
    ::= { dnsResConfigSbeltEntry 6 }
dnsResConfigSbeltStatus OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX RowStatus
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "Row status column for this row of the Sbelt table."
    ::= { dnsResConfigSbeltEntry 7 }
dnsResConfigUpTime OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
           DnsTime
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
               current
   DESCRIPTION
           "If the resolver has a persistent state (e.g., a
           process), this value will be the time elapsed since it
```

```
started. For software without persistant state, this
           value will be 0."
    ::= { dnsResConfig 5 }
dnsResConfigResetTime OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX DnsTime
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "If the resolver has a persistent state (e.g., a process)
           and supports a 'reset' operation (e.g., can be told to
           re-read configuration files), this value will be the
           time elapsed since the last time the resolver was
           'reset.' For software that does not have persistence or
           does not support a 'reset' operation, this value will be
           zero."
    ::= { dnsResConfig 6 }
dnsResConfigReset OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER { other(1),
                         reset(2),
                         initializing(3),
                         running(4) }
   MAX-ACCESS read-write
   STATUS
              current
   DESCRIPTION
           "Status/action object to reinitialize any persistant
           resolver state. When set to reset(2), any persistant
           resolver state (such as a process) is reinitialized as if
           the resolver had just been started. This value will
           never be returned by a read operation. When read, one of
           the following values will be returned:
               other(1) - resolver in some unknown state;
               initializing(3) - resolver (re)initializing;
               running(4) - resolver currently running."
    ::= { dnsResConfig 7 }
-- Resolver Counters Group
-- Resolver Counter Table
dnsResCounterByOpcodeTable OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF DnsResCounterByOpcodeEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "Table of the current count of resolver queries and
```

```
answers."
    ::= { dnsResCounter 3 }
dnsResCounterByOpcodeEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX DnsResCounterByOpcodeEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "Entry in the resolver counter table. Entries are
           indexed by DNS OpCode."
    INDEX { dnsResCounterByOpcodeCode }
    ::= { dnsResCounterByOpcodeTable 1 }
DnsResCounterByOpcodeEntry ::=
    SEQUENCE {
       dnsResCounterByOpcodeCode
          DnsOpCode,
       dnsResCounterByOpcodeQueries
          Counter32,
       dnsResCounterByOpcodeResponses
           Counter32
    }
dnsResCounterByOpcodeCode OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX DnsOpCode
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "The index to this table. The OpCodes that have already
           been defined are found in RFC-1035."
   REFERENCE
           "RFC-1035 section 4.1.1."
    ::= { dnsResCounterByOpcodeEntry 1 }
dnsResCounterByOpcodeQueries OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
              current
   DESCRIPTION
           "Total number of queries that have sent out by the
           resolver since initialization for the OpCode which is
           the index to this row of the table."
    ::= { dnsResCounterByOpcodeEntry 2 }
dnsResCounterByOpcodeResponses OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
```

```
DESCRIPTION
           "Total number of responses that have been received by the
           resolver since initialization for the OpCode which is
           the index to this row of the table."
    ::= { dnsResCounterByOpcodeEntry 3 }
-- Resolver Response Code Counter Table
dnsResCounterByRcodeTable OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF DnsResCounterByRcodeEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "Table of the current count of responses to resolver
           queries."
    ::= { dnsResCounter 4 }
dnsResCounterByRcodeEntry OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX DnsResCounterByRcodeEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "Entry in the resolver response table. Entries are
           indexed by DNS response code."
   INDEX { dnsResCounterByRcodeCode }
    ::= { dnsResCounterByRcodeTable 1 }
DnsResCounterByRcodeEntry ::=
   SEQUENCE {
       dnsResCounterByRcodeCode
           DnsRespCode,
       dnsResCounterByRcodeResponses
           Counter32
   }
dnsResCounterByRcodeCode OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX DnsRespCode
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS
              current
   DESCRIPTION
           "The index to this table. The Response Codes that have
           already been defined are found in RFC-1035."
   REFERENCE
           "RFC-1035 section 4.1.1."
    ::= { dnsResCounterByRcodeEntry 1 }
```

```
dnsResCounterByRcodeResponses OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "Number of responses the resolver has received for the
           response code value which identifies this row of the
           table."
    ::= { dnsResCounterByRcodeEntry 2 }
-- Additional DNS Resolver Counter Objects
dnsResCounterNonAuthDataResps OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
          current
   DESCRIPTION
           "Number of requests made by the resolver for which a
           non-authoritative answer (cached data) was received."
    ::= { dnsResCounter 5 }
dnsResCounterNonAuthNoDataResps OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "Number of requests made by the resolver for which a
           non-authoritative answer - no such data response (empty
           answer) was received."
    ::= { dnsResCounter 6 }
dnsResCounterMartians OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
           current
   DESCRIPTION
           "Number of responses received which were received from
           servers that the resolver does not think it asked."
    ::= { dnsResCounter 7 }
dnsResCounterRecdResponses OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
             current
   DESCRIPTION
           "Number of responses received to all queries."
    ::= { dnsResCounter 8 }
```

```
dnsResCounterUnparseResps OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "Number of responses received which were unparseable."
    ::= { dnsResCounter 9 }
dnsResCounterFallbacks OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "Number of times the resolver had to fall back to its
           seat belt information."
    ::= { dnsResCounter 10 }
-- Lame Delegation Group
dnsResLameDelegationOverflows OBJECT-TYPE
             Counter32
   SYNTAX
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "Number of times the resolver attempted to add an entry
           to the Lame Delegation table but was unable to for some
           reason such as space constraints."
    ::= { dnsResLameDelegation 1 }
-- Lame Delegation Table
dnsResLameDelegationTable OBJECT-TYPE
             SEQUENCE OF DnsResLameDelegationEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "Table of name servers returning lame delegations.
           A lame delegation has occured when a parent zone
           delegates authority for a child zone to a server that
           appears not to think that it is authoritative for the
           child zone in question."
    ::= { dnsResLameDelegation 2 }
dnsResLameDelegationEntry OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
             DnsResLameDelegationEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
```

```
STATUS
             current
   DESCRIPTION
           "Entry in lame delegation table. Only the resolver may
           create rows in this table. SNMP SET requests may be used
           to delete rows."
            { dnsResLameDelegationSource,
    INDEX
               dnsResLameDelegationName,
               dnsResLameDelegationClass }
    ::= { dnsResLameDelegationTable 1 }
DnsResLameDelegationEntry ::=
   SEQUENCE {
       dnsResLameDelegationSource
           IpAddress,
       dnsResLameDelegationName
           DnsNameAsIndex,
       dnsResLameDelegationClass
           DnsClass,
       dnsResLameDelegationCounts
           Counter32,
       dnsResLameDelegationStatus
           RowStatus
    }
dnsResLameDelegationSource OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX IpAddress
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "Source of lame delegation."
    ::= { dnsResLameDelegationEntry 1 }
dnsResLameDelegationName OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX DnsNameAsIndex
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
          "DNS name for which lame delegation was received."
    ::= { dnsResLameDelegationEntry 2 }
dnsResLameDelegationClass OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX DnsClass
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "DNS class of received lame delegation."
    ::= { dnsResLameDelegationEntry 3 }
```

```
dnsResLameDelegationCounts OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "How many times this lame delegation has been received."
    ::= { dnsResLameDelegationEntry 4 }
dnsResLameDelegationStatus OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX RowStatus
   MAX-ACCESS read-write
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "Status column for the lame delegation table. Since only
           the agent (DNS resolver) creates rows in this table, the
           only values that a manager may write to this variable
           are active(1) and destroy(6)."
    ::= { dnsResLameDelegationEntry 5 }
-- Resolver Cache Group
dnsResCacheStatus OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER { enabled(1), disabled(2), clear(3) }
   MAX-ACCESS read-write
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "Status/action for the resolver's cache.
           enabled(1) means that the use of the cache is allowed.
           Query operations can return this state.
           disabled(2) means that the cache is not being used.
           Query operations can return this state.
           Setting this variable to clear(3) deletes the entire
           contents of the resolver's cache, but does not otherwise
           change the resolver's state. The status will retain its
           previous value from before the clear operation (i.e.,
           enabled(1) or disabled(2)). The value of clear(3) can
           NOT be returned by a query operation."
    ::= { dnsResCache 1 }
dnsResCacheMaxTTL OBJECT-TYPE
           DnsTime
   MAX-ACCESS read-write
   STATUS
          current
   DESCRIPTION
```

```
"Maximum Time-To-Live for RRs in this cache. If the
           resolver does not implement a TTL ceiling, the value of
           this field should be zero."
    ::= { dnsResCache 2 }
dnsResCacheGoodCaches OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "Number of RRs the resolver has cached successfully."
    ::= { dnsResCache 3 }
dnsResCacheBadCaches OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "Number of RRs the resolver has refused to cache because
           they appear to be dangerous or irrelevant. E.g., RRs
           with suspiciously high TTLs, unsolicited root
           information, or that just don't appear to be relevant to
           the question the resolver asked."
    ::= { dnsResCache 4 }
-- Resolver Cache Table
dnsResCacheRRTable OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF DnsResCacheRREntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "This table contains information about all the resource
           records currently in the resolver's cache."
    ::= { dnsResCache 5 }
dnsResCacheRREntry OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX DnsResCacheRREntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "An entry in the resolvers's cache. Rows may be created
           only by the resolver. SNMP SET requests may be used to
           delete rows."
    INDEX
             { dnsResCacheRRName,
               dnsResCacheRRClass,
               dnsResCacheRRType,
               dnsResCacheRRIndex }
```

```
::= { dnsResCacheRRTable 1 }
DnsResCacheRREntry ::=
   SEQUENCE {
       dnsResCacheRRName
           DnsNameAsIndex,
       dnsResCacheRRClass
           DnsClass,
       dnsResCacheRRType
           DnsType,
       dnsResCacheRRTTL
           DnsTime,
       dnsResCacheRRElapsedTTL
           DnsTime,
       dnsResCacheRRSource
           IpAddress,
       dnsResCacheRRData
           OCTET STRING,
       dnsResCacheRRStatus
           RowStatus,
       dnsResCacheRRIndex
           Integer32,
       dnsResCacheRRPrettyName
           DnsName
    }
dnsResCacheRRName OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX DnsNameAsIndex
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "Owner name of the Resource Record in the cache which is
           identified in this row of the table. As described in
           RFC-1034, the owner of the record is the domain name
           were the RR is found."
   REFERENCE
           "RFC-1034 section 3.6."
    ::= { dnsResCacheRREntry 1 }
dnsResCacheRRClass OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX DnsClass
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
            "DNS class of the Resource Record in the cache which is
            identified in this row of the table."
    ::= { dnsResCacheRREntry 2 }
```

```
dnsResCacheRRType OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX DnsType
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "DNS type of the Resource Record in the cache which is
           identified in this row of the table."
   ::= { dnsResCacheRREntry 3 }
dnsResCacheRRTTL OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX DnsTime
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "Time-To-Live of RR in DNS cache. This is the initial
           TTL value which was received with the RR when it was
           originally received."
   ::= { dnsResCacheRREntry 4 }
dnsResCacheRRElapsedTTL OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX DnsTime
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "Elapsed seconds since RR was received."
   ::= { dnsResCacheRREntry 5 }
dnsResCacheRRSource OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX IpAddress
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "Host from which RR was received, 0.0.0.0 if unknown."
   ::= { dnsResCacheRREntry 6 }
dnsResCacheRRData OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX OCTET STRING
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "RDATA portion of a cached RR. The value is in the
           format defined for the particular DNS class and type of
           the resource record."
   REFERENCE
           "RFC-1035 section 3.2.1."
    ::= { dnsResCacheRREntry 7 }
```

```
dnsResCacheRRStatus OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX RowStatus
   MAX-ACCESS read-write
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "Status column for the resolver cache table. Since only
           the agent (DNS resolver) creates rows in this table, the
           only values that a manager may write to this variable
           are active(1) and destroy(6)."
    ::= { dnsResCacheRREntry 8 }
dnsResCacheRRIndex OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Integer32
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "A value which makes entries in the table unique when the
           other index values (dnsResCacheRRName,
           dnsResCacheRRClass, and dnsResCacheRRType) do not
           provide a unique index."
    ::= { dnsResCacheRREntry 9 }
dnsResCacheRRPrettyName OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX DnsName
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "Name of the RR at this row in the table. This is
           identical to the dnsResCacheRRName variable, except that
           character case is preserved in this variable, per DNS
           conventions."
   REFERENCE
           "RFC-1035 section 2.3.3."
    ::= { dnsResCacheRREntry 10 }
-- Resolver Negative Cache Group
dnsResNCacheStatus OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER { enabled(1), disabled(2), clear(3) }
   MAX-ACCESS read-write
   STATUS
              current
   DESCRIPTION
           "Status/action for the resolver's negative response
           cache.
           enabled(1) means that the use of the negative response
           cache is allowed. Query operations can return this
           state.
```

```
disabled(2) means that the negative response cache is
           not being used. Query operations can return this state.
           Setting this variable to clear(3) deletes the entire
           contents of the resolver's negative response cache. The
           status will retain its previous value from before the
           clear operation (i.e., enabled(1) or disabled(2)). The
           value of clear(3) can NOT be returned by a query
           operation."
    ::= { dnsResNCache 1 }
dnsResNCacheMaxTTL OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX DnsTime
   MAX-ACCESS read-write
   STATUS
              current
   DESCRIPTION
           "Maximum Time-To-Live for cached authoritative errors.
           If the resolver does not implement a TTL ceiling, the
           value of this field should be zero."
    ::= { dnsResNCache 2 }
dnsResNCacheGoodNCaches OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "Number of authoritative errors the resolver has cached
           successfully."
    ::= { dnsResNCache 3 }
dnsResNCacheBadNCaches OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
            current
   DESCRIPTION
           "Number of authoritative errors the resolver would have
           liked to cache but was unable to because the appropriate
           SOA RR was not supplied or looked suspicious."
   REFERENCE
           "RFC-1034 section 4.3.4."
    ::= { dnsResNCache 4 }
-- Resolver Negative Cache Table
dnsResNCacheErrTable OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF DnsResNCacheErrEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
```

```
DESCRIPTION
           "The resolver's negative response cache. This table
           contains information about authoritative errors that
           have been cached by the resolver."
    ::= { dnsResNCache 5 }
dnsResNCacheErrEntry OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX DnsResNCacheErrEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS
           current
   DESCRIPTION
           "An entry in the resolver's negative response cache
           table. Only the resolver can create rows. SNMP SET
           requests may be used to delete rows."
             { dnsResNCacheErrQName,
   INDEX
               dnsResNCacheErrQClass,
               dnsResNCacheErrQType,
               dnsResNCacheErrIndex }
    ::= { dnsResNCacheErrTable 1 }
DnsResNCacheErrEntry ::=
   SEQUENCE {
       dnsResNCacheErrQName
           DnsNameAsIndex,
       dnsResNCacheErrQClass
           DnsQClass,
       dnsResNCacheErrQType
           DnsQType,
       dnsResNCacheErrTTL
           DnsTime,
       dnsResNCacheErrElapsedTTL
           DnsTime,
       dnsResNCacheErrSource
           IpAddress,
       dnsResNCacheErrCode
           INTEGER,
       dnsResNCacheErrStatus
           RowStatus,
       dnsResNCacheErrIndex
           Integer32,
       dnsResNCacheErrPrettyName
           DnsName
   }
dnsResNCacheErrQName OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX DnsNameAsIndex
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
```

```
DESCRIPTION
           "QNAME associated with a cached authoritative error."
           "RFC-1034 section 3.7.1."
    ::= { dnsResNCacheErrEntry 1 }
dnsResNCacheErrQClass OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX DnsQClass
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "DNS QCLASS associated with a cached authoritative
           error."
    ::= { dnsResNCacheErrEntry 2 }
dnsResNCacheErrQType OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX DnsQType
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "DNS QTYPE associated with a cached authoritative error."
    ::= { dnsResNCacheErrEntry 3 }
dnsResNCacheErrTTL OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX DnsTime
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "Time-To-Live of a cached authoritative error at the time
           of the error, it should not be decremented by the number
           of seconds since it was received. This should be the
           TTL as copied from the MINIMUM field of the SOA that
           accompanied the authoritative error, or a smaller value
           if the resolver implements a ceiling on negative
           response cache TTLs."
   REFERENCE
           "RFC-1034 section 4.3.4."
    ::= { dnsResNCacheErrEntry 4 }
dnsResNCacheErrElapsedTTL OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX DnsTime
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "Elapsed seconds since authoritative error was received."
    ::= { dnsResNCacheErrEntry 5 }
```

```
dnsResNCacheErrSource OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX IpAddress
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "Host which sent the authoritative error, 0.0.0.0 if
           unknown."
    ::= { dnsResNCacheErrEntry 6 }
dnsResNCacheErrCode OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
            INTEGER { nonexistantName(1), noData(2), other(3) }
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "The authoritative error that has been cached:
           nonexistantName(1) indicates an authoritative name error
           (RCODE = 3).
           noData(2) indicates an authoritative response with no
           error (RCODE = 0) and no relevant data.
           other(3) indicates some other cached authoritative
           error. At present, no such errors are known to exist."
    ::= { dnsResNCacheErrEntry 7 }
dnsResNCacheErrStatus OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX RowStatus
   MAX-ACCESS read-write
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "Status column for the resolver negative response cache
           table. Since only the agent (DNS resolver) creates rows
           in this table, the only values that a manager may write
           to this variable are active(1) and destroy(6)."
    ::= { dnsResNCacheErrEntry 8 }
dnsResNCacheErrIndex OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Integer32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
               current
   STATUS
   DESCRIPTION
           "A value which makes entries in the table unique when the
           other index values (dnsResNCacheErrQName,
           dnsResNCacheErrQClass, and dnsResNCacheErrQType) do not
           provide a unique index."
    ::= { dnsResNCacheErrEntry 9 }
```

```
dnsResNCacheErrPrettyName OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX DnsName
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "QNAME associated with this row in the table. This is
           identical to the dnsResNCacheErrQName variable, except
           that character case is preserved in this variable, per
           DNS conventions."
   REFERENCE
           "RFC-1035 section 2.3.3."
    ::= { dnsResNCacheErrEntry 10 }
-- Resolver Optional Counters Group
dnsResOptCounterReferals OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
           Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "Number of responses which were received from servers
           redirecting query to another server."
    ::= { dnsResOptCounter 1 }
dnsResOptCounterRetrans OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "Number requests retransmitted for all reasons."
    ::= { dnsResOptCounter 2 }
dnsResOptCounterNoResponses OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "Number of queries that were retransmitted because of no
           response."
    ::= { dnsResOptCounter 3 }
dnsResOptCounterRootRetrans OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "Number of queries that were retransmitted that were to
```

```
root servers."
   ::= { dnsResOptCounter 4 }
dnsResOptCounterInternals OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
           Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "Number of requests internally generated by the
           resolver."
   ::= { dnsResOptCounter 5 }
dnsResOptCounterInternalTimeOuts OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
           Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
              current
   DESCRIPTION
           "Number of requests internally generated which timed
           out."
   ::= { dnsResOptCounter 6 }
-- SNMPv2 groups.
dnsResConfigGroup OBJECT-GROUP
           { dnsResConfigImplementIdent,
               dnsResConfigService,
               dnsResConfigMaxCnames,
               dnsResConfigSbeltAddr,
               dnsResConfigSbeltName,
               dnsResConfigSbeltRecursion,
               dnsResConfigSbeltPref,
               dnsResConfigSbeltSubTree,
               dnsResConfigSbeltClass,
               dnsResConfigSbeltStatus,
               dnsResConfigUpTime,
               dnsResConfigResetTime }
   STATUS
               current
   DESCRIPTION
           "A collection of objects providing basic configuration
           information for a DNS resolver implementation."
   ::= { dnsResMIBGroups 1 }
dnsResCounterGroup OBJECT-GROUP
   OBJECTS
             { dnsResCounterByOpcodeCode,
               dnsResCounterByOpcodeQueries,
```

```
dnsResCounterByOpcodeResponses,
                dnsResCounterByRcodeCode,
                dnsResCounterByRcodeResponses,
                dnsResCounterNonAuthDataResps,
                dnsResCounterNonAuthNoDataResps,
                dnsResCounterMartians,
                dnsResCounterRecdResponses,
                dnsResCounterUnparseResps,
                dnsResCounterFallbacks }
    STATUS
                current
   DESCRIPTION
            "A collection of objects providing basic instrumentation
            of a DNS resolver implementation."
    ::= { dnsResMIBGroups 2 }
dnsResLameDelegationGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS
              { dnsResLameDelegationOverflows,
                dnsResLameDelegationSource,
                dnsResLameDelegationName,
                dnsResLameDelegationClass,
                dnsResLameDelegationCounts,
                dnsResLameDelegationStatus }
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
            "A collection of objects providing instrumentation of
            'lame delegation' failures."
    ::= { dnsResMIBGroups 3 }
dnsResCacheGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS { dnsResCacheStatus,
                dnsResCacheMaxTTL,
                dnsResCacheGoodCaches,
                dnsResCacheBadCaches,
                dnsResCacheRRName,
                dnsResCacheRRClass,
                dnsResCacheRRType,
                dnsResCacheRRTTL,
                dnsResCacheRRElapsedTTL,
                dnsResCacheRRSource,
                dnsResCacheRRData,
                dnsResCacheRRStatus,
                dnsResCacheRRIndex,
                dnsResCacheRRPrettyName }
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
            "A collection of objects providing access to and control
            of a DNS resolver's cache."
```

```
::= { dnsResMIBGroups 4 }
dnsResNCacheGroup OBJECT-GROUP
             { dnsResNCacheStatus,
    OBJECTS
                dnsResNCacheMaxTTL,
                dnsResNCacheGoodNCaches,
                dnsResNCacheBadNCaches,
                dnsResNCacheErrQName,
                dnsResNCacheErrQClass,
                dnsResNCacheErrQType,
                dnsResNCacheErrTTL,
                dnsResNCacheErrElapsedTTL,
                dnsResNCacheErrSource,
                dnsResNCacheErrCode,
                dnsResNCacheErrStatus,
                dnsResNCacheErrIndex,
                dnsResNCacheErrPrettyName }
    STATUS
                current
   DESCRIPTION
            "A collection of objects providing access to and control
            of a DNS resolver's negative response cache."
    ::= { dnsResMIBGroups 5 }
dnsResOptCounterGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS
            { dnsResOptCounterReferals,
                dnsResOptCounterRetrans,
                dnsResOptCounterNoResponses,
                dnsResOptCounterRootRetrans,
                dnsResOptCounterInternals,
                dnsResOptCounterInternalTimeOuts }
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
            "A collection of objects providing further
            instrumentation applicable to many but not all DNS
            resolvers."
    ::= { dnsResMIBGroups 6 }
-- Compliances.
dnsResMIBCompliances OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { dnsResMIB 3 }
dnsResMIBCompliance MODULE-COMPLIANCE
   STATUS
               current
            "The compliance statement for agents implementing the DNS
            resolver MIB extensions."
   MODULE -- This MIB module
```

```
MANDATORY-GROUPS { dnsResConfigGroup, dnsResCounterGroup }
GROUP
       dnsResCacheGroup
DESCRIPTION
    "The resolver cache group is mandatory for resolvers that
    implement a cache."
GROUP
       dnsResNCacheGroup
DESCRIPTION
    "The resolver negative cache group is mandatory for
   resolvers that implement a negative response cache."
      dnsResLameDelegationGroup
DESCRIPTION
    "The lame delegation group is unconditionally optional."
GROUP dnsResOptCounterGroup
DESCRIPTION
    "The optional counters group is unconditionally
   optional."
OBJECT dnsResConfigMaxCnames
MIN-ACCESS read-only
DESCRIPTION
   "This object need not be writable."
OBJECT dnsResConfigSbeltName
MIN-ACCESS
             read-only
DESCRIPTION
    "This object need not be writable."
OBJECT dnsResConfigSbeltRecursion
           read-only
MIN-ACCESS
DESCRIPTION
    "This object need not be writable."
OBJECT dnsResConfigSbeltPref
MIN-ACCESS read-only
DESCRIPTION
    "This object need not be writable."
OBJECT dnsResConfigReset
MIN-ACCESS read-only
DESCRIPTION
    "This object need not be writable."
OBJECT dnsResCacheStatus
MIN-ACCESS read-only
DESCRIPTION
   "This object need not be writable."
OBJECT dnsResCacheMaxTTL
MIN-ACCESS read-only
DESCRIPTION
    "This object need not be writable."
OBJECT dnsResNCacheStatus
MIN-ACCESS read-only
DESCRIPTION
    "This object need not be writable."
```

OBJECT dnsResNCacheMaxTTL
MIN-ACCESS read-only
DESCRIPTION
"This object need not be writable."
::= { dnsResMIBCompliances 1 }

END

5. Acknowledgements

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7. Security Considerations

Security issues are not discussed in this memo.

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