



# Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Nov 13, 2025 – 06:12 AM EST

PDB ID : 8W16 / pdb\_00008w16  
BMRB ID : 31147  
Title : Pyroglutamaic acid position 1 synthetic analogue of RgIA  
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Deposited on : 2024-02-15

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0  
Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)  
Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)  
wwPDB-RCI : v\_1n\_11\_5\_13\_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)  
PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)  
wwPDB-ShiftChecker : v1.2  
BMRB Restraints Analysis : v1.2  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.46

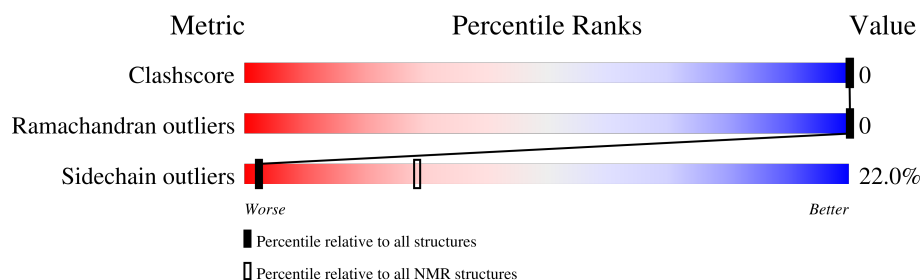
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*SOLUTION NMR*

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 74%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	210492	14027
Ramachandran outliers	207382	12486
Sidechain outliers	206894	12463

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	15	<div> <div>53%</div> <div>13%</div> <div>33%</div> </div>

## 2 Ensemble composition and analysis

This entry contains 20 models. Model 6 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *medoid*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model
1	A:3-A:10, A:12-A:13 (10)	0.08	6

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 2 clusters and 3 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 13, 14, 15, 16
2	8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 17
Single-model clusters	18; 19; 20

### 3 Entry composition

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 229 atoms, of which 106 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Alpha-conotoxin RgIA.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms								Trace
1	A	15	Total	C	H	I	N	O	S		0
			229	73	106	1	23	22	4		

There are 5 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	1	PCA	ARG	conflict	UNP P0C1D0
A	5	THR	SER	conflict	UNP P0C1D0
A	12	GLN	ARG	conflict	UNP P0C1D0
A	14	TYR	ARG	conflict	UNP P0C1D0
A	15	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP P0C1D0

## 4 Residue-property plots

### 4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Alpha-conotoxin RgIA

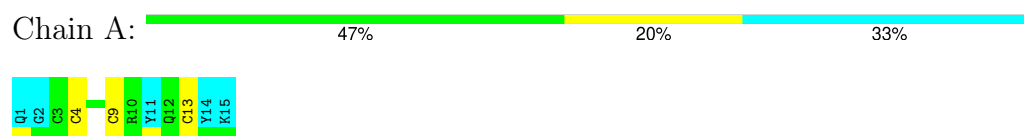


### 4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

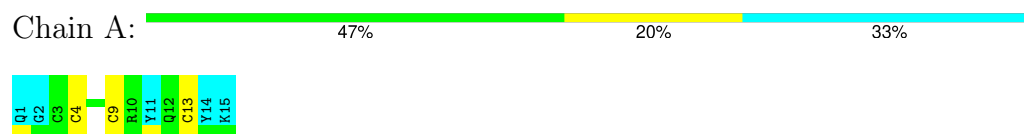
#### 4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1

- Molecule 1: Alpha-conotoxin RgIA



#### 4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2

- Molecule 1: Alpha-conotoxin RgIA



### 4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

- Molecule 1: Alpha-conotoxin RgIA



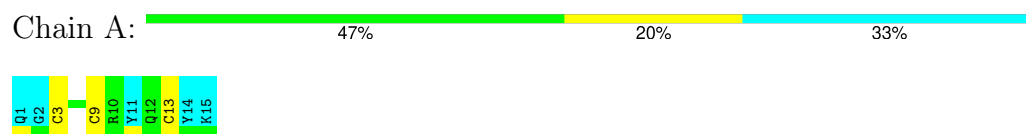
### 4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

- Molecule 1: Alpha-conotoxin RgIA



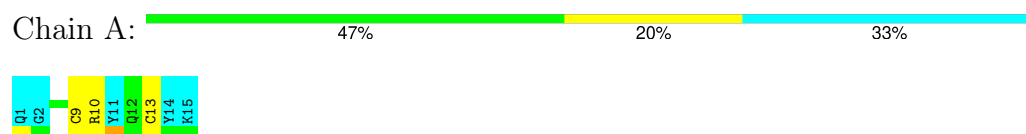
### 4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

- Molecule 1: Alpha-conotoxin RgIA



### 4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6 (medoid)

- Molecule 1: Alpha-conotoxin RgIA



### 4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7

- Molecule 1: Alpha-conotoxin RgIA



#### 4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

- Molecule 1: Alpha-conotoxin RgIA



#### 4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

- Molecule 1: Alpha-conotoxin RgIA



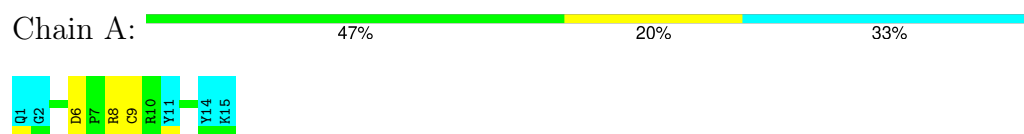
#### 4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

- Molecule 1: Alpha-conotoxin RgIA



#### 4.2.11 Score per residue for model 11

- Molecule 1: Alpha-conotoxin RgIA



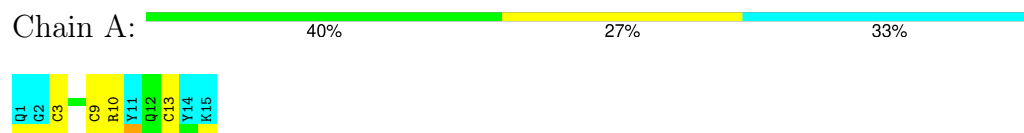
#### 4.2.12 Score per residue for model 12

- Molecule 1: Alpha-conotoxin RgIA



#### 4.2.13 Score per residue for model 13

- Molecule 1: Alpha-conotoxin RgIA



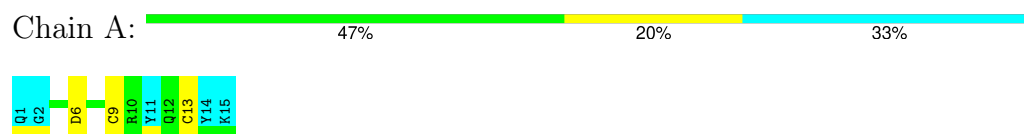
#### 4.2.14 Score per residue for model 14

- Molecule 1: Alpha-conotoxin RgIA



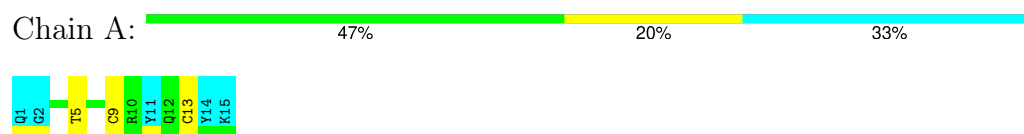
#### 4.2.15 Score per residue for model 15

- Molecule 1: Alpha-conotoxin RgIA



#### 4.2.16 Score per residue for model 16

- Molecule 1: Alpha-conotoxin RgIA



#### 4.2.17 Score per residue for model 17

- Molecule 1: Alpha-conotoxin RgIA





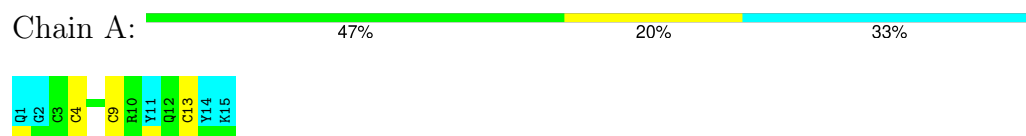
#### 4.2.18 Score per residue for model 18

- Molecule 1: Alpha-conotoxin RgIA



#### 4.2.19 Score per residue for model 19

- Molecule 1: Alpha-conotoxin RgIA



#### 4.2.20 Score per residue for model 20

- Molecule 1: Alpha-conotoxin RgIA



## 5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *na*.

Of the 20 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *all calculated structures submitted*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CYANA	refinement	
CYANA	structure calculation	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	150
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	148
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	2
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	74%

## 6 Model quality [i](#)

### 6.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: IYR, PCA

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 6.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	77	68	68	0±0
All	All	1540	1360	1360	-

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is -.

There are no clashes.

### 6.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

#### 6.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	10/15 (67%)	9±0 (91±3%)	1±0 (9±3%)	0±0 (0±0%)	100	100
All	All	200/300 (67%)	182 (91%)	18 (9%)	0 (0%)	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers.

### 6.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	10/12 (83%)	8±1 (78±7%)	2±1 (22±7%)	2	28
All	All	200/240 (83%)	156 (78%)	44 (22%)	2	28

All 8 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	9	CYS	20
1	A	13	CYS	12
1	A	4	CYS	3
1	A	3	CYS	3
1	A	6	ASP	3
1	A	5	THR	1
1	A	8	ARG	1
1	A	10	ARG	1

### 6.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

2 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds that are observed in the model and the number of bonds that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths		
					Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
1	PCA	A	1	1	7,8,9	1.59±0.01	2±0 (28±0%)
1	IYR	A	11	1	12,13,14	1.12±0.01	1±0 (8±0%)

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of angles for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of angles that are observed in the model and the number of angles that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond angle is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond angle with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond angles.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
1	PCA	A	1	1	9,10,12	0.60±0.02	0±0 (0±0%)
1	IYR	A	11	1	12,17,19	1.74±0.01	1±0 (8±0%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	PCA	A	1	1	-	0±0,0,11,13	0±0,1,1,1
1	IYR	A	11	1	-	0±0,5,6,8	0±0,1,1,1

All unique bond outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	1	PCA	CD-N	3.18	1.42	1.34	12	20
1	A	11	IYR	CE-IE	2.90	2.16	2.10	6	20
1	A	1	PCA	CA-N	2.56	1.49	1.46	2	20

All unique angle outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	11	IYR	OF-CF-CE	5.66	125.72	119.16	6	20

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

## 6.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

## 6.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

## 6.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

## 6.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 7 Chemical shift validation

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 74% for the well-defined parts and 76% for the entire structure.

### 7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: `working_cs.cif`

Chemical shift list name: *starch\_output*

#### 7.1.1 Bookkeeping

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	150
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	148
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	2
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

The following assigned chemical shifts were not mapped to the molecules present in the coordinate file.

- No matching atom found in the structure. All 2 occurrences are reported below.

List ID	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift Data		
					Value	Uncertainty	Ambiguity
1	A	11	IYR	HD1	7.53	0.001	.
1	A	11	IYR	CD1	142.754	0.000	.

#### 7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing

No chemical shift referencing corrections were calculated (not enough data).

#### 7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 74%, i.e. 93 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 125. 0 out of 0 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	<sup>1</sup> H	<sup>13</sup> C	<sup>15</sup> N
Backbone	37/48 (77%)	19/19 (100%)	10/20 (50%)	8/9 (89%)
Sidechain	56/77 (73%)	38/48 (79%)	18/22 (82%)	0/7 (0%)
Overall	93/125 (74%)	57/67 (85%)	28/42 (67%)	8/16 (50%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 76%, i.e. 126 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 166. 0 out of 0 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	<sup>1</sup> H	<sup>13</sup> C	<sup>15</sup> N
Backbone	49/64 (77%)	26/26 (100%)	13/26 (50%)	10/12 (83%)
Sidechain	71/93 (76%)	48/58 (83%)	23/27 (85%)	0/8 (0%)
Aromatic	6/9 (67%)	4/4 (100%)	2/5 (40%)	0/0 (—%)
Overall	126/166 (76%)	78/88 (89%)	38/58 (66%)	10/20 (50%)

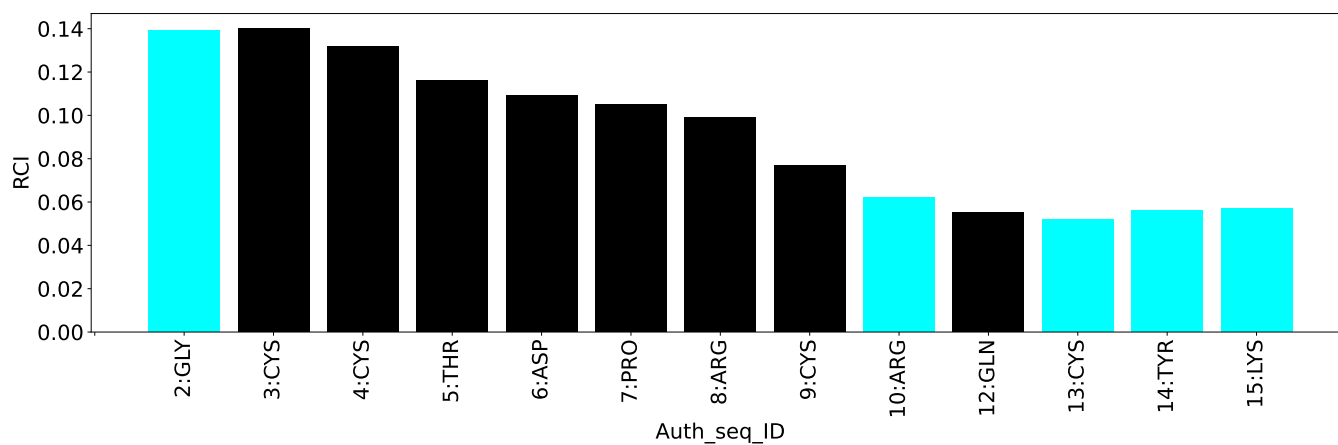
#### 7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts [i](#)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

#### 7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots [i](#)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:





## 8 NMR restraints analysis [i](#)

### 8.1 Conformationally restricting restraints [i](#)

The following table provides the summary of experimentally observed NMR restraints in different categories. Restraints are classified into different categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved.

Description	Value
Total distance restraints	28
Intra-residue ( $ i-j =0$ )	0
Sequential ( $ i-j =1$ )	0
Medium range ( $ i-j >1$ and $ i-j <5$ )	8
Long range ( $ i-j \geq 5$ )	10
Inter-chain	0
Hydrogen bond restraints	8
Disulfide bond restraints	2
Total dihedral-angle restraints	0
Number of unmapped restraints	0
Number of restraints per residue	1.9
Number of long range restraints per residue <sup>1</sup>	0.8

<sup>1</sup>Long range hydrogen bonds and disulfide bonds are counted as long range restraints while calculating the number of long range restraints per residue

### 8.2 Residual restraint violations [i](#)

This section provides the overview of the restraint violations analysis. The violations are binned as small, medium and large violations based on its absolute value. Average number of violations per model is calculated by dividing the total number of violations in each bin by the size of the ensemble.

#### 8.2.1 Average number of distance violations per model [i](#)

Distance violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the calculation. There are no distance violations

#### 8.2.2 Average number of dihedral-angle violations per model [i](#)

Dihedral-angle violations less than 1° are not included in the calculation. There are no dihedral-angle violations

## 9 Distance violation analysis [i](#)

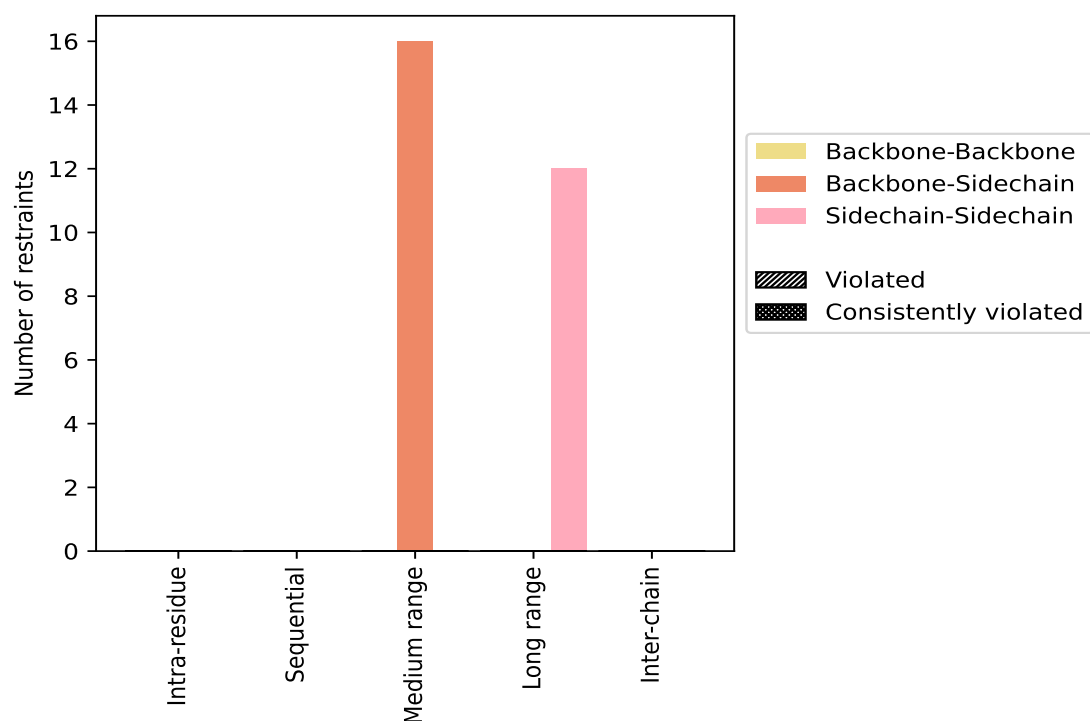
### 9.1 Summary of distance violations [i](#)

The following table shows the summary of distance violations in different restraint categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved. Each category is further sub-divided into three sub-categories based on the atoms involved. Violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the statistics.

Restrains type	Count	% <sup>1</sup>	Violated <sup>3</sup>			Consistently Violated <sup>4</sup>		
			Count	% <sup>2</sup>	% <sup>1</sup>	Count	% <sup>2</sup>	% <sup>1</sup>
<a href="#">Intra-residue ( i-j =0)</a>	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
<a href="#">Sequential ( i-j =1)</a>	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
<a href="#">Medium range ( i-j &gt;1 &amp;  i-j &lt;5)</a>	8	28.6	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	8	28.6	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
<a href="#">Long range ( i-j ≥5)</a>	10	35.7	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	10	35.7	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
<a href="#">Inter-chain</a>	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
<a href="#">Hydrogen bond</a>	8	28.6	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
<a href="#">Disulfide bond</a>	2	7.1	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
<a href="#">Total</a>	28	100.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	16	57.1	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	12	42.9	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0

<sup>1</sup> percentage calculated with respect to the total number of distance restraints, <sup>2</sup> percentage calculated with respect to the number of restraints in a particular restraint category, <sup>3</sup> violated in at least one model, <sup>4</sup> violated in all the models

### 9.1.1 Bar chart : Distribution of distance restraints and violations [i](#)



Violated and consistently violated restraints are shown using different hatch patterns in their respective categories. The hydrogen bonds and disulfid bonds are counted in their appropriate category on the x-axis

## 9.2 Distance violation statistics for each model [i](#)

No violations found

## 9.3 Distance violation statistics for the ensemble [i](#)

No violations found

## 9.4 Most violated distance restraints in the ensemble [i](#)

No violations found

## 9.5 All violated distance restraints [i](#)

No violations found

## 10 Dihedral-angle violation analysis ⓘ

No dihedral-angle restraints found