wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

May 16, 2020 – 01:28 pm BST

PDB ID	:	4QWN
Title	:	Histone demethylase KDM2A-H3K36ME1-alpha-KG complex structure
Authors	:	Cheng, Z.J.; Patel, D.J.
Deposited on	:	2014-07-16
Resolution	:	2.10 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

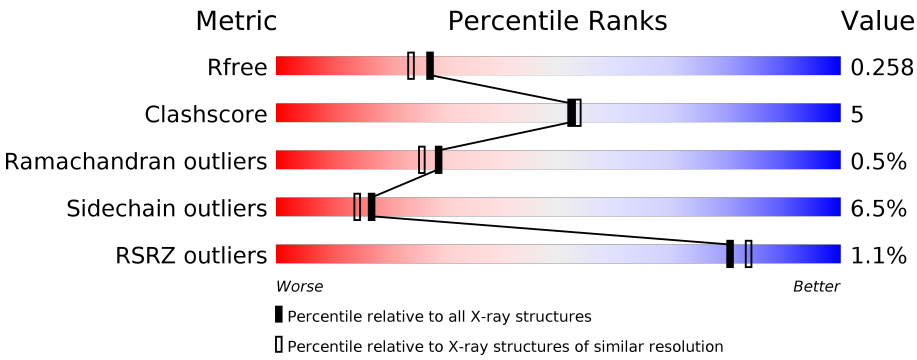
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
EDS	:	2.11
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.11

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.10 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	130704	5197 (2.10-2.10)
Clashscore	141614	5710 (2.10-2.10)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5647 (2.10-2.10)
Sidechain outliers	138945	5648 (2.10-2.10)
RSRZ outliers	127900	5083 (2.10-2.10)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	329	85% 14% •
1	C	329	% 84% 15% •
2	B	68	84% 13% •
2	D	68	82% 18%
3	E	15	7% 33% 27% 7% 33%
3	F	15	33% 40% 7% 53%

2 Entry composition (i)

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 6890 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Lysine-specific demethylase 2A.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	A	329	2749	1761	458	509	21	0	1	0
1	C	329	2749	1761	459	508	21	0	1	0

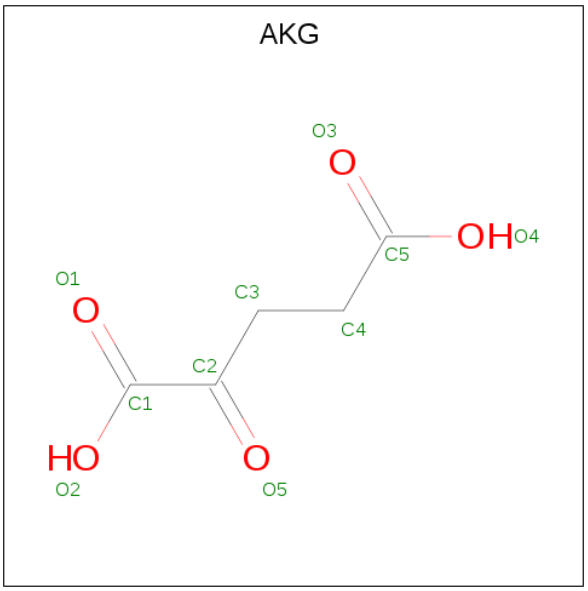
- Molecule 2 is a protein called Lysine-specific demethylase 2A.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
2	B	68	535	346	87	100	2	0	1	0
2	D	68	531	343	85	100	3	0	1	0

- Molecule 3 is a protein called Histone H3.2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O			
3	E	10	65	42	12	11	0	0	0
3	F	7	44	28	8	8	0	0	0

- Molecule 4 is 2-OXOGLUTARIC ACID (three-letter code: AKG) (formula: $C_5H_6O_5$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total C O 10 5 5	0	0
4	C	1	Total C O 10 5 5	0	0

- Molecule 5 is NICKEL (II) ION (three-letter code: NI) (formula: Ni).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total Ni 1 1	0	0
5	C	1	Total Ni 1 1	0	0

- Molecule 6 is water.

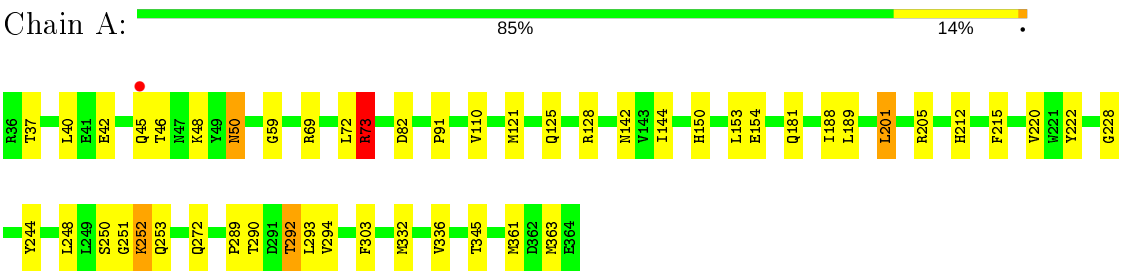
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	83	Total O 83 83	0	0
6	B	17	Total O 17 17	0	0
6	C	79	Total O 79 79	0	0
6	D	15	Total O 15 15	0	0
6	F	1	Total O 1 1	0	0

3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

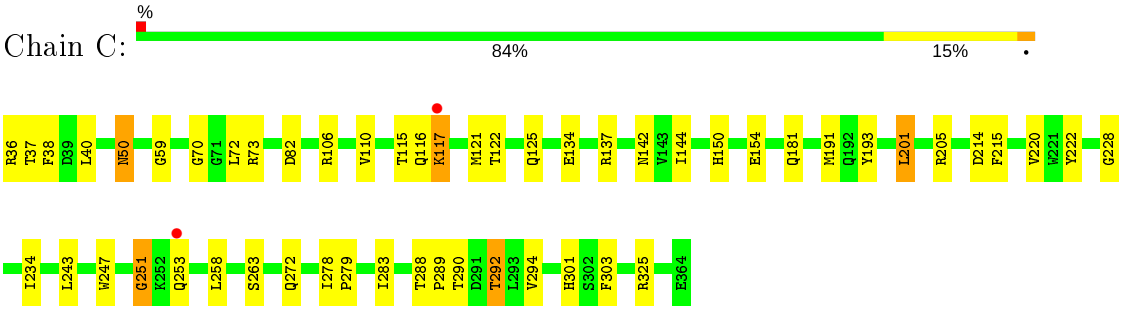
- Molecule 1: Lysine-specific demethylase 2A

Chain A:



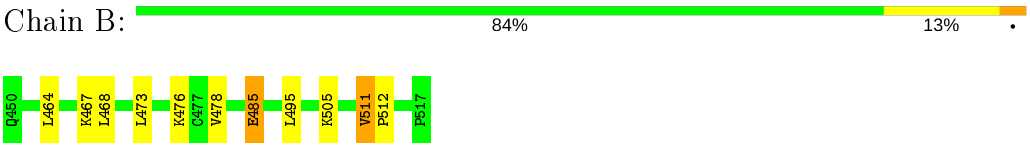
- Molecule 1: Lysine-specific demethylase 2A

Chain C:



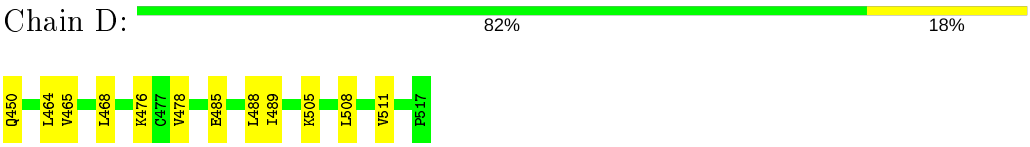
- Molecule 2: Lysine-specific demethylase 2A

Chain B:



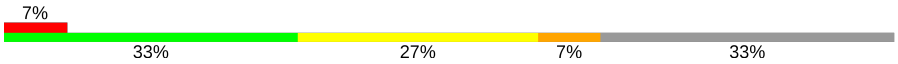
- Molecule 2: Lysine-specific demethylase 2A

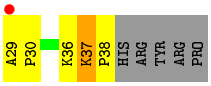
Chain D:



- Molecule 3: Histone H3.2

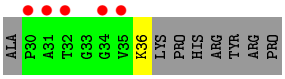
Chain E:





- Molecule 3: Histone H3.2

Chain F:



4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α, β, γ	54.34Å 87.57Å 171.68Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	85.84 – 2.10 39.41 – 2.10	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	98.1 (85.84-2.10) 98.2 (39.41-2.10)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.11	Depositor
R_{sym}	0.10	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) >$ [1]	3.08 (at 2.10Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.5.0109	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.215 , 0.264 0.202 , 0.258	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	2425 reflections (5.07%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å^2)	37.0	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.324	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)	0.32 , 33.1	EDS
L-test for twinning[2]	$< \|L\| > = 0.47$, $< L^2 > = 0.29$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o,F_c correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	6890	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å^2)	44.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The analyses of the Patterson function reveals a significant off-origin peak that is 37.79 % of the origin peak, indicating pseudo-translational symmetry. The chance of finding a peak of this or larger height randomly in a structure without pseudo-translational symmetry is equal to 4.0651e-04. The detected translational NCS is most likely also responsible for the elevated intensity ratio.*

[1] Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

[2] Theoretical values of $< |L| >$, $< L^2 >$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: MLZ, NI, AKG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| >5$	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| >5$
1	A	0.66	0/2828	0.79	1/3828 (0.0%)
1	C	0.67	0/2825	0.80	1/3825 (0.0%)
2	B	0.61	0/549	0.77	0/748
2	D	0.57	0/544	0.76	0/741
3	E	0.68	0/55	0.77	0/73
3	F	0.73	0/34	0.66	0/45
All	All	0.65	0/6835	0.79	2/9260 (0.0%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
1	A	73	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.21	123.41	120.30
1	C	137	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.17	122.88	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2749	0	2643	26	0
1	C	2749	0	2643	35	0
2	B	535	0	553	5	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	D	531	0	551	5	0
3	E	65	0	72	3	0
3	F	44	0	47	4	0
4	A	10	0	4	2	0
4	C	10	0	4	0	0
5	A	1	0	0	0	0
5	C	1	0	0	0	0
6	A	83	0	0	0	0
6	B	17	0	0	0	0
6	C	79	0	0	1	0
6	D	15	0	0	0	0
6	F	1	0	0	0	0
All	All	6890	0	6517	72	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 5.

The worst 5 of 72 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:222:TYR:OH	4:A:701:AKG:C2	2.37	0.72
1:A:73:ARG:NH2	1:A:303:PHE:O	2.26	0.69
1:A:50:ASN:H	1:A:50:ASN:HD22	1.45	0.64
1:A:144:ILE:HA	1:A:201:LEU:HD13	1.79	0.63
1:C:222:TYR:CE1	3:F:36:MLZ:HCM1	2.37	0.59

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	328/329 (100%)	321 (98%)	7 (2%)	0	100	100
1	C	328/329 (100%)	318 (97%)	8 (2%)	2 (1%)	25	21
2	B	67/68 (98%)	64 (96%)	3 (4%)	0	100	100
2	D	67/68 (98%)	64 (96%)	2 (3%)	1 (2%)	10	5
3	E	7/15 (47%)	6 (86%)	0	1 (14%)	0	0
3	F	5/15 (33%)	5 (100%)	0	0	100	100
All	All	802/824 (97%)	778 (97%)	20 (2%)	4 (0%)	29	26

All (4) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	C	116	GLN
2	D	508	LEU
1	C	251	GLY
3	E	37	LYS

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	306/305 (100%)	287 (94%)	19 (6%)	18	15
1	C	306/305 (100%)	291 (95%)	15 (5%)	25	23
2	B	62/61 (102%)	54 (87%)	8 (13%)	4	2
2	D	62/61 (102%)	56 (90%)	6 (10%)	8	5
3	E	5/10 (50%)	5 (100%)	0	100	100
3	F	3/10 (30%)	3 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	744/752 (99%)	696 (94%)	48 (6%)	17	14

5 of 48 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	B	468	LEU

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	B	511	VAL
2	D	476	LYS
2	B	473	LEU
2	B	485	GLU

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 18 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	301	HIS
1	C	50	ASN
1	C	150	HIS
1	A	253	GLN
1	A	298	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

2 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$
3	MLZ	F	36	3	8,9,10	0.52	0	4,9,11	1.58	1 (25%)
3	MLZ	E	36	3	8,9,10	0.53	0	4,9,11	1.43	1 (25%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	MLZ	F	36	3	-	4/7/8/10	-
3	MLZ	E	36	3	-	4/7/8/10	-

There are no bond length outliers.

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
3	F	36	MLZ	CM-NZ-CE	2.96	120.51	111.95
3	E	36	MLZ	CM-NZ-CE	2.81	120.07	111.95

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 8 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	F	36	MLZ	CG-CD-CE-NZ
3	E	36	MLZ	CA-CB-CG-CD
3	F	36	MLZ	CE-CD-CG-CB
3	E	36	MLZ	CG-CD-CE-NZ
3	F	36	MLZ	N-CA-CB-CG

There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 5 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	F	36	MLZ	4	0
3	E	36	MLZ	1	0

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 4 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 2 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the

expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$
4	AKG	A	701	5	3,9,9	0.65	0	4,11,11	1.19	0
4	AKG	C	701	5	3,9,9	0.35	0	4,11,11	2.02	1 (25%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	AKG	A	701	5	-	2/3/9/9	-
4	AKG	C	701	5	-	2/3/9/9	-

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
4	C	701	AKG	C4-C3-C2	-3.71	105.14	113.14

There are no chirality outliers.

All (4) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	A	701	AKG	C1-C2-C3-C4
4	A	701	AKG	O5-C2-C3-C4
4	C	701	AKG	O5-C2-C3-C4
4	C	701	AKG	C1-C2-C3-C4

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 2 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	A	701	AKG	2	0

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å^2)	Q<0.9
1	A	329/329 (100%)	-0.34	1 (0%) 94 94	29, 42, 65, 85	0
1	C	329/329 (100%)	-0.42	2 (0%) 89 91	29, 40, 65, 102	0
2	B	68/68 (100%)	-0.52	0 100 100	33, 43, 60, 76	0
2	D	68/68 (100%)	-0.46	0 100 100	34, 46, 69, 77	0
3	E	9/15 (60%)	-0.12	1 (11%) 5 7	38, 39, 66, 70	0
3	F	6/15 (40%)	3.71	5 (83%) 0 0	82, 84, 99, 110	0
All	All	809/824 (98%)	-0.37	9 (1%) 80 84	29, 42, 67, 110	0

The worst 5 of 9 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
3	F	30	PRO	5.7
3	F	31	ALA	5.5
3	F	35	VAL	4.3
3	F	34	GLY	3.1
3	F	32	THR	3.1

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å^2)	Q<0.9
3	MLZ	F	36	10/11	0.70	0.22	60,68,81,88	0
3	MLZ	E	36	10/11	0.95	0.14	47,50,53,54	0

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å^2)	Q<0.9
4	AKG	C	701	10/10	0.94	0.12	37,47,48,48	2
5	NI	A	702	1/1	0.98	0.09	54,54,54,54	0
4	AKG	A	701	10/10	0.98	0.09	39,47,53,54	2
5	NI	C	702	1/1	0.99	0.08	45,45,45,45	0

6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.