wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Oct 3, 2023 – 02:20 PM EDT

PDB ID	:	6OV3
Title	:	Crystal structure of human claudin-9 in complex with Clostridium perfringens entertoxin C-terminal domain in open form
Authors	:	Vecchio, A.J.; Stroud, R.M.
Deposited on	:	2019-05-06
Resolution	:	3.25 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at
http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

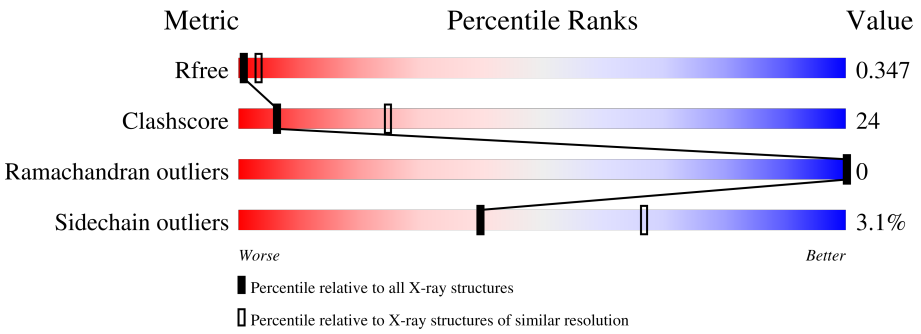
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
EDS	:	2.35.1
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.35.1

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.25 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	130704	1191 (3.30-3.22)
Clashscore	141614	1251 (3.30-3.22)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1229 (3.30-3.22)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1228 (3.30-3.22)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	217	46% 34% • 18%
2	B	131	53% 40% • 6%

2 Entry composition (i)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2241 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Claudin-9.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	A	179	1278	841	205	220	12	0	2	0

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Heat-labile enterotoxin B chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
2	B	123	963	613	159	190	1	0	1	0

There are 5 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

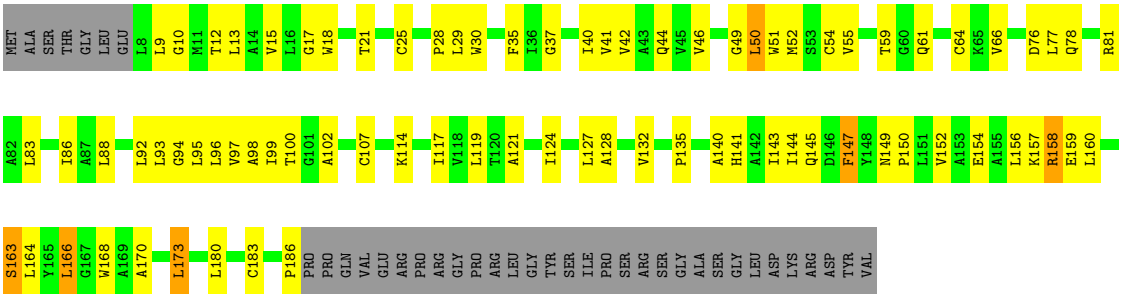
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
B	320	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P01558
B	321	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP P01558
B	322	VAL	-	expression tag	UNP P01558
B	323	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP P01558
B	324	ARG	-	expression tag	UNP P01558

3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

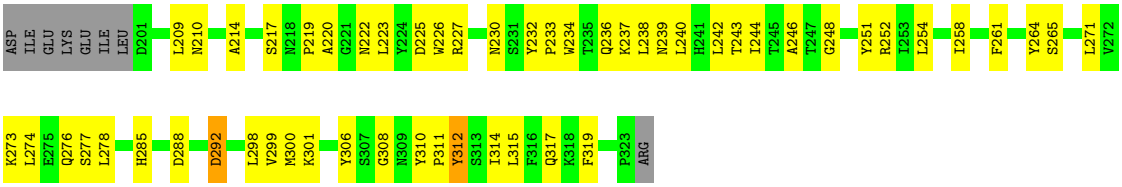
- Molecule 1: Claudin-9

Chain A: 46% 34% • 18%



- Molecule 2: Heat-labile enterotoxin B chain

Chain B: 53% 40% • 6%



4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α, β, γ	70.98Å 114.82Å 115.60Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	20.12 – 3.25 60.49 – 3.20	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	90.5 (20.12-3.25) 74.6 (60.49-3.20)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.13	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) >$ [1]	0.65 (at 3.19Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX (1.14_3260: ???)	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.301 , 0.308 0.322 , 0.347	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	1304 reflections (8.07%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å^2)	87.1	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.408	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)	0.18 , 84.4	EDS
L-test for twinning[2]	$< \|L\| > = 0.46$, $< L^2 > = 0.29$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.052 for -h,l,k	Xtriage
F_o,F_c correlation	0.75	EDS
Total number of atoms	2241	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å^2)	185.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 8.25% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

[1]Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

[2]Theoretical values of $< |L| >$, $< L^2 >$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\#\|Z\|>5$	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\|>5$
1	A	0.28	0/1309	0.59	2/1802 (0.1%)
2	B	0.29	0/987	0.53	0/1346
All	All	0.28	0/2296	0.56	2/3148 (0.1%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
1	A	173	LEU	CA-CB-CG	6.81	130.95	115.30
1	A	50	LEU	CA-CB-CG	6.32	129.83	115.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1278	0	1294	72	0
2	B	963	0	922	49	0
All	All	2241	0	2216	108	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 24.

The worst 5 of 108 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:237:LYS:HG3	2:B:301:LYS:HB3	1.61	0.81
1:A:50:LEU:HB2	1:A:81:ARG:HG2	1.62	0.80
2:B:276:GLN:HE21	2:B:278:LEU:HD21	1.46	0.80
1:A:150:PRO:HB2	2:B:258:ILE:HD11	1.63	0.78
1:A:59:THR:O	1:A:61:GLN:NE2	2.16	0.78

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	179/217 (82%)	163 (91%)	16 (9%)	0	100	100
2	B	122/131 (93%)	112 (92%)	10 (8%)	0	100	100
All	All	301/348 (86%)	275 (91%)	26 (9%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	125/169 (74%)	120 (96%)	5 (4%)	31	61
2	B	104/115 (90%)	101 (97%)	3 (3%)	42	68
All	All	229/284 (81%)	221 (96%)	8 (4%)	40	64

5 of 8 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	B	312	TYR
2	B	292	ASP
1	A	166	LEU
1	A	163	SER
2	B	230	ASN

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (2) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	145	GLN
2	B	262	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.4 Ligands (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.5 Other polymers (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.