Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

Oct 4, 2023 – 02:13 AM EDT

PDB ID	:	6OB5
Title	:	Computationally-designed, modular sense/response system (S3-2D)
Authors	:	Thompson, M.C.; Glasgow, A.A.; Huang, Y.M.; Fraser, J.S.; Kortemme, T.
Deposited on	:	2019-03-19
Resolution	:	2.21 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at
http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

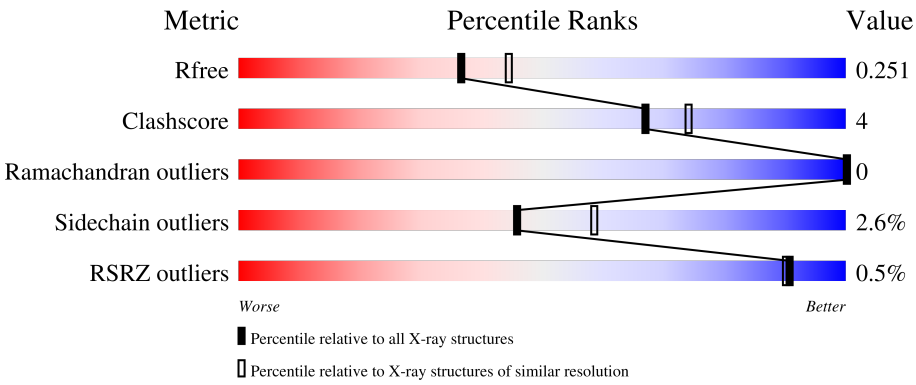
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
EDS	:	2.35.1
buster-report	:	1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.35.1

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.21 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	130704	4898 (2.20-2.20)
Clashscore	141614	5594 (2.20-2.20)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5503 (2.20-2.20)
Sidechain outliers	138945	5504 (2.20-2.20)
RSRZ outliers	127900	4800 (2.20-2.20)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	372	87% 10% • •
1	B	372	86% 11% • •
2	C	166	% 87% • 9%
2	D	166	% 83% 7% • 9%
3	E	2	100%

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
3	F	2	100%

2 Entry composition (i)

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 15996 atoms, of which 7881 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Maltodextrin-binding protein.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	S			
1	B	364	5628	1823	2802	458	539	6	0	0	0
1	A	360	5624	1821	2802	460	535	6	0	3	0

There are 16 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
B	-1	MET	LEU	engineered mutation	UNP A0A2Y0TBT9
B	0	SER	ALA	engineered mutation	UNP A0A2Y0TBT9
B	133	PHE	PRO	engineered mutation	UNP A0A2Y0TBT9
B	194	ALA	PHE	engineered mutation	UNP A0A2Y0TBT9
B	197	TYR	ASP	engineered mutation	UNP A0A2Y0TBT9
B	200	ALA	LYS	engineered mutation	UNP A0A2Y0TBT9
B	201	ALA	ASN	engineered mutation	UNP A0A2Y0TBT9
B	203	ALA	HIS	engineered mutation	UNP A0A2Y0TBT9
A	-1	MET	LEU	engineered mutation	UNP A0A2Y0TBT9
A	0	SER	ALA	engineered mutation	UNP A0A2Y0TBT9
A	133	PHE	PRO	engineered mutation	UNP A0A2Y0TBT9
A	194	ALA	PHE	engineered mutation	UNP A0A2Y0TBT9
A	197	TYR	ASP	engineered mutation	UNP A0A2Y0TBT9
A	200	ALA	LYS	engineered mutation	UNP A0A2Y0TBT9
A	201	ALA	ASN	engineered mutation	UNP A0A2Y0TBT9
A	203	ALA	HIS	engineered mutation	UNP A0A2Y0TBT9

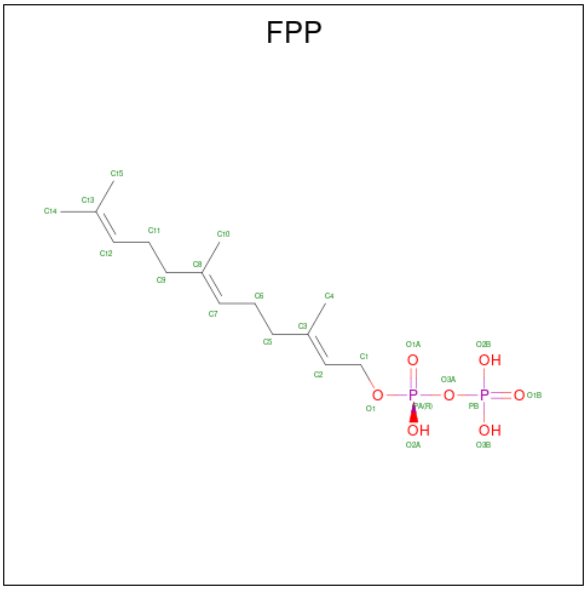
- Molecule 2 is a protein called Ankyrin Repeat Domain (AR), S3-2D variant.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	S			
2	C	151	2232	711	1104	195	220	2	0	0	0
2	D	151	2232	711	1104	195	220	2	0	0	0

- Molecule 3 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	H	O			
3	E	2	45	12	22	11	0	0	0
			Total	C	H	O			
3	F	2	45	12	22	11	0	0	0

- Molecule 4 is FARNESYL DIPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: FPP) (formula: $C_{15}H_{28}O_7P_2$) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	C	H	O	P		
4	D	1	49	15	25	7	2	0	0

- Molecule 5 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	O		
5	B	60	60	60	0	0
			Total	O		
5	A	59	59	59	0	0
			Total	O		
5	C	9	9	9	0	0

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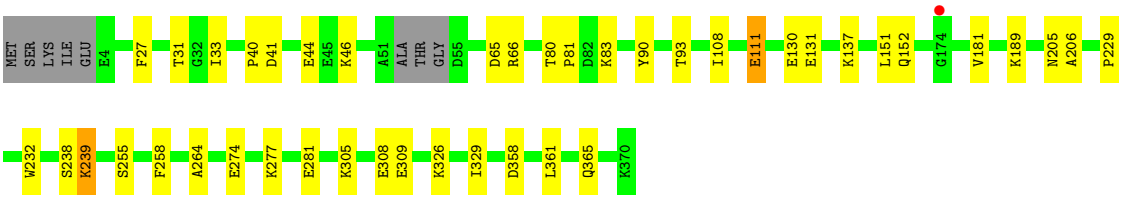
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	O		
5	D	13	13	13	0	0

3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

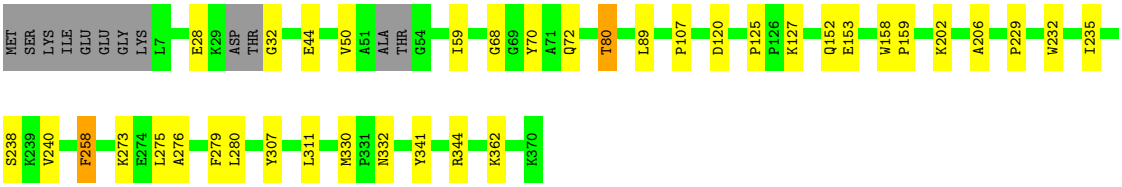
• Molecule 1: Maltodextrin-binding protein

Chain B:



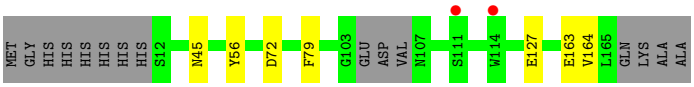
• Molecule 1: Maltodextrin-binding protein

Chain A:



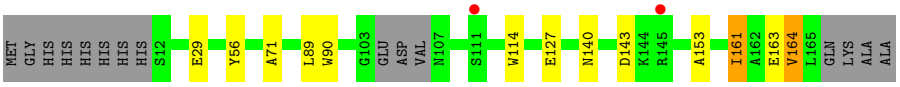
• Molecule 2: Ankyrin Repeat Domain (AR), S3-2D variant

Chain C:



• Molecule 2: Ankyrin Repeat Domain (AR), S3-2D variant

Chain D:



• Molecule 3: alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose

Chain E: 100%

GLC1
GLC2

• Molecule 3: alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose

Chain F: 100%

GLC1
GLC2

4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α, β, γ	44.57Å 190.92Å 55.48Å 90.00° 90.15° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	95.46 – 2.21 95.46 – 2.21	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	98.4 (95.46-2.21) 98.1 (95.46-2.21)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) >$ [1]	3.56 (at 2.20Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX (dev_3120: ???)	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.202 , 0.253 0.206 , 0.251	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	2771 reflections (6.08%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å^2)	22.9	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.881	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)	0.39 , 12.3	EDS
L-test for twinning[2]	$< \|L\| > = 0.43$, $< L^2 > = 0.25$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.467 for h,-k,-l	Xtriage
F_o,F_c correlation	0.92	EDS
Total number of atoms	15996	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å^2)	23.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.55% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

[1]Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

[2]Theoretical values of $< |L| >$, $< L^2 >$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: GLC, FPP

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| >5$	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| >5$
1	A	0.26	0/2888	0.42	0/3915
1	B	0.26	0/2893	0.43	0/3925
2	C	0.25	0/1147	0.40	0/1557
2	D	0.24	0/1147	0.39	0/1557
All	All	0.26	0/8075	0.42	0/10954

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2822	2802	2800	22	0
1	B	2826	2802	2802	27	0
2	C	1128	1104	1104	3	1
2	D	1128	1104	1104	9	1
3	E	23	22	20	2	0
3	F	23	22	20	0	0
4	D	24	25	25	3	0
5	A	59	0	0	2	1
5	B	60	0	0	4	1

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	C	9	0	0	2	0
5	D	13	0	0	2	0
All	All	8115	7881	7875	61	2

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 4.

All (61) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:72:GLN:NE2	5:A:502:HOH:O	2.13	0.80
2:C:79:PHE:O	5:C:201:HOH:O	1.99	0.79
1:B:281:GLU:OE1	5:B:501:HOH:O	2.02	0.76
1:B:90:TYR:OH	1:B:308:GLU:OE2	2.03	0.71
1:B:111:GLU:OE1	3:E:1:GLC:O2	2.07	0.71
1:B:274:GLU:OE1	1:B:277:LYS:NZ	2.19	0.66
1:A:120:ASP:OD1	5:A:501:HOH:O	2.13	0.66
1:A:125:PRO:O	1:A:127:LYS:NZ	2.30	0.64
1:B:65:ASP:OD2	3:E:2:GLC:O3	2.12	0.62
1:B:137:LYS:NZ	2:D:90:TRP:O	2.29	0.62
1:B:41:ASP:O	1:B:46:LYS:NZ	2.19	0.61
1:B:329:ILE:O	5:B:502:HOH:O	2.16	0.61
1:B:27:PHE:O	1:B:31:THR:HG22	2.04	0.58
1:B:44:GLU:OE2	1:B:44:GLU:N	2.35	0.57
1:A:28:GLU:O	1:A:32:GLY:N	2.37	0.57
1:A:59:ILE:HD11	1:A:276:ALA:HB1	1.87	0.55
1:A:232:TRP:O	1:A:235:ILE:HG22	2.06	0.55
2:D:114:TRP:NE1	2:D:143:ASP:OD2	2.39	0.55
2:C:72:ASP:O	5:C:202:HOH:O	2.18	0.52
1:A:152:GLN:NE2	1:A:206:ALA:O	2.44	0.51
1:A:153:GLU:OE1	1:A:344[B]:ARG:NE	2.43	0.51
1:B:152:GLN:NE2	1:B:206:ALA:O	2.43	0.51
1:A:276:ALA:O	1:A:280:LEU:HD23	2.10	0.51
1:B:31:THR:HG23	1:B:33:ILE:H	1.76	0.50
1:B:238:SER:O	1:B:239:LYS:HG2	2.12	0.49
1:B:189:LYS:HG2	1:B:361:LEU:HD12	1.94	0.49
2:D:71:ALA:O	5:D:301:HOH:O	2.20	0.49
1:A:44:GLU:OE1	1:A:44:GLU:N	2.39	0.49
1:A:279:PHE:HD2	1:A:280:LEU:HD22	1.78	0.49
1:B:130:GLU:O	5:B:503:HOH:O	2.20	0.47
1:B:90:TYR:O	1:B:93:THR:OG1	2.26	0.47

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:158:TRP:N	1:A:159:PRO:HD2	2.30	0.47
1:A:235:ILE:HD11	1:A:240:VAL:HB	1.96	0.46
2:D:140:ASN:ND2	5:D:303:HOH:O	2.39	0.46
1:B:181:VAL:O	1:B:365:GLN:NE2	2.42	0.46
1:B:229:PRO:HA	1:B:232:TRP:CE2	2.51	0.45
1:B:131:GLU:OE2	5:B:504:HOH:O	2.21	0.45
2:C:127:GLU:OE1	2:C:127:GLU:N	2.42	0.45
1:B:189:LYS:HD3	1:B:358:ASP:OD1	2.18	0.44
1:B:80:THR:N	1:B:81:PRO:CD	2.82	0.43
1:B:130:GLU:OE1	1:B:130:GLU:N	2.46	0.43
1:B:255:SER:O	1:B:326:LYS:HE3	2.18	0.43
1:A:229:PRO:HA	1:A:232:TRP:CE2	2.54	0.43
1:A:44:GLU:O	1:A:70:TYR:OH	2.30	0.43
1:A:258:PHE:CG	1:A:330:MET:HG2	2.53	0.43
2:D:89:LEU:HD13	4:D:201:FPP:H102	2.01	0.43
1:A:258:PHE:CD1	1:A:330:MET:HG2	2.53	0.43
1:B:305:LYS:O	1:B:309:GLU:HB2	2.18	0.42
1:B:40:PRO:HB2	1:B:46:LYS:HZ3	1.85	0.42
2:D:114:TRP:CD2	4:D:201:FPP:H62	2.55	0.42
1:A:89:LEU:HD12	1:A:89:LEU:N	2.35	0.42
1:A:80:THR:O	1:A:80:THR:OG1	2.30	0.42
4:D:201:FPP:H52	4:D:201:FPP:C11	2.50	0.41
2:D:153:ALA:HB2	2:D:161:ILE:HD11	2.02	0.41
1:B:151:LEU:HD12	1:B:205:ASN:O	2.20	0.41
1:A:275:LEU:H	1:A:275:LEU:HD12	1.86	0.41
2:D:161:ILE:O	2:D:164:VAL:HG12	2.20	0.41
2:D:127:GLU:OE1	2:D:127:GLU:N	2.43	0.40
1:A:307:TYR:CE2	1:A:311:LEU:HD11	2.56	0.40
1:A:68:GLY:HA3	1:A:332:ASN:O	2.21	0.40
1:B:108:ILE:HD11	1:B:264:ALA:HB2	2.03	0.40

All (2) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:C:45:ASN:HD21	2:D:29:GLU:OE2[2_557]	1.47	0.13
5:B:557:HOH:O	5:A:553:HOH:O[1_654]	2.09	0.11

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	357/372 (96%)	345 (97%)	12 (3%)	0	100	100
1	B	360/372 (97%)	350 (97%)	10 (3%)	0	100	100
2	C	147/166 (89%)	143 (97%)	4 (3%)	0	100	100
2	D	147/166 (89%)	143 (97%)	4 (3%)	0	100	100
All	All	1011/1076 (94%)	981 (97%)	30 (3%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	288/295 (98%)	279 (97%)	9 (3%)	40	51
1	B	289/295 (98%)	284 (98%)	5 (2%)	60	74
2	C	114/126 (90%)	111 (97%)	3 (3%)	46	58
2	D	114/126 (90%)	110 (96%)	4 (4%)	36	46
All	All	805/842 (96%)	784 (97%)	21 (3%)	46	58

All (21) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	66	ARG
1	B	83	LYS

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	111	GLU
1	B	239	LYS
1	B	258	PHE
1	A	50	VAL
1	A	80	THR
1	A	107	PRO
1	A	202	LYS
1	A	238	SER
1	A	258	PHE
1	A	273	LYS
1	A	341	TYR
1	A	362	LYS
2	C	56	TYR
2	C	163	GLU
2	C	164	VAL
2	D	56	TYR
2	D	161	ILE
2	D	163	GLU
2	D	164	VAL

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (1) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	72	GLN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

4 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The

Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$
3	GLC	E	1	3	12,12,12	1.22	1 (8%)	17,17,17	0.95	1 (5%)
3	GLC	E	2	3	11,11,12	1.61	2 (18%)	15,15,17	1.09	2 (13%)
3	GLC	F	1	3	12,12,12	1.20	1 (8%)	17,17,17	0.88	0
3	GLC	F	2	3	11,11,12	1.64	2 (18%)	15,15,17	0.90	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	GLC	E	1	3	-	0/2/22/22	0/1/1/1
3	GLC	E	2	3	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	GLC	F	1	3	-	0/2/22/22	0/1/1/1
3	GLC	F	2	3	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1

All (6) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
3	F	2	GLC	O5-C1	4.16	1.50	1.43
3	E	2	GLC	O5-C1	4.05	1.50	1.43
3	E	1	GLC	O5-C1	3.14	1.50	1.42
3	F	1	GLC	O5-C1	3.11	1.50	1.42
3	F	2	GLC	C2-C3	-2.18	1.49	1.52
3	E	2	GLC	C2-C3	-2.15	1.49	1.52

All (3) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
3	E	1	GLC	O5-C5-C4	2.31	113.88	109.69
3	E	2	GLC	C3-C4-C5	2.14	114.06	110.24
3	E	2	GLC	C6-C5-C4	-2.08	108.13	113.00

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	F	2	GLC	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	F	2	GLC	C4-C5-C6-O6

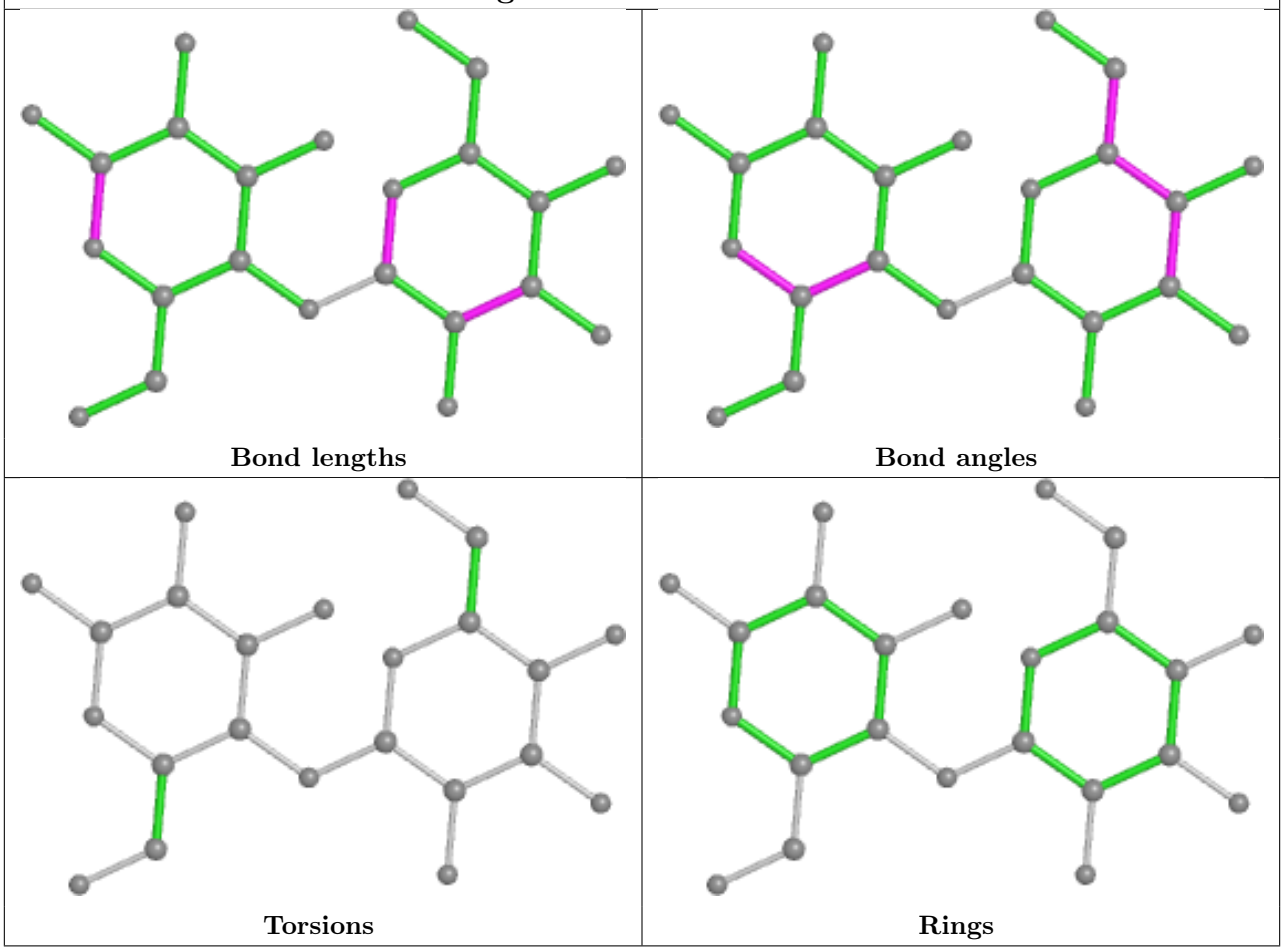
There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 2 short contacts:

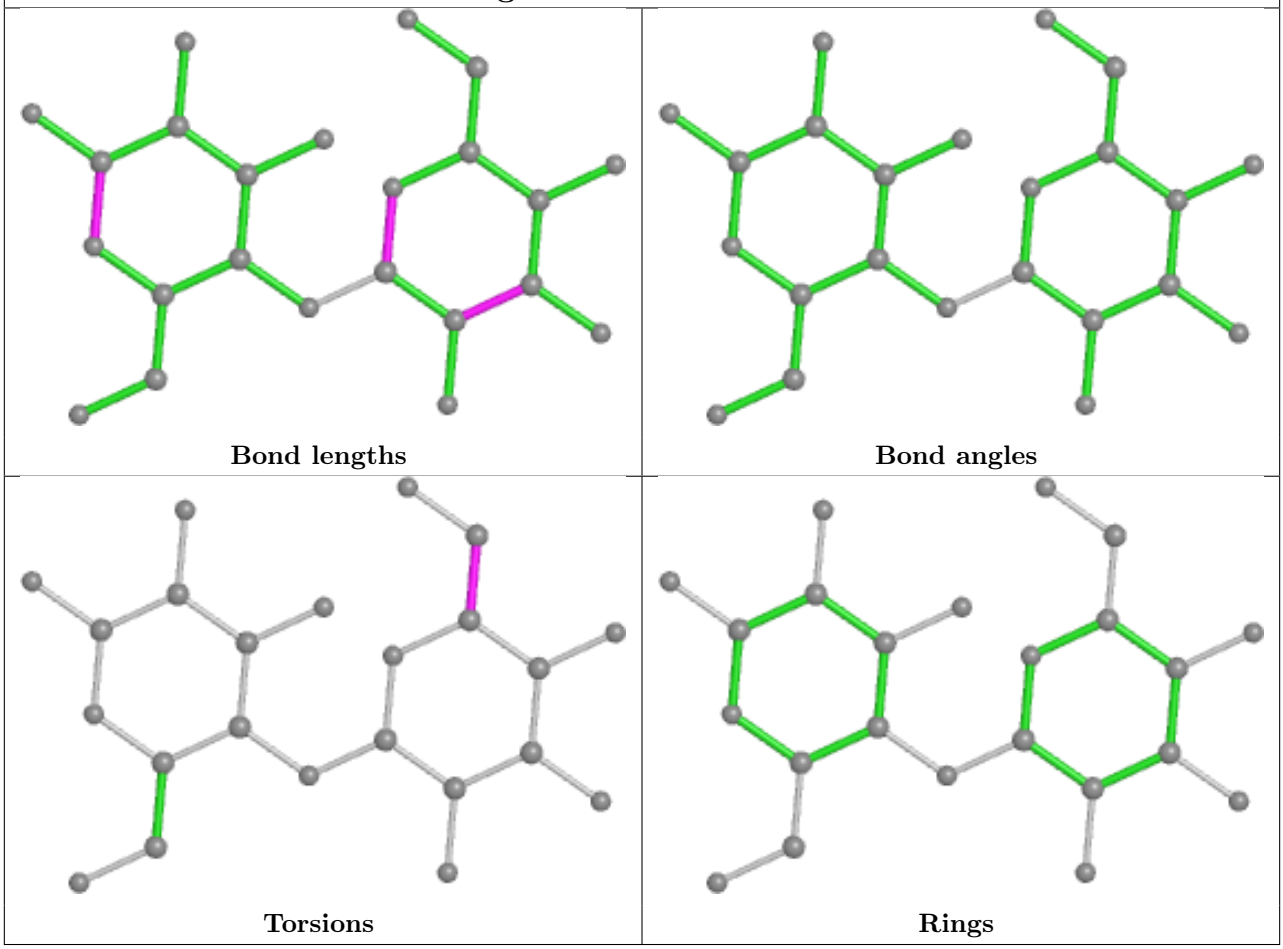
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	E	1	GLC	1	0
3	E	2	GLC	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.

Oligosaccharide Chain E



Oligosaccharide Chain F



5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$
4	FPP	D	201	-	21,23,23	1.05	1 (4%)	27,31,31	1.66	6 (22%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns.

'-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	FPP	D	201	-	-	13/25/25/25	-

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
4	D	201	FPP	O1-C1	-2.39	1.40	1.43

All (6) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
4	D	201	FPP	C4-C3-C5	4.40	122.67	115.27
4	D	201	FPP	C9-C8-C7	3.20	127.59	121.12
4	D	201	FPP	C10-C8-C7	-2.80	116.49	123.68
4	D	201	FPP	C5-C3-C2	-2.75	115.55	121.12
4	D	201	FPP	C11-C12-C13	-2.71	118.49	127.75
4	D	201	FPP	PA-O3A-PB	-2.54	124.13	132.83

There are no chirality outliers.

All (13) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	D	201	FPP	O1-C1-C2-C3
4	D	201	FPP	C1-O1-PA-O3A
4	D	201	FPP	C2-C3-C5-C6
4	D	201	FPP	C4-C3-C5-C6
4	D	201	FPP	C5-C6-C7-C8
4	D	201	FPP	C12-C11-C9-C8
4	D	201	FPP	PA-O3A-PB-O1B
4	D	201	FPP	C1-O1-PA-O1A
4	D	201	FPP	C1-O1-PA-O2A
4	D	201	FPP	PB-O3A-PA-O1A
4	D	201	FPP	C10-C8-C9-C11
4	D	201	FPP	PA-O3A-PB-O2B
4	D	201	FPP	PA-O3A-PB-O3B

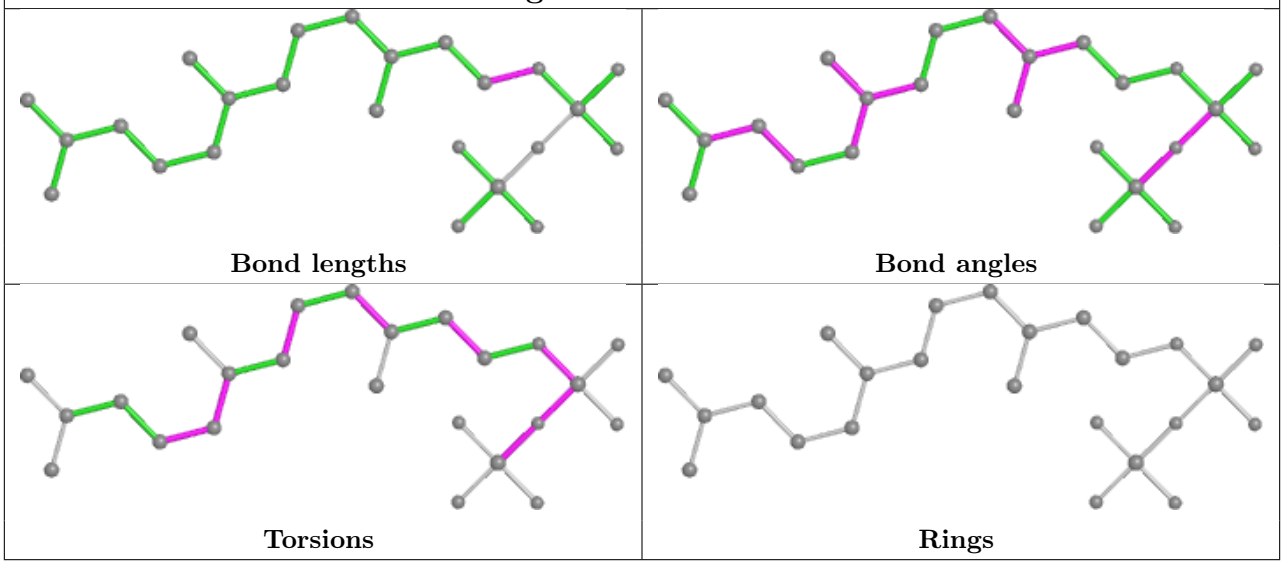
There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 3 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	D	201	FPP	3	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

Ligand FPP D 201



5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2			OWAB(Å^2)	Q<0.9
1	A	360/372 (96%)	-0.31	0	100	100	13, 19, 25, 34	0
1	B	364/372 (97%)	-0.34	1 (0%)	94	93	12, 17, 22, 29	0
2	C	151/166 (90%)	0.07	2 (1%)	77	75	18, 28, 38, 43	0
2	D	151/166 (90%)	0.03	2 (1%)	77	75	21, 27, 35, 39	0
All	All	1026/1076 (95%)	-0.21	5 (0%)	91	90	12, 20, 34, 43	0

All (5) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
2	C	111	SER	3.8
2	C	114	TRP	3.7
1	B	174	GLY	3.1
2	D	111	SER	2.4
2	D	145	ARG	2.1

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å^2)	Q<0.9
3	GLC	E	2	11/12	0.93	0.10	13,14,17,17	0
3	GLC	F	1	12/12	0.94	0.11	12,15,17,21	0

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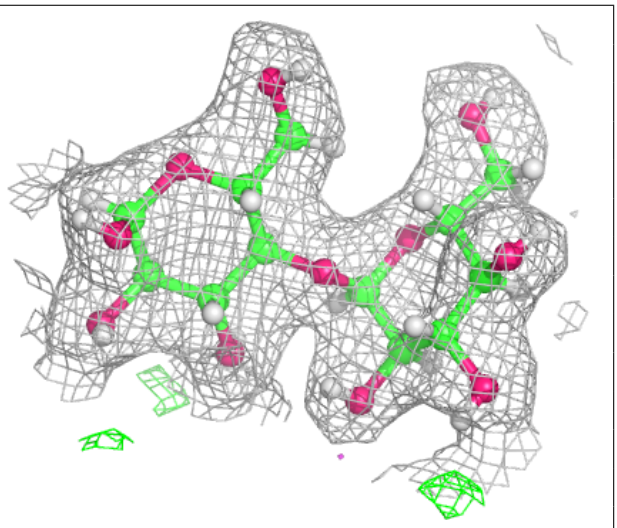
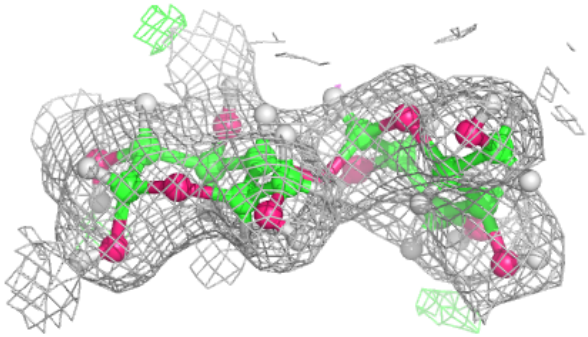
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å^2)	Q<0.9
3	GLC	F	2	11/12	0.94	0.10	13,15,18,18	0
3	GLC	E	1	12/12	0.95	0.11	11,14,16,17	0

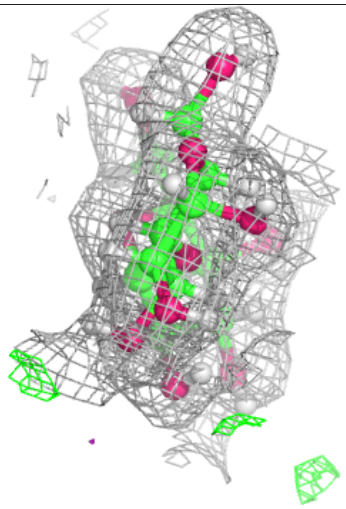
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

Electron density around Chain E:

2mF$_o$-DF$_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF$_o$-DF$_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

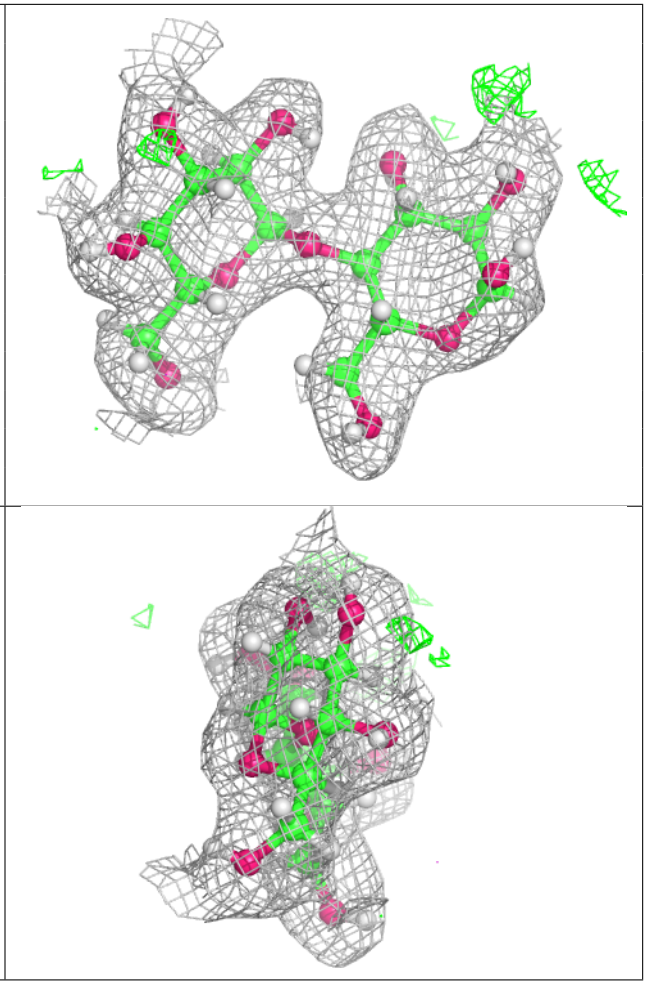






Electron density around Chain F:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



6.4 Ligands (i)

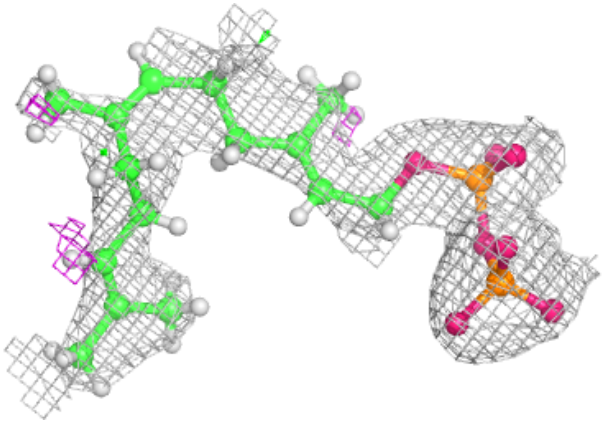
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

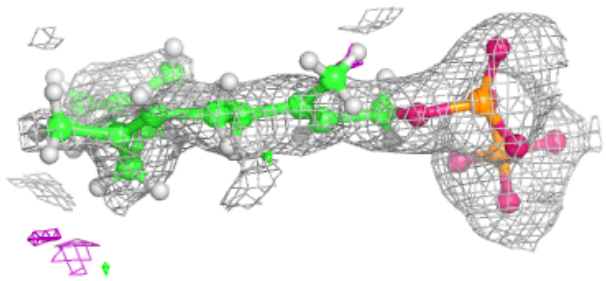
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å^2)	Q<0.9
4	FPP	D	201	24/24	0.89	0.19	28,38,42,45	0

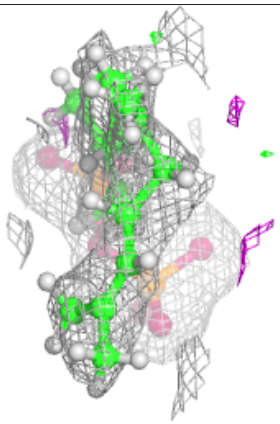
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

Electron density around FPP D 201:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)







6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.