wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Jun 12, 2024 – 03:58 AM EDT

PDB ID	:	6NH5
Title	:	Structure of human endothelial nitric oxide synthase heme domain in complex with 6-(3-fluoro-5-(2-((2R,4S)-4-fluoro-1-methylpyrrolidin-2-yl)ethyl)phenethyl)-4-methylpyridin-2-amine
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Deposited on	:	2018-12-21
Resolution	:	1.96 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at
http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

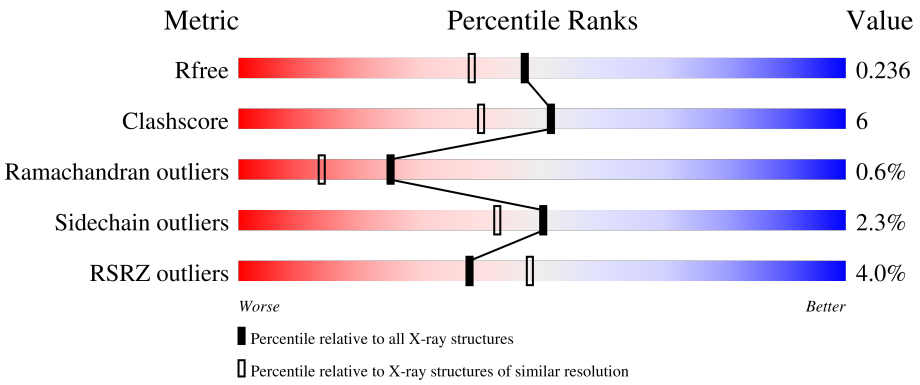
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
EDS	:	2.36.2
buster-report	:	1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.36.2

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.96 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	130704	2580 (1.96-1.96)
Clashscore	141614	2705 (1.96-1.96)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	2678 (1.96-1.96)
Sidechain outliers	138945	2678 (1.96-1.96)
RSRZ outliers	127900	2539 (1.96-1.96)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	440	9% 77% 14% • 8%
1	B	440	% 85% 7% 8%
1	C	440	4% 79% 10% • 9%
1	D	440	% 83% 9% 8%

2 Entry composition (i)

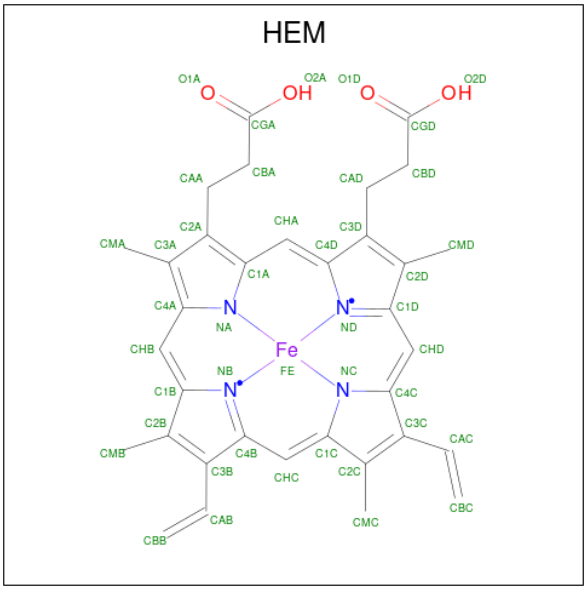
There are 10 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 14078 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Endothelial nitric oxide synthase splice variant eNOS13A.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	A	404	3237	2062	570	589	16	0	2	0
1	B	404	3241	2063	572	589	17	0	3	0
1	C	402	3212	2046	565	585	16	0	1	0
1	D	403	3232	2057	570	588	17	0	3	0

- Molecule 2 is PROTOPORPHYRIN IX CONTAINING FE (three-letter code: HEM) (formula: $C_{34}H_{32}FeN_4O_4$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	C	Fe	N	O		
2	A	1	43	34	1	4	4	0	0
2	B	1	43	34	1	4	4	0	0

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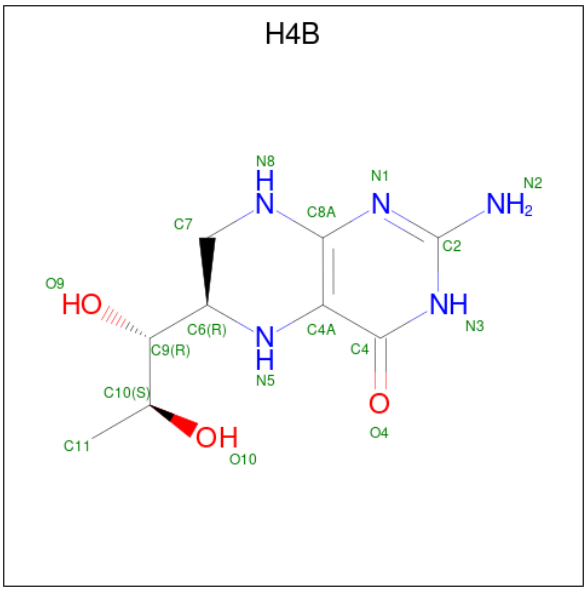
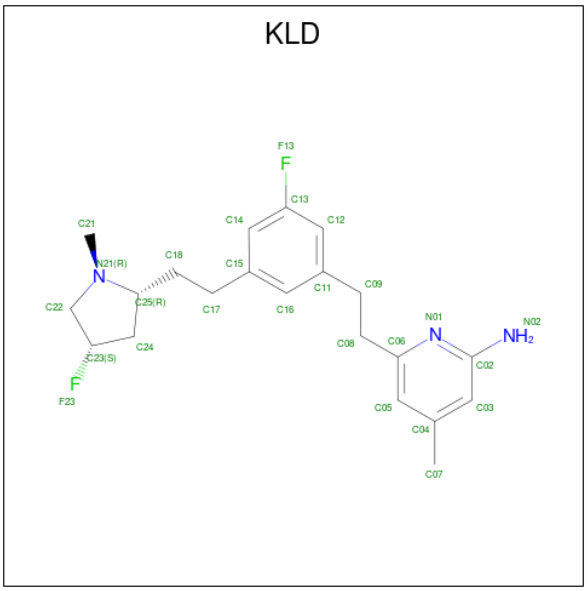
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	C	Fe	N	O		
2	C	1	43	34	1	4	4	0	0
			Total	C	Fe	N	O		
2	D	1	43	34	1	4	4	0	0

- Molecule 3 is 5,6,7,8-TETRAHYDROBIOPTERIN (three-letter code: H4B) (formula: $C_9H_{15}N_5O_3$).



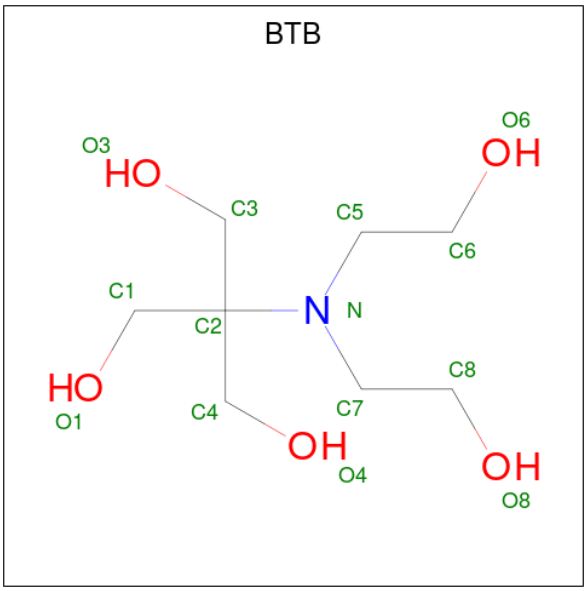
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	C	N	O			
3	A	1	17	9	5	3		0	0
			Total	C	N	O			
3	B	1	17	9	5	3		0	0
			Total	C	N	O			
3	C	1	17	9	5	3		0	0
			Total	C	N	O			
3	C	1	17	9	5	3		0	0

- Molecule 4 is 6-[2-(3-fluoro-5-{2-[(2R,4S)-4-fluoro-1-methylpyrrolidin-2-yl]ethyl}phenyl)ethyl]-4-methylpyridin-2-amine (three-letter code: KLD) (formula: $C_{21}H_{27}F_2N_3$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	C	F	N		
4	A	1	26	21	2	3	0	0
			Total	C	F	N		
4	B	1	26	21	2	3	0	0
			Total	C	F	N		
4	C	1	26	21	2	3	0	0
			Total	C	F	N		
4	D	1	26	21	2	3	0	0

- Molecule 5 is 2-[BIS-(2-HYDROXY-ETHYL)-AMINO]-2-HYDROXYMETHYL-PROPANE-1,3-DIOL (three-letter code: BTB) (formula: $C_8H_{19}NO_5$).

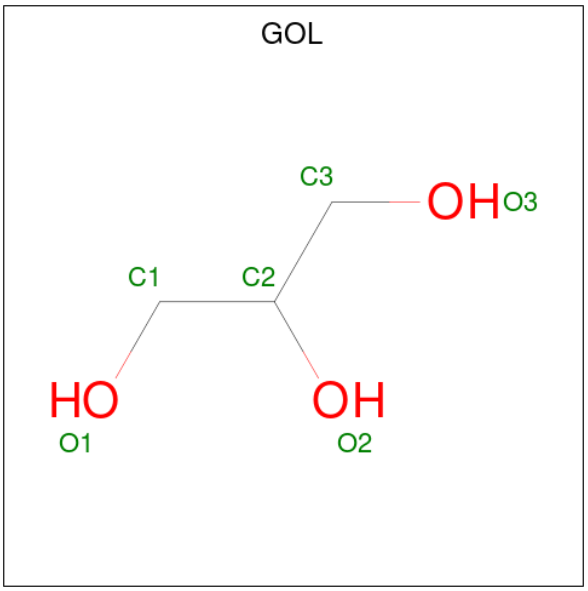


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	C	N	O		
5	A	1	14	8	1	5	0	0
5	A	1	14	8	1	5	0	0
5	A	1	14	8	1	5	0	0
5	A	1	14	8	1	5	0	0
5	B	1	14	8	1	5	0	0
5	B	1	14	8	1	5	0	0
5	B	1	14	8	1	5	0	0
5	B	1	14	8	1	5	0	0
5	C	1	14	8	1	5	0	0
5	C	1	14	8	1	5	0	0
5	D	1	14	8	1	5	0	0
5	D	1	14	8	1	5	0	0
5	D	1	14	8	1	5	0	0

- Molecule 6 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	Zn		
6	A	2	2	2	0	0
6	C	2	2	2	0	0

- Molecule 7 is GLYCEROL (three-letter code: GOL) (formula: $C_3H_8O_3$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0
7	C	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0

- Molecule 8 is CHLORIDE ION (three-letter code: CL) (formula: Cl).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	A	1	Total Cl 1 1	0	0
8	B	1	Total Cl 1 1	0	0
8	C	1	Total Cl 1 1	0	0
8	D	1	Total Cl 1 1	0	0

- Molecule 9 is GADOLINIUM ATOM (three-letter code: GD) (formula: Gd).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
9	B	1	Total Gd 1 1	0	0
9	D	1	Total Gd 1 1	0	0

- Molecule 10 is water.

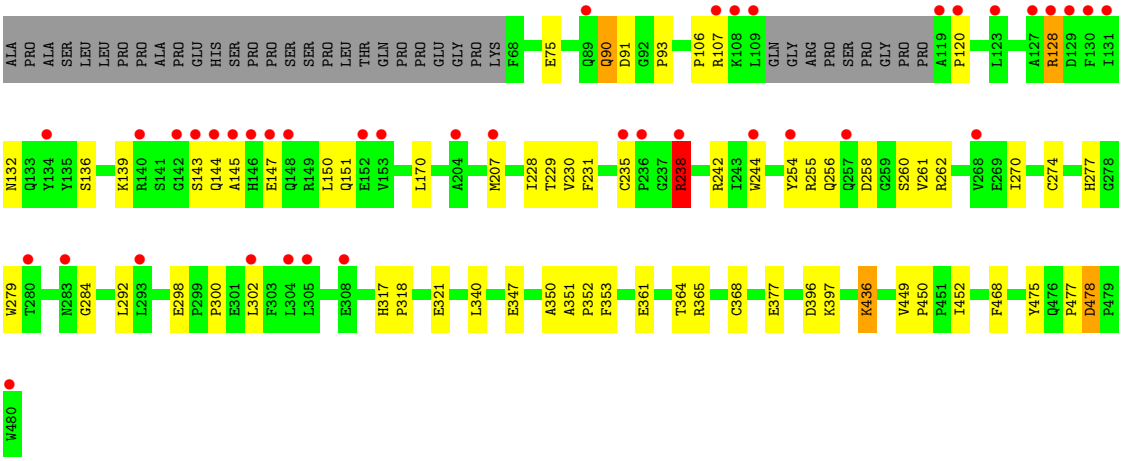
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	O		
10	A	102	102	102	0	0
			Total	O		
10	B	183	183	183	0	0
			Total	O		
10	C	128	128	128	0	0
			Total	O		
10	D	195	195	195	0	0

3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

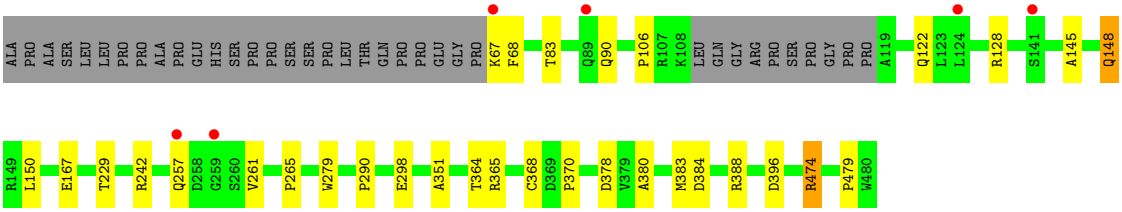
• Molecule 1: Endothelial nitric oxide synthase splice variant eNOS13A

Chain A:



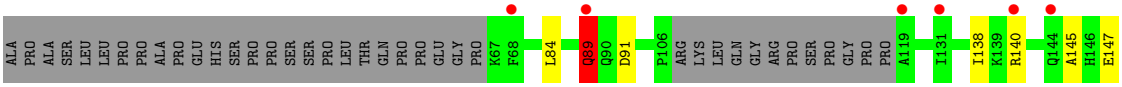
• Molecule 1: Endothelial nitric oxide synthase splice variant eNOS13A

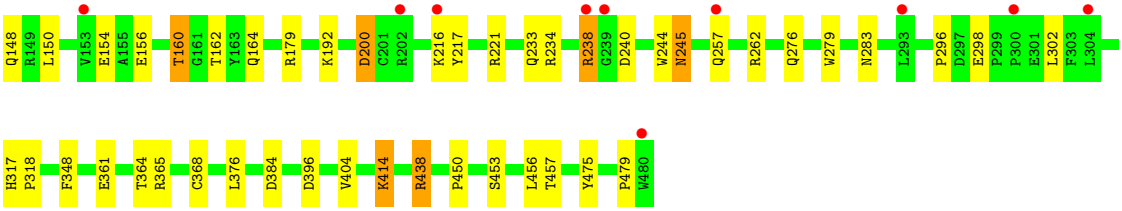
Chain B:



• Molecule 1: Endothelial nitric oxide synthase splice variant eNOS13A

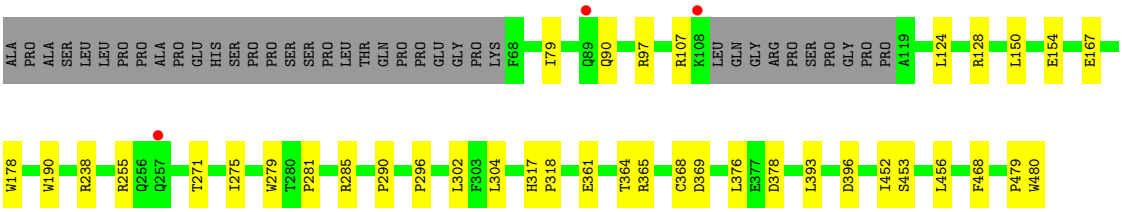
Chain C:





• Molecule 1: Endothelial nitric oxide synthase splice variant eNOS13A

Chain D:



4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α, β, γ	59.53Å 152.76Å 108.98Å 90.00° 90.76° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	88.71 – 1.96 88.71 – 1.96	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	98.6 (88.71-1.96) 99.9 (88.71-1.96)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.13	Depositor
R_{sym}	0.13	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) >$ [1]	1.31 (at 1.95Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX 1.11.1-2575_1496	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.197 , 0.241 0.192 , 0.236	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	7032 reflections (5.05%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å^2)	30.3	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.865	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)	0.34 , 62.7	EDS
L-test for twinning[2]	$< \|L\| > = 0.49$, $< L^2 > = 0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.085 for h,-k,-l	Xtriage
F_o,F_c correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	14078	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å^2)	54.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.71% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

[1]Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

[2]Theoretical values of $< |L| >$, $< L^2 >$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ZN, BTB, HEM, H4B, KLD, CL, GOL, GD

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| >5$	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| >5$
1	A	0.35	0/3335	0.51	0/4543
1	B	0.39	0/3339	0.53	0/4548
1	C	0.35	0/3307	0.51	0/4506
1	D	0.43	0/3330	0.54	1/4537 (0.0%)
All	All	0.38	0/13311	0.52	1/18134 (0.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand.A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	C	0	1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
1	D	369	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	5.14	122.93	118.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	C	238	ARG	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3237	0	3146	41	0
1	B	3241	0	3152	20	0
1	C	3212	0	3116	31	0
1	D	3232	0	3139	25	1
2	A	43	0	30	5	0
2	B	43	0	30	6	0
2	C	43	0	30	4	0
2	D	43	0	30	3	0
3	A	17	0	15	2	0
3	B	17	0	15	1	0
3	C	34	0	30	2	0
4	A	26	0	0	2	0
4	B	26	0	0	1	0
4	C	26	0	0	2	0
4	D	26	0	0	0	0
5	A	56	0	76	10	0
5	B	56	0	74	11	1
5	C	28	0	38	4	0
5	D	42	0	55	7	0
6	A	2	0	0	0	0
6	C	2	0	0	0	0
7	A	6	0	8	0	0
7	C	6	0	8	0	0
8	A	1	0	0	0	0
8	B	1	0	0	1	0
8	C	1	0	0	0	0
8	D	1	0	0	0	0
9	B	1	0	0	0	0
9	D	1	0	0	0	0
10	A	102	0	0	1	0
10	B	183	0	0	1	1
10	C	128	0	0	1	0
10	D	195	0	0	2	1
All	All	14078	0	12992	149	2

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

The worst 5 of 149 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:C:84:LEU:HD22	1:C:438:ARG:HG3	1.60	0.80
1:A:242:ARG:NH2	1:A:477:PRO:O	2.19	0.74
2:A:501:HEM:CGA	3:A:502:H4B:HN22	2.00	0.74
5:D:503:BTB:O8	5:D:503:BTB:H62	1.91	0.70
2:C:501:HEM:HBB2	2:C:501:HEM:HHC	1.73	0.68

All (2) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:D:167:GLU:OE1	5:B:505:BTB:O8[1_554]	2.13	0.07
10:B:612:HOH:O	10:D:608:HOH:O[1_456]	2.15	0.05

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	402/440 (91%)	376 (94%)	22 (6%)	4 (1%)	15 6
1	B	403/440 (92%)	394 (98%)	8 (2%)	1 (0%)	47 38
1	C	399/440 (91%)	385 (96%)	10 (2%)	4 (1%)	15 6
1	D	402/440 (91%)	395 (98%)	7 (2%)	0	100 100
All	All	1606/1760 (91%)	1550 (96%)	47 (3%)	9 (1%)	25 14

5 of 9 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	C	145	ALA
1	A	90	GLN
1	A	120	PRO

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	143	SER
1	A	238	ARG

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	345/373 (92%)	339 (98%)	6 (2%)	60	55
1	B	346/373 (93%)	337 (97%)	9 (3%)	46	36
1	C	342/373 (92%)	329 (96%)	13 (4%)	33	21
1	D	345/373 (92%)	342 (99%)	3 (1%)	78	77
All	All	1378/1492 (92%)	1347 (98%)	31 (2%)	50	44

5 of 31 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	474	ARG
1	C	438	ARG
1	C	148	GLN
1	D	255	ARG
1	C	276	GLN

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 37 ligands modelled in this entry, 10 are monoatomic - leaving 27 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$
3	H4B	A	502	-	16,18,18	0.84	0	11,26,26	2.70	6 (54%)
4	KLD	D	502	-	28,28,28	0.69	0	31,39,39	2.13	6 (19%)
3	H4B	B	502	-	16,18,18	0.92	0	11,26,26	2.71	6 (54%)
4	KLD	B	503	-	28,28,28	0.52	0	31,39,39	1.87	8 (25%)
5	BTB	D	504	-	13,13,13	0.63	0	7,16,16	0.79	0
2	HEM	B	501	1	41,50,50	1.51	7 (17%)	45,82,82	2.01	17 (37%)
5	BTB	B	509	-	13,13,13	0.54	0	7,16,16	0.78	0
7	GOL	C	507	-	5,5,5	0.36	0	5,5,5	0.29	0
5	BTB	C	505	-	13,13,13	0.33	0	7,16,16	0.37	0
5	BTB	D	503	9	13,13,13	0.39	0	7,16,16	0.77	0
5	BTB	A	511	-	13,13,13	0.67	0	7,16,16	2.02	2 (28%)
5	BTB	D	505	-	13,13,13	0.41	0	7,16,16	0.42	0
5	BTB	B	505	-	13,13,13	0.46	0	7,16,16	1.06	0
2	HEM	C	501	1	41,50,50	1.50	5 (12%)	45,82,82	1.74	10 (22%)
7	GOL	A	508	-	5,5,5	0.35	0	5,5,5	0.35	0
5	BTB	C	504	-	13,13,13	0.50	0	7,16,16	1.15	1 (14%)
2	HEM	D	501	1	41,50,50	1.48	7 (17%)	45,82,82	1.65	11 (24%)
3	H4B	C	509	-	16,18,18	0.72	0	11,26,26	2.58	6 (54%)
5	BTB	B	506	-	13,13,13	0.37	0	7,16,16	0.60	0
2	HEM	A	501	1	41,50,50	1.50	4 (9%)	45,82,82	1.52	7 (15%)
4	KLD	A	503	-	28,28,28	0.44	0	31,39,39	1.66	7 (22%)
5	BTB	A	506	-	13,13,13	0.34	0	7,16,16	0.46	0
5	BTB	A	504	-	13,13,13	0.36	0	7,16,16	0.75	0
3	H4B	C	502	-	16,18,18	0.83	0	11,26,26	2.86	7 (63%)

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$
5	BTB	B	504	9	13,13,13	0.49	0	7,16,16	0.67	0
4	KLD	C	503	-	28,28,28	0.52	0	31,39,39	1.86	8 (25%)
5	BTB	A	505	-	13,13,13	0.37	0	7,16,16	0.43	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	H4B	A	502	-	-	3/8/17/17	0/2/2/2
4	KLD	D	502	-	-	8/10/22/22	0/3/3/3
3	H4B	B	502	-	-	3/8/17/17	0/2/2/2
4	KLD	B	503	-	-	5/10/22/22	0/3/3/3
5	BTB	D	504	-	-	15/21/21/21	-
2	HEM	B	501	1	-	4/12/54/54	-
5	BTB	B	509	-	-	14/21/21/21	-
7	GOL	C	507	-	-	4/4/4/4	-
5	BTB	C	505	-	-	6/21/21/21	-
5	BTB	D	503	9	-	10/21/21/21	-
5	BTB	A	511	-	-	9/21/21/21	-
5	BTB	D	505	-	-	11/21/21/21	-
5	BTB	B	505	-	-	3/21/21/21	-
2	HEM	C	501	1	-	2/12/54/54	-
7	GOL	A	508	-	-	3/4/4/4	-
5	BTB	C	504	-	-	7/21/21/21	-
2	HEM	D	501	1	-	1/12/54/54	-
3	H4B	C	509	-	-	3/8/17/17	0/2/2/2
5	BTB	B	506	-	-	4/21/21/21	-
2	HEM	A	501	1	-	2/12/54/54	-
4	KLD	A	503	-	-	4/10/22/22	0/3/3/3
5	BTB	A	506	-	-	7/21/21/21	-
5	BTB	A	504	-	-	8/21/21/21	-
3	H4B	C	502	-	-	3/8/17/17	0/2/2/2
5	BTB	B	504	9	-	3/21/21/21	-
4	KLD	C	503	-	-	3/10/22/22	0/3/3/3

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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	BTB	A	505	-	-	4/21/21/21	-

The worst 5 of 23 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	B	501	HEM	C3C-CAC	3.99	1.56	1.47
2	A	501	HEM	C3C-C2C	-3.82	1.35	1.40
2	A	501	HEM	C3C-CAC	3.78	1.55	1.47
2	C	501	HEM	C3C-C2C	-3.50	1.35	1.40
2	C	501	HEM	C3C-CAC	3.40	1.54	1.47

The worst 5 of 102 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
4	D	502	KLD	C02-N01-C06	7.92	124.10	118.10
3	A	502	H4B	C8A-C4A-C4	5.50	119.46	114.57
3	B	502	H4B	C8A-C4A-C4	5.32	119.30	114.57
2	B	501	HEM	CBA-CAA-C2A	-5.24	103.69	112.62
4	C	503	KLD	C02-N01-C06	5.10	121.97	118.10

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 149 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	A	501	HEM	C2A-CAA-CBA-CGA
2	C	501	HEM	C2A-CAA-CBA-CGA
3	A	502	H4B	C7-C6-C9-O9
3	A	502	H4B	C7-C6-C9-C10
3	B	502	H4B	C7-C6-C9-O9

There are no ring outliers.

23 monomers are involved in 55 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	A	502	H4B	2	0
3	B	502	H4B	1	0
4	B	503	KLD	1	0
5	D	504	BTB	4	0
2	B	501	HEM	6	0
5	B	509	BTB	3	0
5	C	505	BTB	3	0

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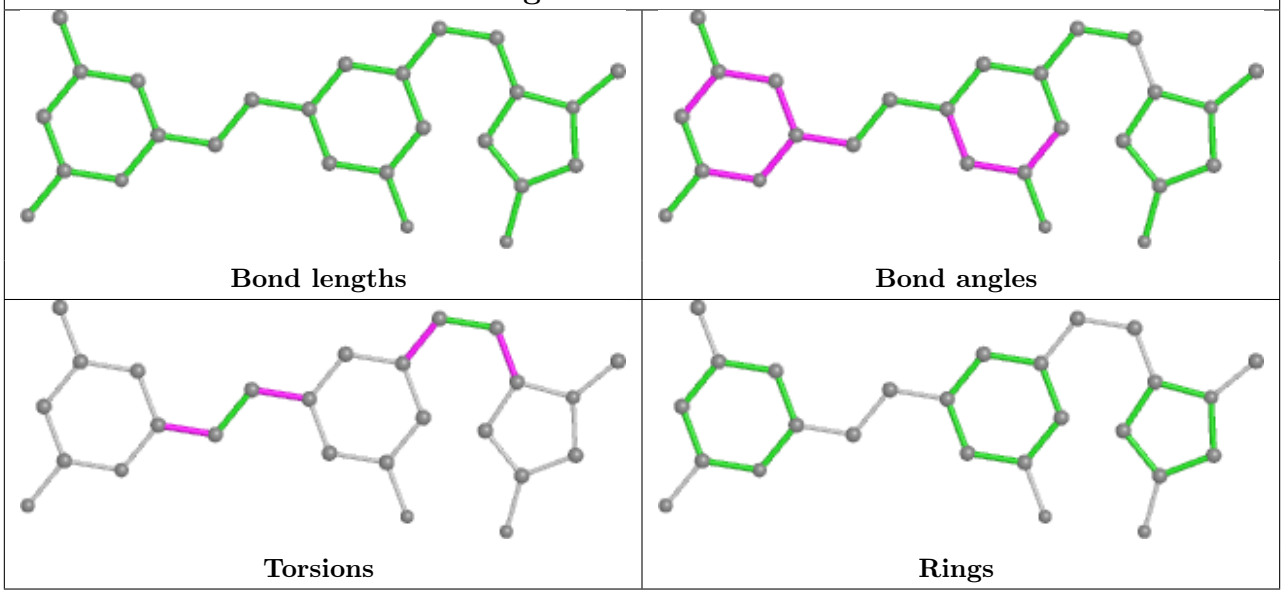
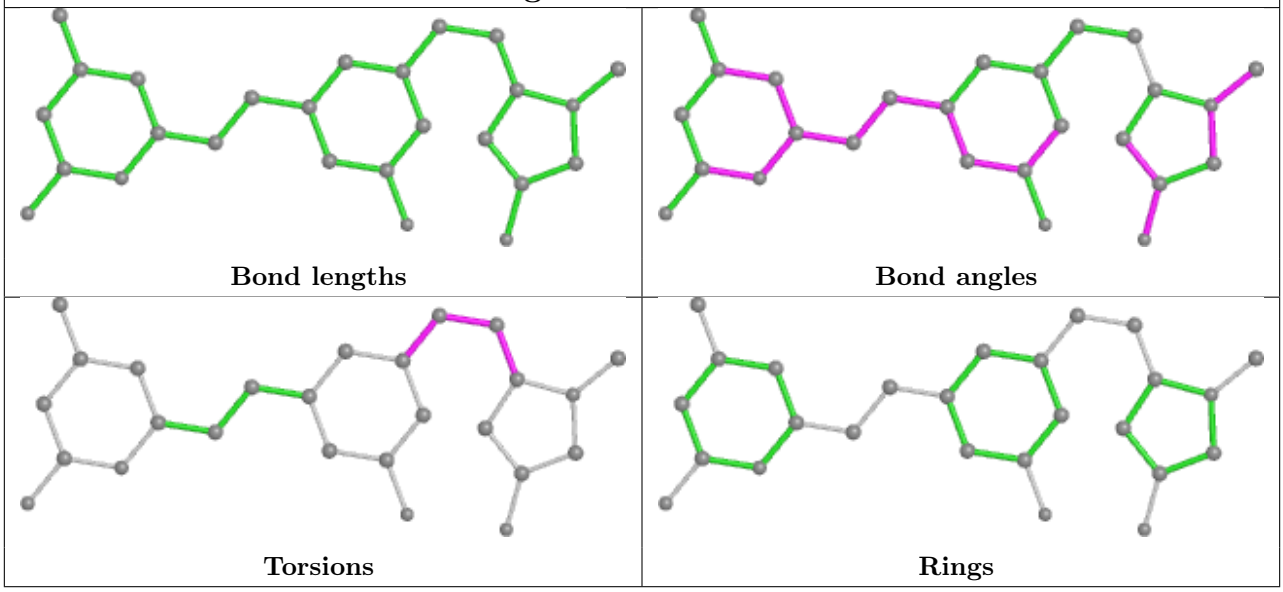
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	D	503	BTB	2	0
5	A	511	BTB	3	0
5	D	505	BTB	1	0
5	B	505	BTB	4	1
2	C	501	HEM	4	0
5	C	504	BTB	1	0
2	D	501	HEM	3	0
5	B	506	BTB	3	0
2	A	501	HEM	5	0
4	A	503	KLD	2	0
5	A	506	BTB	2	0
5	A	504	BTB	2	0
3	C	502	H4B	2	0
5	B	504	BTB	1	0
4	C	503	KLD	2	0
5	A	505	BTB	3	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

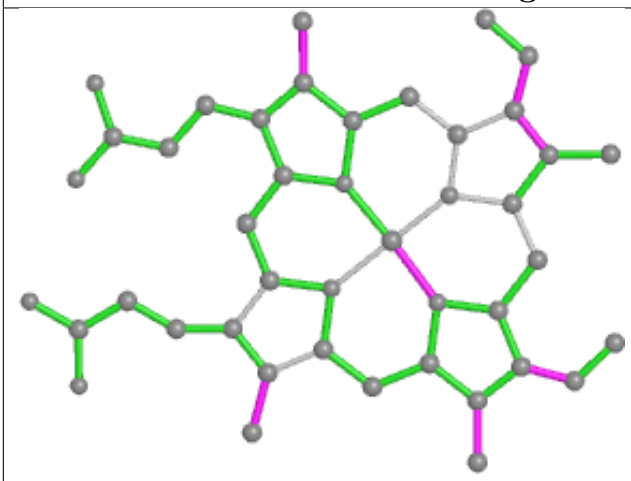
Ligand KLD D 502



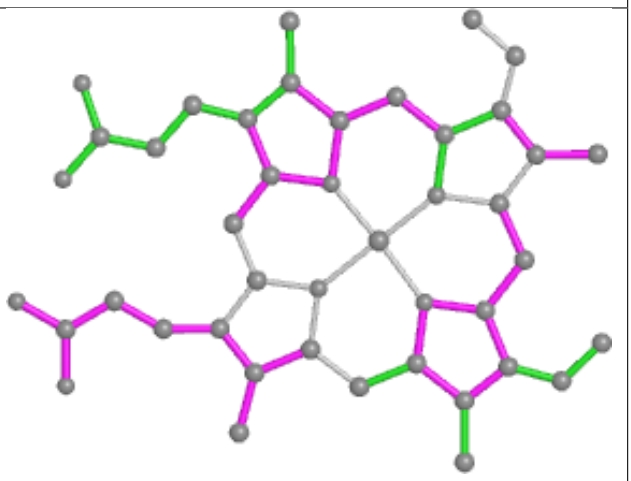
Ligand KLD B 503



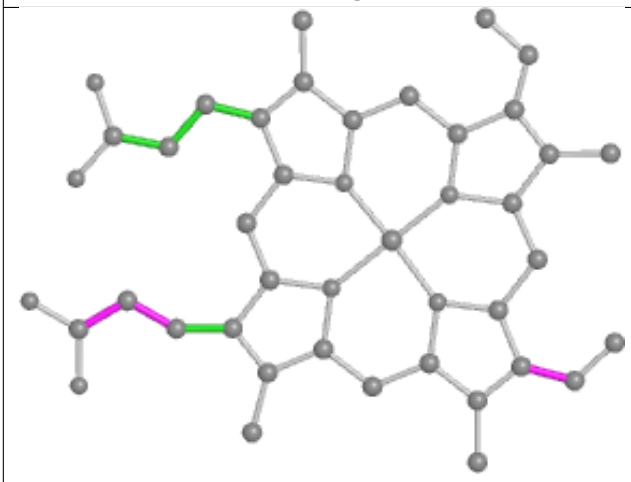
Ligand HEM B 501



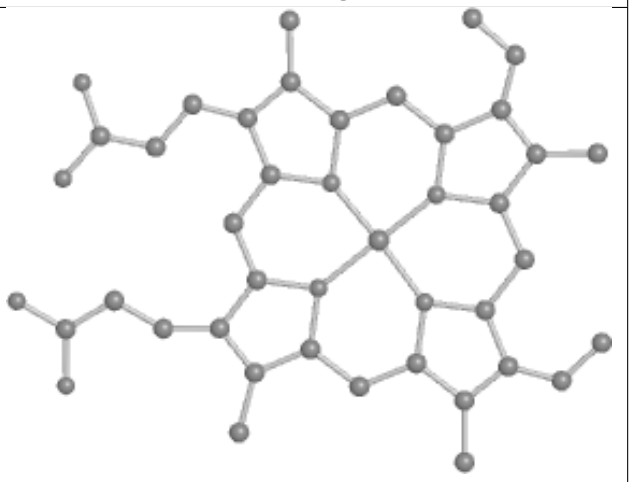
Bond lengths



Bond angles

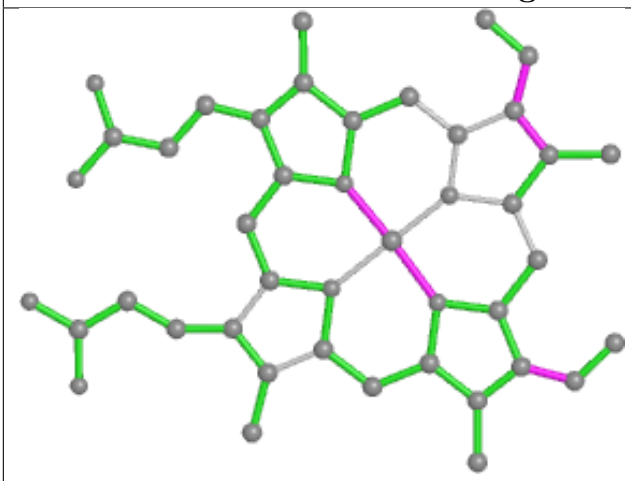


Torsions

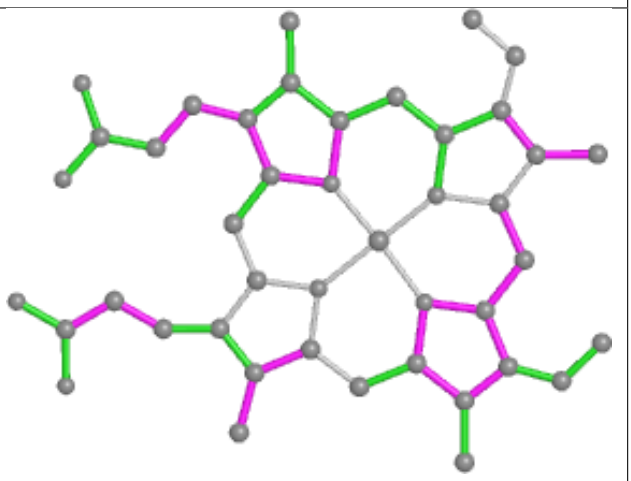


Rings

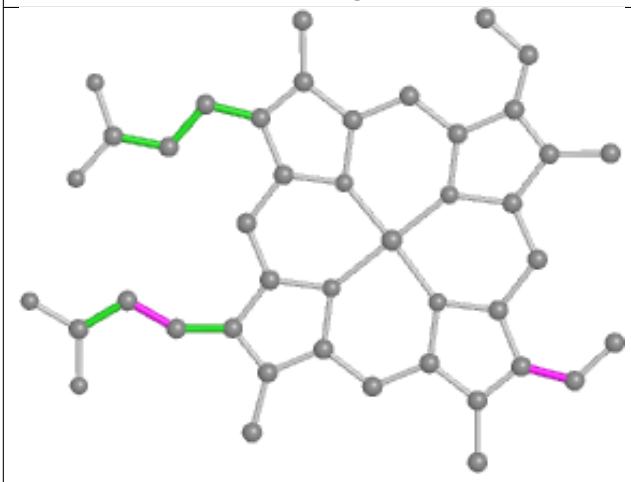
Ligand HEM C 501



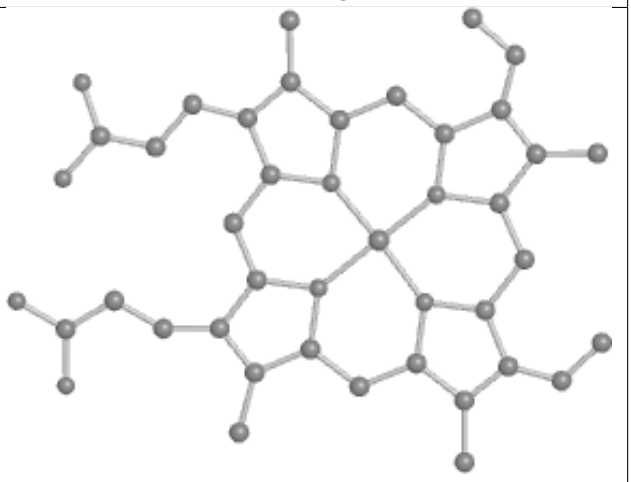
Bond lengths



Bond angles

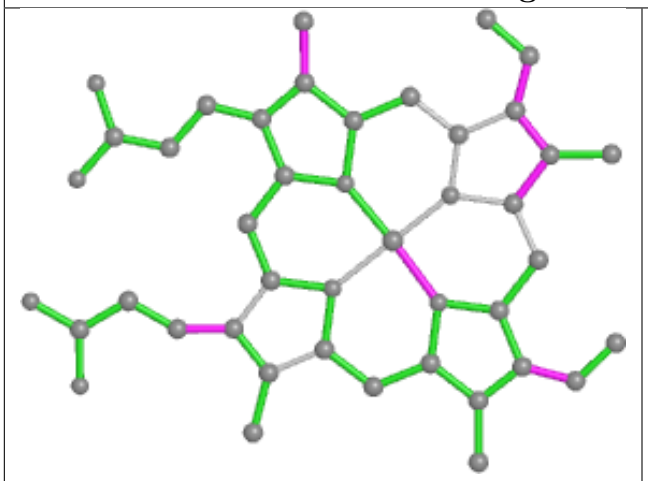


Torsions

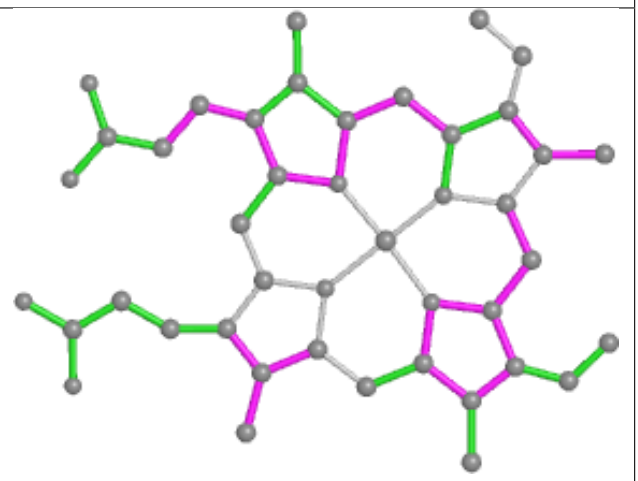


Rings

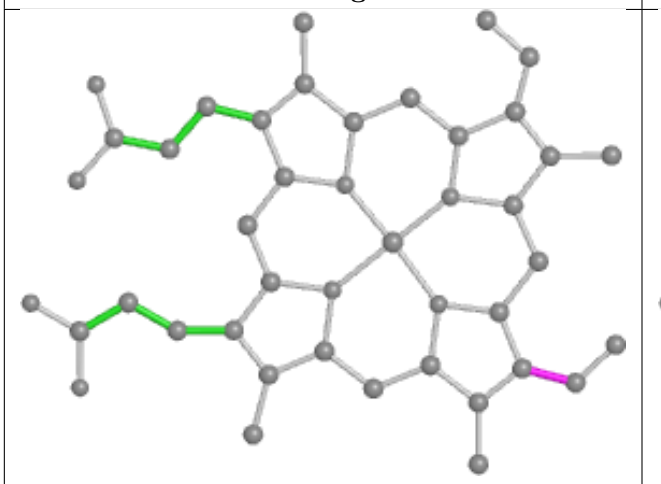
Ligand HEM D 501



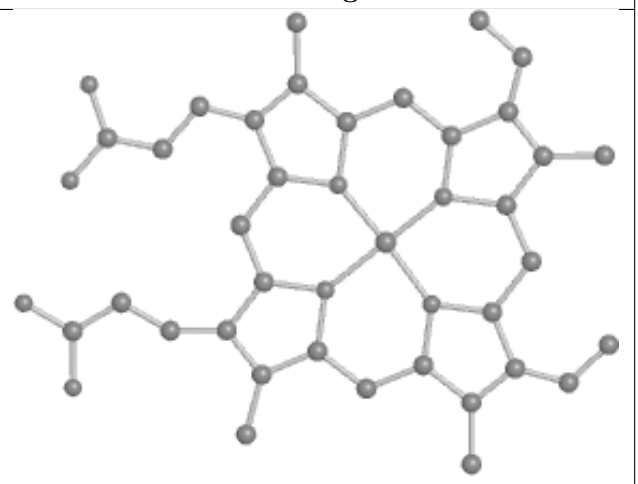
Bond lengths



Bond angles

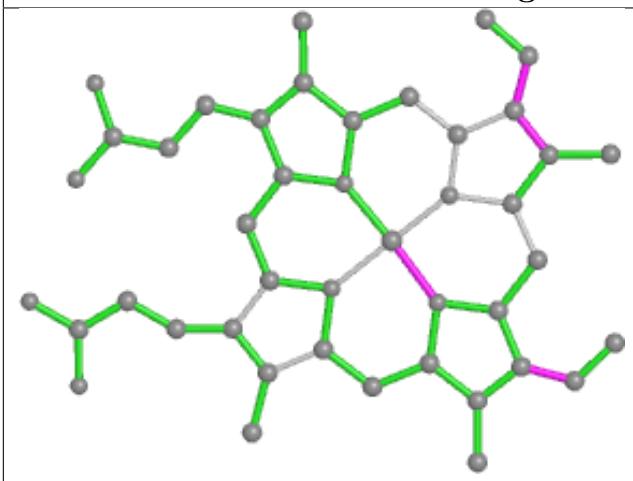


Torsions

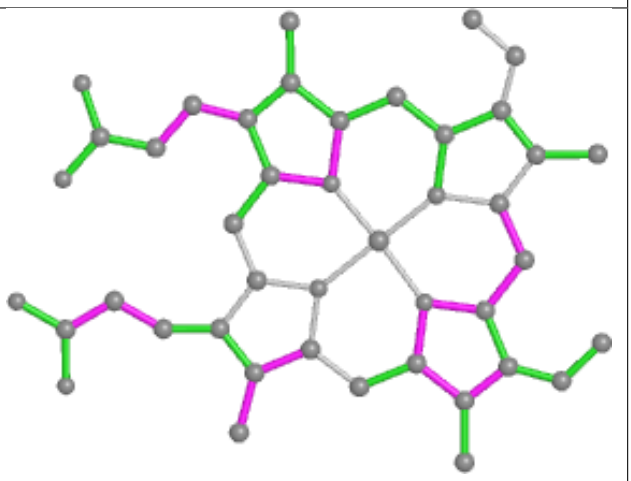


Rings

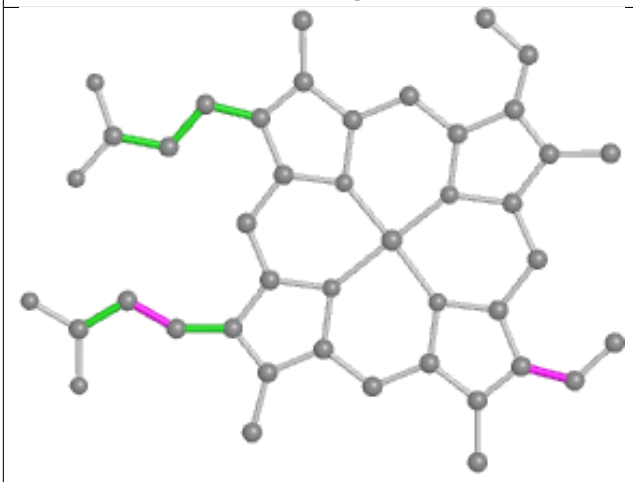
Ligand HEM A 501



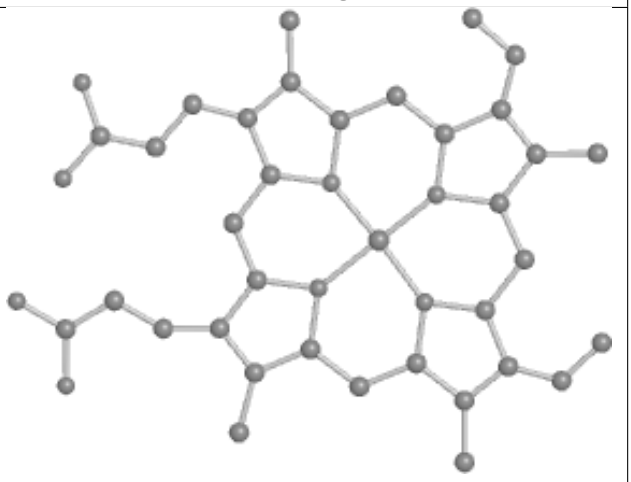
Bond lengths



Bond angles

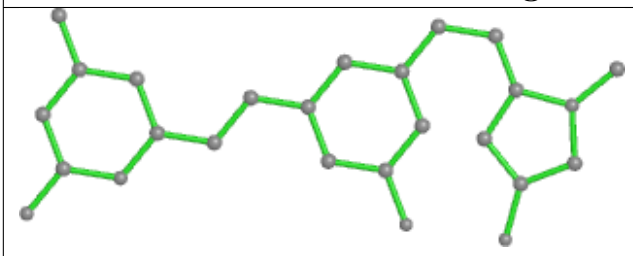


Torsions

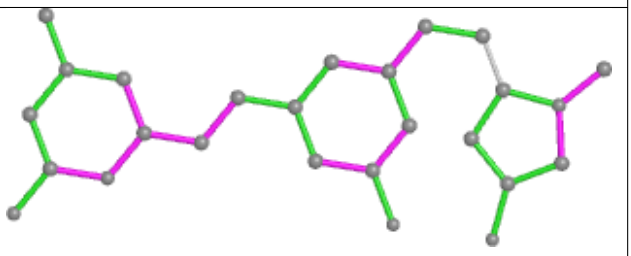


Rings

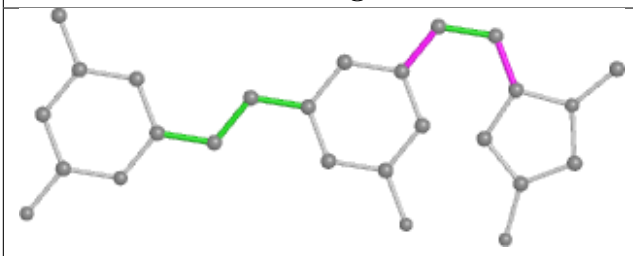
Ligand KLD A 503



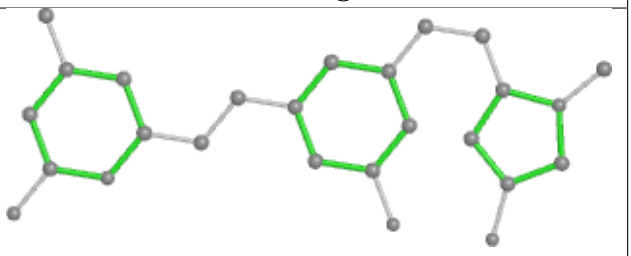
Bond lengths



Bond angles

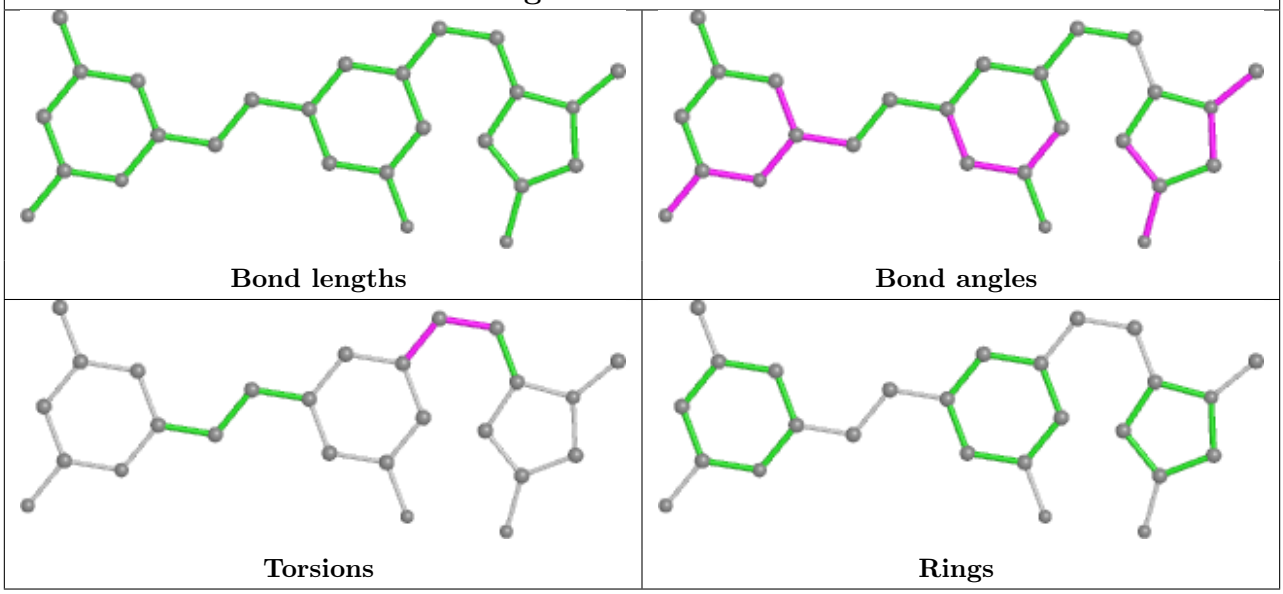


Torsions



Rings

Ligand KLD C 503



5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2			OWAB(Å^2)	Q<0.9
1	A	404/440 (91%)	0.65	40 (9%)	7	12	27, 62, 116, 143	0
1	B	404/440 (91%)	0.17	6 (1%)	73	81	24, 42, 79, 117	0
1	C	402/440 (91%)	0.37	16 (3%)	38	48	28, 56, 97, 118	0
1	D	403/440 (91%)	0.12	3 (0%)	87	92	22, 40, 69, 109	0
All	All	1613/1760 (91%)	0.33	65 (4%)	38	48	22, 48, 99, 143	0

The worst 5 of 65 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	119	ALA	8.9
1	A	480	TRP	6.0
1	C	238	ARG	6.0
1	A	109	LEU	5.6
1	A	153	VAL	5.3

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands (i)

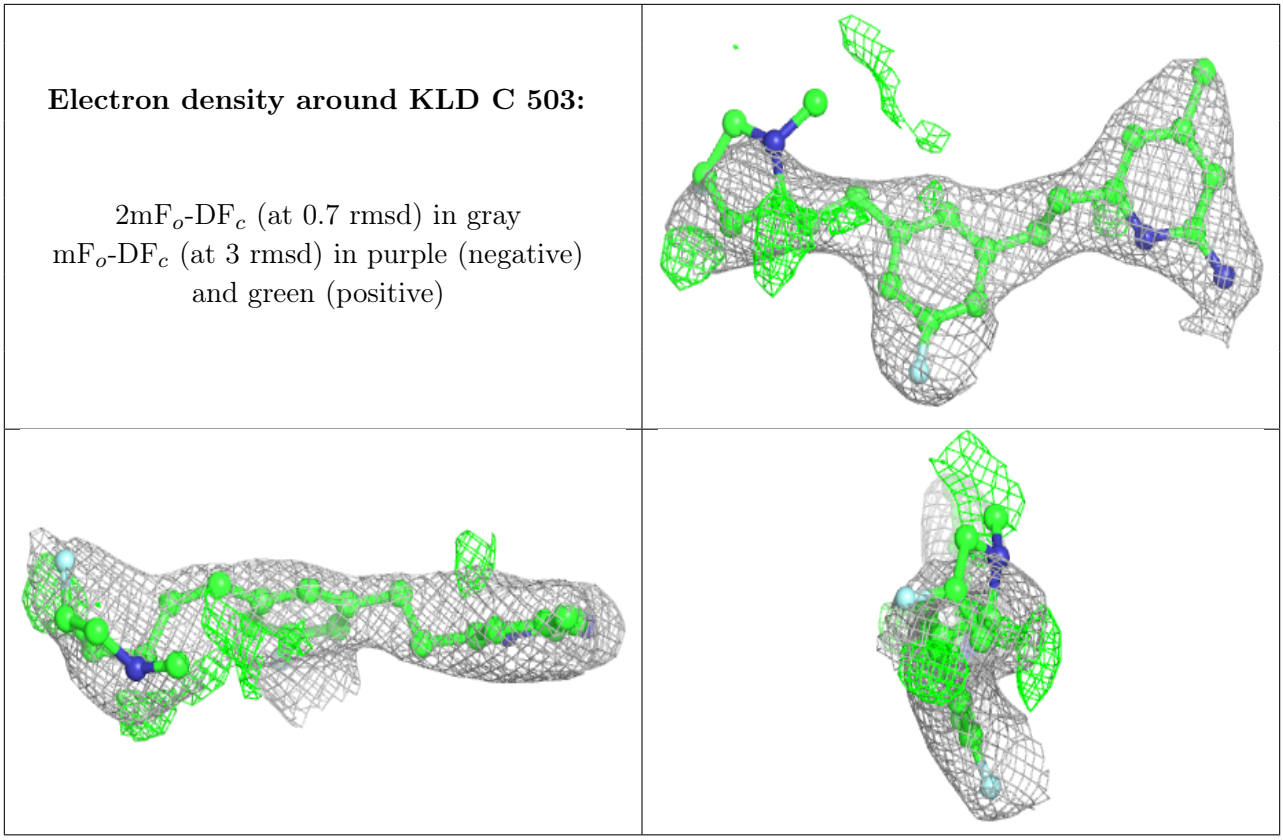
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å^2)	Q<0.9
6	ZN	A	510	1/1	0.56	0.20	140,140,140,140	0
5	BTB	C	505	14/14	0.63	0.17	79,110,121,124	0
5	BTB	C	504	14/14	0.72	0.26	80,106,136,143	0
5	BTB	A	504	14/14	0.73	0.26	97,107,111,112	0
5	BTB	D	505	14/14	0.81	0.16	74,82,95,96	0
5	BTB	A	506	14/14	0.81	0.15	104,115,128,130	0
5	BTB	B	506	14/14	0.82	0.14	85,111,117,118	0
5	BTB	D	504	14/14	0.83	0.20	60,75,87,89	0
5	BTB	B	505	14/14	0.83	0.20	42,62,74,80	0
3	H4B	C	502	17/17	0.83	0.22	56,70,78,80	0
5	BTB	D	503	14/14	0.84	0.16	40,66,79,81	0
3	H4B	A	502	17/17	0.84	0.24	81,89,98,100	0
7	GOL	C	507	6/6	0.85	0.19	50,64,73,75	0
8	CL	A	509	1/1	0.86	0.13	67,67,67,67	0
3	H4B	B	502	17/17	0.87	0.19	47,58,76,83	0
7	GOL	A	508	6/6	0.87	0.16	49,65,78,78	0
3	H4B	C	509	17/17	0.88	0.19	45,67,80,82	0
5	BTB	B	504	14/14	0.89	0.12	46,57,78,83	0
5	BTB	A	505	14/14	0.89	0.19	60,72,81,85	0
4	KLD	C	503	26/26	0.90	0.18	36,79,110,112	0
6	ZN	C	510	1/1	0.91	0.11	37,37,37,37	1
4	KLD	A	503	26/26	0.91	0.21	36,105,115,116	0
5	BTB	B	509	14/14	0.92	0.21	39,67,82,87	0
4	KLD	B	503	26/26	0.93	0.17	27,81,105,110	0
5	BTB	A	511	14/14	0.93	0.29	10,74,105,106	0
4	KLD	D	502	26/26	0.94	0.15	23,73,105,113	0
2	HEM	A	501	43/43	0.97	0.13	37,58,87,110	0
2	HEM	C	501	43/43	0.97	0.13	27,41,74,101	0
9	GD	D	506	1/1	0.97	0.16	50,50,50,50	0
9	GD	B	508	1/1	0.98	0.15	44,44,44,44	0
2	HEM	B	501	43/43	0.98	0.12	19,30,69,96	0
8	CL	B	507	1/1	0.99	0.09	38,38,38,38	0
8	CL	C	508	1/1	0.99	0.06	52,52,52,52	0
6	ZN	A	507	1/1	0.99	0.11	41,41,41,41	0
2	HEM	D	501	43/43	0.99	0.12	22,29,72,99	0
6	ZN	C	506	1/1	1.00	0.11	35,35,35,35	0
8	CL	D	507	1/1	1.00	0.07	38,38,38,38	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

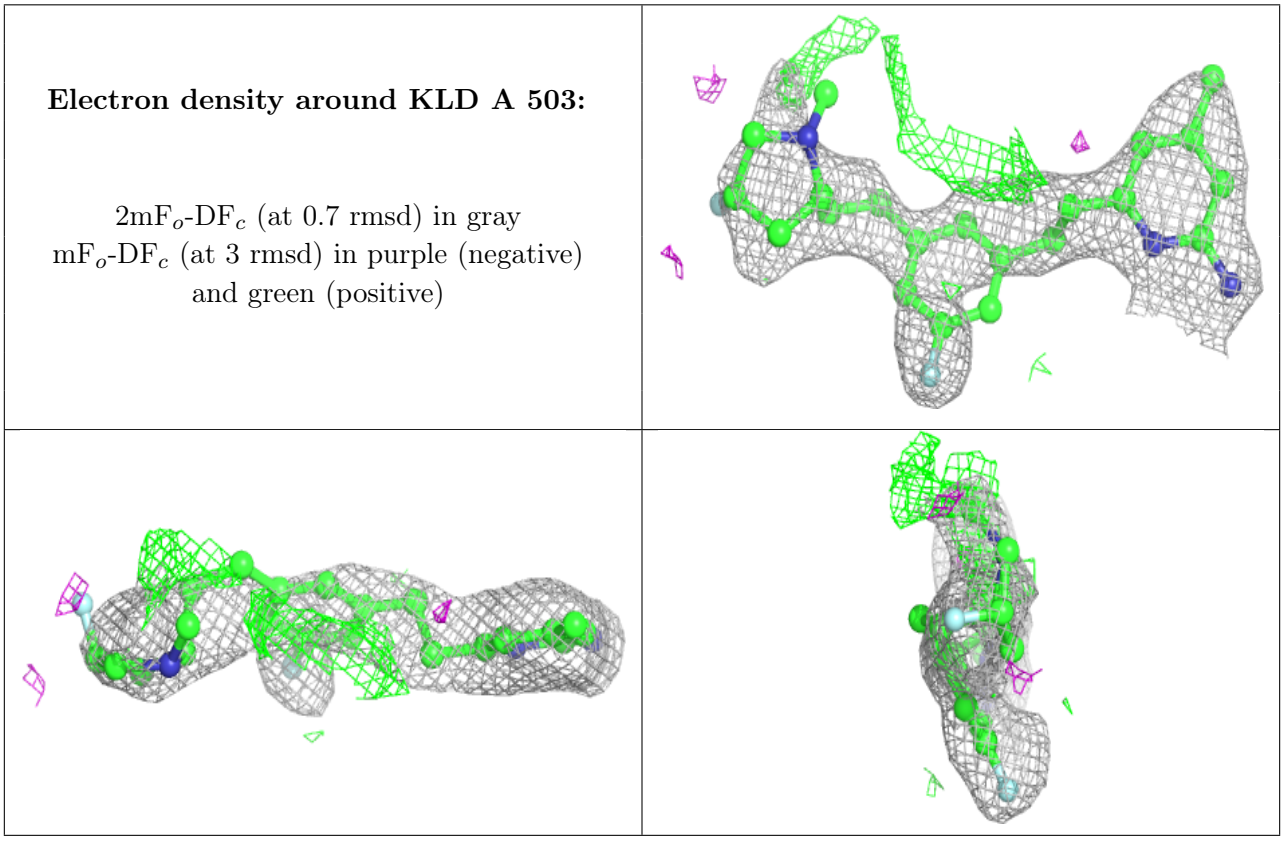
Electron density around KLD C 503:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



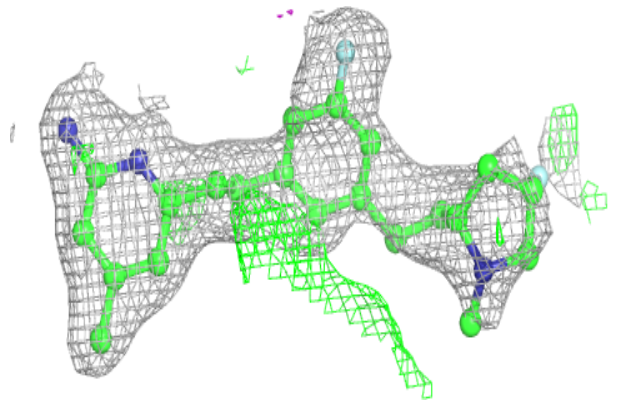
Electron density around KLD A 503:

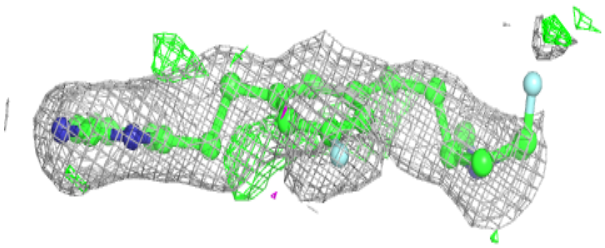
$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

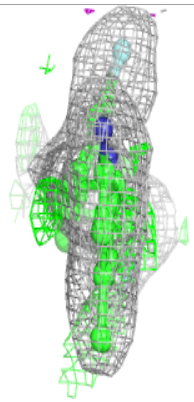


Electron density around KLD B 503:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

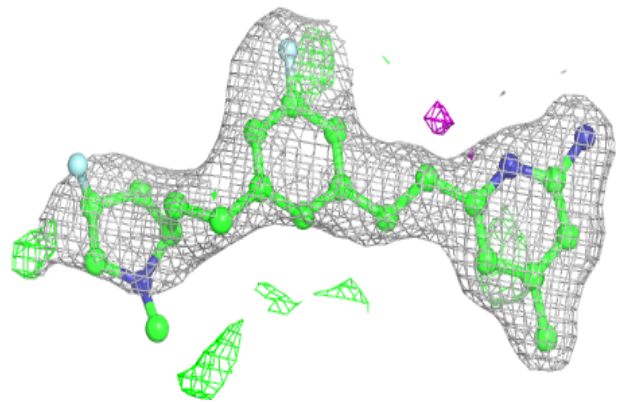


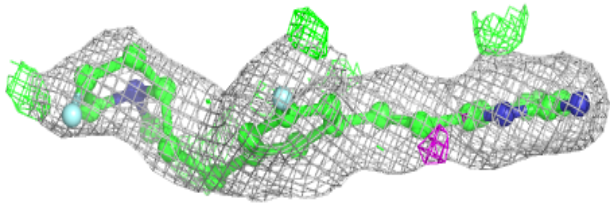


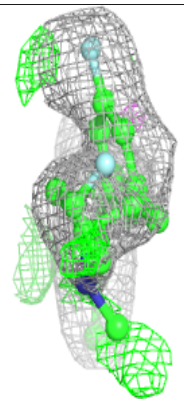


Electron density around KLD D 502:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

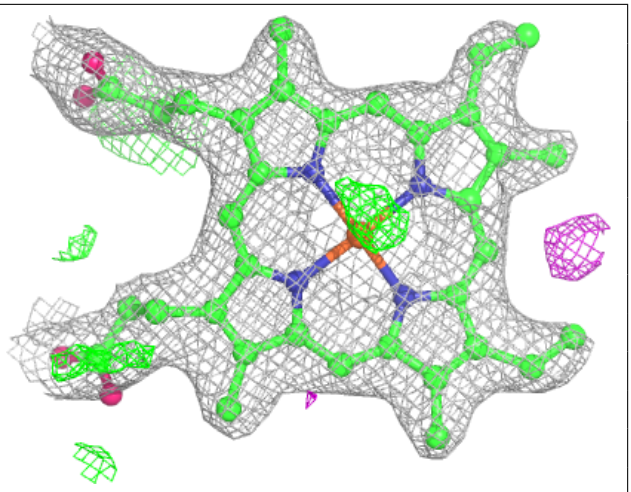


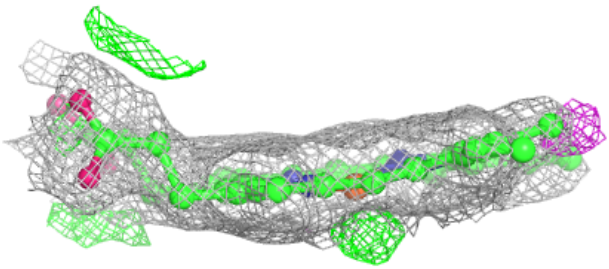


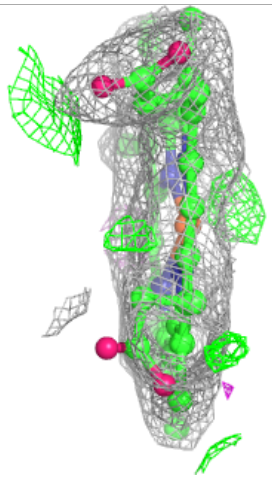


Electron density around HEM A 501:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

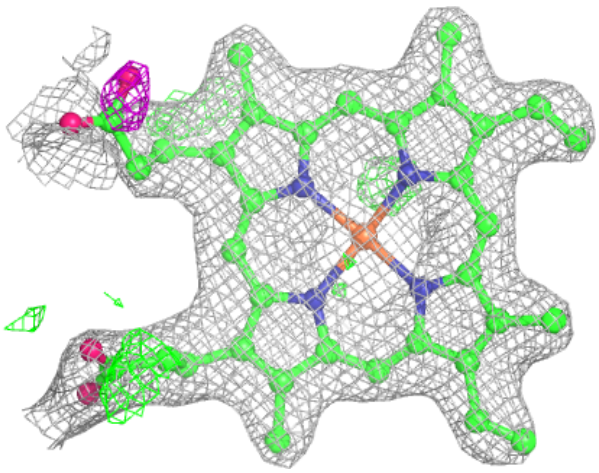


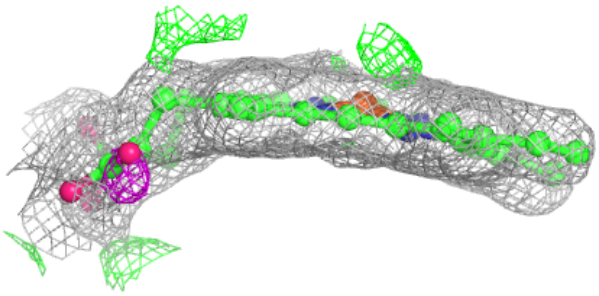


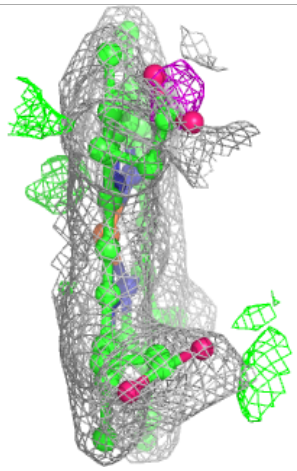


Electron density around HEM C 501:

2mF$_o$-DF$_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF$_o$-DF$_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

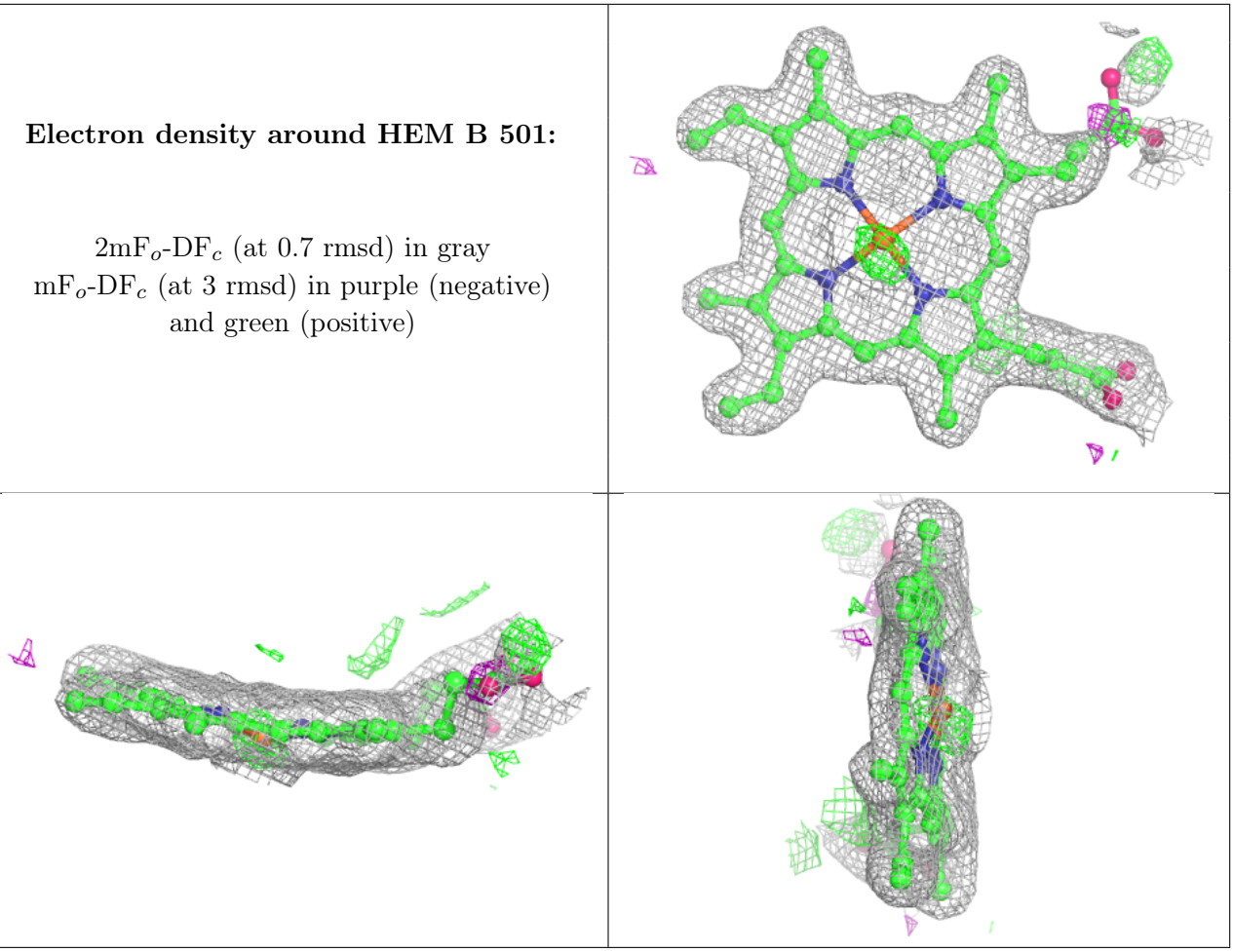






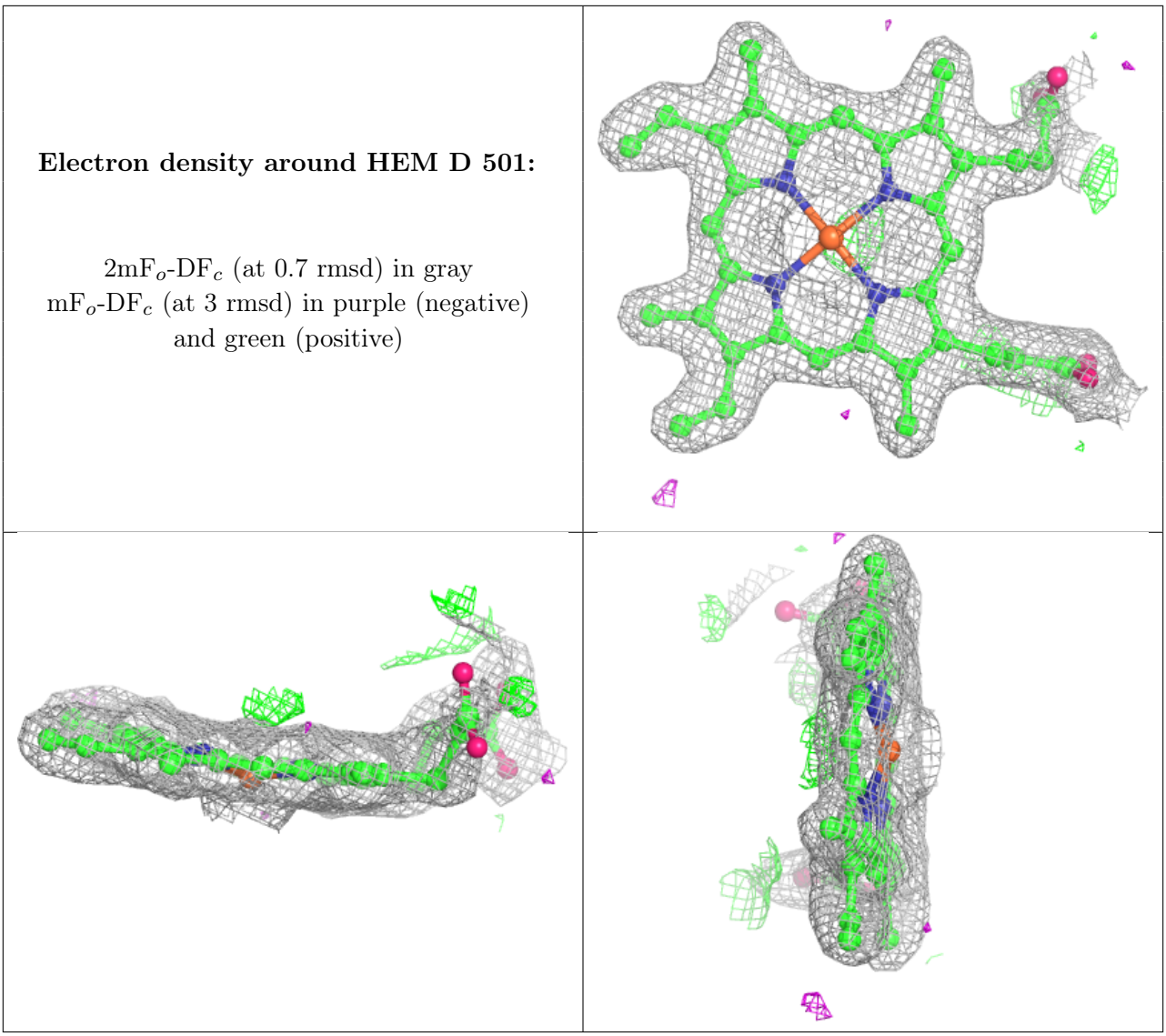
Electron density around HEM B 501:

2mF$_o$-DF$_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF$_o$-DF$_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



Electron density around HEM D 501:

2mF$_o$-DF$_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF$_o$-DF$_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.