Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

Jun 18, 2024 – 10:28 PM EDT

PDB ID	:	4NE9
Title	:	PCSK9 in complex with LDLR peptide
Authors	:	Liu, S.
Deposited on	:	2013-10-28
Resolution	:	2.60 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at
http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

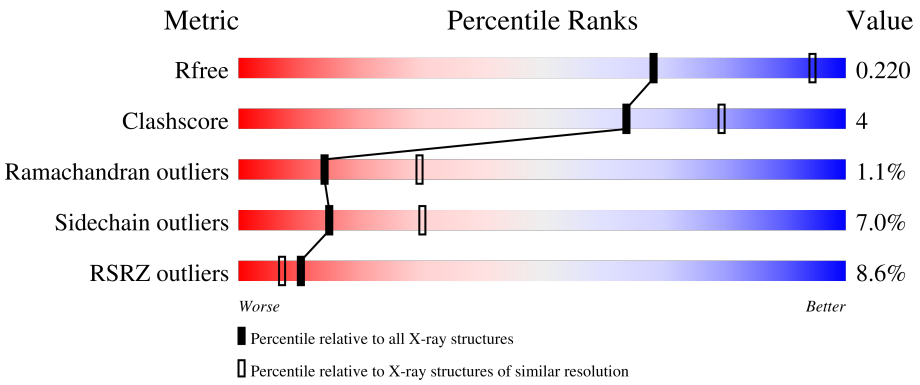
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.20.1
EDS	:	2.37.1
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.37.1

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.60 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	130704	3163 (2.60-2.60)
Clashscore	141614	3518 (2.60-2.60)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	3455 (2.60-2.60)
Sidechain outliers	138945	3455 (2.60-2.60)
RSRZ outliers	127900	3104 (2.60-2.60)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	540	7%, 77%, 12%, •, 9%
1	B	540	11%, 76%, 13%, •, 9%
2	C	152	52%, 7%, •, 39%
2	P	152	54%, 7%, 39%
3	D	26	4%, 92%, 8%

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
4	E	2	50% 50%

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
4	FUC	E	2	-	-	-	X

2 Entry composition (i)

There are 7 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 8999 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Proprotein convertase subtilisin/kexin type 9.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	A	491	3646	2246	676	692	32	0	1	0
1	B	490	3623	2230	669	692	32	0	1	0

There are 4 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	474	ILE	VAL	engineered mutation	UNP Q8NBP7
A	670	GLU	GLY	engineered mutation	UNP Q8NBP7
B	474	ILE	VAL	engineered mutation	UNP Q8NBP7
B	670	GLU	GLY	engineered mutation	UNP Q8NBP7

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Proprotein convertase subtilisin/kexin type 9.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
2	C	92	740	474	133	131	2	0	0	0
2	P	92	740	474	133	131	2	0	0	0

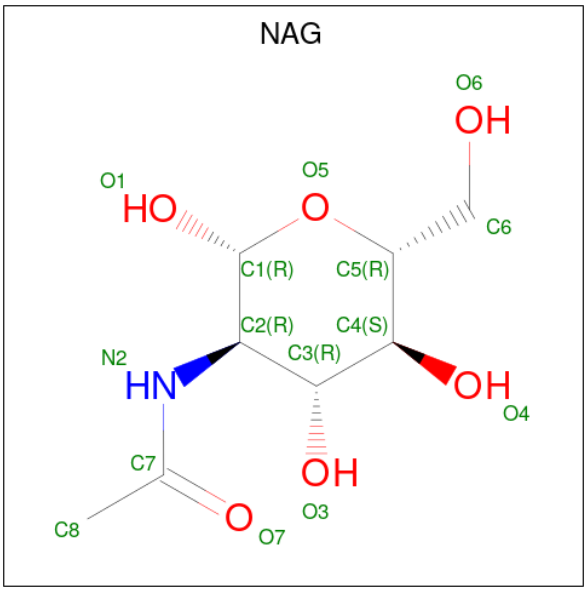
- Molecule 3 is a protein called Low-density lipoprotein receptor.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
3	D	26	189	111	33	41	4	0	0	0

- Molecule 4 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-6)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O			
4	E	2	24	14	1	9	0	0	0

- Molecule 5 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula: $C_8H_{15}NO_6$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	C	N	O		
5	B	1	14	8	1	5	0	0

- Molecule 6 is CALCIUM ION (three-letter code: CA) (formula: Ca).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	Ca		
6	D	1	1	1	0	0

- Molecule 7 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	O		
7	A	9	9	9	0	0
7	B	5	5	5	0	0

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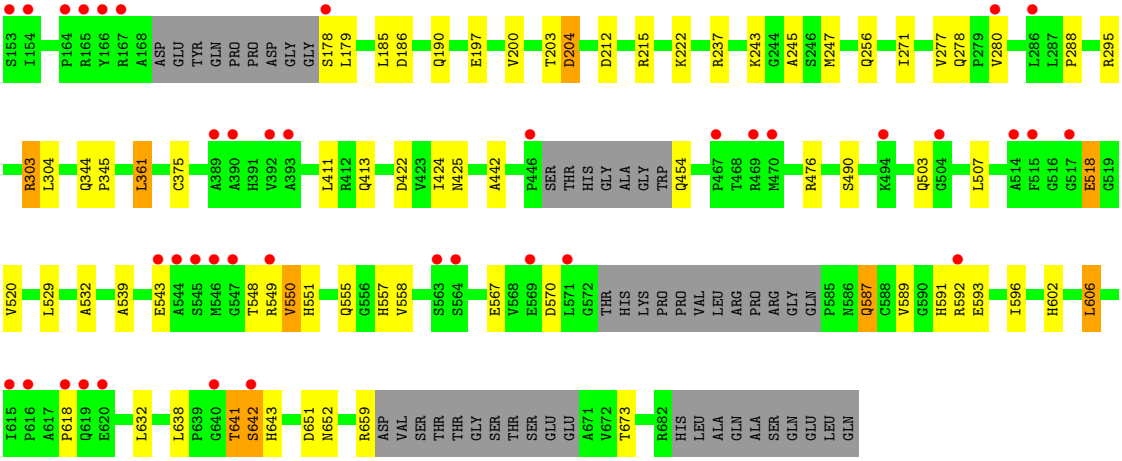
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	O		
7	C	4	4	4	0	0
			Total	O		
7	P	4	4	4	0	0

3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

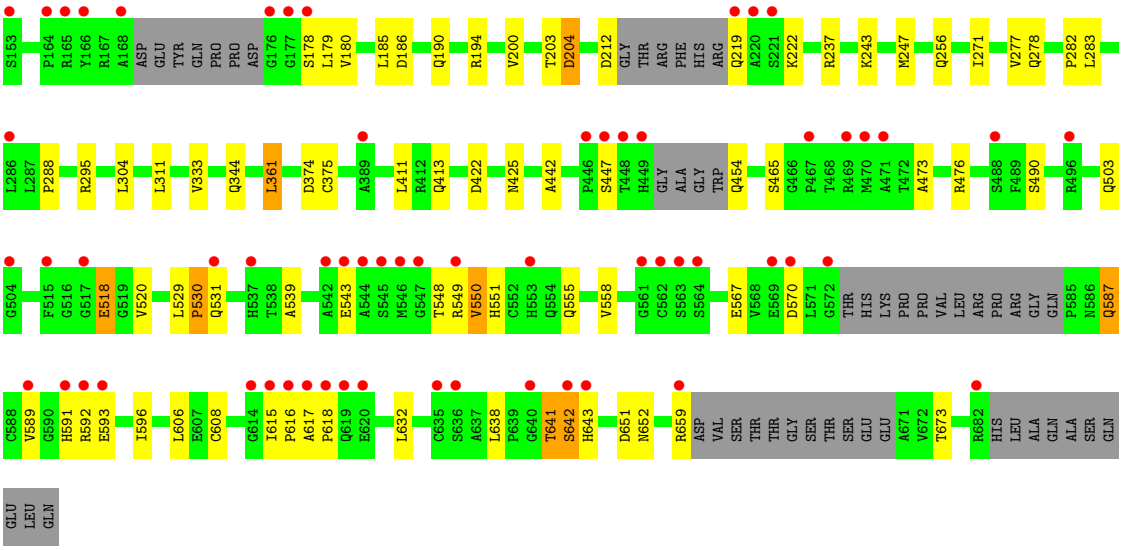
• Molecule 1: Proprotein convertase subtilisin/kexin type 9

Chain A:



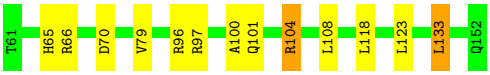
• Molecule 1: Proprotein convertase subtilisin/kexin type 9

Chain B:



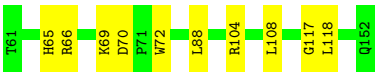
• Molecule 2: Proprotein convertase subtilisin/kexin type 9

Chain C:



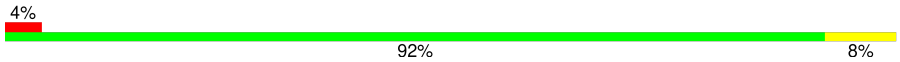
• Molecule 2: Proprotein convertase subtilisin/kexin type 9

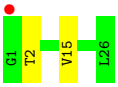
Chain P:



• Molecule 3: Low-density lipoprotein receptor

Chain D:





• Molecule 4: alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-6)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain E:

4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α, β, γ	126.40Å 131.39Å 134.63Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	30.02 – 2.60 29.96 – 2.60	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	95.2 (30.02-2.60) 95.2 (29.96-2.60)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.07	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) >$ [1]	2.53 (at 2.61Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	BUSTER 2.11.5	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.190 , 0.211 0.198 , 0.220	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	3329 reflections (5.03%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å^2)	57.7	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.335	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)	0.33 , 43.9	EDS
L-test for twinning[2]	$< \|L\| > = 0.48$, $< L^2 > = 0.31$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.016 for -h,l,k	Xtriage
F_o,F_c correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	8999	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å^2)	70.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 2.85% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

[1]Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

[2]Theoretical values of $< |L| >$, $< L^2 >$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NAG, FUC, CA

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\#\|Z\|>5$	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\|>5$
1	A	0.49	0/3718	0.69	0/5048
1	B	0.51	0/3693	0.70	0/5014
2	C	0.51	0/757	0.73	0/1023
2	P	0.54	0/757	0.71	0/1023
3	D	0.56	0/190	0.70	0/255
All	All	0.51	0/9115	0.70	0/12363

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3646	0	3559	34	0
1	B	3623	0	3531	36	0
2	C	740	0	750	4	0
2	P	740	0	750	6	0
3	D	189	0	168	1	0
4	E	24	0	22	0	0
5	B	14	0	13	0	0
6	D	1	0	0	0	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
7	A	9	0	0	0	0
7	B	5	0	0	0	0
7	C	4	0	0	0	0
7	P	4	0	0	0	0
All	All	8999	0	8793	74	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 4.

All (74) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:558:VAL:HG21	1:A:606:LEU:HD13	1.38	1.04
1:A:203:THR:O	1:A:204:ASP:HB2	1.57	1.02
1:B:203:THR:O	1:B:204:ASP:HB2	1.57	1.02
1:A:558:VAL:CG2	1:A:606:LEU:HD13	1.91	1.00
1:B:344:GLN:HE22	1:B:425:ASN:H	1.12	0.88
1:A:344:GLN:HE22	1:A:425:ASN:H	1.16	0.87
1:A:186:ASP:OD1	1:A:288:PRO:HG2	1.93	0.68
1:B:278:GLN:HE22	2:P:88:LEU:H	1.41	0.67
1:A:548:THR:HG22	1:A:596:ILE:HG22	1.77	0.67
1:A:641:THR:HG22	1:A:643:HIS:CE1	2.30	0.67
1:B:186:ASP:OD1	1:B:288:PRO:HG2	1.95	0.66
1:B:548:THR:HG22	1:B:596:ILE:HG22	1.79	0.65
1:B:641:THR:HG22	1:B:643:HIS:CE1	2.31	0.64
1:A:518:GLU:H	1:A:518:GLU:CD	2.02	0.63
1:A:212:ASP:H	1:A:256:GLN:HE22	1.46	0.62
1:B:212:ASP:H	1:B:256:GLN:HE22	1.46	0.62
1:B:518:GLU:H	1:B:518:GLU:CD	2.03	0.62
1:B:539:ALA:HB2	1:B:550:VAL:HG13	1.83	0.60
1:A:203:THR:O	1:A:204:ASP:CB	2.38	0.59
1:A:539:ALA:HB2	1:A:550:VAL:HG13	1.85	0.58
1:B:277:VAL:HG13	2:P:117:GLY:HA2	1.85	0.58
2:C:101:GLN:HE21	2:C:133:LEU:HD11	1.72	0.55
1:A:632:LEU:H	1:A:652:ASN:ND2	2.03	0.55
1:A:185:LEU:HD11	1:A:271:ILE:HD11	1.88	0.54
1:B:311:LEU:HB2	1:B:333:VAL:HG12	1.89	0.54
1:B:549:ARG:HG2	1:B:589:VAL:HG22	1.89	0.54
1:A:529:LEU:HG	1:A:532:ALA:HB2	1.89	0.54
1:B:185:LEU:HD11	1:B:271:ILE:HD11	1.89	0.54
1:B:632:LEU:H	1:B:652:ASN:ND2	2.06	0.54

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:549:ARG:HG2	1:A:589:VAL:HG22	1.90	0.54
1:A:476:ARG:HH21	1:A:503:GLN:NE2	2.07	0.53
1:A:237:ARG:O	1:A:243:LYS:HD2	2.09	0.52
1:A:200:VAL:HG22	1:A:247:MET:HB2	1.92	0.52
1:A:295:ARG:HH11	2:P:65:HIS:CE1	2.28	0.52
1:B:212:ASP:H	1:B:256:GLN:NE2	2.07	0.51
1:B:638:LEU:HB2	1:B:673:THR:HB	1.93	0.51
1:B:476:ARG:HH21	1:B:503:GLN:NE2	2.09	0.51
1:B:203:THR:O	1:B:204:ASP:CB	2.38	0.50
1:B:550:VAL:HG22	1:B:596:ILE:HG23	1.94	0.49
1:B:278:GLN:NE2	2:P:88:LEU:H	2.09	0.49
1:A:638:LEU:HB2	1:A:673:THR:HB	1.94	0.49
1:A:212:ASP:H	1:A:256:GLN:NE2	2.09	0.48
1:B:374:ASP:OD2	3:D:15:VAL:HG21	2.12	0.48
1:B:490:SER:HB2	1:B:520:VAL:HG12	1.94	0.48
1:A:557:HIS:CE1	1:A:602:HIS:HB2	2.49	0.48
1:B:615:ILE:HG13	1:B:616:PRO:HD2	1.95	0.48
1:B:361:LEU:HD22	1:B:442:ALA:HB2	1.95	0.47
1:B:200:VAL:HG22	1:B:247:MET:HB2	1.97	0.47
1:A:490:SER:HB2	1:A:520:VAL:HG12	1.94	0.47
1:A:361:LEU:HD22	1:A:442:ALA:HB2	1.96	0.47
1:A:550:VAL:HG22	1:A:596:ILE:HG23	1.96	0.47
2:C:79:VAL:HG22	2:C:123:LEU:HD13	1.97	0.46
1:B:551:HIS:HB3	1:B:587:GLN:HB2	1.97	0.46
1:A:551:HIS:HB3	1:A:587:GLN:HB2	1.97	0.46
1:A:303:ARG:HE	1:A:303:ARG:HB2	1.48	0.44
1:A:539:ALA:CB	1:A:550:VAL:HG13	2.48	0.44
1:A:277:VAL:HG12	1:A:278:GLN:HG2	1.99	0.43
2:C:100:ALA:O	2:C:104:ARG:HG2	2.18	0.43
1:B:558:VAL:HG21	1:B:608:CYS:SG	2.58	0.43
1:B:529:LEU:HA	1:B:530:PRO:HD2	1.66	0.43
1:B:237:ARG:O	1:B:243:LYS:HD2	2.18	0.43
1:A:591:HIS:CD2	1:A:593:GLU:H	2.37	0.42
1:B:591:HIS:CD2	1:B:593:GLU:H	2.38	0.42
1:A:632:LEU:H	1:A:652:ASN:HD22	1.67	0.42
1:B:277:VAL:HG13	2:P:117:GLY:CA	2.49	0.42
1:B:465:SER:HB3	1:B:473:ALA:HB2	2.01	0.41
1:B:539:ALA:CB	1:B:550:VAL:HG13	2.48	0.41
2:P:69:LYS:HD3	2:P:72:TRP:CE2	2.56	0.41
1:B:591:HIS:HD2	1:B:593:GLU:H	1.70	0.40
1:A:345:PRO:HD3	1:A:424:ILE:HG23	2.03	0.40

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:591:HIS:HD2	1:A:593:GLU:H	1.69	0.40
1:B:180:VAL:HG22	1:B:282:PRO:HG2	2.02	0.40
1:B:295:ARG:HH11	2:C:65:HIS:CE1	2.38	0.40
1:A:304:LEU:HD12	1:A:304:LEU:HA	1.93	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	482/540 (89%)	458 (95%)	18 (4%)	6 (1%)	13 27
1	B	479/540 (89%)	453 (95%)	19 (4%)	7 (2%)	10 21
2	C	90/152 (59%)	86 (96%)	4 (4%)	0	100 100
2	P	90/152 (59%)	87 (97%)	3 (3%)	0	100 100
3	D	24/26 (92%)	23 (96%)	1 (4%)	0	100 100
All	All	1165/1410 (83%)	1107 (95%)	45 (4%)	13 (1%)	14 30

All (13) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	245	ALA
1	B	530	PRO
1	A	543	GLU
1	A	642	SER
1	B	204	ASP
1	B	447	SER
1	B	543	GLU
1	A	204	ASP
1	B	642	SER
1	A	618	PRO

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	618	PRO
1	A	280	VAL
1	B	617	ALA

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	391/431 (91%)	364 (93%)	27 (7%)	15 31
1	B	389/431 (90%)	361 (93%)	28 (7%)	14 29
2	C	79/127 (62%)	71 (90%)	8 (10%)	7 14
2	P	79/127 (62%)	74 (94%)	5 (6%)	18 36
3	D	22/22 (100%)	21 (96%)	1 (4%)	27 52
All	All	960/1138 (84%)	891 (93%)	69 (7%)	15 29

All (69) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	178	SER
1	A	179	LEU
1	A	190	GLN
1	A	197	GLU
1	A	215	ARG
1	A	222	LYS
1	A	303	ARG
1	A	361	LEU
1	A	375	CYS
1	A	411	LEU
1	A	413	GLN
1	A	422	ASP
1	A	454	GLN
1	A	507	LEU
1	A	518	GLU
1	A	550	VAL

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	555	GLN
1	A	567	GLU
1	A	570	ASP
1	A	587	GLN
1	A	592	ARG
1	A	606	LEU
1	A	641	THR
1	A	642	SER
1	A	651[A]	ASP
1	A	651[B]	ASP
1	A	659	ARG
1	B	178	SER
1	B	179	LEU
1	B	190	GLN
1	B	194	ARG
1	B	219	GLN
1	B	222	LYS
1	B	283	LEU
1	B	304	LEU
1	B	361	LEU
1	B	375	CYS
1	B	411	LEU
1	B	413	GLN
1	B	422	ASP
1	B	454	GLN
1	B	518	GLU
1	B	531	GLN
1	B	550	VAL
1	B	555	GLN
1	B	567	GLU
1	B	570	ASP
1	B	587	GLN
1	B	592	ARG
1	B	606	LEU
1	B	641	THR
1	B	642	SER
1	B	651[A]	ASP
1	B	651[B]	ASP
1	B	659	ARG
2	C	66	ARG
2	C	70	ASP
2	C	96	ARG

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	C	97	ARG
2	C	104	ARG
2	C	108	LEU
2	C	118	LEU
2	C	133	LEU
3	D	2	THR
2	P	66	ARG
2	P	70	ASP
2	P	104	ARG
2	P	108	LEU
2	P	118	LEU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (28) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	256	GLN
1	A	278	GLN
1	A	298	ASN
1	A	344	GLN
1	A	413	GLN
1	A	464	HIS
1	A	513	ASN
1	A	587	GLN
1	A	591	HIS
1	A	602	HIS
1	A	643	HIS
1	A	652	ASN
1	B	256	GLN
1	B	278	GLN
1	B	298	ASN
1	B	344	GLN
1	B	413	GLN
1	B	464	HIS
1	B	513	ASN
1	B	537	HIS
1	B	554	GLN
1	B	587	GLN
1	B	591	HIS
1	B	643	HIS
1	B	652	ASN
2	C	65	HIS
2	C	101	GLN

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	P	65	HIS

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

2 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$
4	NAG	E	1	4,1	14,14,15	0.34	0	17,19,21	0.55	0
4	FUC	E	2	4	10,10,11	0.46	0	14,14,16	0.80	1 (7%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	NAG	E	1	4,1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	FUC	E	2	4	-	-	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
4	E	2	FUC	C1-O5-C5	2.47	118.80	112.97

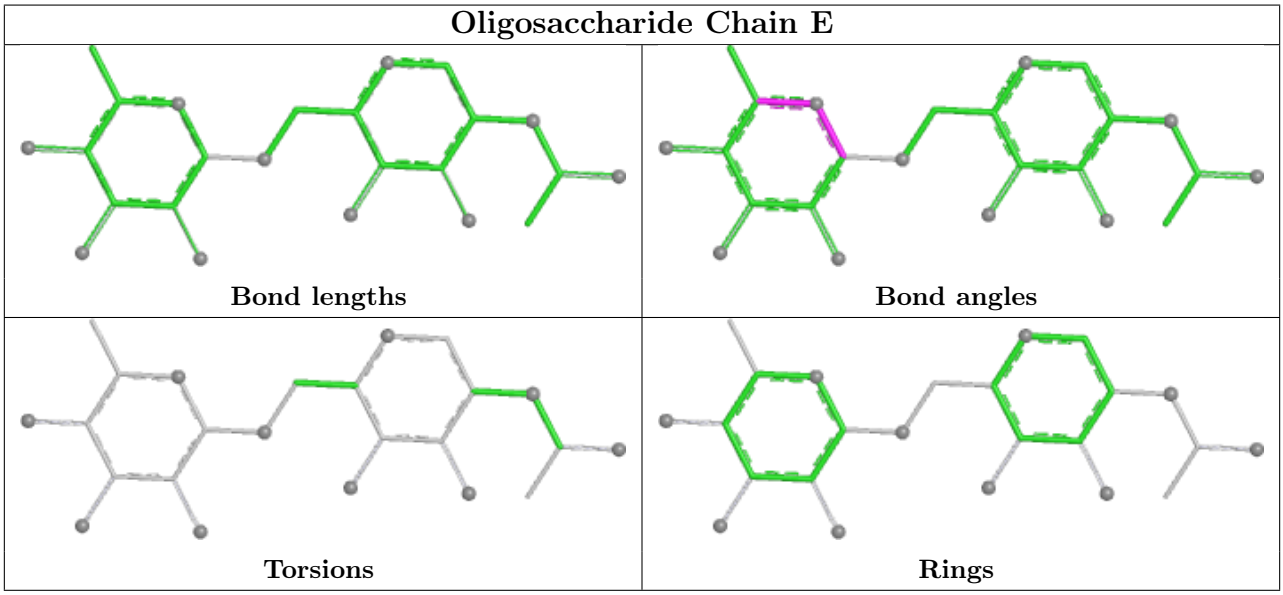
There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.



5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 2 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 1 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$
5	NAG	B	901	1	14,14,15	0.34	0	17,19,21	0.75	1 (5%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral

centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	NAG	B	901	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
5	B	901	NAG	C1-O5-C5	2.72	115.83	112.19

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å^2)	Q<0.9
1	A	491/540 (90%)	0.25	40 (8%) 12 8	34, 61, 127, 158	0
1	B	490/540 (90%)	0.48	61 (12%) 4 2	36, 65, 139, 189	0
2	C	92/152 (60%)	-0.33	0 100 100	41, 60, 87, 105	0
2	P	92/152 (60%)	-0.48	0 100 100	35, 47, 70, 87	0
3	D	26/26 (100%)	0.26	1 (3%) 40 33	50, 61, 79, 92	0
All	All	1191/1410 (84%)	0.24	102 (8%) 10 7	34, 61, 127, 189	0

All (102) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	B	178	SER	12.7
1	A	178	SER	12.2
1	B	618	PRO	10.8
1	B	448	THR	8.3
1	B	168	ALA	8.1
1	B	219	GLN	8.0
1	A	618	PRO	7.2
1	B	640	GLY	7.0
1	B	220	ALA	6.9
1	B	545	SER	6.6
1	B	546	MET	6.6
1	B	447	SER	6.5
1	B	592	ARG	6.4
1	A	515	PHE	5.9
1	A	153	SER	5.8
3	D	1	GLY	5.7
1	A	167	ARG	5.3
1	A	165	ARG	5.3
1	A	546	MET	5.2
1	B	221	SER	5.1

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	640	GLY	4.8
1	B	569	GLU	4.7
1	B	615	ILE	4.6
1	B	165	ARG	4.6
1	A	544	ALA	4.6
1	B	515	PHE	4.5
1	B	543	GLU	4.5
1	B	177	GLY	4.5
1	B	547	GLY	4.4
1	A	545	SER	4.3
1	B	153	SER	4.0
1	B	176	GLY	4.0
1	B	544	ALA	4.0
1	B	643	HIS	3.9
1	A	642	SER	3.9
1	B	562	CYS	3.9
1	B	620	GLU	3.8
1	B	589	VAL	3.8
1	A	469	ARG	3.7
1	B	616	PRO	3.7
1	B	504	GLY	3.6
1	B	542	ALA	3.6
1	B	593	GLU	3.6
1	A	280	VAL	3.5
1	B	470	MET	3.4
1	B	617	ALA	3.4
1	B	619	GLN	3.4
1	A	389	ALA	3.3
1	B	166	TYR	3.2
1	A	549	ARG	3.2
1	B	469	ARG	3.1
1	B	659	ARG	3.1
1	B	682	ARG	3.1
1	B	517	GLY	3.1
1	B	549	ARG	3.1
1	B	614	GLY	3.0
1	A	166	TYR	3.0
1	B	642	SER	2.9
1	B	471	ALA	2.9
1	B	164	PRO	2.9
1	B	564	SER	2.9
1	A	446	PRO	2.8

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	390	ALA	2.8
1	A	563	SER	2.8
1	B	537	HIS	2.8
1	B	570	ASP	2.8
1	A	569	GLU	2.7
1	A	154	ILE	2.7
1	A	514	ALA	2.6
1	B	561	GLY	2.6
1	A	543	GLU	2.6
1	A	616	PRO	2.6
1	A	286	LEU	2.6
1	B	572	GLY	2.6
1	A	564	SER	2.6
1	A	164	PRO	2.5
1	B	467	PRO	2.5
1	B	553	HIS	2.5
1	A	517	GLY	2.5
1	A	620	GLU	2.5
1	B	591	HIS	2.4
1	A	571	LEU	2.3
1	A	504	GLY	2.3
1	B	496	ARG	2.3
1	A	392	VAL	2.3
1	A	470	MET	2.3
1	A	592	ARG	2.3
1	A	619	GLN	2.2
1	B	286	LEU	2.2
1	A	467	PRO	2.2
1	B	449	HIS	2.2
1	A	393	ALA	2.1
1	B	389	ALA	2.1
1	B	531	GLN	2.1
1	B	446	PRO	2.1
1	A	494	LYS	2.1
1	B	488	SER	2.1
1	B	563	SER	2.1
1	A	547	GLY	2.1
1	B	635	CYS	2.1
1	B	636	SER	2.0
1	A	615	ILE	2.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

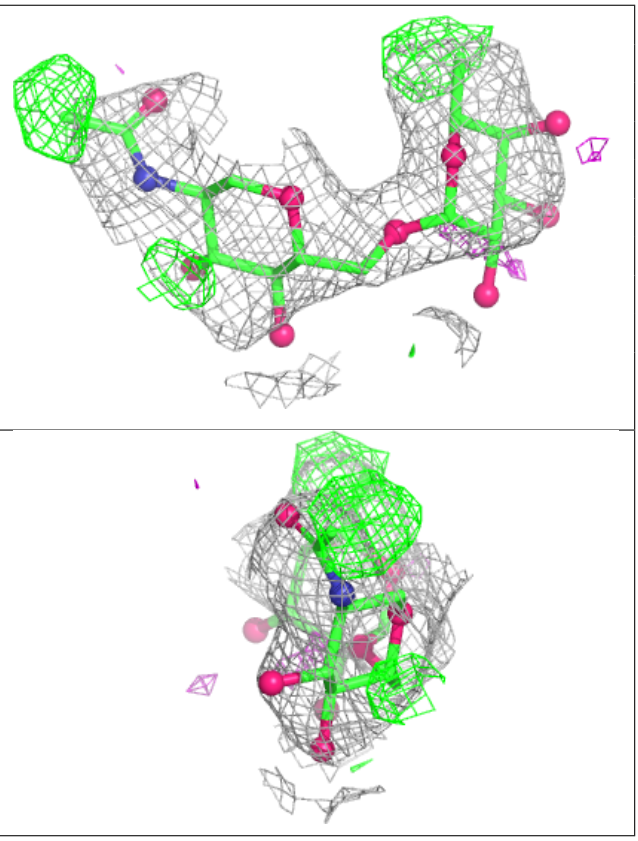
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å^2)	Q<0.9
4	FUC	E	2	10/11	0.57	0.47	139,146,149,151	0
4	NAG	E	1	14/15	0.83	0.39	116,133,142,144	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

Electron density around Chain E:

2mF$_o$-DF$_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF$_o$-DF$_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)



6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum,

median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å^2)	Q<0.9
5	NAG	B	901	14/15	0.80	0.30	123,134,138,141	0
6	CA	D	101	1/1	0.98	0.07	74,74,74,74	0

6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.