



## Full wwPDB EM Validation Report ⓘ

Oct 6, 2025 – 02:09 PM JST

PDB ID : 9KKQ / pdb\_00009kkq  
EMDB ID : EMD-62395  
Title : Structure of hSGLT2-MAP17 complex in the substrate-bound occluded con-  
formation  
Authors : Chen, L.; Cui, W.; Sun, Z.  
Deposited on : 2024-11-14  
Resolution : 2.60 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB EM Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>  
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : **FAILED**  
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)  
MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0  
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)  
Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)  
EM percentile statistics : **NOT EXECUTED**  
MapQ : **FAILED**  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.46

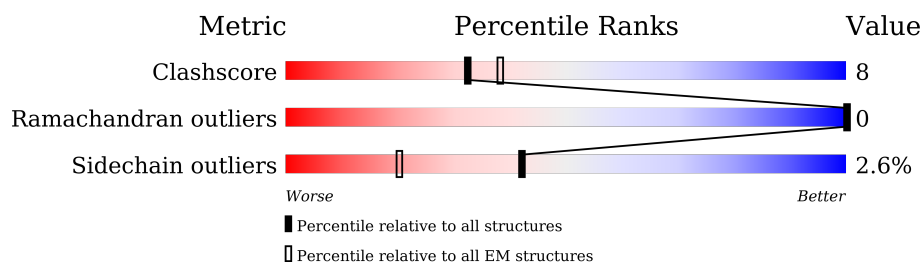
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*ELECTRON MICROSCOPY*

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.60 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	210492	15764
Ramachandran outliers	207382	16835
Sidechain outliers	206894	16415

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ .

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	672	 66% 19% • 14%
2	B	114	 26% 74%
3	H	117	 95% 5%
4	L	106	 96% •

## 2 Entry composition

There are 7 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 5795 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Sodium/glucose cotransporter 2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	A	579	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			4446	2931	730	751	34		

- Molecule 2 is a protein called PDZK1-interacting protein 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
2	B	30	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			235	163	37	33	2		

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
B	13	MET	THR	conflict	UNP Q13113

- Molecule 3 is a protein called mFab90-H.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
3	H	117	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			575	341	117	117		

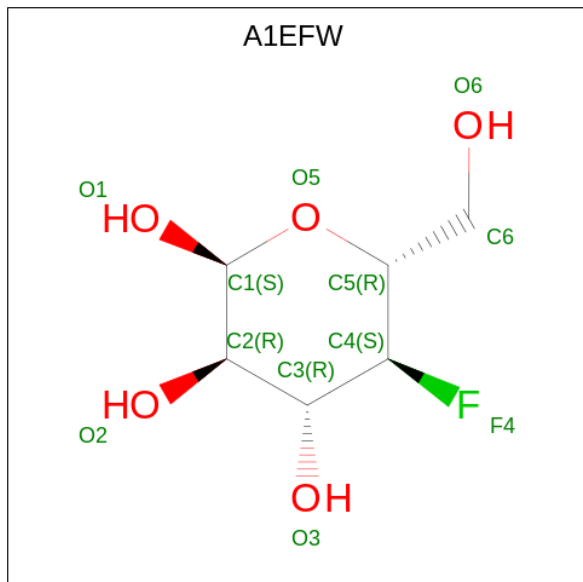
- Molecule 4 is a protein called mFab90-L.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
4	L	106	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			523	311	106	106		

- Molecule 5 is SODIUM ION (CCD ID: NA) (formula: Na).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		AltConf
5	A	1	Total	Na	0
			1	1	

- Molecule 6 is (2 {S},3 {R},4 {R},5 {S},6 {R})-5-fluoranyl-6-(hydroxymethyl)oxane-2,3,4-triol (CCD ID: A1EFW) (formula: C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>11</sub>FO<sub>5</sub>) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf
6	A	1	Total	C	F	O	0
			12	6	1	5	

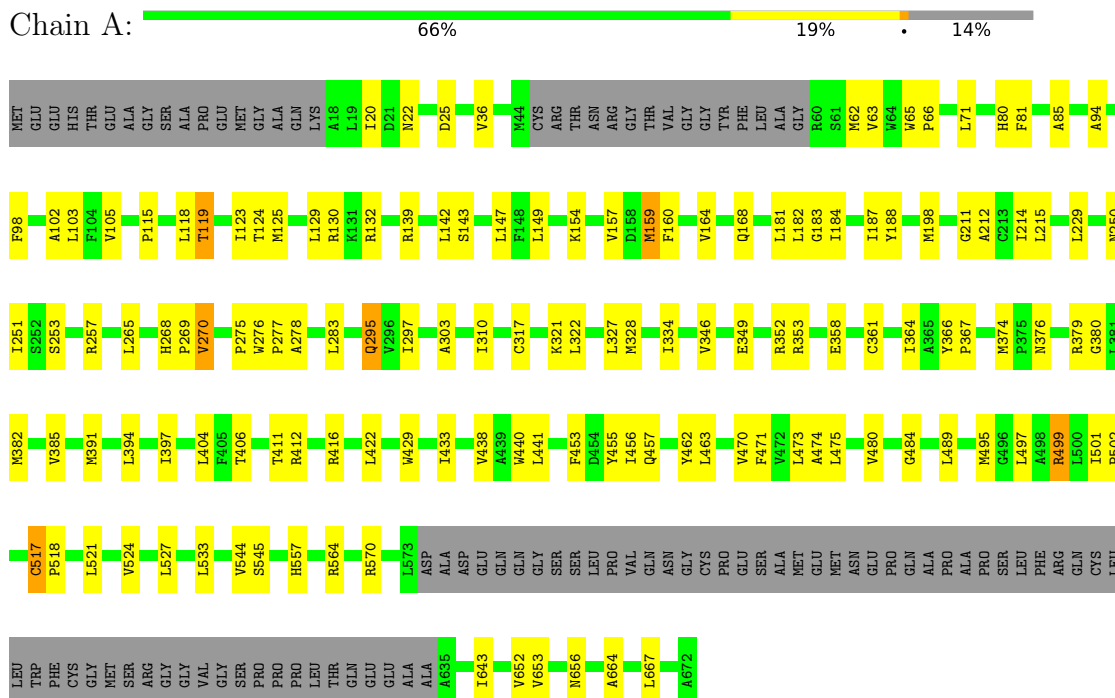
- Molecule 7 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		AltConf
7	A	3	Total	O	0
			3	3	

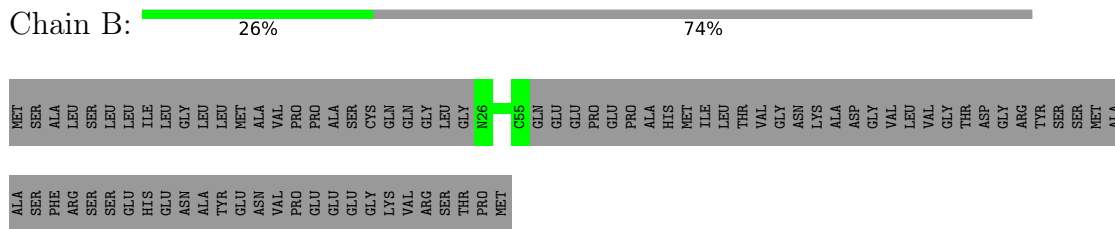
### 3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

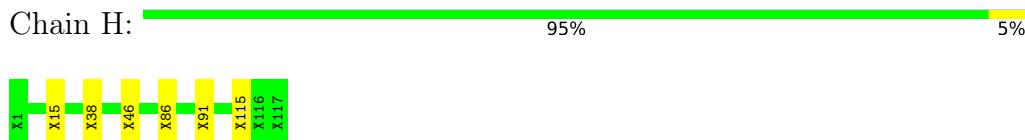
#### • Molecule 1: Sodium/glucose cotransporter 2



#### • Molecule 2: PDZK1-interacting protein 1

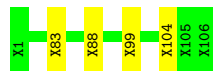


#### • Molecule 3: mFab90-H



- Molecule 4: mFab90-L

Chain L:  96%



## 4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	116852	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	NONE	Depositor
Microscope	TFS KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ( $e^-/\text{\AA}^2$ )	50	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	1500	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	1800	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K3 (6k x 4k)	Depositor

## 5 Model quality [i](#)

### 5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: A1EFW, NA

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$
1	A	0.26	0/4562	0.34	0/6217
2	B	0.16	0/243	0.23	0/334
4	L	1.24	0/7	0.72	0/8
All	All	0.26	0/4812	0.34	0/6559

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	4446	0	4549	84	0
2	B	235	0	237	0	0
3	H	575	0	114	4	0
4	L	523	0	109	2	0
5	A	1	0	0	0	0
6	A	12	0	0	1	0
7	A	3	0	0	1	0
All	All	5795	0	5009	90	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 8.



All (90) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:98:PHE:HA	1:A:283:LEU:HD21	1.72	0.70
1:A:462:TYR:OH	1:A:499:ARG:NH1	2.25	0.69
1:A:65:TRP:CD2	1:A:66:PRO:HD3	2.28	0.69
1:A:182:LEU:HD11	1:A:438:VAL:HG21	1.79	0.65
1:A:376:ASN:HD22	1:A:379:ARG:HH12	1.46	0.62
1:A:352:ARG:HB2	1:A:358:GLU:HG2	1.80	0.62
1:A:181:LEU:HD12	1:A:184:ILE:HD11	1.80	0.62
1:A:103:LEU:HD22	1:A:664:ALA:HB2	1.81	0.61
1:A:470:VAL:HG21	1:A:489:LEU:HG	1.82	0.60
1:A:406:THR:HG23	1:A:422:LEU:HD22	1.84	0.58
1:A:499:ARG:NH2	1:A:524:VAL:O	2.37	0.57
1:A:65:TRP:CG	1:A:66:PRO:HD3	2.39	0.57
1:A:63:VAL:HG23	1:A:66:PRO:HD2	1.88	0.56
1:A:157:VAL:HG21	1:A:456:ILE:HG12	1.87	0.56
1:A:557:HIS:HB2	1:A:570:ARG:HB3	1.88	0.56
1:A:81:PHE:HA	1:A:328:MET:HG2	1.87	0.56
1:A:278:ALA:HB1	1:A:527:LEU:HB2	1.87	0.56
1:A:129:LEU:HD12	1:A:142:LEU:HD22	1.88	0.55
1:A:154:LYS:HB3	1:A:397:ILE:HD13	1.89	0.55
1:A:473:LEU:HB3	1:A:480:VAL:HG21	1.87	0.55
1:A:159:MET:HE1	1:A:394:LEU:HD11	1.88	0.54
4:L:88:UNK:O	4:L:99:UNK:N	2.39	0.54
1:A:295:GLN:HG3	1:A:404:LEU:HD13	1.90	0.54
1:A:94:ALA:HA	1:A:265:LEU:HD12	1.90	0.53
1:A:147:LEU:HD13	1:A:429:TRP:CZ2	2.43	0.53
1:A:268:HIS:CE1	1:A:270:VAL:HG22	2.44	0.53
1:A:652:VAL:O	1:A:656:ASN:ND2	2.41	0.52
1:A:118:LEU:HD11	1:A:310:ILE:HD12	1.91	0.52
4:L:83:UNK:HA	4:L:104:UNK:O	2.09	0.52
1:A:62:MET:HA	1:A:198:MET:HE1	1.91	0.52
1:A:123:ILE:HG13	1:A:124:THR:HG23	1.90	0.52
1:A:215:LEU:HD23	1:A:366:TYR:CZ	2.46	0.51
1:A:376:ASN:ND2	1:A:379:ARG:HH12	2.09	0.51
1:A:322:LEU:HD22	1:A:667:LEU:HD12	1.91	0.51
1:A:495:MET:HE2	1:A:533:LEU:HD13	1.92	0.51
1:A:502:PRO:HG2	1:A:521:LEU:HD21	1.93	0.51
1:A:130:ARG:HG3	1:A:139:ARG:HD2	1.92	0.51
1:A:269:PRO:HA	1:A:275:PRO:HB3	1.93	0.50
1:A:361:CYS:O	1:A:364:ILE:HG12	2.11	0.50
1:A:102:ALA:HA	1:A:105:VAL:HG22	1.93	0.50

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:564:ARG:HB3	1:A:643:ILE:HD11	1.94	0.49
1:A:440:TRP:HE1	1:A:455:TYR:HH	1.58	0.49
1:A:168:GLN:HG3	1:A:367:PRO:HB2	1.94	0.49
1:A:484:GLY:HA2	1:A:544:VAL:HB	1.94	0.48
1:A:62:MET:HE2	1:A:303:ALA:HB3	1.94	0.48
1:A:36:VAL:HG11	1:A:188:TYR:CE2	2.49	0.48
1:A:25:ASP:OD1	1:A:380:GLY:N	2.47	0.48
1:A:251:ILE:HD13	1:A:346:VAL:HG13	1.96	0.47
1:A:429:TRP:O	1:A:433:ILE:HG12	2.15	0.47
1:A:125:MET:HB3	1:A:471:PHE:HZ	1.80	0.47
1:A:22:ASN:ND2	1:A:25:ASP:H	2.13	0.46
3:H:91:UNK:HA	3:H:115:UNK:O	2.15	0.46
1:A:80:HIS:NE2	6:A:1102:A1EFW:O2	2.38	0.46
1:A:119:THR:HG21	1:A:564:ARG:O	2.16	0.45
1:A:22:ASN:ND2	1:A:25:ASP:OD2	2.40	0.45
1:A:98:PHE:O	7:A:1201:HOH:O	2.21	0.45
1:A:188:TYR:CE2	1:A:391:MET:HG3	2.51	0.44
1:A:125:MET:HA	1:A:125:MET:HE2	1.99	0.44
1:A:149:LEU:HD21	1:A:463:LEU:HB2	2.01	0.43
1:A:497:LEU:C	1:A:499:ARG:H	2.26	0.43
1:A:229:LEU:HD13	1:A:334:ILE:HG13	2.00	0.43
1:A:115:PRO:O	1:A:119:THR:OG1	2.33	0.43
1:A:412:ARG:HA	1:A:412:ARG:HD3	1.80	0.43
1:A:317:CYS:O	1:A:321:LYS:HG2	2.19	0.43
1:A:499:ARG:NE	1:A:521:LEU:O	2.51	0.43
3:H:38:UNK:O	3:H:46:UNK:N	2.52	0.43
1:A:253:SER:OG	1:A:257:ARG:HG3	2.19	0.42
1:A:71:LEU:HD22	1:A:297:ILE:HG23	2.01	0.42
1:A:132:ARG:HG2	1:A:474:ALA:HB1	2.02	0.42
1:A:212:ALA:HB1	1:A:327:LEU:HB3	2.00	0.42
1:A:211:GLY:HA3	1:A:385:VAL:HG21	2.01	0.42
1:A:374:MET:HG3	1:A:382:MET:HG3	2.02	0.42
1:A:276:TRP:CG	1:A:277:PRO:HD3	2.54	0.42
1:A:411:THR:O	1:A:411:THR:HG22	2.18	0.42
1:A:160:PHE:O	1:A:164:VAL:HG23	2.20	0.41
1:A:214:ILE:HG22	1:A:374:MET:HE1	2.02	0.41
1:A:85:ALA:HB3	1:A:366:TYR:HB2	2.02	0.41
1:A:139:ARG:O	1:A:143:SER:OG	2.34	0.41
1:A:183:GLY:O	1:A:187:ILE:HG12	2.20	0.41
1:A:517:CYS:HA	1:A:518:PRO:HD3	1.97	0.41
1:A:25:ASP:OD1	1:A:379:ARG:HB3	2.21	0.41

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:85:ALA:CB	1:A:366:TYR:HB2	2.51	0.41
1:A:440:TRP:NE1	1:A:455:TYR:OH	2.34	0.40
3:H:38:UNK:N	3:H:46:UNK:O	2.54	0.40
3:H:15:UNK:N	3:H:86:UNK:O	2.54	0.40
1:A:215:LEU:HD13	1:A:374:MET:SD	2.60	0.40
1:A:394:LEU:HD23	1:A:394:LEU:HA	1.93	0.40
1:A:501:ILE:HB	1:A:502:PRO:HD3	2.03	0.40
1:A:349:GLU:O	1:A:353:ARG:HG3	2.22	0.40
1:A:453:PHE:O	1:A:457:GLN:HG2	2.21	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	573/672 (85%)	556 (97%)	17 (3%)	0	100	100
2	B	28/114 (25%)	28 (100%)	0	0	100	100
4	L	1/106 (1%)	1 (100%)	0	0	100	100
All	All	602/892 (68%)	585 (97%)	17 (3%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	471/542 (87%)	458 (97%)	13 (3%)	38	65
2	B	23/92 (25%)	23 (100%)	0	100	100
4	L	1/1 (100%)	1 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	495/635 (78%)	482 (97%)	13 (3%)	42	67

All (13) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	20	ILE
1	A	119	THR
1	A	159	MET
1	A	250	ASN
1	A	270	VAL
1	A	295	GLN
1	A	416	ARG
1	A	441	LEU
1	A	475	LEU
1	A	499	ARG
1	A	517	CYS
1	A	545	SER
1	A	653	VAL

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (7) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	204	GLN
1	A	295	GLN
1	A	376	ASN
1	A	399	ASN
1	A	445	GLN
1	A	451	GLN
1	A	483	GLN

### 5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 2 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 1 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$
6	A1EFW	A	1102	-	12,12,12	0.31	0	14,17,17	0.37	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
6	A1EFW	A	1102	-	-	0/2/22/22	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

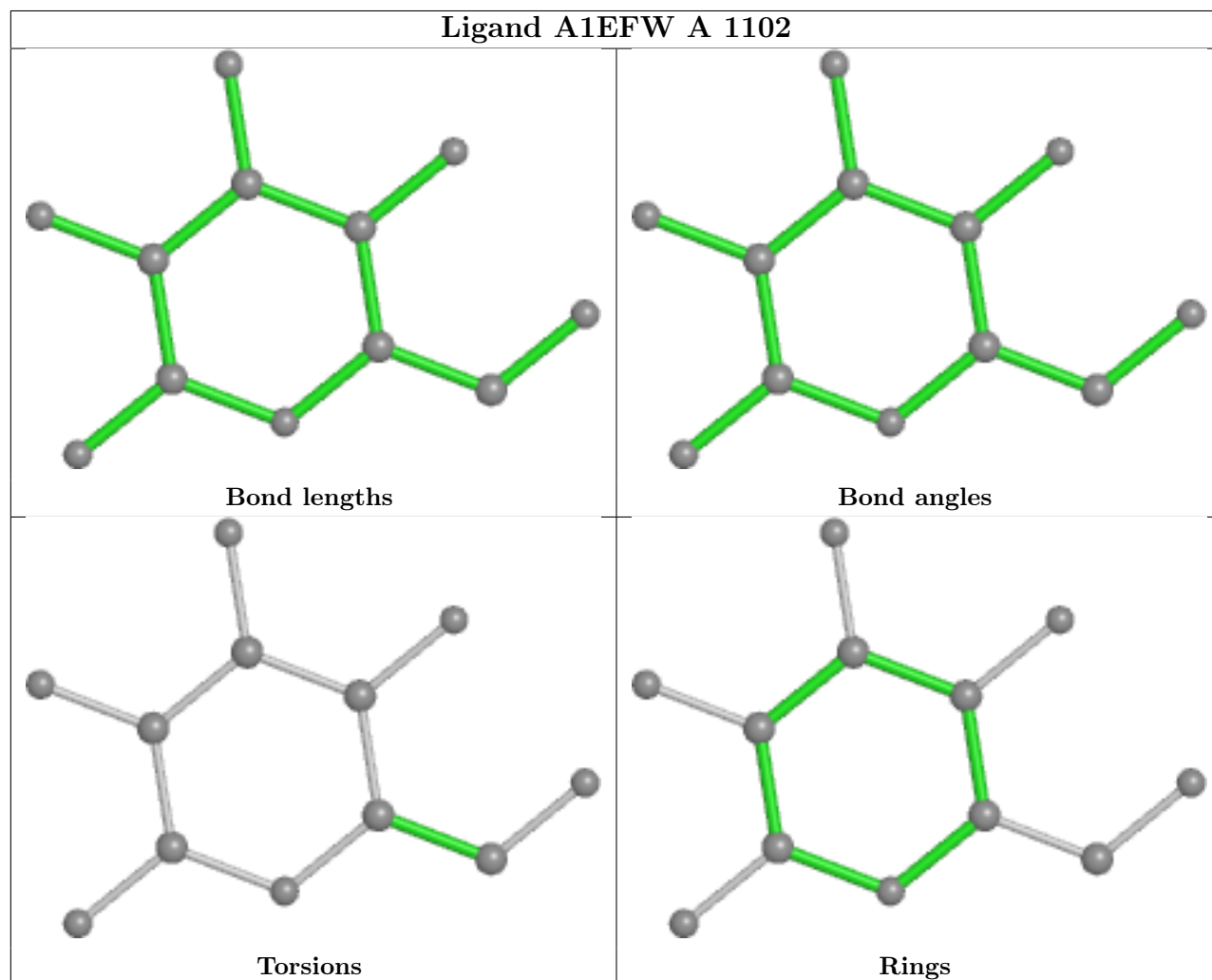
There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
6	A	1102	A1EFW	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight  $> 250$  and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier.

Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



## 5.7 Other polymers ⓘ

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues ⓘ

There are no chain breaks in this entry.