wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report (i)

Feb 24, 2024 – 04:09 PM EST

PDB ID	:	7JGB
EMDB ID	:	EMD-22320
Title	:	Cryo-EM structure of bedaquiline-free Mycobacterium smegmatis ATP synthase FO region
Authors	:	Guo, H.; Courbon, G.M.; Rubinstein, J.L.
Deposited on	:	2020-07-18
Resolution	:	3.50 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at
http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

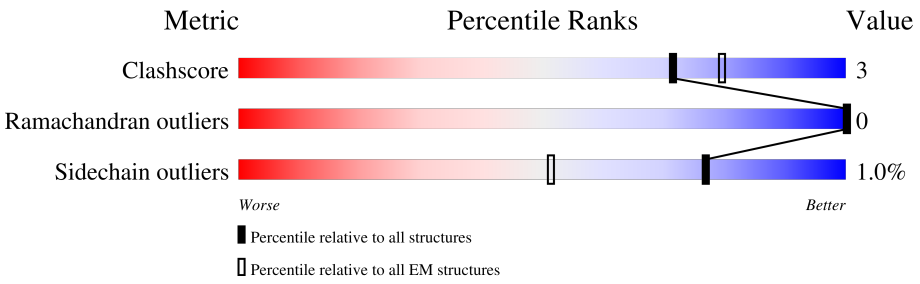
EMDB validation analysis	:	0.0.1.dev70
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
MapQ	:	1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.36

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.50 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	4297
Ramachandran outliers	154571	4023
Sidechain outliers	154315	3826

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion < 40%). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	a	252	10% 81% • 18%
2	b	170	• 26% 74%
3	d	445	• 9% 91%
4	1	86	13% 88% 6% 6%
4	2	86	13% 87% 7% 6%
4	3	86	6% 83% 10% 7%
4	4	86	12% 84% 10% 6%
4	5	86	15% 90% 5% 6%

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
4	6	86	13% 83% 12% 6%
4	7	86	8% 87% 7% 6%
4	8	86	12% 88% 8%
4	9	86	7% 87% 7% 6%

2 Entry composition (i)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 7261 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called ATP synthase subunit a.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
1	a	207	1602	1091	252	254	5	0	0

- Molecule 2 is a protein called ATP synthase subunit b.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
2	b	45	341	234	52	54	1	0	0

- Molecule 3 is a protein called ATP synthase subunit b-delta.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
3	d	40	311	208	55	46	2	0	0

- Molecule 4 is a protein called ATP synthase subunit c.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
4	1	81	560	370	92	96	2	0	0
4	2	81	552	366	90	94	2	0	0
4	3	80	548	362	89	95	2	0	0
4	4	81	560	370	91	97	2	0	0
4	5	81	550	365	88	95	2	0	0
4	6	81	556	368	90	96	2	0	0
4	7	81	556	368	91	95	2	0	0

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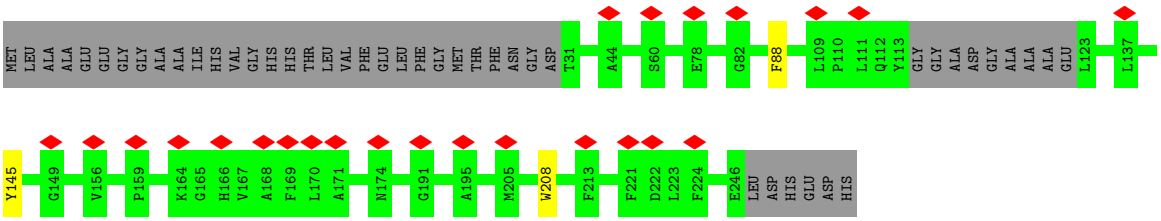
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
4	8	83	569	377	93	97	2	0	0
			Total	C	N	O	S		
4	9	81	556	368	91	95	2	0	0

3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

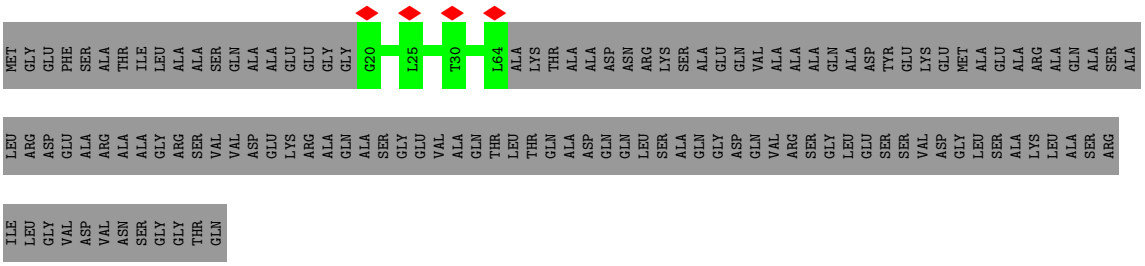
- Molecule 1: ATP synthase subunit a

Chain a:



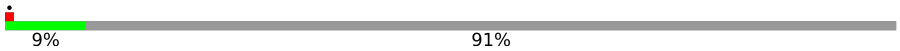
- Molecule 2: ATP synthase subunit b

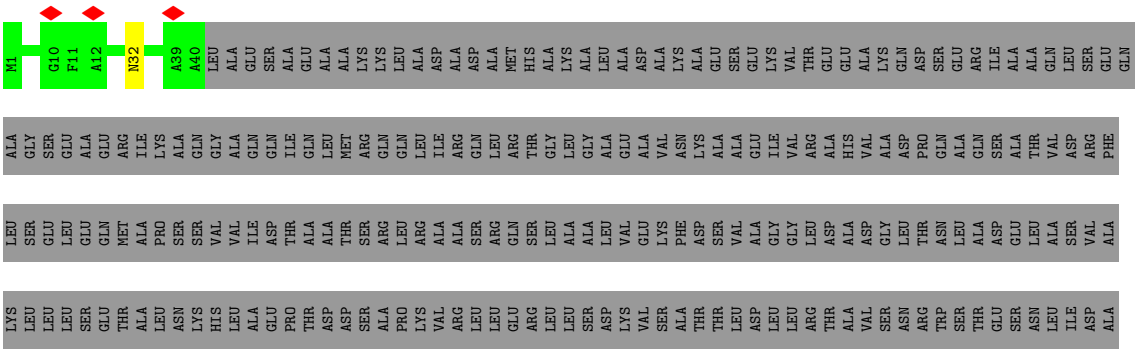
Chain b:



- Molecule 3: ATP synthase subunit b-delta

Chain d:





VAL GLU HIS THR ALA ARG LEU ALA LEU LEU LYS ARG ALA GLU ILE ALA GLY GLU VAL ASP GLU VAL GLU GLU GLN LEU PHE ARG PHE GLY ARG VAL LEU ASP ALA GLU PRO ARG LEU SER ALA LEU LEU SER ASP TYR THR THR PRO ALA GLU GLY ARG VAL ALA LEU LEU ASP LYS ALA

LEU THR GLY ARG PRO GLY VAL ASN GLN THR ALA ALA ALA LEU LEU SER GLN THR VAL GLY LEU LEU ARG GLY GLU ARG ALA ASP GLU ALA VAL ILE ASP LEU ALA GLU LEU ALA VAL SER ARG ARG GLY GLU VAL VAL ALA HIS VAL SER ALA ALA ALA GLU LEU SER ASP ALA GLN ARG

THR ARG LEU THR GLU VAL LEU SER ARG ILE TYR GLY ARG PRO VAL SER VAL GLN LEU HIS VAL ASP PRO GLU LEU LEU GLY GLY LEU SER ILE THR VAL GLY ASP GLU VAL ILE ASP GLY SER ILE ALA SER ARG LEU ALA ALA ALA GLN THR GLY LEU PRO ASP

- Molecule 4: ATP synthase subunit c

Chain 1: 13% 88% 6% 6%

MET ASP LEU ASP P5 N6 G16 G17 G23 A28 D32 G33 I34 A35 G36 I40 R45 V64 E65 A66 A73 A76 L77 L85 GLN

- Molecule 4: ATP synthase subunit c

Chain 2: 13% 87% 7% 6%

MET ASP LEU ASP P5 N6 A7 A11 G12 G17 G36 N37 F57 V61 E65 A66 A67 I70 N71 A76 L77 T82 L85 GLN

- Molecule 4: ATP synthase subunit c

Chain 3: 6% 83% 10% 7%

MET ASP LEU ASP P5 N6 A7 A11 G12 I34 L39 I43 A49 R52 T55 P56 T60 V79 F80 G84 LEU GLN

- Molecule 4: ATP synthase subunit c

Chain 4: 12% 84% 10% 6%

MET ASP LEU ASP P5 I9 A13 M21 G22 G23 A28 D32 G36 L39 G42 I43 F54 F57 V61 G62 L63 V64 E65 A66 M75 A76 A81 L85 GLN

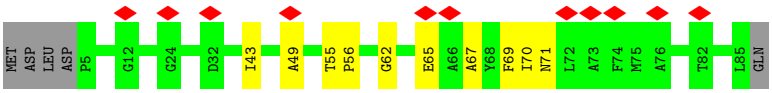
- Molecule 4: ATP synthase subunit c

Chain 5: 15% 90% 5% 6%

MET ASP LEU ASP P5 N6 A7 G12 G16 G24 G27 D32 G36 L39 G42 I43 E48 F54 T55 P56 E65 A66 A76 L85 GLN

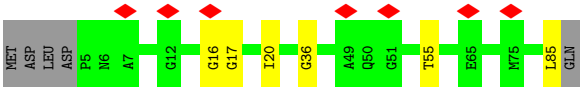
- Molecule 4: ATP synthase subunit c

Chain 6: 13% 83% 12% 6%



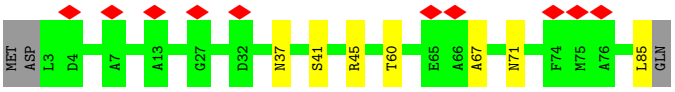
• Molecule 4: ATP synthase subunit c

Chain 7:



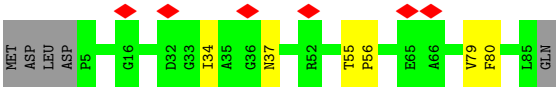
• Molecule 4: ATP synthase subunit c

Chain 8:



• Molecule 4: ATP synthase subunit c

Chain 9:



4 Experimental information (i)

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, C1	Depositor
Number of particles used	319756	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/Å^2$)	45	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	800	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	2300	Depositor
Magnification	75000	Depositor
Image detector	FEI FALCON IV (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	23.318	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.087	Depositor
Average map value	-0.006	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.141	Depositor
Recommended contour level	1.8	Depositor
Map size (Å)	329.59998, 329.59998, 329.59998	wwPDB
Map dimensions	320, 320, 320	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.03, 1.03, 1.03	Depositor

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| >5$	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| >5$
1	a	0.38	0/1649	0.45	0/2255
2	b	0.47	0/349	0.45	0/475
3	d	0.44	0/317	0.48	0/430
4	1	0.37	0/571	0.47	0/774
4	2	0.39	0/563	0.47	0/764
4	3	0.39	0/559	0.46	0/758
4	4	0.39	0/571	0.46	0/774
4	5	0.40	0/561	0.47	0/762
4	6	0.38	0/567	0.49	0/769
4	7	0.37	0/567	0.46	0/769
4	8	0.36	0/580	0.47	0/788
4	9	0.36	0/567	0.44	0/769
All	All	0.39	0/7421	0.46	0/10087

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	a	1602	0	1651	0	0
2	b	341	0	369	0	0
3	d	311	0	340	0	0
4	1	560	0	577	3	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	2	552	0	565	4	0
4	3	548	0	558	5	0
4	4	560	0	575	4	0
4	5	550	0	560	2	0
4	6	556	0	569	7	0
4	7	556	0	571	5	0
4	8	569	0	583	6	0
4	9	556	0	571	4	0
All	All	7261	0	7489	34	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 3.

The worst 5 of 34 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
4:5:55:THR:HB	4:5:56:PRO:HD3	1.92	0.51
4:3:39:LEU:O	4:3:43:ILE:HG12	2.11	0.50
4:5:39:LEU:HD11	4:5:43:ILE:HD11	1.94	0.50
4:3:79:VAL:HG23	4:3:80:PHE:N	2.27	0.50
4:8:41:SER:OG	4:8:45:ARG:NH1	2.44	0.50

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	a	203/252 (81%)	200 (98%)	3 (2%)	0	100 100
2	b	43/170 (25%)	41 (95%)	2 (5%)	0	100 100
3	d	38/445 (8%)	37 (97%)	1 (3%)	0	100 100

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
4	1	79/86 (92%)	77 (98%)	2 (2%)	0	100	100
4	2	79/86 (92%)	78 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
4	3	78/86 (91%)	77 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
4	4	79/86 (92%)	77 (98%)	2 (2%)	0	100	100
4	5	79/86 (92%)	77 (98%)	2 (2%)	0	100	100
4	6	79/86 (92%)	78 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
4	7	79/86 (92%)	76 (96%)	3 (4%)	0	100	100
4	8	81/86 (94%)	80 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
4	9	79/86 (92%)	79 (100%)	0	0	100	100
All	All	996/1641 (61%)	977 (98%)	19 (2%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	a	162/200 (81%)	159 (98%)	3 (2%)	57	80
2	b	37/124 (30%)	37 (100%)	0	100	100
3	d	32/347 (9%)	31 (97%)	1 (3%)	40	70
4	1	50/56 (89%)	50 (100%)	0	100	100
4	2	48/56 (86%)	48 (100%)	0	100	100
4	3	48/56 (86%)	47 (98%)	1 (2%)	53	79
4	4	50/56 (89%)	49 (98%)	1 (2%)	55	79
4	5	48/56 (86%)	48 (100%)	0	100	100
4	6	49/56 (88%)	49 (100%)	0	100	100
4	7	49/56 (88%)	48 (98%)	1 (2%)	55	79
4	8	50/56 (89%)	50 (100%)	0	100	100
4	9	49/56 (88%)	49 (100%)	0	100	100

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
All	All	672/1175 (57%)	665 (99%)	7 (1%)	77 88

5 of 7 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	d	32	ASN
4	3	52	ARG
4	7	55	THR
4	4	54	PHE
1	a	208	TRP

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (5) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	a	146	HIS
1	a	192	ASN
3	d	32	ASN
3	d	34	GLN
4	9	50	GLN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

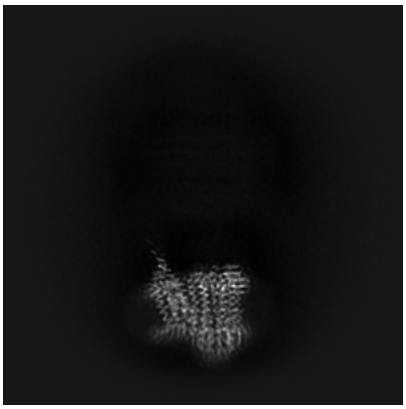
6 Map visualisation (i)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-22320. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

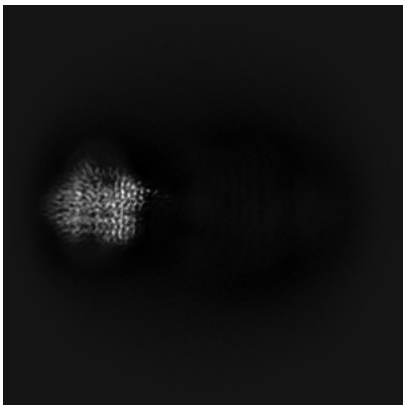
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1 Orthogonal projections (i)

6.1.1 Primary map



X



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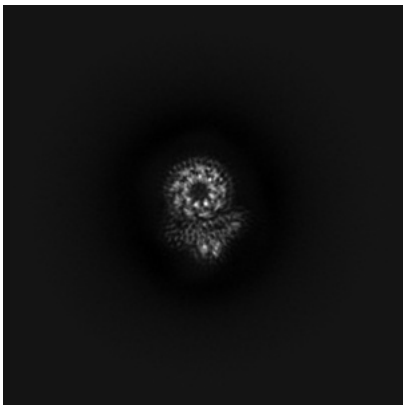
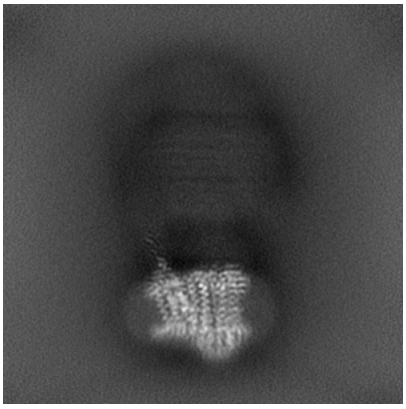


Z

6.1.2 Raw map



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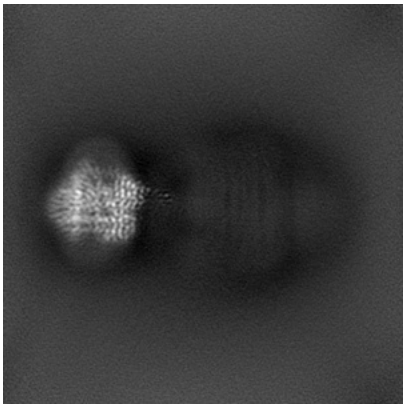
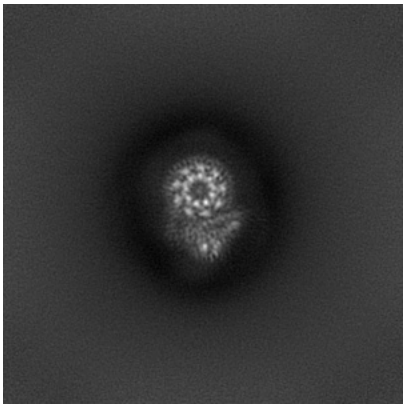


Y



Z

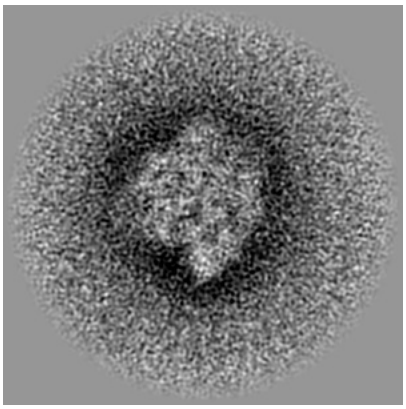
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices (i)

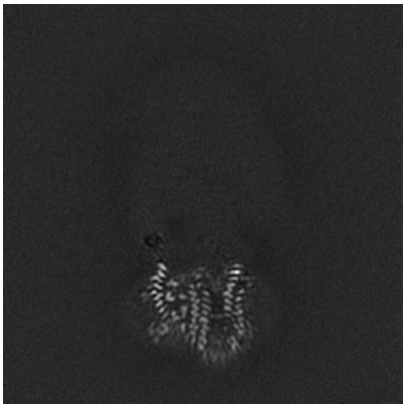
6.2.1 Primary map

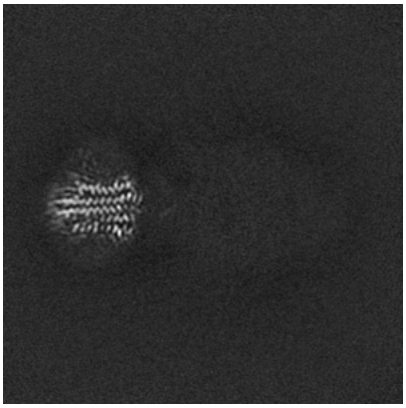
X Index: 160

Y Index: 160


Z Index: 160

6.2.2 Raw map


X Index: 160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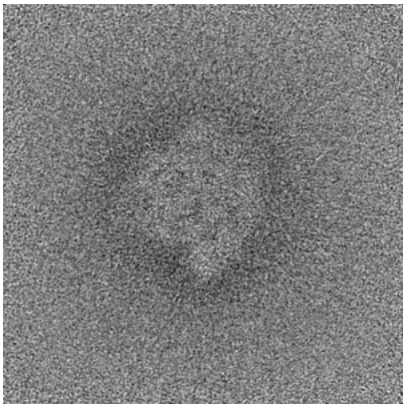

Z Index: 160

The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices (i)

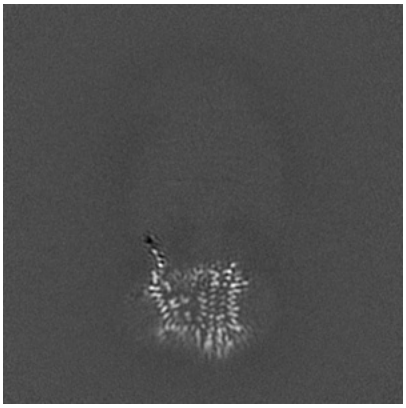
6.3.1 Primary map

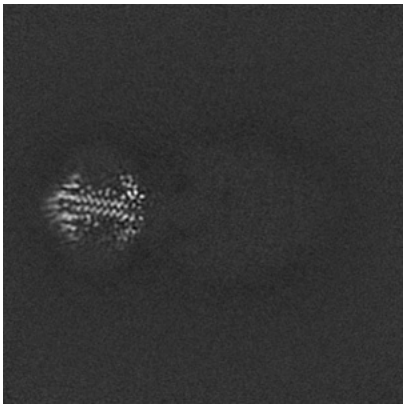
X Index: 169

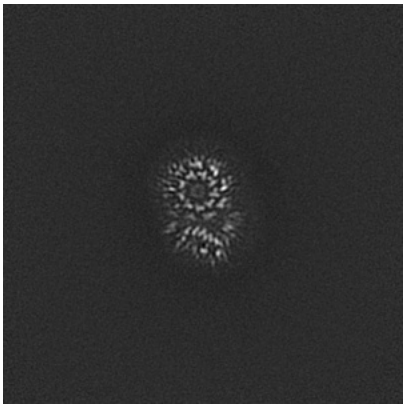
Y Index: 180

Z Index: 95

6.3.2 Raw map


X Index: 169

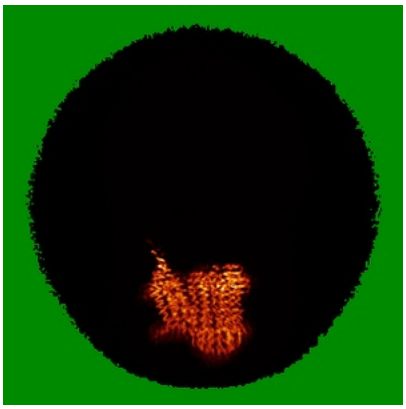

Y Index: 180

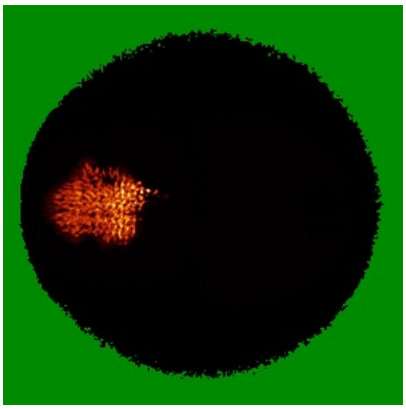

Z Index: 95

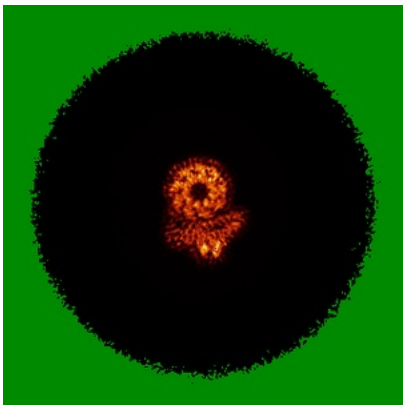
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) (i)

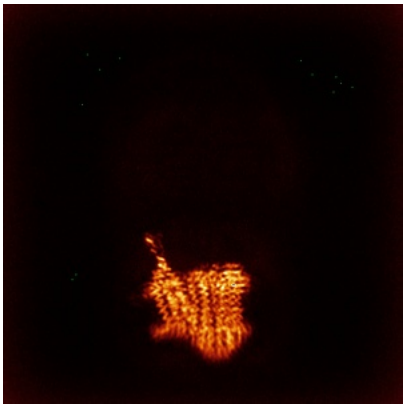
6.4.1 Primary map

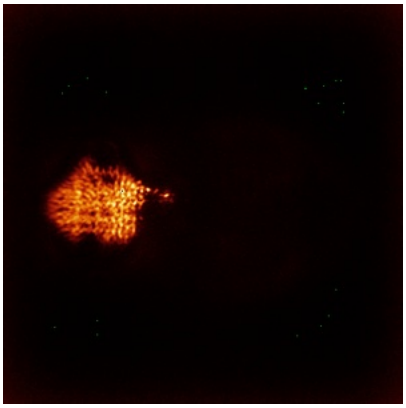

X


Y


Z

6.4.2 Raw map


X


Y

Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

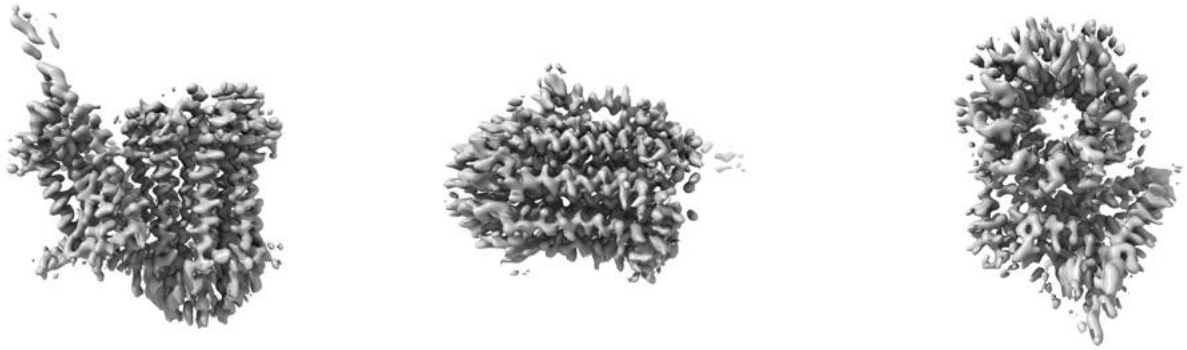
6.5 Orthogonal surface views (i)

6.5.1 Primary map

X Y Z

The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 1.8. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

6.5.2 Raw map



X Y Z

These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

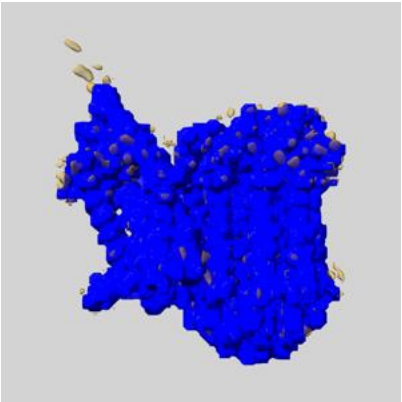
6.6 Mask visualisation (i)

This section shows the 3D surface view of the primary map at 50% transparency overlaid with the specified mask at 0% transparency

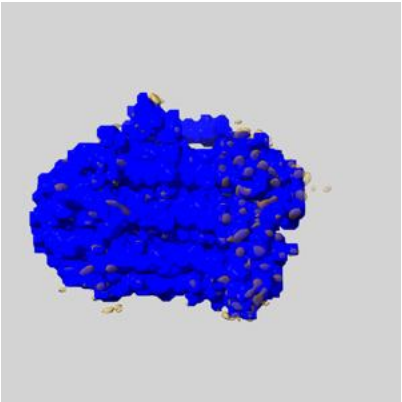
A mask typically either:

- Encompasses the whole structure
- Separates out a domain, a functional unit, a monomer or an area of interest from a larger structure

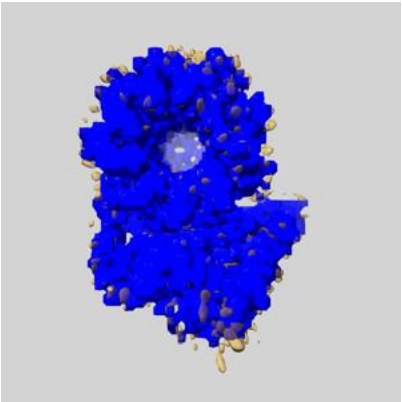
6.6.1 emd_22320_msk_1.map (i)



X



Y

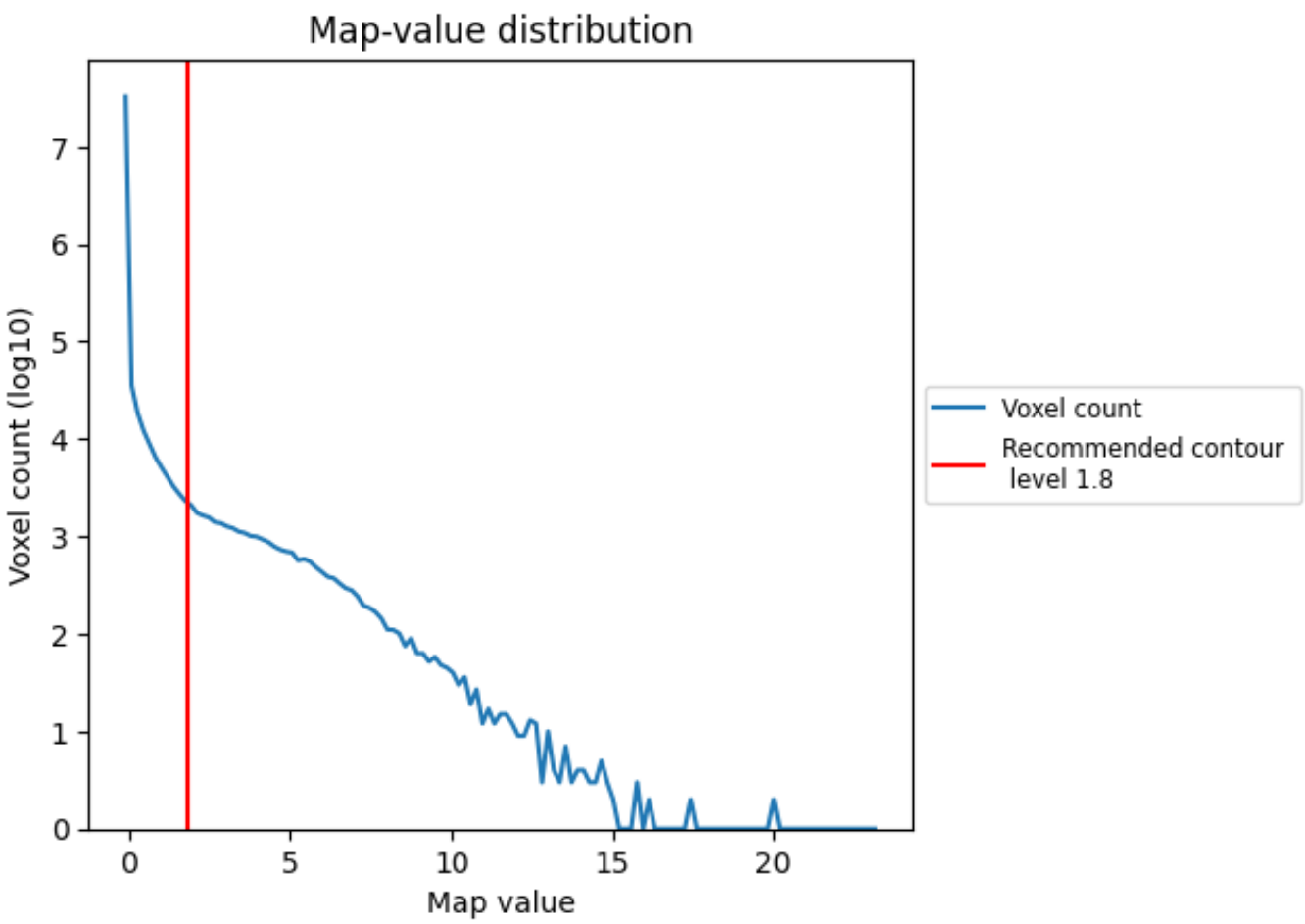


Z

7 Map analysis (i)

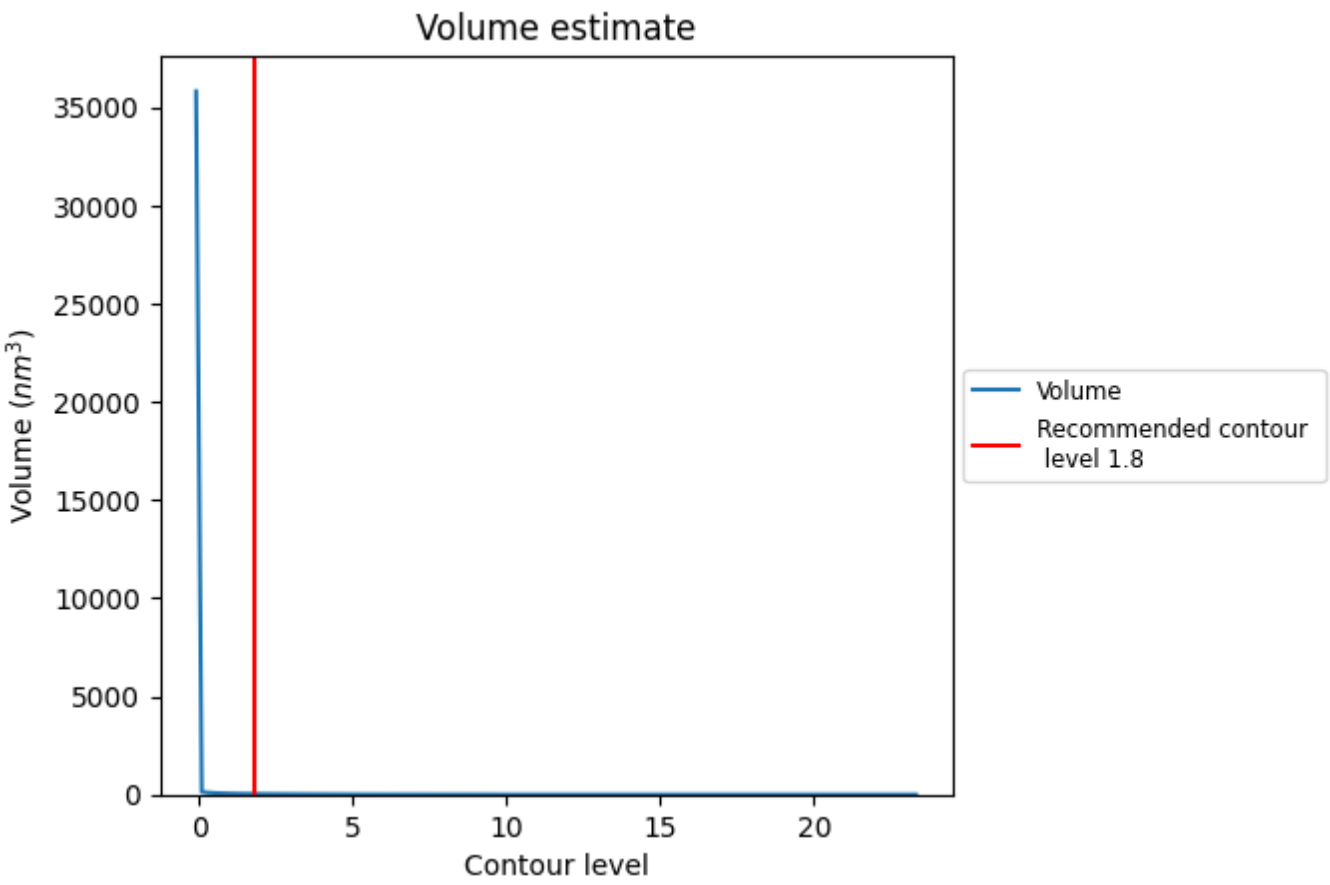
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution (i)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

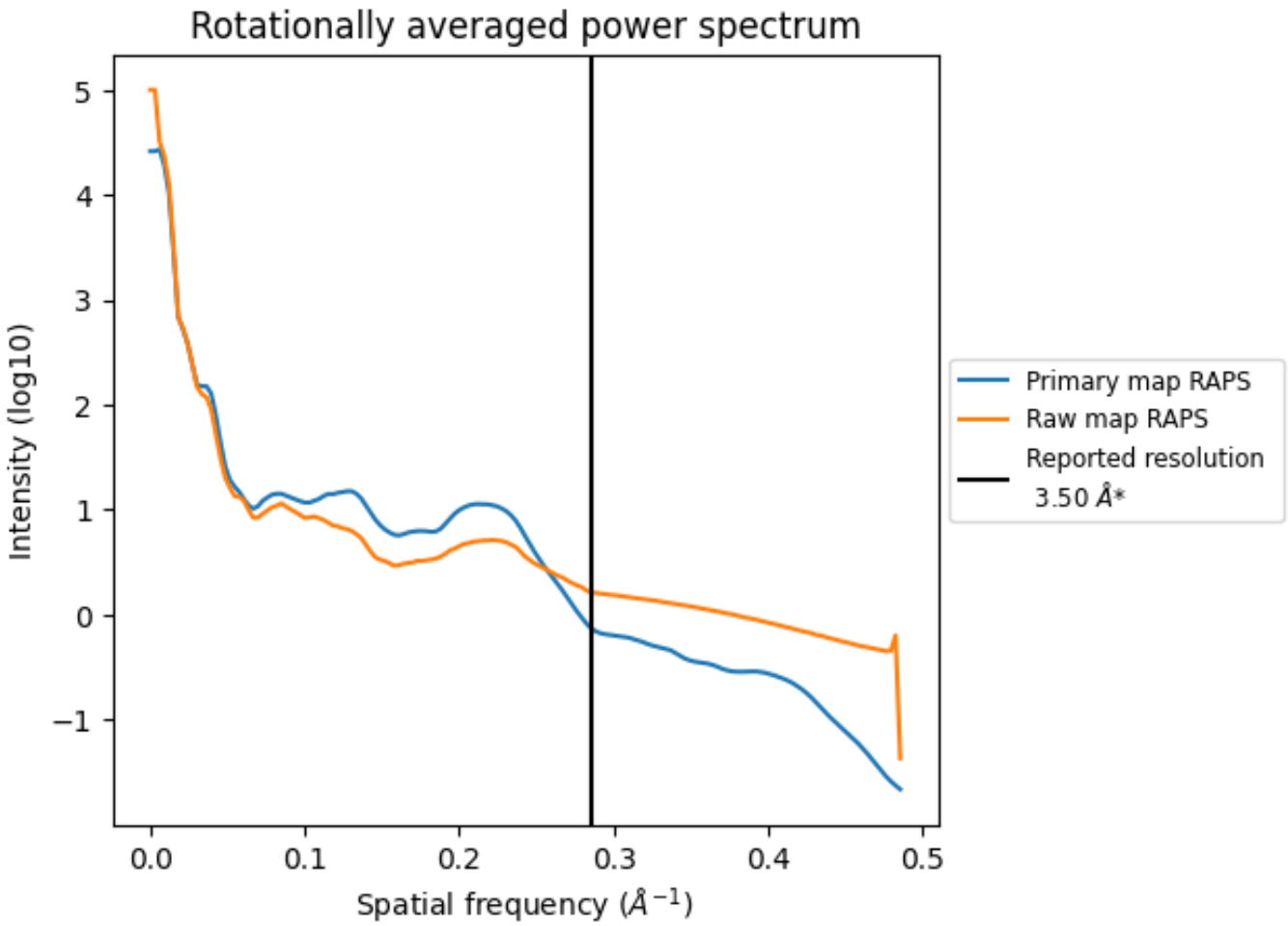
7.2 Volume estimate (i)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 32 nm^3; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 29 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum (i)

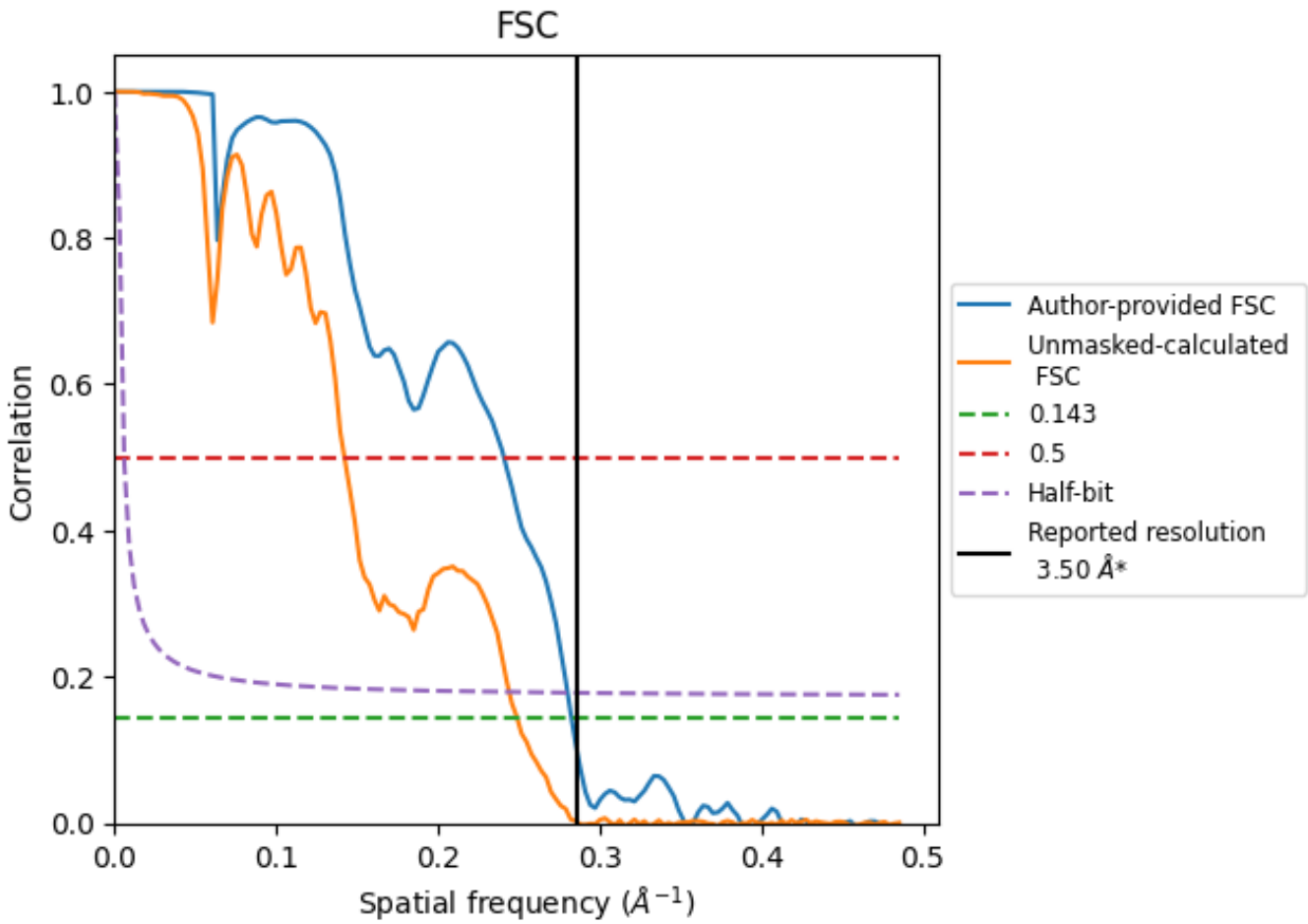


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.286 Å^{-1}

8 Fourier-Shell correlation (i)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC (i)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.286 Å^{-1}

8.2 Resolution estimates (i)

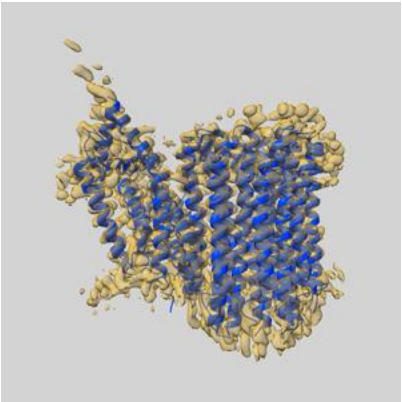
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	3.50	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	3.54	4.15	3.57
Unmasked-calculated*	4.01	7.03	4.10

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 4.01 differs from the reported value 3.5 by more than 10 %

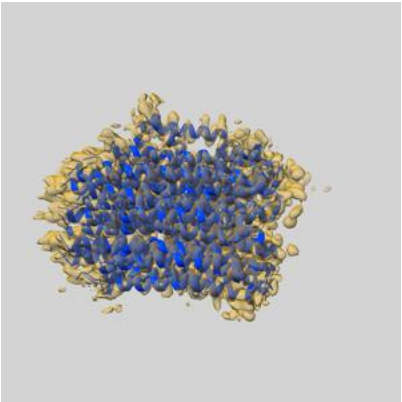
9 Map-model fit (i)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-22320 and PDB model 7JGB. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 6.

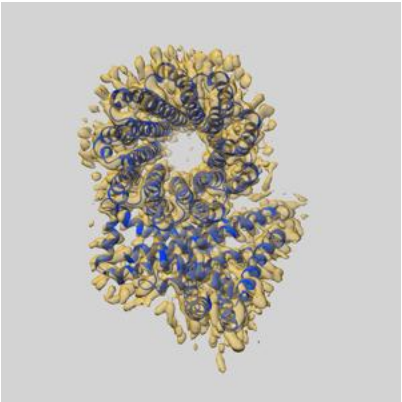
9.1 Map-model overlay (i)



X



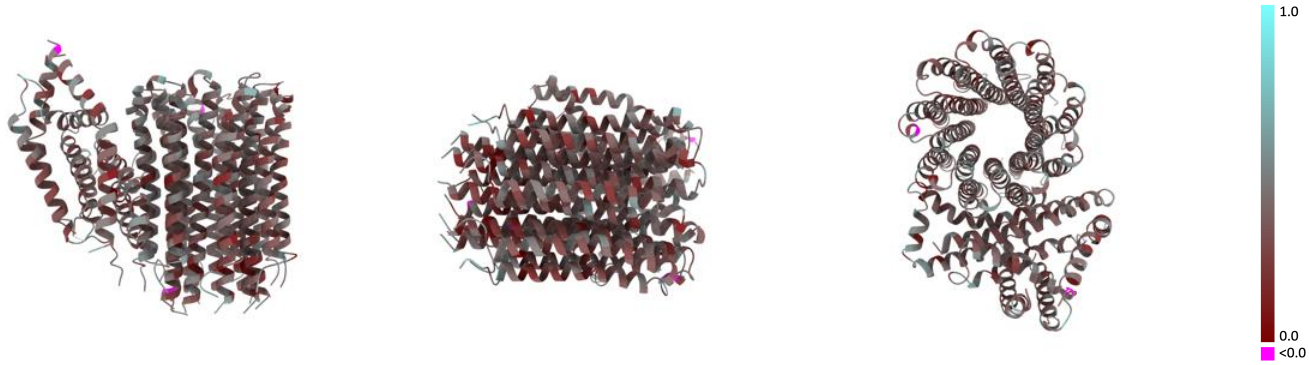
Y



Z

The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 1.8 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

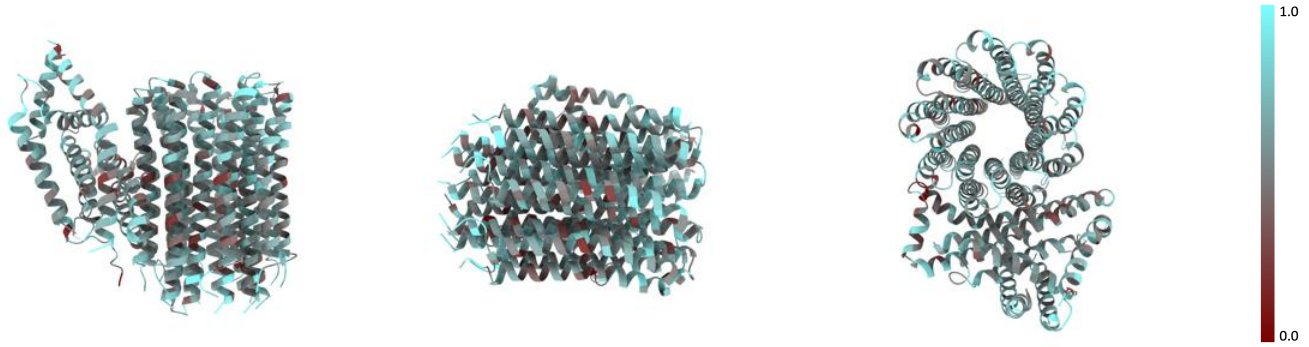
9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model (i)



X Y Z

The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

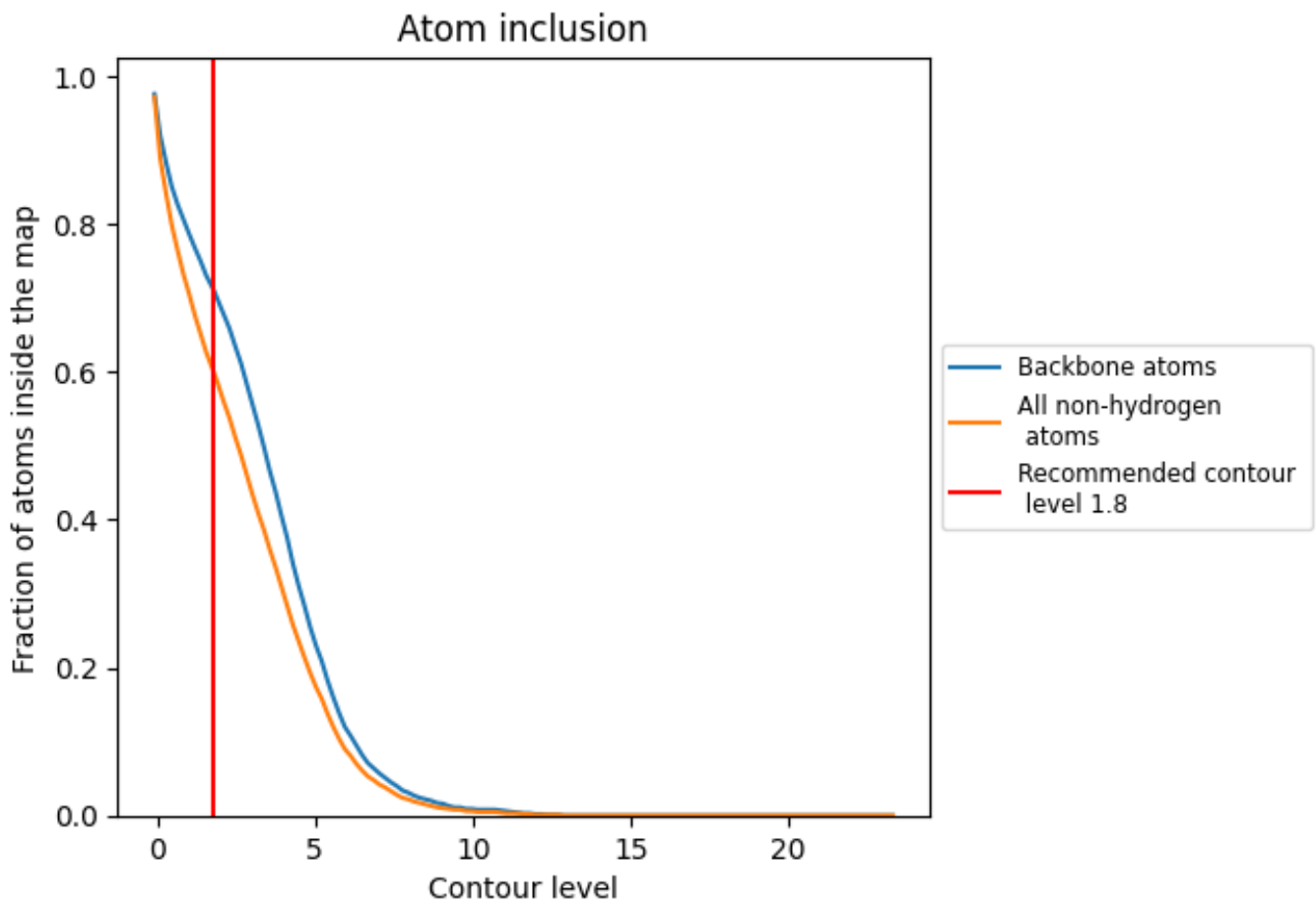
9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model (i)



X Y Z

The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (1.8).

9.4 Atom inclusion (i)



At the recommended contour level, 71% of all backbone atoms, 60% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary (i)

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (1.8) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.5990	0.3700
1	0.5840	0.3840
2	0.6120	0.3710
3	0.6210	0.3590
4	0.6070	0.3600
5	0.5810	0.3440
6	0.5970	0.3600
7	0.6240	0.3720
8	0.5820	0.3730
9	0.5990	0.3770
a	0.5850	0.3820
b	0.6180	0.3750
d	0.6180	0.3590