wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report (i)

May 23, 2024 – 09:51 AM EDT

PDB ID	:	3IXZ
EMDB ID	:	EMD-5104
Title	:	Pig gastric H+/K+-ATPase complexed with aluminium fluoride
Authors	:	Abe, K.; Tani, K.; Nishizawa, T.; Fujiyoshi, Y.
Deposited on	:	2009-03-09
Resolution	:	6.50 Å(reported)
Based on initial model	:	3B8E

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at
http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

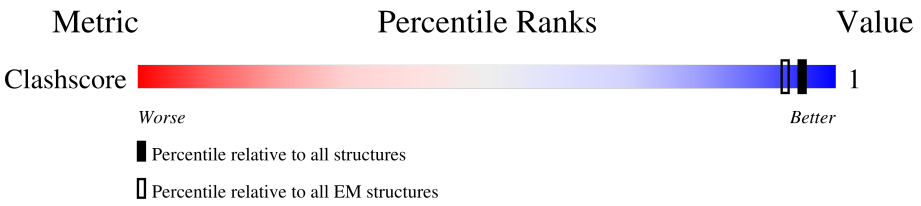
EMDB validation analysis	:	0.0.1.dev92
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
MapQ	:	1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.36.2

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
ELECTRON CRYSTALLOGRAPHY

The reported resolution of this entry is 6.50 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	4297

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion < 40%). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	1034	32% 96% .
2	B	290	7% 16% 84%

2 Entry composition (i)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1044 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Potassium-transporting ATPase alpha.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		AltConf	Trace
			Total	C		
1	A	998	998	998	0	998

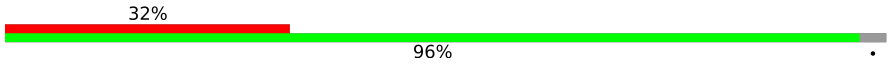
- Molecule 2 is a protein called Potassium-transporting ATPase subunit beta.

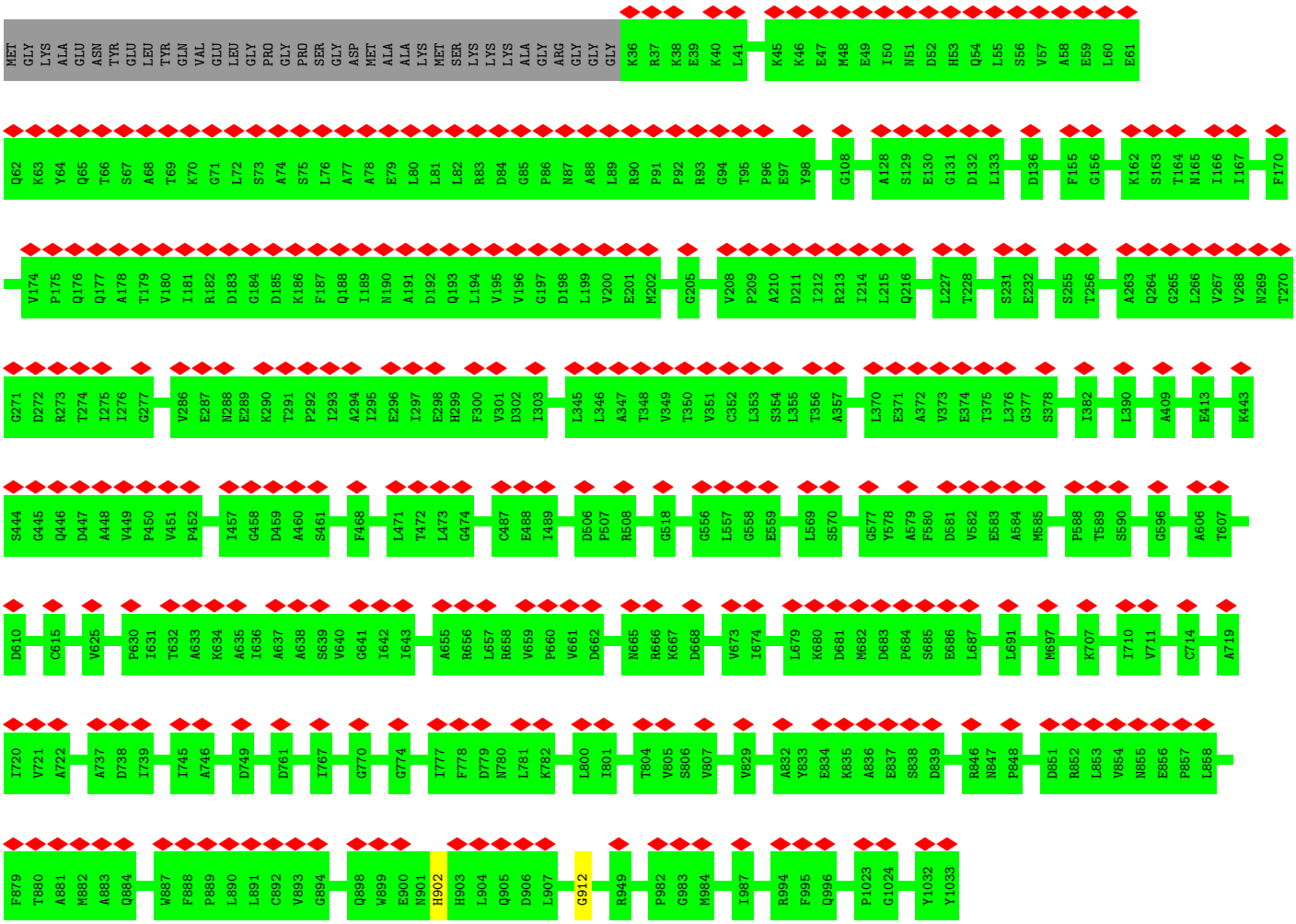
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		AltConf	Trace
			Total	C		
2	B	46	46	46	0	46

3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Potassium-transporting ATPase alpha

Chain A: 



• Molecule 2: Potassium-transporting ATPase subunit beta

Chain B:

MET ALA ALA LEU GLN GLU LYS LYS SER CYS SER GLN ARG MET GLU GLU PHE GLN ARG TYR CYS TRP ASN PRO ASP THR GLY GLN MET LEU GLY ARG T33 G53 I54 F55 A56 L57 C58 I59 Y60 V61 L62 M63 R64 T65 I66 D67 P68 Y69 T70 P71 D72 Y73 Q74 D75 Q76 L77 K78

SER PRO GLY VAL THR LEU ARG PRO ASP VAL TYR GLY GLU LYS GLY LEU ASP ILE SER TYR ASN VAL SER ASP SER THR THR TRP ALA GLY LEU ALA HIS THR LEU HIS ARG PHE LEU ALA GLY TYR SER PRO ALA ALA GLN GLU GLY SER ILE ASN CYS THR SER GLU LYS TYR PHE PHE

GLN GLU SER PHE LEU ALA PRO ASN HIS THR LYS PHE SER CYS LYS PHE THR ALA ASP MET LEU GLN ASN CYS SER GLY ARG PRO ASP PRO THR PHE GLY PHE ALA GLU GLY LYS PRO CYS PHE ILE ILE LYS MET ASN ARG ILE VAL LYS PHE LEU PRO GLY ASN SER THR ALA PRO ARG

VAL ASP CYS ALA PHE LEU ASP GLN PRO ARG ASP GLY PRO PRO LEU GLN VAL GLU TYR PHE PRO ALA ASN GLY THR TYR SER LEU HIS TYR PHE PRO TYR TYR GLY LYS LYS ALA GLN PRO HIS TYR SER ASN PRO LEU VAL ALA ALA LYS LEU LEU ASN VAL PRO ARG ASN SER ARG ASP VAL

VAL ILE VAL CYS LYS ILE LEU ALA GLU HIS VAL SER PHE ASP ASN PRO HIS ASP PRO TYR GLU GLY LYS VAL GLU PHE LYS LEU LYS ILE GLN LYS

4 Experimental information (i)

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	CRYSTALLOGRAPHY	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	2D CRYSTAL, a=Not provided Å, b=Not provided Å, c=Not provided Å, γ=Not provided°, space group=Not provided	Depositor
Number of images used	Not provided	
Resolution determination method	Not provided	
CTF correction method	Each images were CTF corrected.	Depositor
Microscope	JEOL KYOTO-3000SFF	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose (e^-/Å^2)	25	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	3480	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	390	Depositor
Magnification	59100	Depositor
Image detector	KODAK SO-163 FILM	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.010	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.008	Depositor
Average map value	-0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.001	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.0015	Depositor
Map size (Å)	140.40027, 108.999794, 319.99966	wwPDB
Map dimensions	145, 69, 53	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	2.06471, 2.09615, 2.22222	Depositor

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

There are no protein, RNA or DNA chains available to summarize Z scores of covalent bonds and angles.

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	998	0	0	1	0
2	B	46	0	0	0	0
All	All	1044	0	0	1	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 1.

All (1) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:902:HIS:CA	1:A:912:GLY:CA	2.93	0.46

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

There are no protein backbone outliers to report in this entry.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

There are no protein residues with a non-rotameric sidechain to report in this entry.

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Map visualisation (i)

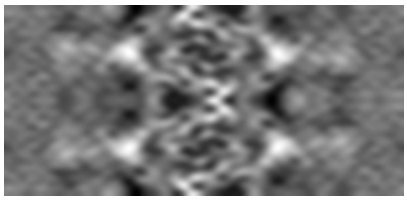
This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-5104. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

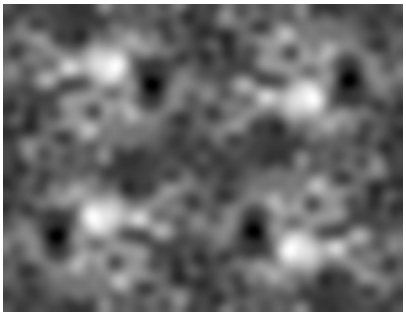
No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

6.1 Orthogonal projections (i)

6.1.1 Primary map

X


Y

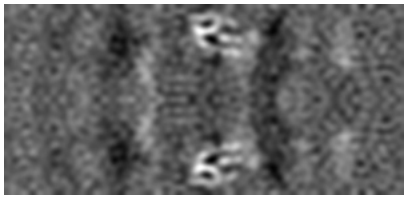

Z

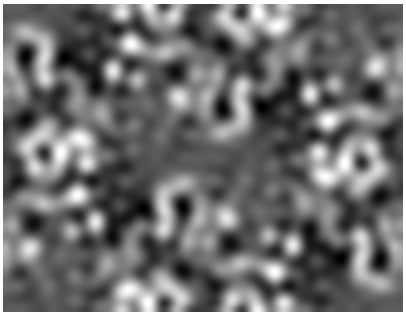
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices (i)

6.2.1 Primary map

X Index: 34

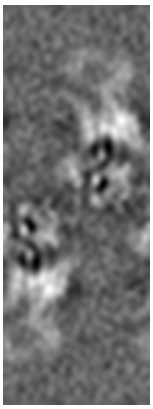

Y Index: 26

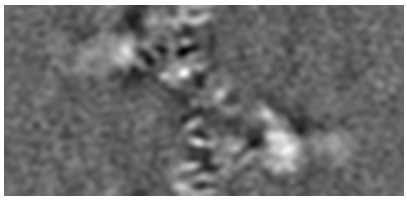

Z Index: 72

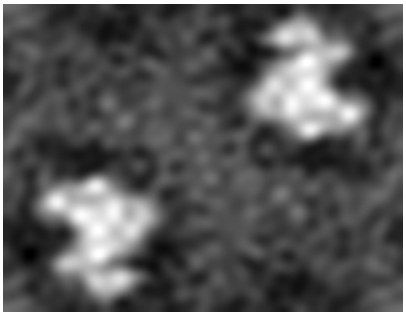
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices (i)

6.3.1 Primary map


X Index: 17

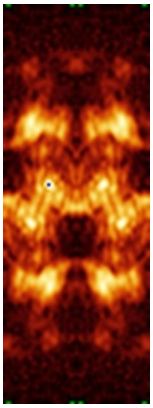

Y Index: 42

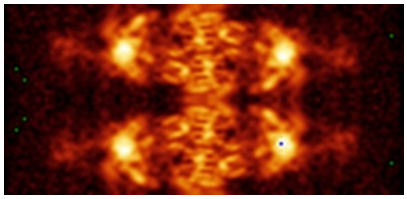

Z Index: 44

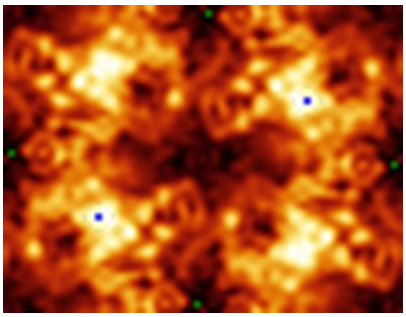
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) (i)

6.4.1 Primary map


X


Y


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

6.5 Orthogonal surface views (i)

6.5.1 Primary map

X Y Z

The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.0015. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

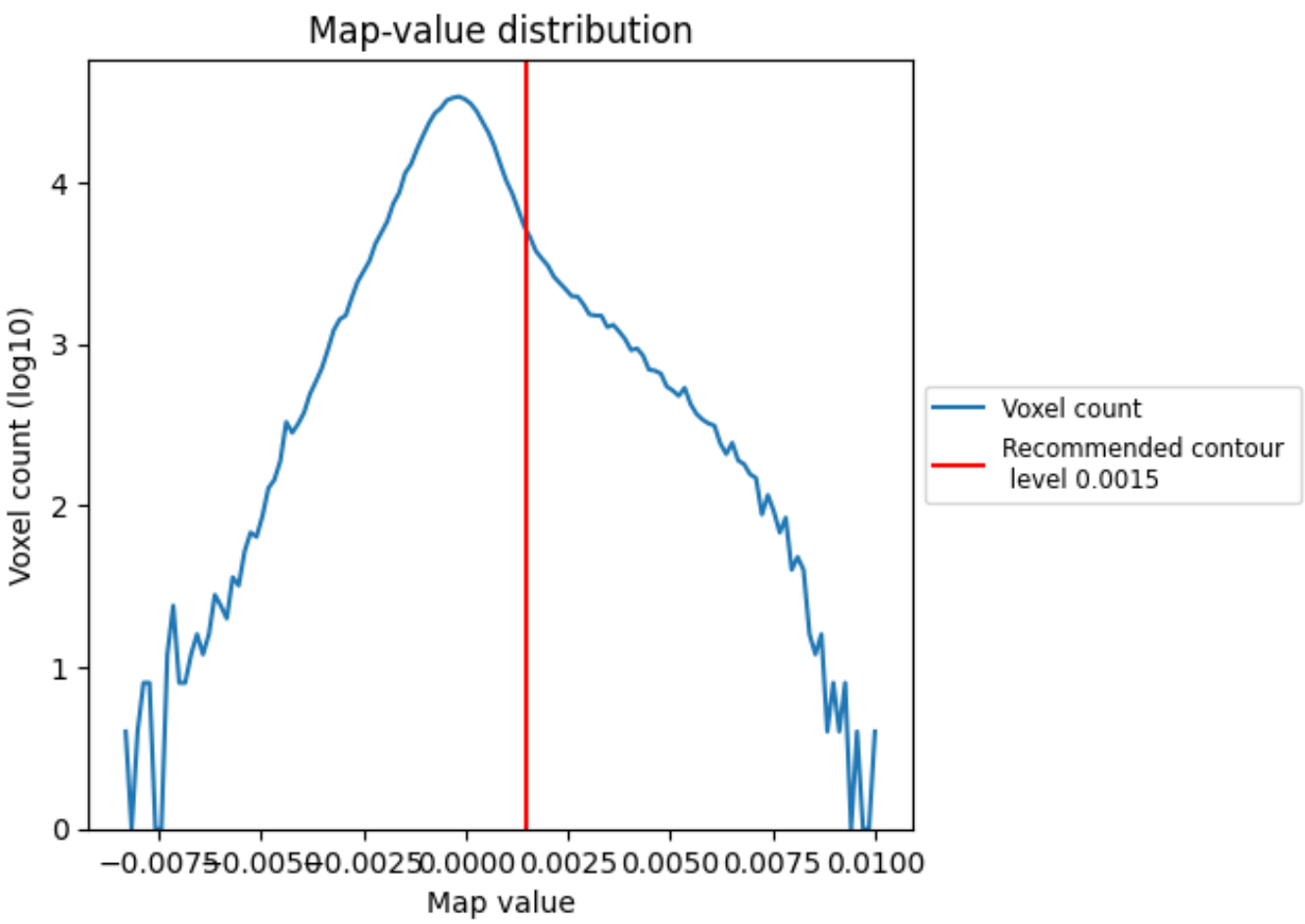
6.6 Mask visualisation (i)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis (i)

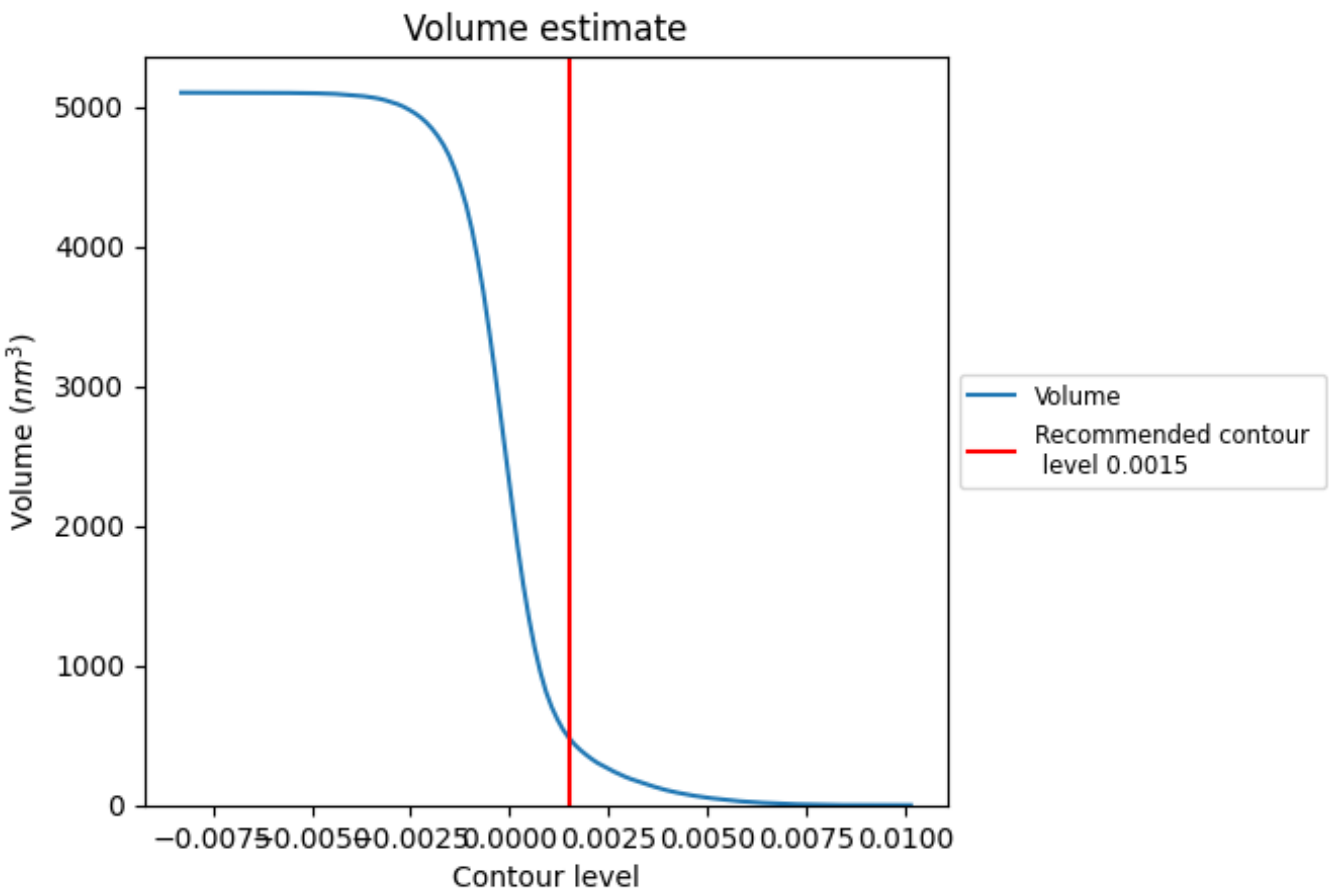
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution (i)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

7.2 Volume estimate (i)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 483 nm^3; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 436 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum (i)

This section was not generated. The rotationally averaged power spectrum is only generated for cubic maps.

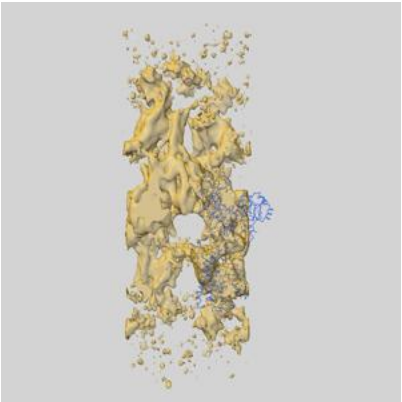
8 Fourier-Shell correlation (i)

This section was not generated. No FSC curve or half-maps provided.

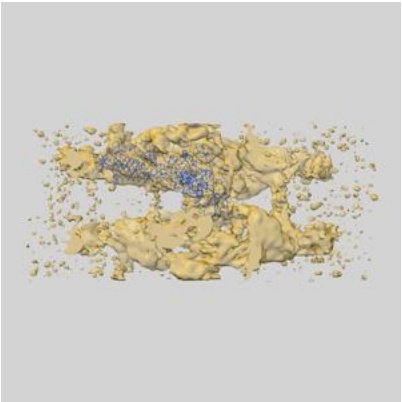
9 Map-model fit (i)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-5104 and PDB model 3IXZ. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 4.

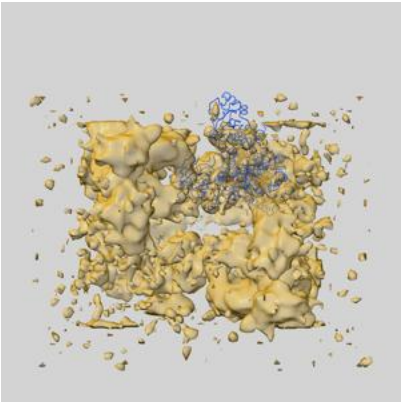
9.1 Map-model overlay (i)



X



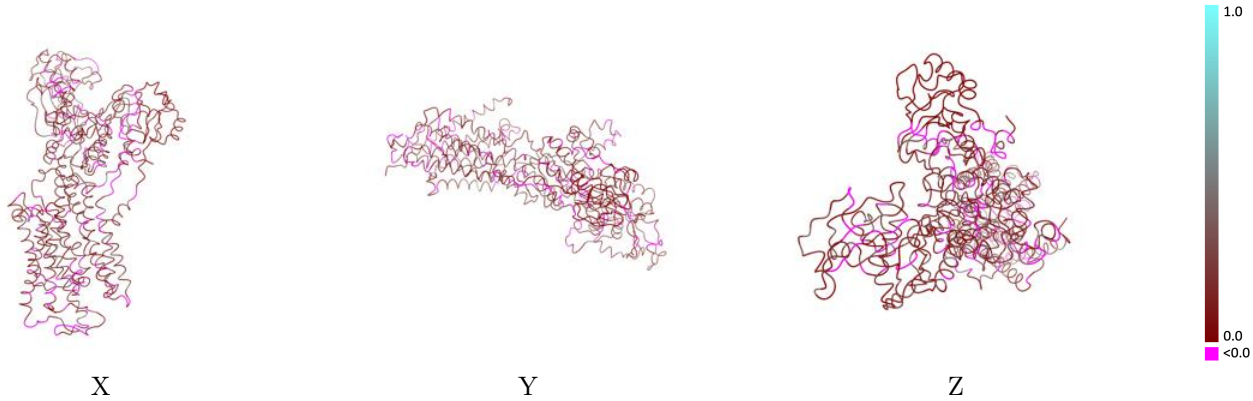
Y



Z

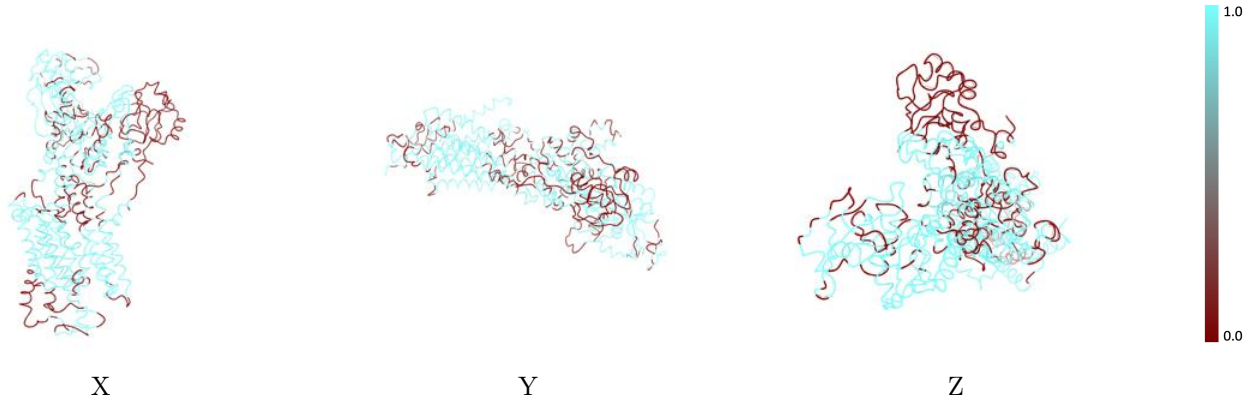
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.0015 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model (i)



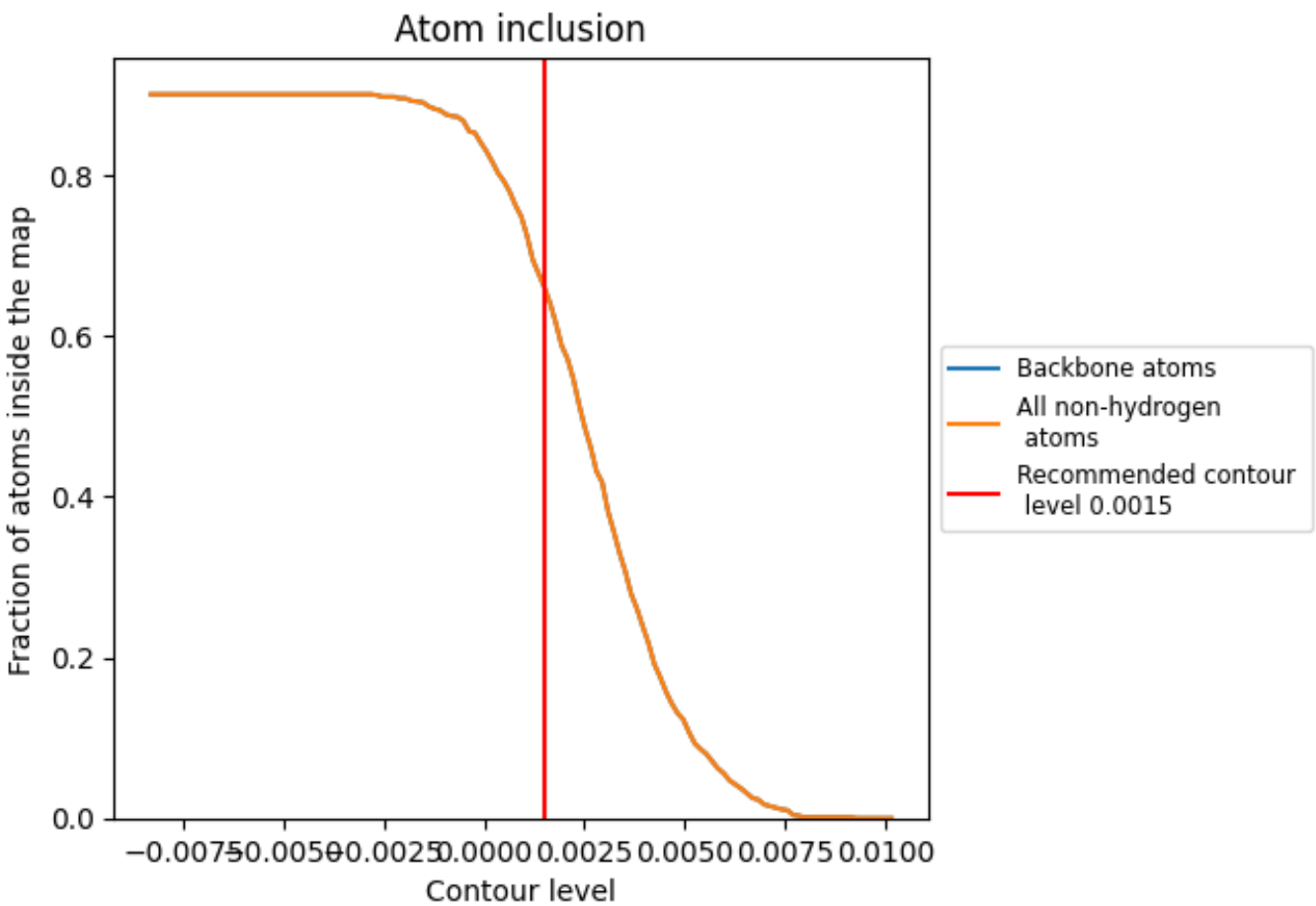
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model (i)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.0015).

9.4 Atom inclusion (i)



At the recommended contour level, 66% of all backbone atoms, 66% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary (i)

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.0015) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.6610	0.1060
A	0.6660	0.1070
B	0.5430	0.0990