wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

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PDB ID	:	5I22
BMRB ID	:	30010
Title	:	Amphiphysin SH3 in complex with Chikungunya virus nsP3 peptide
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Deposited on	:	2016-02-04

This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at
http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

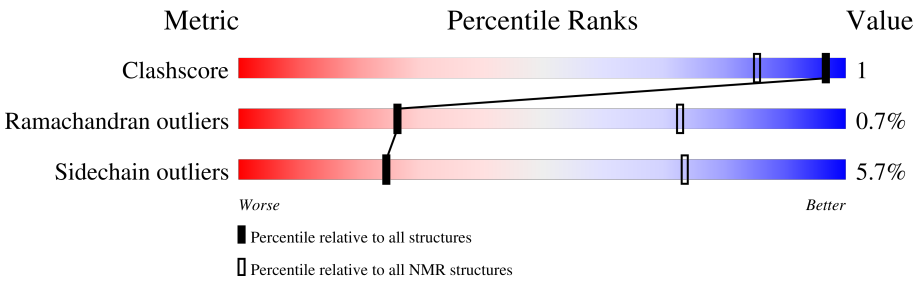
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
wwPDB-RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
wwPDB-ShiftChecker	:	v1.2
BMRB Restraints Analysis	:	v1.2
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.33

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 87%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	81	81% 6% 12%
2	B	17	29% 71%

2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 20 models. Model 16 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models).

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	**Residue range (total)**	**Backbone RMSD (Å)**	**Medoid model**
1	A:517-A:552, A:558-A:592, B:1731-B:1735 (76)	0.35	16

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 4 clusters and 8 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	6, 8, 12, 16, 17
2	2, 13, 14
3	7, 20
4	1, 3
Single-model clusters	4; 5; 9; 10; 11; 15; 18; 19

3 Entry composition (i)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1569 atoms, of which 774 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Myc box-dependent-interacting protein 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	S	
1	A	81	1283	417	624	110	129	3	0

- Molecule 2 is a protein called CHIKV nsP3 peptide.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	
2	B	17	286	81	150	33	22	0

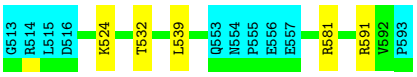
4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

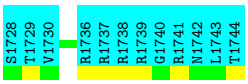
• Molecule 1: Myc box-dependent-interacting protein 1

Chain A:



• Molecule 2: CHIKV nsP3 peptide

Chain B:



4.2 Residue scores for the representative (medoid) model from the NMR ensemble

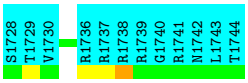
The representative model is number 16. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

• Molecule 1: Myc box-dependent-interacting protein 1

Chain A:

• Molecule 2: CHIKV nsP3 peptide

Chain B:



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

Of the ? calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *?*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CYANA	structure calculation	
Amber	refinement	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	1143
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1143
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	87%

6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5
1	A	0.68±0.01	0±0/594 (0.0± 0.0%)	1.07±0.03	2±1/807 (0.2± 0.1%)
2	B	0.60±0.02	0±0/36 (0.0± 0.0%)	0.97±0.04	0±0/52 (0.0± 0.0%)
All	All	0.68	0/12600 (0.0%)	1.07	36/17180 (0.2%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	Chirality	Planarity
1	A	0.0±0.0	0.6±0.5
All	All	0	11

There are no bond-length outliers.

5 of 6 unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	581	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	10.14	125.37	120.30	13	17
1	A	591	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	9.88	125.24	120.30	14	12
1	A	581	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-6.45	117.07	120.30	13	1
1	A	581	ARG	CD-NE-CZ	6.22	132.31	123.60	15	3
1	A	591	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.49	117.56	120.30	7	2

There are no chirality outliers.

All unique planar outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group	Models (Total)
1	A	531	TYR	Sidechain	9
1	A	581	ARG	Sidechain	2

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	578	551	551	1±1
All	All	12220	11720	11720	17

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 1.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:523:PHE:CD1	1:A:591:ARG:HD3	0.50	2.42	10	1
1:A:524:LYS:HE2	1:A:548:LEU:CD2	0.45	2.42	14	10
1:A:524:LYS:HB2	1:A:592:VAL:HG23	0.44	1.89	3	3
1:A:527:ALA:HA	1:A:589:THR:HG22	0.42	1.91	2	3

6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	71/81 (88%)	68±1 (96±1%)	3±1 (4±1%)	0±1 (1±1%)	26 73
2	B	5/17 (29%)	5±0 (100±0%)	0±0 (0±0%)	0±0 (0±0%)	100 100
All	All	1520/1960 (78%)	1459 (96%)	51 (3%)	10 (1%)	26 73

All 2 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	576	GLU	6
1	A	543	ALA	4

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	63/72 (88%)	59±1 (94±2%)	4±1 (6±2%)	23	72
2	B	4/15 (27%)	4±0 (100±0%)	0±0 (0±0%)	100	100
All	All	1340/1740 (77%)	1264 (94%)	76 (6%)	24	73

5 of 13 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	539	LEU	20
1	A	591	ARG	14
1	A	532	THR	12
1	A	547	VAL	8
1	A	542	LYS	6

6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 87% for the well-defined parts and 84% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *AC.shifts*

7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	1143
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1143
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	8

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction ± precision, *ppm*	Suggested action
$^{13}C_{\alpha}$	98	-0.98 ± 0.20	Should be applied
$^{13}C_{\beta}$	91	-0.75 ± 0.29	Should be applied
$^{13}C'$	0	—	None (insufficient data)
^{15}N	86	1.65 ± 0.84	None needed (imprecise)

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 87%, i.e. 899 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1036. 0 out of 14 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^{1}H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	295/371 (80%)	150/150 (100%)	76/152 (50%)	69/69 (100%)
Sidechain	528/568 (93%)	359/367 (98%)	160/183 (87%)	9/18 (50%)

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	Total	^{1}H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Aromatic	76/97 (78%)	45/49 (92%)	29/44 (66%)	2/4 (50%)
Overall	899/1036 (87%)	554/566 (98%)	265/379 (70%)	80/91 (88%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

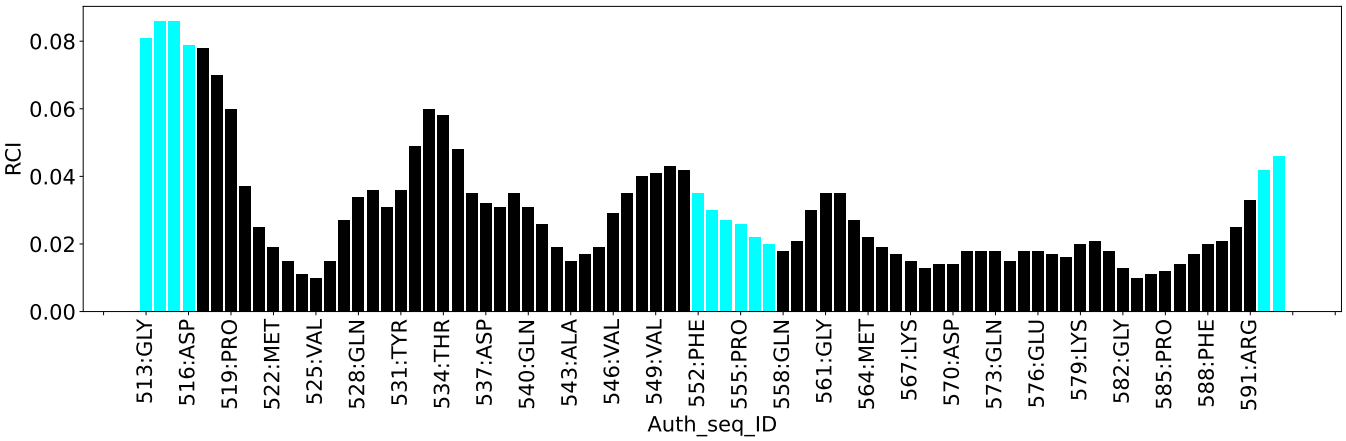
The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

List Id	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, *ppm*	Expected range, *ppm*	Z-score
1	A	589	THR	HG1	5.15	0.08 – 2.19	19.0
1	B	1736	ARG	HD3	0.68	1.81 – 4.39	-9.4
1	A	558	GLN	HB3	0.34	0.71 – 3.33	-6.4
1	A	585	PRO	HG3	0.02	0.33 – 3.48	-6.0
1	B	1736	ARG	HG3	0.06	0.15 – 2.94	-5.3
1	A	585	PRO	HB3	0.15	0.25 – 3.76	-5.3
1	A	518	PRO	HG3	0.26	0.33 – 3.48	-5.2
1	B	1736	ARG	HD2	1.94	1.97 – 4.26	-5.1

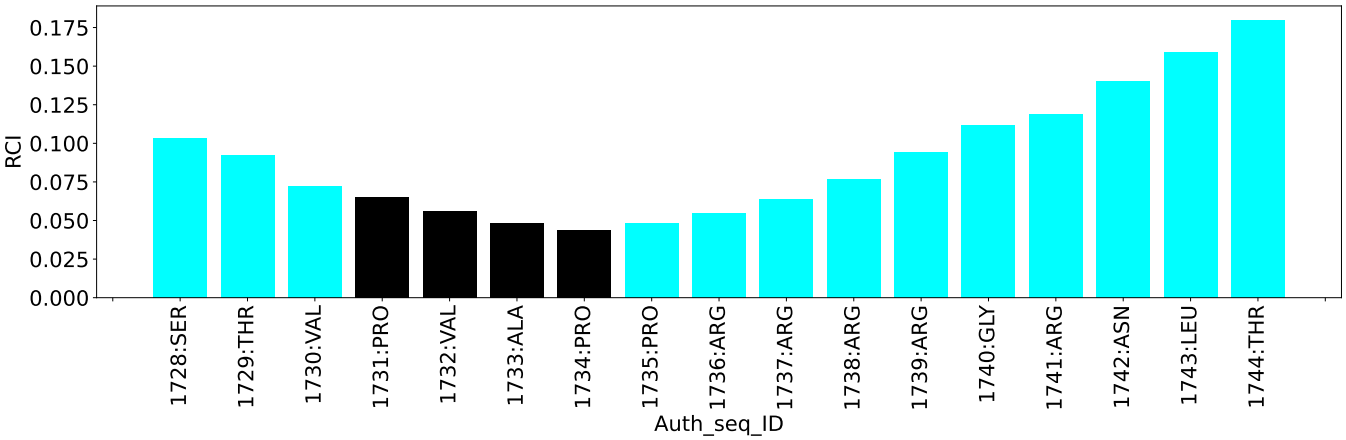
7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition.If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:



Random coil index (RCI) for chain B:



8 NMR restraints analysis (i)

8.1 Conformationally restricting restraints (i)

The following table provides the summary of experimentally observed NMR restraints in different categories. Restraints are classified into different categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved.

Description	Value
Total distance restraints	2341
Intra-residue (|i-j|=0)	421
Sequential (|i-j|=1)	566
Medium range (|i-j|>1 and |i-j|<5)	302
Long range (|i-j|≥5)	913
Inter-chain	139
Hydrogen bond restraints	0
Disulfide bond restraints	0
Total dihedral-angle restraints	0
Number of unmapped restraints	0
Number of restraints per residue	23.9
Number of long range restraints per residue[1]	9.3

[1]Long range hydrogen bonds and disulfide bonds are counted as long range restraints while calculating the number of long range restraints per residue

8.2 Residual restraint violations (i)

This section provides the overview of the restraint violations analysis. The violations are binned as small, medium and large violations based on its absolute value. Average number of violations per model is calculated by dividing the total number of violations in each bin by the size of the ensemble.

8.2.1 Average number of distance violations per model (i)

Distance violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the calculation.

Bins (Å)	Average number of violations per model	Max (Å)
0.1-0.2 (Small)	2.6	0.2
0.2-0.5 (Medium)	1.4	0.43
>0.5 (Large)	1.1	1.08

8.2.2 Average number of dihedral-angle violations per model (i)

Dihedral-angle violations less than 1° are not included in the calculation.There are no dihedral-angle violations

9 Distance violation analysis (i)

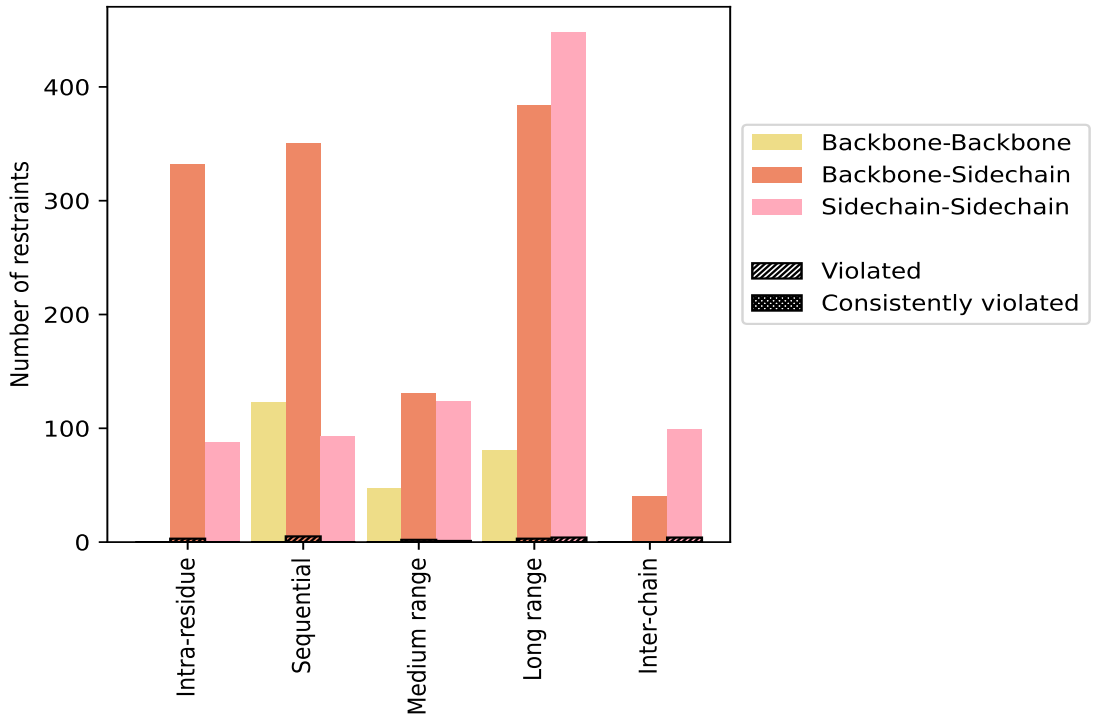
9.1 Summary of distance violations (i)

The following table shows the summary of distance violations in different restraint categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved. Each category is further sub-divided into three sub-categories based on the atoms involved. Violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the statistics.

Restraints type	Count	%[1]	Violated[3]			Consistently Violated[4]		
			Count	%[2]	%[1]	Count	%[2]	%[1]
Intra-residue (|i-j|=0)	421	18.0	3	0.7	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	1	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	332	14.2	3	0.9	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	88	3.8	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sequential (|i-j|=1)	566	24.2	5	0.9	0.2	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	123	5.3	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	350	15.0	5	1.4	0.2	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	93	4.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Medium range (|i-j|>1 & |i-j|<5)	302	12.9	3	1.0	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	47	2.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	131	5.6	2	1.5	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	124	5.3	1	0.8	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Long range (|i-j|≥5)	913	39.0	7	0.8	0.3	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	81	3.5	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	384	16.4	3	0.8	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	448	19.1	4	0.9	0.2	0	0.0	0.0
Inter-chain	139	5.9	4	2.9	0.2	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	40	1.7	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	99	4.2	4	4.0	0.2	0	0.0	0.0
Hydrogen bond	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Disulfide bond	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Total	2341	100.0	22	0.9	0.9	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	252	10.8	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	1237	52.8	13	1.1	0.6	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	852	36.4	9	1.1	0.4	0	0.0	0.0

[1] percentage calculated with respect to the total number of distance restraints, [2] percentage calculated with respect to the number of restraints in a particular restraint category, [3] violated in at least one model, [4] violated in all the models

9.1.1 Bar chart : Distribution of distance restraints and violations (i)



Violated and consistently violated restraints are shown using different hatch patterns in their respective categories. The hydrogen bonds and disulfied bonds are counted in their appropriate category on the x-axis

9.2 Distance violation statistics for each model (i)

The following table provides the distance violation statistics for each model in the ensemble. Violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the statistics.

Model ID	Number of violations						Mean (Å)	Max (Å)	SD[6] (Å)	Median (Å)
	IR[1]	SQ[2]	MR[3]	LR[4]	IC[5]	Total				
1	0	2	2	2	2	8	0.34	0.99	0.33	0.16
2	0	4	0	3	2	9	0.25	0.89	0.23	0.16
3	0	1	0	0	0	1	0.83	0.83	0.0	0.83
4	1	2	0	2	0	5	0.39	0.73	0.19	0.36
5	0	2	1	2	0	5	0.42	0.71	0.22	0.3
6	0	2	0	3	0	5	0.36	0.85	0.26	0.29
7	0	2	0	1	0	3	0.44	0.71	0.19	0.35
8	0	2	1	1	0	4	0.34	0.79	0.27	0.22
9	0	2	0	2	0	4	0.33	0.82	0.29	0.2
10	0	2	0	2	0	4	0.4	0.91	0.31	0.3
11	0	1	1	2	1	5	0.35	0.8	0.27	0.19

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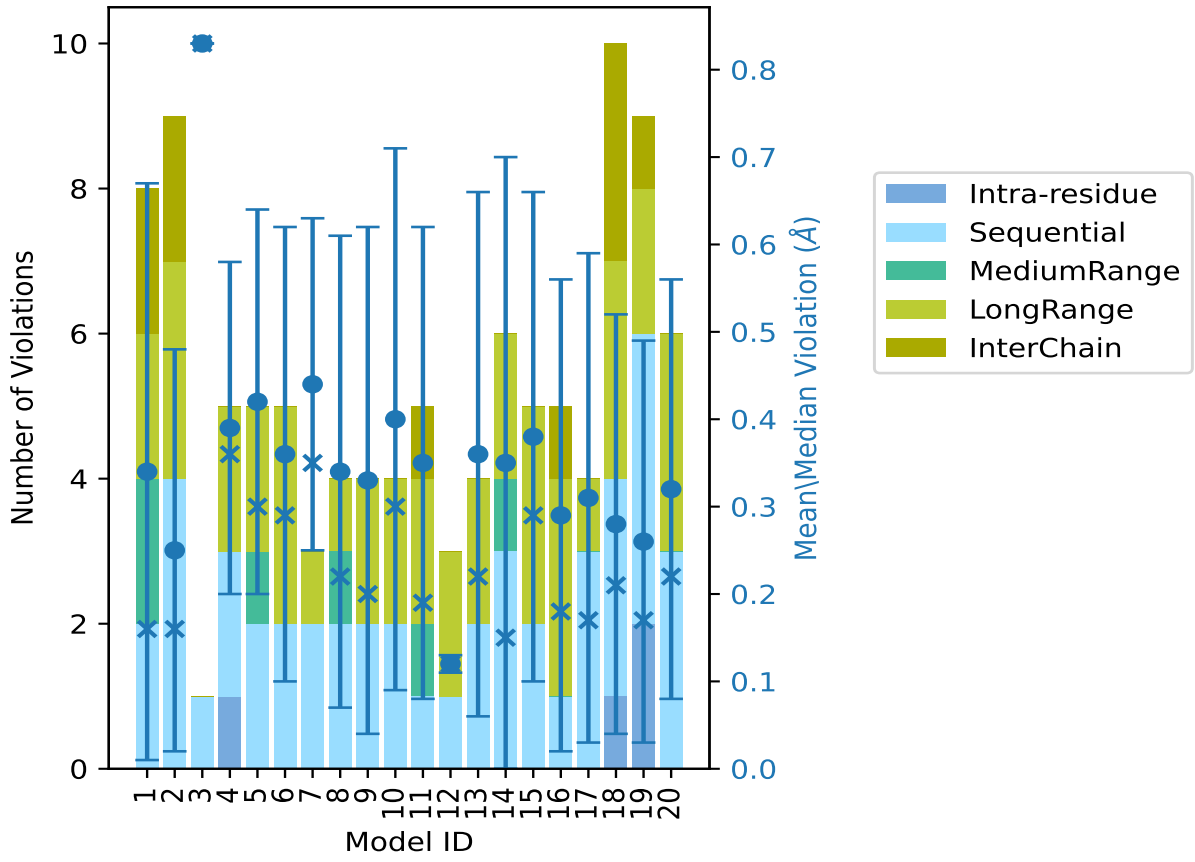
Model ID	Number of violations						Mean (Å)	Max (Å)	SD[6] (Å)	Median (Å)
	IR[1]	SQ[2]	MR[3]	LR[4]	IC[5]	Total				
12	0	1	0	2	0	3	0.12	0.14	0.01	0.12
13	0	2	0	2	0	4	0.36	0.88	0.3	0.22
14	0	3	1	2	0	6	0.35	1.08	0.35	0.15
15	0	2	0	3	0	5	0.38	0.92	0.28	0.29
16	0	1	0	3	1	5	0.29	0.82	0.27	0.18
17	0	3	0	1	0	4	0.31	0.78	0.28	0.17
18	1	3	0	3	3	10	0.28	0.93	0.24	0.21
19	2	4	0	2	1	9	0.26	0.87	0.23	0.17
20	0	3	0	3	0	6	0.32	0.82	0.24	0.22

[1]Intra-residue restraints, [2]Sequential restraints, [3]Medium range restraints, [4]Long range restraints, [5]Inter-chain restraints, [6]Standard deviation

9.2.1 Bar graph : Distance Violation statistics for each model (i)



The mean(dot),median(x) and the standard deviation are shown in blue with respect to the y axis on the right

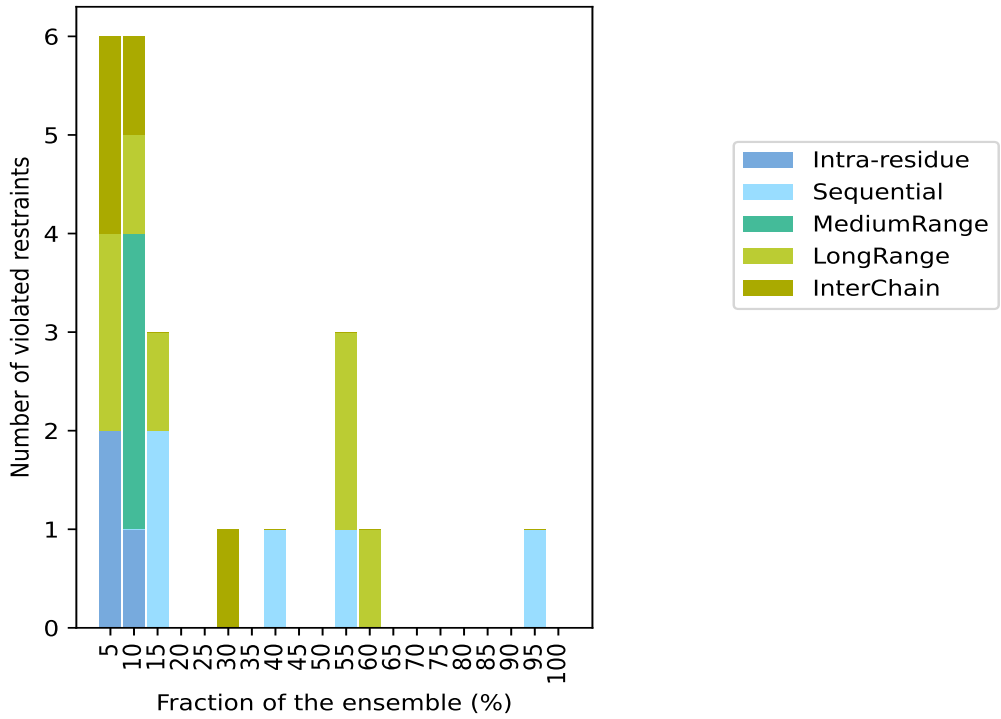
9.3 Distance violation statistics for the ensemble (i)

Violation analysis may find that some restraints are violated in few models and some are violated in most of models. The following table provides this information as number of violated restraints for a given fraction of the ensemble. In total, 2319(IR:418, SQ:561, MR:299, LR:906, IC:135) restraints are not violated in the ensemble.

Number of violated restraints						Fraction of the ensemble	
IR[1]	SQ[2]	MR[3]	LR[4]	IC[5]	Total	Count[6]	%
2	0	0	2	2	6	1	5.0
1	0	3	1	1	6	2	10.0
0	2	0	1	0	3	3	15.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	4	20.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	5	25.0
0	0	0	0	1	1	6	30.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	7	35.0
0	1	0	0	0	1	8	40.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	9	45.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	10	50.0
0	1	0	2	0	3	11	55.0
0	0	0	1	0	1	12	60.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	13	65.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	14	70.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	15	75.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	16	80.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	17	85.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	18	90.0
0	1	0	0	0	1	19	95.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	20	100.0

[1]Intra-residue restraints, [2]Sequential restraints, [3]Medium range restraints, [4]Long range restraints, [5]Inter-chain restraints, [6] Number of models with violations

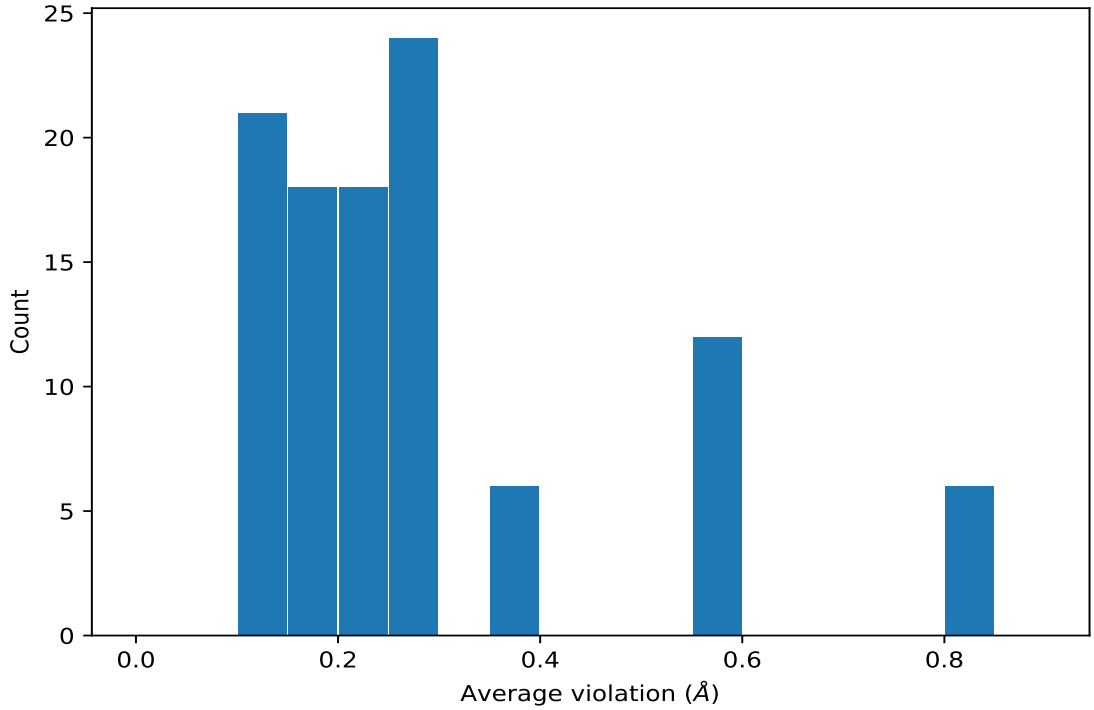
9.3.1 Bar graph : Distance violation statistics for the ensemble (i)



9.4 Most violated distance restraints in the ensemble (i)

9.4.1 Histogram : Distribution of mean distance violations (i)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the average value of the violation. The average is calculated for each restraint that is violated in more than one model over all the violated models in the ensemble



9.4.2 Table: Most violated distance restraints (i)

The following table provides the mean and the standard deviation of the violations for the 10 worst performing restraints, sorted by number of violated models and the mean violation value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Models[1]	Mean (Å)	SD[1] (Å)	Median (Å)
(1,2199)	1:A:562:TRP:H	1:A:563:LEU:HD11	19	0.85	0.09	0.83
(1,2199)	1:A:562:TRP:H	1:A:563:LEU:HD12	19	0.85	0.09	0.83
(1,2199)	1:A:562:TRP:H	1:A:563:LEU:HD13	19	0.85	0.09	0.83
(1,2199)	1:A:562:TRP:H	1:A:563:LEU:HD21	19	0.85	0.09	0.83
(1,2199)	1:A:562:TRP:H	1:A:563:LEU:HD22	19	0.85	0.09	0.83
(1,2199)	1:A:562:TRP:H	1:A:563:LEU:HD23	19	0.85	0.09	0.83
(1,2102)	1:A:546:VAL:HG11	1:A:568:GLU:HA	12	0.22	0.06	0.22
(1,2102)	1:A:546:VAL:HG12	1:A:568:GLU:HA	12	0.22	0.06	0.22
(1,2102)	1:A:546:VAL:HG13	1:A:568:GLU:HA	12	0.22	0.06	0.22
(1,2102)	1:A:546:VAL:HG21	1:A:568:GLU:HA	12	0.22	0.06	0.22
(1,2102)	1:A:546:VAL:HG22	1:A:568:GLU:HA	12	0.22	0.06	0.22
(1,2102)	1:A:546:VAL:HG23	1:A:568:GLU:HA	12	0.22	0.06	0.22
(1,869)	2:B:1729:THR:HA	2:B:1730:VAL:HG11	11	0.29	0.08	0.31
(1,869)	2:B:1729:THR:HA	2:B:1730:VAL:HG12	11	0.29	0.08	0.31
(1,869)	2:B:1729:THR:HA	2:B:1730:VAL:HG13	11	0.29	0.08	0.31
(1,869)	2:B:1729:THR:HA	2:B:1730:VAL:HG21	11	0.29	0.08	0.31

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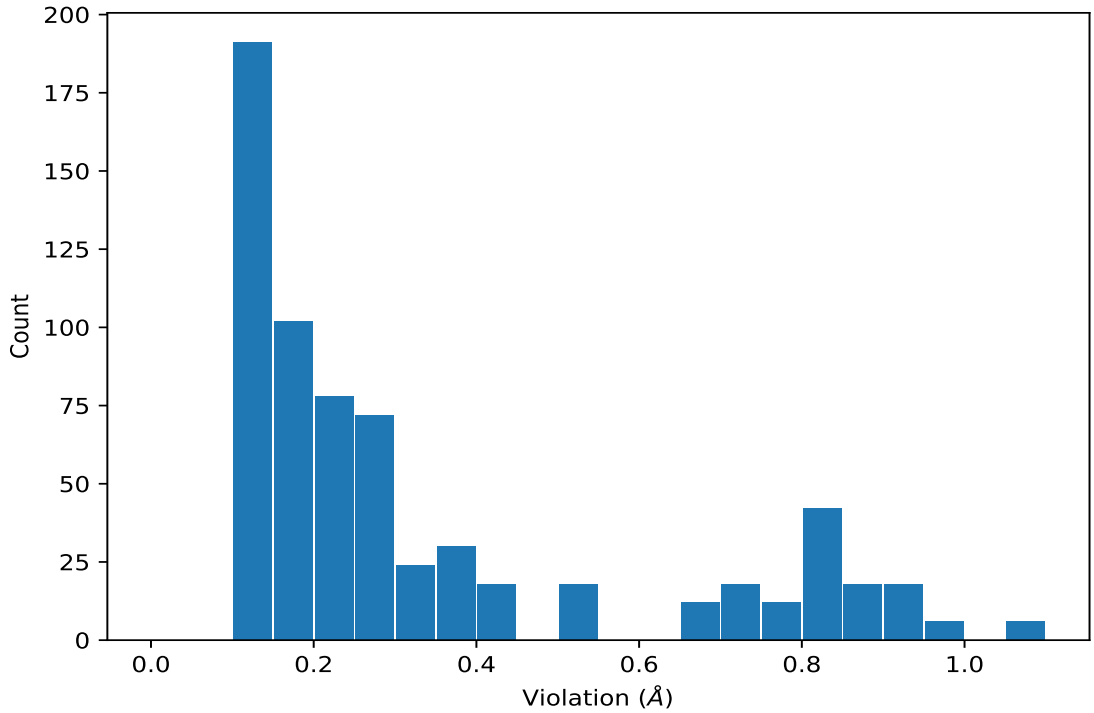
Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Models[1]	Mean (Å)	SD[1] (Å)	Median (Å)
(1,869)	2:B:1729:THR:HA	2:B:1730:VAL:HG22	11	0.29	0.08	0.31
(1,869)	2:B:1729:THR:HA	2:B:1730:VAL:HG23	11	0.29	0.08	0.31
(1,2002)	1:A:531:TYR:HE1	1:A:541:LEU:HD11	11	0.21	0.07	0.22
(1,2002)	1:A:531:TYR:HE1	1:A:541:LEU:HD12	11	0.21	0.07	0.22
(1,2002)	1:A:531:TYR:HE1	1:A:541:LEU:HD13	11	0.21	0.07	0.22
(1,2002)	1:A:531:TYR:HE1	1:A:541:LEU:HD21	11	0.21	0.07	0.22
(1,2002)	1:A:531:TYR:HE1	1:A:541:LEU:HD22	11	0.21	0.07	0.22
(1,2002)	1:A:531:TYR:HE1	1:A:541:LEU:HD23	11	0.21	0.07	0.22
(1,2002)	1:A:531:TYR:HE2	1:A:541:LEU:HD11	11	0.21	0.07	0.22
(1,2002)	1:A:531:TYR:HE2	1:A:541:LEU:HD12	11	0.21	0.07	0.22
(1,2002)	1:A:531:TYR:HE2	1:A:541:LEU:HD13	11	0.21	0.07	0.22
(1,2002)	1:A:531:TYR:HE2	1:A:541:LEU:HD21	11	0.21	0.07	0.22
(1,2002)	1:A:531:TYR:HE2	1:A:541:LEU:HD22	11	0.21	0.07	0.22
(1,2002)	1:A:531:TYR:HE2	1:A:541:LEU:HD23	11	0.21	0.07	0.22
(1,1090)	1:A:549:VAL:H	1:A:592:VAL:HG21	11	0.11	0.0	0.11
(1,1090)	1:A:549:VAL:H	1:A:592:VAL:HG22	11	0.11	0.0	0.11
(1,1090)	1:A:549:VAL:H	1:A:592:VAL:HG23	11	0.11	0.0	0.11
(1,2090)	1:A:545:ASP:HA	1:A:546:VAL:HG11	8	0.14	0.03	0.12
(1,2090)	1:A:545:ASP:HA	1:A:546:VAL:HG12	8	0.14	0.03	0.12
(1,2090)	1:A:545:ASP:HA	1:A:546:VAL:HG13	8	0.14	0.03	0.12
(1,2090)	1:A:545:ASP:HA	1:A:546:VAL:HG21	8	0.14	0.03	0.12
(1,2090)	1:A:545:ASP:HA	1:A:546:VAL:HG22	8	0.14	0.03	0.12
(1,2090)	1:A:545:ASP:HA	1:A:546:VAL:HG23	8	0.14	0.03	0.12
(1,260)	1:A:529:HIS:HD2	2:B:1730:VAL:HG11	6	0.36	0.25	0.28
(1,260)	1:A:529:HIS:HD2	2:B:1730:VAL:HG12	6	0.36	0.25	0.28
(1,260)	1:A:529:HIS:HD2	2:B:1730:VAL:HG13	6	0.36	0.25	0.28
(1,260)	1:A:529:HIS:HD2	2:B:1730:VAL:HG21	6	0.36	0.25	0.28
(1,260)	1:A:529:HIS:HD2	2:B:1730:VAL:HG22	6	0.36	0.25	0.28
(1,260)	1:A:529:HIS:HD2	2:B:1730:VAL:HG23	6	0.36	0.25	0.28
(1,2158)	1:A:552:PHE:HZ	1:A:563:LEU:HD11	3	0.28	0.08	0.23
(1,2158)	1:A:552:PHE:HZ	1:A:563:LEU:HD12	3	0.28	0.08	0.23
(1,2158)	1:A:552:PHE:HZ	1:A:563:LEU:HD13	3	0.28	0.08	0.23
(1,2158)	1:A:552:PHE:HZ	1:A:563:LEU:HD21	3	0.28	0.08	0.23
(1,2158)	1:A:552:PHE:HZ	1:A:563:LEU:HD22	3	0.28	0.08	0.23
(1,2158)	1:A:552:PHE:HZ	1:A:563:LEU:HD23	3	0.28	0.08	0.23
(1,189)	2:B:1730:VAL:HG11	2:B:1731:PRO:HA	3	0.18	0.05	0.21
(1,189)	2:B:1730:VAL:HG12	2:B:1731:PRO:HA	3	0.18	0.05	0.21
(1,189)	2:B:1730:VAL:HG13	2:B:1731:PRO:HA	3	0.18	0.05	0.21
(1,189)	2:B:1730:VAL:HG21	2:B:1731:PRO:HA	3	0.18	0.05	0.21
(1,189)	2:B:1730:VAL:HG22	2:B:1731:PRO:HA	3	0.18	0.05	0.21
(1,189)	2:B:1730:VAL:HG23	2:B:1731:PRO:HA	3	0.18	0.05	0.21
(1,2268)	1:A:577:LEU:HD11	1:A:578:GLU:HA	3	0.16	0.03	0.17

[1]Number of violated models, [2]Standard deviation

9.5 All violated distance restraints (i)

9.5.1 Histogram : Distribution of distance violations (i)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the absolute value of the violation for all violated restraints in the ensemble.



9.5.2 Table : All distance violations (i)

The following table provides the 10 worst performing restraints, sorted by the violation value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(1,2199)	1:A:562:TRP:H	1:A:563:LEU:HD11	14	1.08
(1,2199)	1:A:562:TRP:H	1:A:563:LEU:HD12	14	1.08
(1,2199)	1:A:562:TRP:H	1:A:563:LEU:HD13	14	1.08
(1,2199)	1:A:562:TRP:H	1:A:563:LEU:HD21	14	1.08
(1,2199)	1:A:562:TRP:H	1:A:563:LEU:HD22	14	1.08
(1,2199)	1:A:562:TRP:H	1:A:563:LEU:HD23	14	1.08
(1,2199)	1:A:562:TRP:H	1:A:563:LEU:HD11	1	0.99
(1,2199)	1:A:562:TRP:H	1:A:563:LEU:HD12	1	0.99

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Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(1,2199)	1:A:562:TRP:H	1:A:563:LEU:HD13	1	0.99
(1,2199)	1:A:562:TRP:H	1:A:563:LEU:HD21	1	0.99
(1,2199)	1:A:562:TRP:H	1:A:563:LEU:HD22	1	0.99
(1,2199)	1:A:562:TRP:H	1:A:563:LEU:HD23	1	0.99
(1,2199)	1:A:562:TRP:H	1:A:563:LEU:HD11	18	0.93
(1,2199)	1:A:562:TRP:H	1:A:563:LEU:HD12	18	0.93
(1,2199)	1:A:562:TRP:H	1:A:563:LEU:HD13	18	0.93
(1,2199)	1:A:562:TRP:H	1:A:563:LEU:HD21	18	0.93
(1,2199)	1:A:562:TRP:H	1:A:563:LEU:HD22	18	0.93
(1,2199)	1:A:562:TRP:H	1:A:563:LEU:HD23	18	0.93
(1,2199)	1:A:562:TRP:H	1:A:563:LEU:HD11	15	0.92
(1,2199)	1:A:562:TRP:H	1:A:563:LEU:HD12	15	0.92
(1,2199)	1:A:562:TRP:H	1:A:563:LEU:HD13	15	0.92
(1,2199)	1:A:562:TRP:H	1:A:563:LEU:HD21	15	0.92
(1,2199)	1:A:562:TRP:H	1:A:563:LEU:HD22	15	0.92
(1,2199)	1:A:562:TRP:H	1:A:563:LEU:HD23	15	0.92
(1,2199)	1:A:562:TRP:H	1:A:563:LEU:HD11	10	0.91
(1,2199)	1:A:562:TRP:H	1:A:563:LEU:HD12	10	0.91
(1,2199)	1:A:562:TRP:H	1:A:563:LEU:HD13	10	0.91
(1,2199)	1:A:562:TRP:H	1:A:563:LEU:HD21	10	0.91
(1,2199)	1:A:562:TRP:H	1:A:563:LEU:HD22	10	0.91
(1,2199)	1:A:562:TRP:H	1:A:563:LEU:HD23	10	0.91
(1,2199)	1:A:562:TRP:H	1:A:563:LEU:HD11	2	0.89
(1,2199)	1:A:562:TRP:H	1:A:563:LEU:HD12	2	0.89
(1,2199)	1:A:562:TRP:H	1:A:563:LEU:HD13	2	0.89
(1,2199)	1:A:562:TRP:H	1:A:563:LEU:HD21	2	0.89
(1,2199)	1:A:562:TRP:H	1:A:563:LEU:HD22	2	0.89
(1,2199)	1:A:562:TRP:H	1:A:563:LEU:HD23	2	0.89
(1,2199)	1:A:562:TRP:H	1:A:563:LEU:HD11	13	0.88
(1,2199)	1:A:562:TRP:H	1:A:563:LEU:HD12	13	0.88
(1,2199)	1:A:562:TRP:H	1:A:563:LEU:HD13	13	0.88
(1,2199)	1:A:562:TRP:H	1:A:563:LEU:HD21	13	0.88
(1,2199)	1:A:562:TRP:H	1:A:563:LEU:HD22	13	0.88
(1,2199)	1:A:562:TRP:H	1:A:563:LEU:HD23	13	0.88
(1,2199)	1:A:562:TRP:H	1:A:563:LEU:HD11	19	0.87
(1,2199)	1:A:562:TRP:H	1:A:563:LEU:HD12	19	0.87
(1,2199)	1:A:562:TRP:H	1:A:563:LEU:HD13	19	0.87
(1,2199)	1:A:562:TRP:H	1:A:563:LEU:HD21	19	0.87
(1,2199)	1:A:562:TRP:H	1:A:563:LEU:HD22	19	0.87
(1,2199)	1:A:562:TRP:H	1:A:563:LEU:HD23	19	0.87
(1,2199)	1:A:562:TRP:H	1:A:563:LEU:HD11	6	0.85
(1,2199)	1:A:562:TRP:H	1:A:563:LEU:HD12	6	0.85

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Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(1,2199)	1:A:562:TRP:H	1:A:563:LEU:HD13	6	0.85
(1,2199)	1:A:562:TRP:H	1:A:563:LEU:HD21	6	0.85
(1,2199)	1:A:562:TRP:H	1:A:563:LEU:HD22	6	0.85
(1,2199)	1:A:562:TRP:H	1:A:563:LEU:HD23	6	0.85
(1,2199)	1:A:562:TRP:H	1:A:563:LEU:HD11	3	0.83

10 Dihedral-angle violation analysis (i)

Dihedral angle analysis failed due to data error in the dihedral angle restraints, possibly missing target value