Full wwPDB EM Validation Report (i)

Nov 20, 2022 – 12:50 am GMT

PDB ID	:	6G19
EMDB ID	:	EMD-4338
Title	:	CryoEM structure of the MDA5-dsRNA filament with 74-degree helical twist
Authors	:	Yu, Q.; Qu, K.; Modis, Y.
Deposited on	:	2018-03-20
Resolution	:	3.68 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB EM Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at
http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

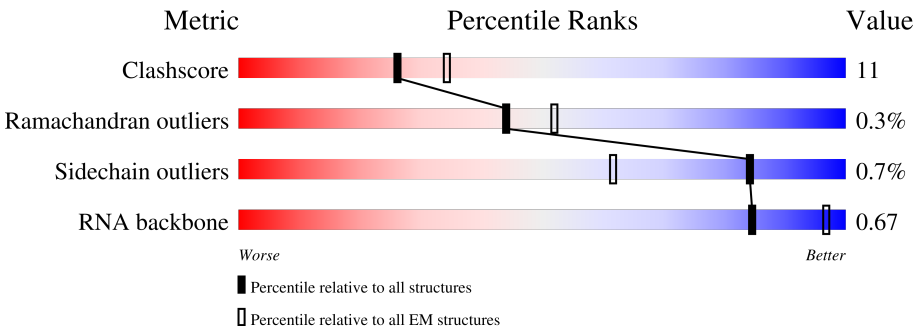
EMDB validation analysis	:	0.0.1.dev43
Mogul	:	1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
buster-report	:	1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
MapQ	:	1.9.9
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.31.2

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.68 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	4297
Ramachandran outliers	154571	4023
Sidechain outliers	154315	3826
RNA backbone	4643	859

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion < 40%). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	696	8% 79% 18% • •
2	X	14	7% 93%
3	Y	14	100%

2 Entry composition (i)

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 10503 atoms, of which 4402 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Interferon-induced helicase C domain-containing protein 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	S		
1	A	682	9874	3468	4402	950	1019	35	0	0

There are 18 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	?	-	ASP	deletion	UNP Q8R5F7
A	?	-	LYS	deletion	UNP Q8R5F7
A	?	-	SER	deletion	UNP Q8R5F7
A	?	-	ASP	deletion	UNP Q8R5F7
A	?	-	ASP	deletion	UNP Q8R5F7
A	?	-	GLU	deletion	UNP Q8R5F7
A	?	-	ALA	deletion	UNP Q8R5F7
A	?	-	SER	deletion	UNP Q8R5F7
A	?	-	SER	deletion	UNP Q8R5F7
A	?	-	CYS	deletion	UNP Q8R5F7
A	?	-	ASN	deletion	UNP Q8R5F7
A	?	-	ASP	deletion	UNP Q8R5F7
A	?	-	GLN	deletion	UNP Q8R5F7
A	?	-	LEU	deletion	UNP Q8R5F7
A	?	-	LYS	deletion	UNP Q8R5F7
A	?	-	GLY	deletion	UNP Q8R5F7
A	?	-	ASP	deletion	UNP Q8R5F7
A	?	-	VAL	deletion	UNP Q8R5F7

- Molecule 2 is a RNA chain called RNA (5'-R(P*CP*AP*AP*GP*CP*CP*GP*AP*GP*GP *AP*GP*AP*G)-3').

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	P		
2	X	14	308	137	64	93	14	0	0

- Molecule 3 is a RNA chain called RNA (5'-R(P*CP*UP*CP*UP*CP*CP*UP*CP*GP*GP

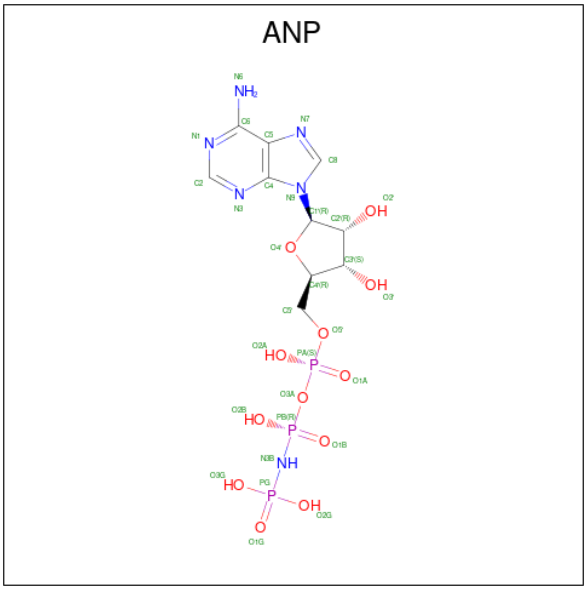
*CP*UP*UP*G)-3').

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	P		
3	Y	14	289	129	43	103	14	0	0

- Molecule 4 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		AltConf
			Total	Zn	
4	A	1	1	1	0

- Molecule 5 is PHOSPHOAMINOPHOSPHONIC ACID-ADENYLATE ESTER (three-letter code: ANP) (formula: $C_{10}H_{17}N_6O_{12}P_3$).



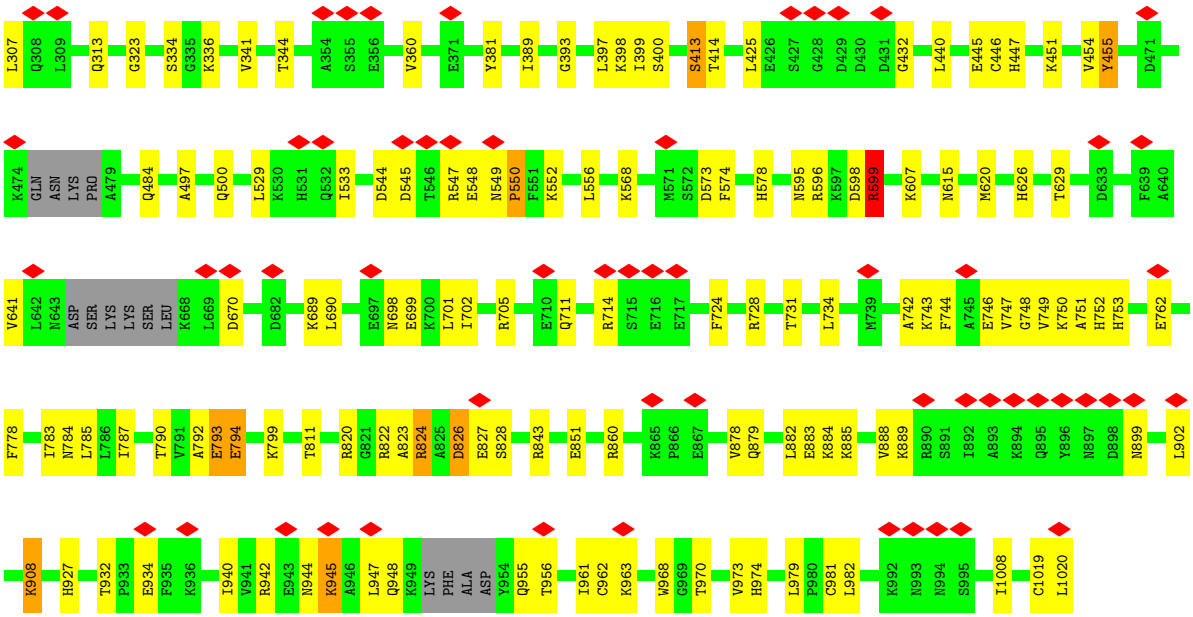
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf
			Total	C	N	O	P	
5	A	1	31	10	6	12	3	0

3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

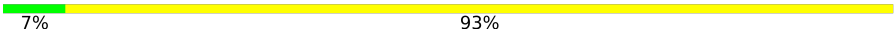
• Molecule 1: Interferon-induced helicase C domain-containing protein 1

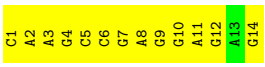
Chain A:



• Molecule 2: RNA (5'-R(P*CP*AP*AP*GP*CP*CP*GP*AP*GP*GP*AP*GP*AP*G)-3')

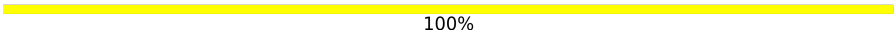
Chain X:

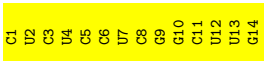




• Molecule 3: RNA (5'-R(P*CP*UP*CP*UP*CP*CP*UP*CP*GP*GP*CP*UP*UP*G)-3')

Chain Y:





4 Experimental information (i)

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	HELICAL	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	HELICAL, twist=74.3022°, rise=42.8438 Å, axial sym=C1	Depositor
Number of segments used	33138	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/Å^2$)	29.85	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	1800	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	2700	Depositor
Magnification	75000	Depositor
Image detector	FEI FALCON III (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.403	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.207	Depositor
Average map value	0.001	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.014	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.0611	Depositor
Map size (Å)	239.68001, 239.68001, 239.68001	wwPDB
Map dimensions	224, 224, 224	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.07, 1.07, 1.07	Depositor

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ZN, ANP

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\#\|Z\|>5$	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\|>5$
1	A	0.57	3/5558 (0.1%)	0.69	9/7469 (0.1%)
2	X	0.77	0/346	0.88	0/539
3	Y	0.79	0/319	1.01	1/493 (0.2%)
All	All	0.60	3/6223 (0.0%)	0.73	10/8501 (0.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand.A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	5

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	455	TYR	CD2-CE2	-6.62	1.29	1.39
1	A	455	TYR	CB-CG	-5.17	1.43	1.51
1	A	455	TYR	CD1-CE1	-5.12	1.31	1.39

All (10) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
1	A	599	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-13.92	113.34	120.30
1	A	599	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	9.87	125.23	120.30
1	A	824	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-8.71	115.94	120.30
1	A	497	ALA	C-N-CA	8.60	143.19	121.70
1	A	794	GLU	C-N-CA	7.89	138.87	122.30
1	A	793	GLU	C-N-CA	6.26	137.35	121.70
1	A	599	ARG	CG-CD-NE	-5.62	100.00	111.80

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
3	Y	12	U	C5-C6-N1	-5.34	120.03	122.70
1	A	451	LYS	C-N-CA	5.26	134.86	121.70
1	A	908	LYS	CD-CE-NZ	5.19	123.63	111.70

There are no chirality outliers.

All (5) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	413	SER	Peptide
1	A	454	VAL	Peptide
1	A	548	GLU	Peptide
1	A	550	PRO	Peptide
1	A	793	GLU	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	5472	4402	5596	103	0
2	X	308	0	155	22	0
3	Y	289	0	150	19	0
4	A	1	0	0	0	0
5	A	31	0	13	2	0
All	All	6101	4402	5914	135	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 11.

All (135) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:641:VAL:HG11	1:A:963:LYS:O	1.74	0.88
1:A:823:ALA:HB1	1:A:828:SER:HB2	1.67	0.74
1:A:843:ARG:CZ	2:X:12:G:H5'	2.19	0.72
1:A:547:ARG:NH2	1:A:699:GLU:OE2	2.23	0.72

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:944:ASN:H	1:A:955:GLN:HG2	1.54	0.72
1:A:932:THR:OG1	1:A:934:GLU:OE1	2.10	0.69
1:A:701:LEU:O	1:A:705:ARG:HG3	1.95	0.66
2:X:1:C:H2'	2:X:2:A:H8	1.61	0.66
1:A:336:LYS:NZ	5:A:1102:ANP:O3G	2.30	0.65
1:A:341:VAL:O	1:A:344:THR:OG1	2.15	0.64
1:A:389:ILE:HD11	1:A:397:LEU:HD13	1.80	0.64
1:A:413:SER:OG	1:A:414:THR:O	2.09	0.64
1:A:724:PHE:HE1	1:A:792:ALA:HB3	1.62	0.64
1:A:744:PHE:O	1:A:749:VAL:HB	1.98	0.63
1:A:974:HIS:HB3	1:A:979:LEU:HD21	1.81	0.63
1:A:607:LYS:NZ	1:A:762:GLU:OE2	2.33	0.62
1:A:792:ALA:O	1:A:822:ARG:NH2	2.32	0.61
1:A:970:THR:HG21	2:X:3:A:H4'	1.82	0.61
1:A:824:ARG:N	1:A:824:ARG:HD2	2.16	0.61
1:A:981:CYS:SG	1:A:982:LEU:N	2.74	0.61
1:A:962:CYS:SG	1:A:963:LYS:N	2.73	0.61
3:Y:2:U:H2'	3:Y:3:C:C6	2.36	0.61
1:A:549:ASN:HB2	1:A:550:PRO:HD3	1.81	0.61
1:A:843:ARG:NH2	2:X:11:A:O3'	2.33	0.61
1:A:899:ASN:HB3	1:A:902:LEU:HD13	1.82	0.60
1:A:945:LYS:O	1:A:948:GLN:HG3	2.03	0.58
1:A:749:VAL:HG13	1:A:785:LEU:HD22	1.86	0.58
1:A:885:LYS:O	1:A:889:LYS:HG2	2.03	0.58
3:Y:1:C:H2'	3:Y:2:U:H6	1.68	0.58
1:A:945:LYS:HD3	1:A:945:LYS:H	1.69	0.57
1:A:947:LEU:HD13	1:A:956:THR:H	1.70	0.57
1:A:899:ASN:HB2	1:A:1008:ILE:CG2	2.33	0.57
1:A:1019:CYS:SG	1:A:1020:LEU:N	2.75	0.57
3:Y:1:C:H2'	3:Y:2:U:C6	2.38	0.57
1:A:751:ALA:HB2	1:A:785:LEU:HD21	1.86	0.57
1:A:724:PHE:CE1	1:A:792:ALA:HB3	2.40	0.57
1:A:927:HIS:HE1	2:X:4:G:H1'	1.70	0.57
1:A:945:LYS:HA	1:A:948:GLN:HG3	1.87	0.57
2:X:11:A:H2'	2:X:12:G:C8	2.40	0.56
3:Y:7:U:O2'	3:Y:8:C:H5'	2.05	0.56
2:X:11:A:H2'	2:X:12:G:H8	1.70	0.56
1:A:979:LEU:H	1:A:979:LEU:HD23	1.71	0.55
1:A:445:GLU:OE1	1:A:447:HIS:NE2	2.40	0.55
1:A:313:GLN:NE2	1:A:334:SER:O	2.38	0.55
1:A:927:HIS:CE1	2:X:4:G:H1'	2.41	0.55

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:752:HIS:ND1	1:A:753:HIS:O	2.39	0.55
1:A:752:HIS:HB2	1:A:783:ILE:HG12	1.89	0.54
1:A:641:VAL:HA	1:A:940:ILE:CD1	2.37	0.54
5:A:1102:ANP:N3B	5:A:1102:ANP:O1A	2.38	0.54
1:A:307:LEU:HB3	1:A:381:TYR:CD2	2.42	0.54
1:A:578:HIS:ND1	2:X:14:G:H4'	2.23	0.53
1:A:547:ARG:HB3	1:A:549:ASN:OD1	2.08	0.53
1:A:568:LYS:HE2	1:A:598:ASP:OD1	2.08	0.53
1:A:573:ASP:OD1	1:A:574:PHE:N	2.40	0.53
1:A:778:PHE:CE2	1:A:799:LYS:HB3	2.44	0.53
1:A:552:LYS:HG2	1:A:556:LEU:CD1	2.39	0.52
1:A:728:ARG:O	1:A:731:THR:OG1	2.19	0.52
2:X:1:C:H2'	2:X:2:A:C8	2.43	0.52
1:A:945:LYS:HA	1:A:948:GLN:CG	2.39	0.52
1:A:822:ARG:O	1:A:824:ARG:HD2	2.10	0.52
1:A:731:THR:HG22	1:A:787:ILE:HG22	1.92	0.51
1:A:899:ASN:HB2	1:A:1008:ILE:HG22	1.92	0.51
1:A:711:GLN:OE1	1:A:714:ARG:NH2	2.43	0.50
3:Y:2:U:H2'	3:Y:3:C:H6	1.75	0.50
1:A:790:THR:HG1	3:Y:6:C:HO2'	1.60	0.50
2:X:9:G:O2'	2:X:10:G:H5'	2.12	0.49
2:X:7:G:O2'	2:X:8:A:H5'	2.12	0.49
1:A:596:ARG:NH1	1:A:670:ASP:OD2	2.43	0.49
1:A:974:HIS:CB	1:A:979:LEU:HD21	2.43	0.49
1:A:545:ASP:HB3	1:A:699:GLU:CD	2.33	0.48
3:Y:13:U:H2'	3:Y:14:G:O4'	2.14	0.48
1:A:778:PHE:HE2	1:A:799:LYS:HB3	1.80	0.47
3:Y:5:C:O2'	3:Y:6:C:H5'	2.14	0.47
2:X:5:C:O2'	2:X:6:C:H5'	2.15	0.47
1:A:811:THR:O	2:X:11:A:H4'	2.15	0.47
1:A:743:LYS:O	1:A:747:VAL:HG23	2.13	0.47
1:A:824:ARG:HD2	1:A:824:ARG:H	1.81	0.46
1:A:962:CYS:HB2	1:A:968:TRP:CE2	2.51	0.46
1:A:393:GLY:HA2	1:A:398:LYS:HD3	1.98	0.46
1:A:820:ARG:NH2	1:A:851:GLU:OE2	2.48	0.46
1:A:878:VAL:O	1:A:882:LEU:HD13	2.15	0.46
1:A:947:LEU:HD13	1:A:955:GLN:HA	1.97	0.46
1:A:749:VAL:HG13	1:A:785:LEU:CD2	2.46	0.46
1:A:550:PRO:HB2	1:A:690:LEU:HD23	1.97	0.46
1:A:879:GLN:O	1:A:883:GLU:HG3	2.15	0.45
1:A:399:ILE:HG13	1:A:400:SER:N	2.31	0.45

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:942:ARG:HD2	1:A:961:ILE:HG21	1.99	0.45
1:A:529:LEU:O	1:A:533:ILE:N	2.45	0.44
1:A:750:LYS:O	1:A:784:ASN:N	2.48	0.44
2:X:3:A:H2'	2:X:4:G:O4'	2.17	0.44
1:A:544:ASP:OD1	1:A:545:ASP:N	2.50	0.44
3:Y:10:G:O2'	3:Y:11:C:H5'	2.18	0.44
2:X:6:C:H2'	2:X:7:G:H8	1.83	0.44
3:Y:3:C:O2'	3:Y:4:U:H5'	2.17	0.44
1:A:545:ASP:N	1:A:545:ASP:OD1	2.50	0.44
1:A:899:ASN:HB2	1:A:1008:ILE:HG21	1.97	0.44
1:A:626:HIS:O	1:A:629:THR:OG1	2.32	0.43
2:X:8:A:O2'	2:X:9:G:H5'	2.18	0.43
1:A:599:ARG:NH2	1:A:908:LYS:HG2	2.34	0.43
2:X:2:A:O2'	2:X:3:A:H5'	2.18	0.43
1:A:620:MET:SD	1:A:620:MET:N	2.91	0.43
3:Y:4:U:H2'	3:Y:5:C:H6	1.84	0.43
1:A:728:ARG:NH2	3:Y:7:U:OP2	2.50	0.42
2:X:8:A:H2'	2:X:9:G:C8	2.54	0.42
3:Y:4:U:H2'	3:Y:5:C:C6	2.54	0.42
1:A:446:CYS:HA	1:A:455:TYR:OH	2.19	0.42
1:A:500:GLN:NE2	1:A:860:ARG:HD2	2.35	0.42
1:A:944:ASN:H	1:A:955:GLN:CG	2.28	0.42
1:A:973:VAL:O	3:Y:14:G:H5'	2.19	0.42
1:A:360:VAL:HG12	1:A:440:LEU:HB3	2.01	0.42
3:Y:4:U:O2'	3:Y:5:C:H5'	2.19	0.42
2:X:6:C:H2'	2:X:7:G:C8	2.55	0.42
1:A:698:ASN:OD1	1:A:699:GLU:N	2.53	0.42
1:A:734:LEU:HB2	1:A:787:ILE:HD13	2.02	0.42
1:A:552:LYS:HG2	1:A:556:LEU:HD13	2.02	0.41
1:A:742:ALA:O	1:A:746:GLU:HG3	2.20	0.41
1:A:714:ARG:NH2	1:A:827:GLU:O	2.52	0.41
1:A:425:LEU:HB2	1:A:432:GLY:HA3	2.03	0.41
1:A:689:LYS:HA	1:A:689:LYS:HE2	2.01	0.41
1:A:702:ILE:HA	1:A:705:ARG:HD3	2.02	0.41
1:A:826:ASP:O	1:A:827:GLU:HB2	2.19	0.41
1:A:947:LEU:CD1	1:A:956:THR:H	2.32	0.41
1:A:323:GLY:O	1:A:484:GLN:NE2	2.53	0.41
1:A:826:ASP:OD1	1:A:827:GLU:N	2.49	0.41
1:A:884:LYS:O	1:A:888:VAL:HG23	2.20	0.41
1:A:751:ALA:HB2	1:A:785:LEU:CD2	2.51	0.41
3:Y:8:C:O2'	3:Y:9:G:H5'	2.20	0.41

Continued on next page...

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:X:4:G:O2'	2:X:5:C:H5'	2.21	0.41
1:A:751:ALA:HA	1:A:783:ILE:HG23	2.04	0.41
2:X:1:C:O2'	2:X:2:A:H5'	2.21	0.40
3:Y:3:C:H2'	3:Y:4:U:C6	2.57	0.40
1:A:748:GLY:O	1:A:784:ASN:ND2	2.50	0.40
1:A:962:CYS:HB2	1:A:968:TRP:CZ2	2.56	0.40
3:Y:10:G:C2'	3:Y:11:C:H5'	2.52	0.40
3:Y:9:G:H2'	3:Y:10:G:C8	2.56	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	674/696 (97%)	603 (90%)	69 (10%)	2 (0%)	41 74

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	794	GLU
1	A	826	ASP

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	608/625 (97%)	604 (99%)	4 (1%)	84 91

All (4) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	595	ASN
1	A	599	ARG
1	A	615	ASN
1	A	945	LYS

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (4) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	563	GLN
1	A	595	ASN
1	A	678	ASN
1	A	957	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Backbone Outliers	Pucker Outliers
2	X	13/14 (92%)	0	0
3	Y	13/14 (92%)	0	0
All	All	26/28 (92%)	0	0

There are no RNA backbone outliers to report.

There are no RNA pucker outliers to report.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 2 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 1 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$
5	ANP	A	1102	-	29,33,33	2.09	6 (20%)	31,52,52	1.14	2 (6%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	ANP	A	1102	-	-	5/14/38/38	0/3/3/3

All (6) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
5	A	1102	ANP	PG-O1G	7.21	1.57	1.46
5	A	1102	ANP	PB-O1B	6.17	1.55	1.46
5	A	1102	ANP	PB-O2B	-2.66	1.49	1.56
5	A	1102	ANP	PG-O2G	-2.60	1.49	1.56
5	A	1102	ANP	PB-O3A	-2.41	1.56	1.59
5	A	1102	ANP	PG-N3B	2.27	1.69	1.63

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
5	A	1102	ANP	PB-O3A-PA	-3.90	118.87	132.62
5	A	1102	ANP	C5-C6-N6	2.31	123.86	120.35

There are no chirality outliers.

All (5) torsion outliers are listed below:

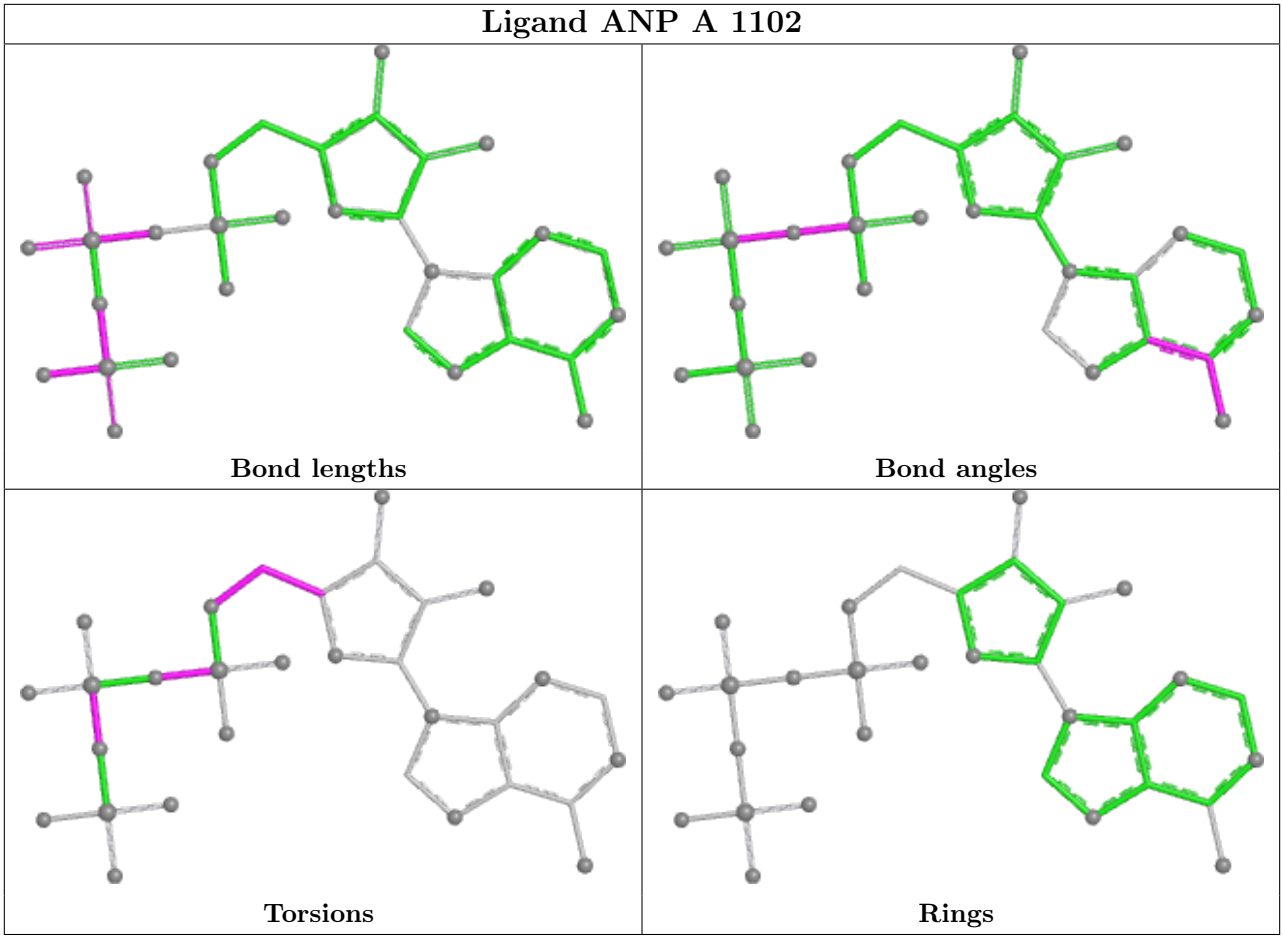
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	A	1102	ANP	PG-N3B-PB-O1B
5	A	1102	ANP	C3'-C4'-C5'-O5'
5	A	1102	ANP	O4'-C4'-C5'-O5'
5	A	1102	ANP	C4'-C5'-O5'-PA
5	A	1102	ANP	PB-O3A-PA-O2A

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 2 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	A	1102	ANP	2	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Map visualisation (i)

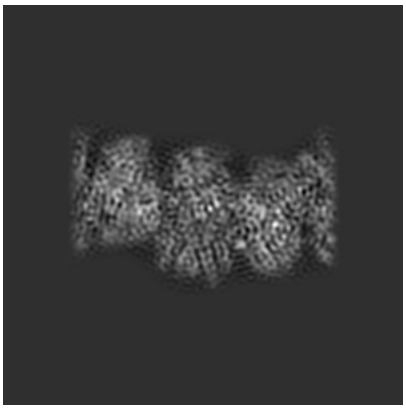
This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-4338. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

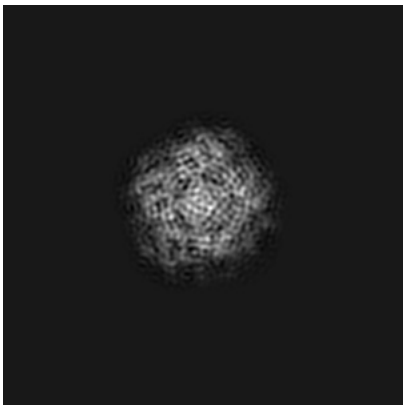
6.1 Orthogonal projections (i)

6.1.1 Primary map

X

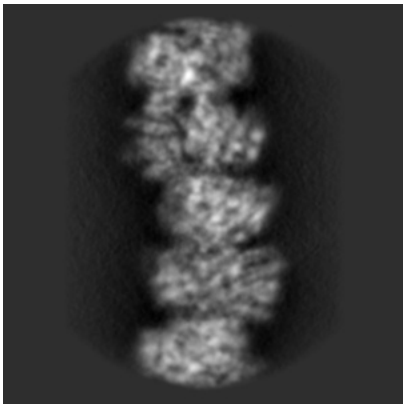


Y

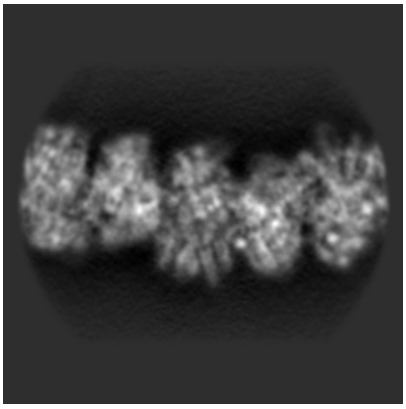


Z

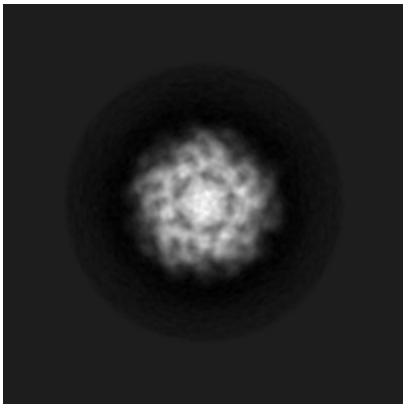
6.1.2 Raw map



X



Y

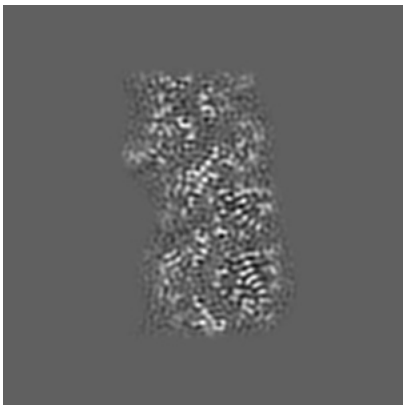


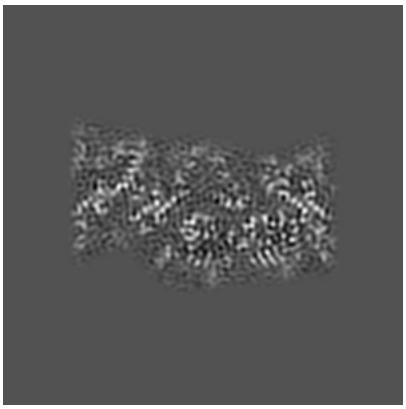
Z

The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices (i)

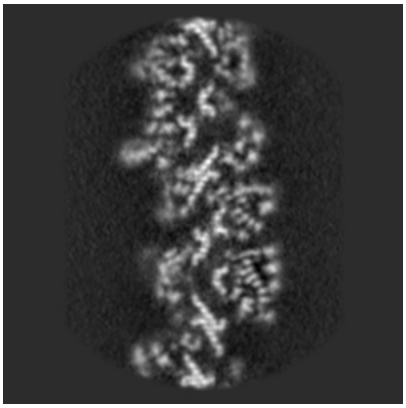
6.2.1 Primary map

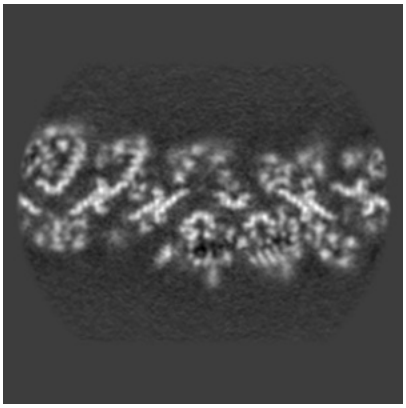

X Index: 112

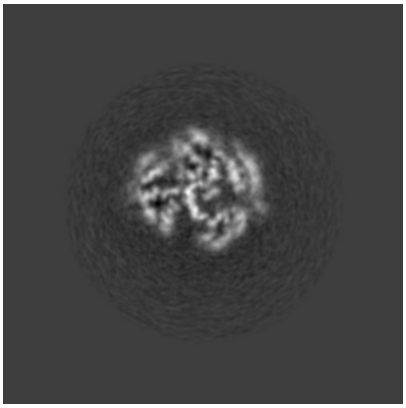

Y Index: 112

Z Index: 112

6.2.2 Raw map


X Index: 112

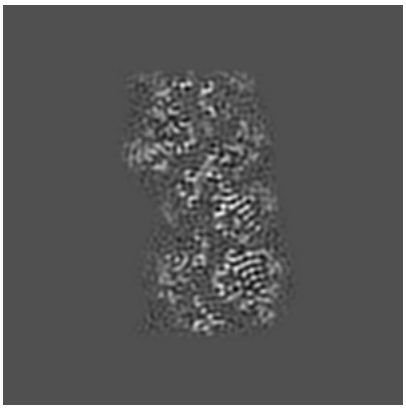

Y Index: 112

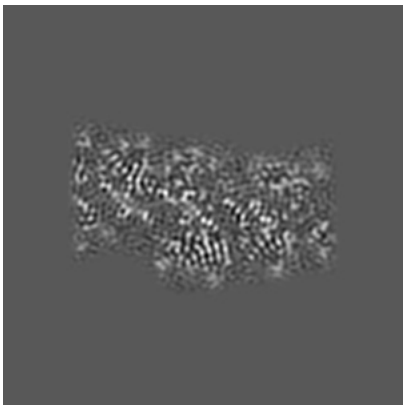

Z Index: 112

The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices (i)

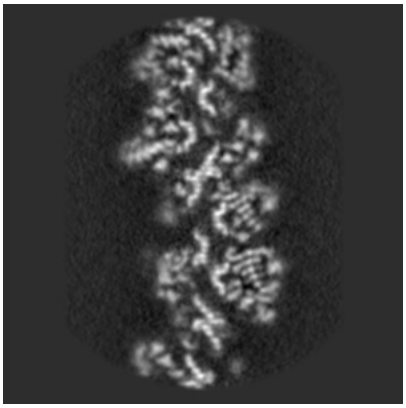
6.3.1 Primary map

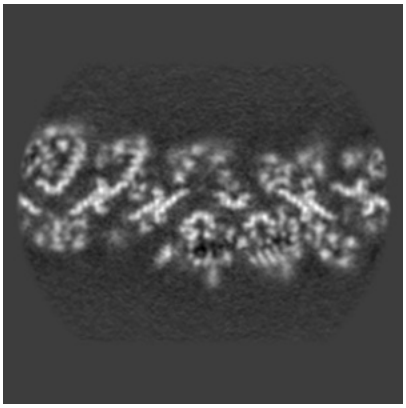

X Index: 110

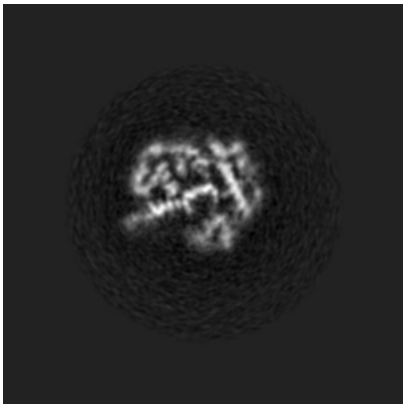

Y Index: 118

Z Index: 111

6.3.2 Raw map


X Index: 110

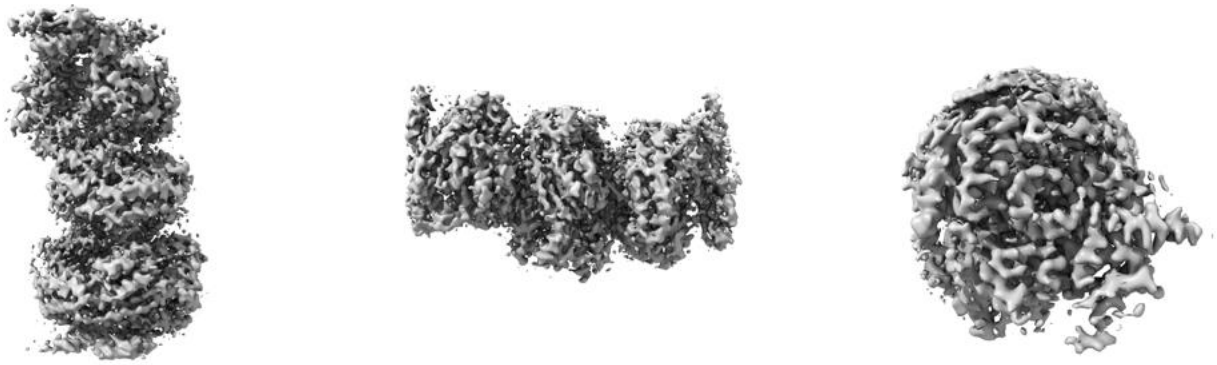

Y Index: 112


Z Index: 104

The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal surface views (i)

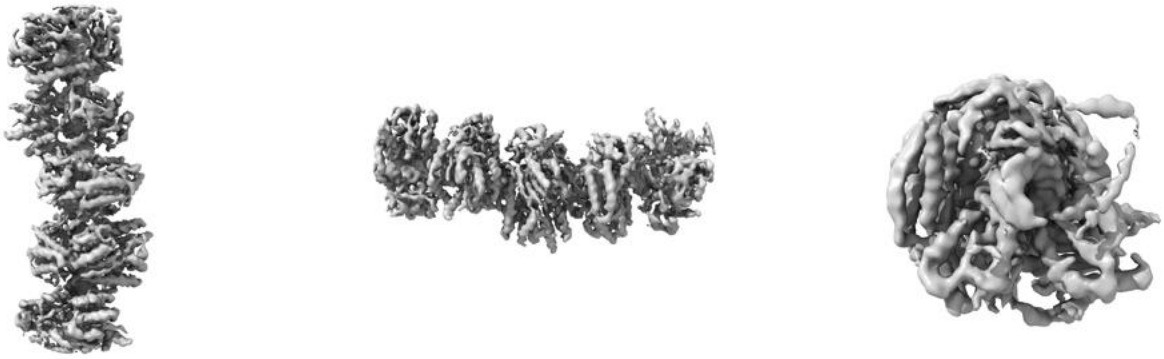
6.4.1 Primary map



X Y Z

The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.0611. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

6.4.2 Raw map



X Y Z

These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

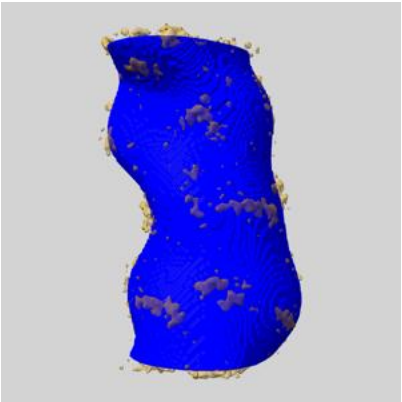
6.5 Mask visualisation (i)

This section shows the 3D surface view of the primary map at 50% transparency overlaid with the specified mask at 0% transparency

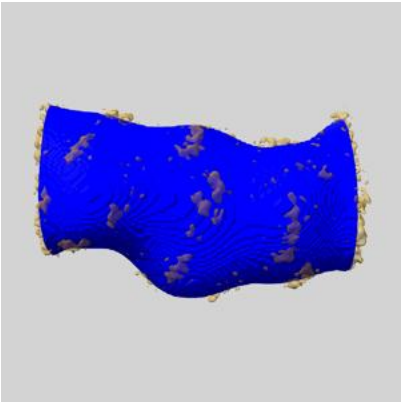
A mask typically either:

- Encompasses the whole structure
- Separates out a domain, a functional unit, a monomer or an area of interest from a larger structure

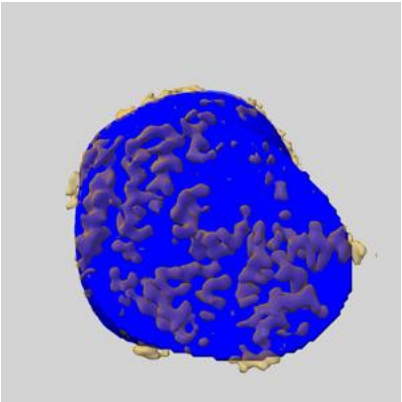
6.5.1 emd_4338_msk_1.map (i)



X



Y

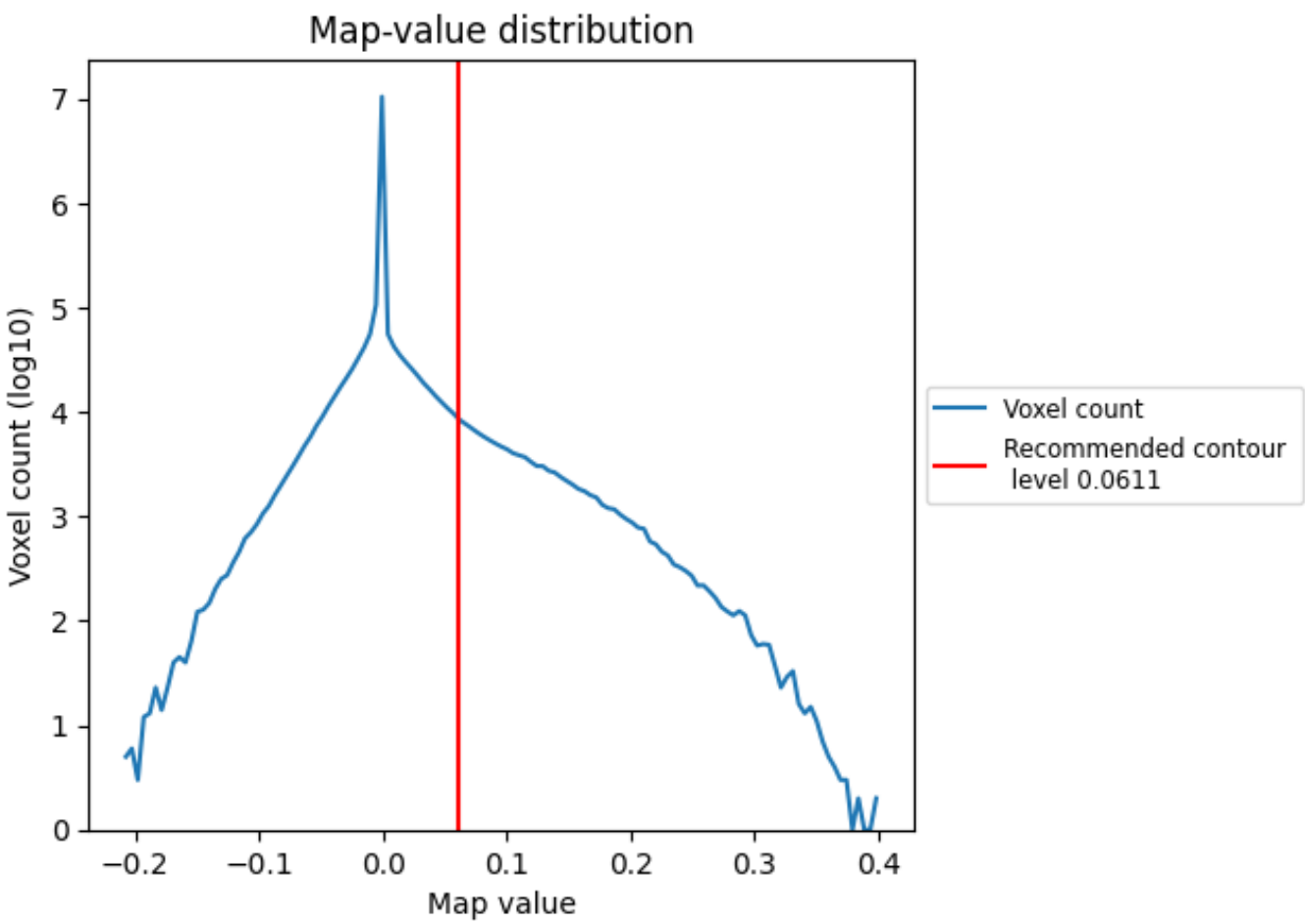


Z

7 Map analysis (i)

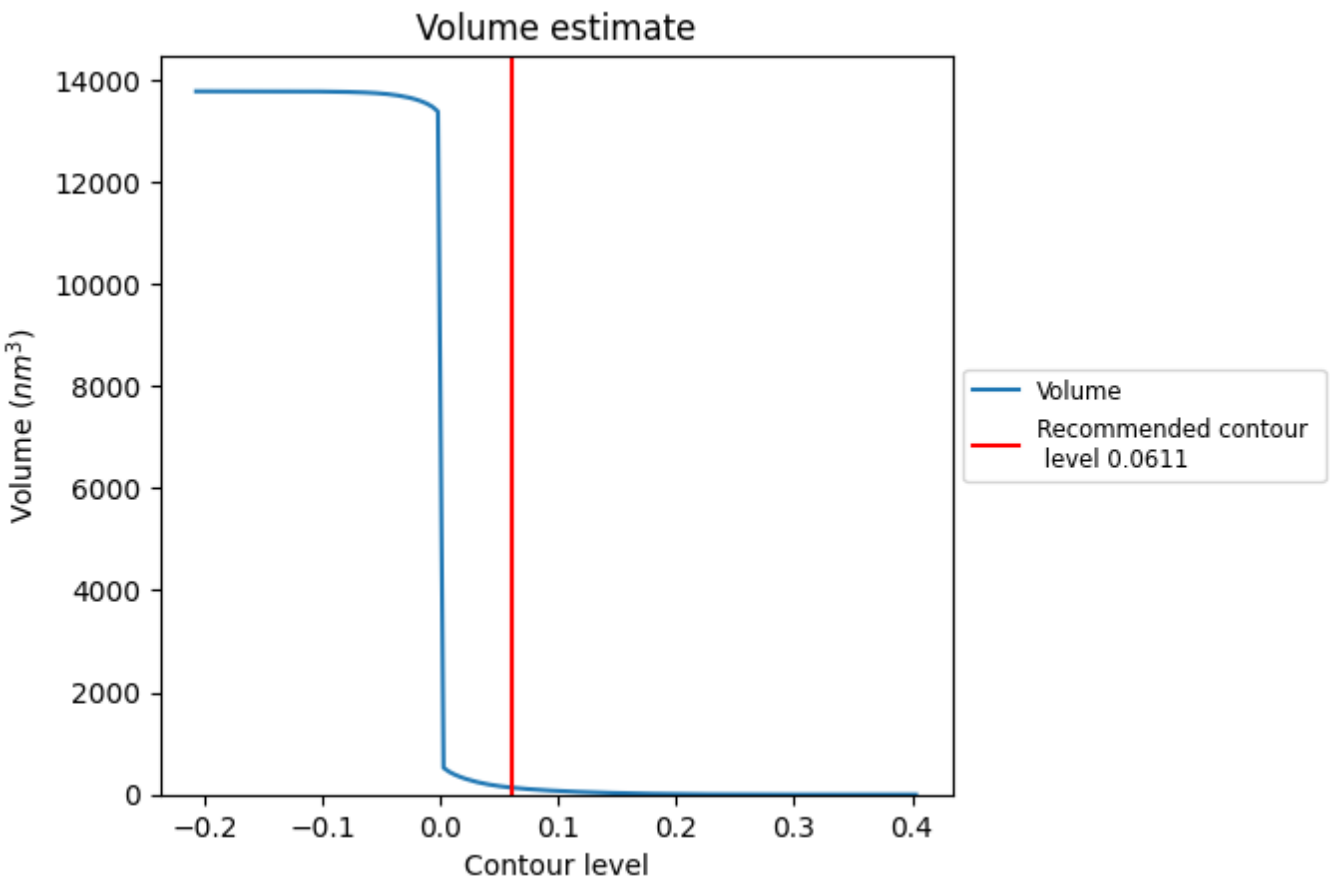
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution (i)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

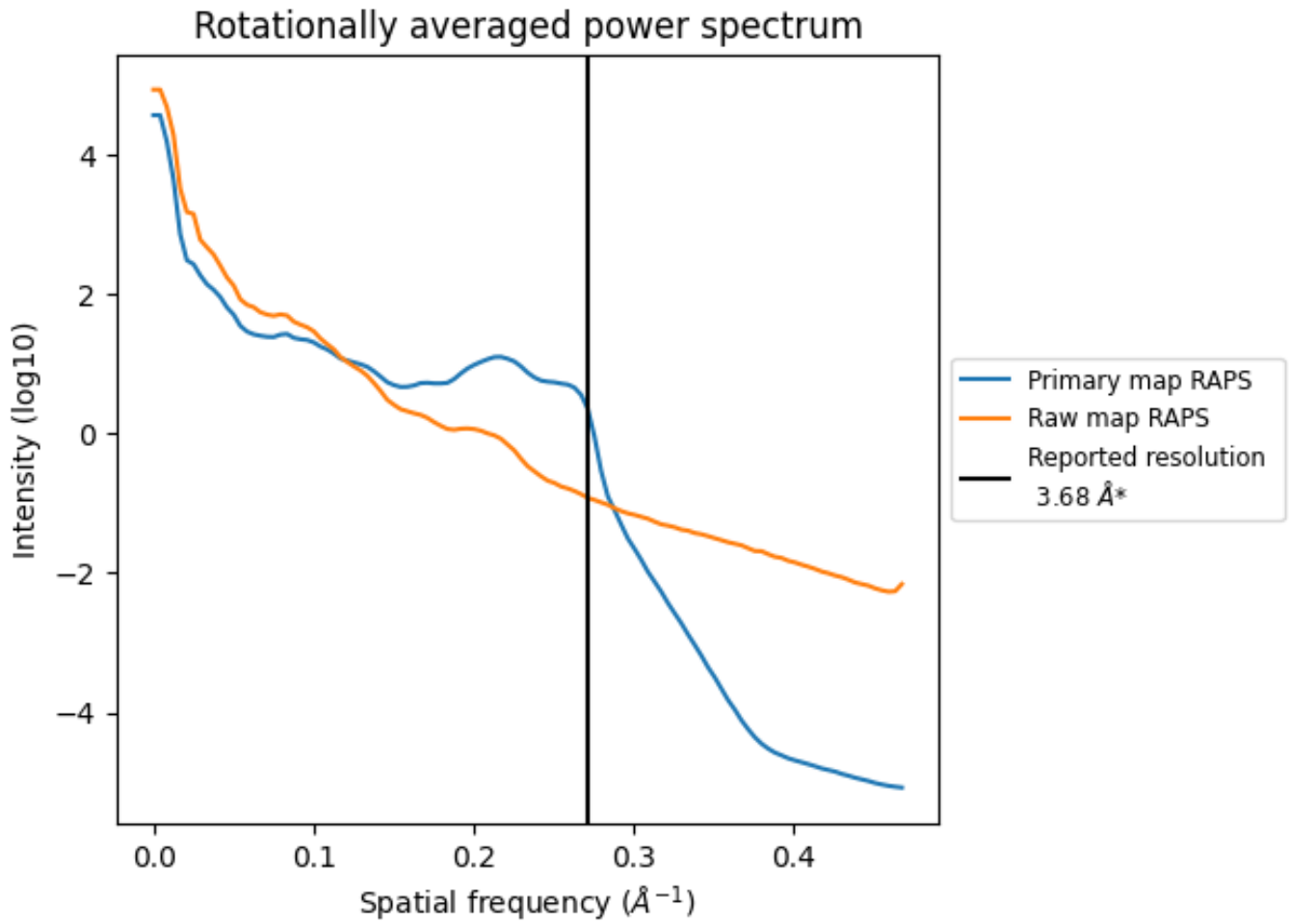
7.2 Volume estimate (i)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 134 nm^3; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 121 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum (i)

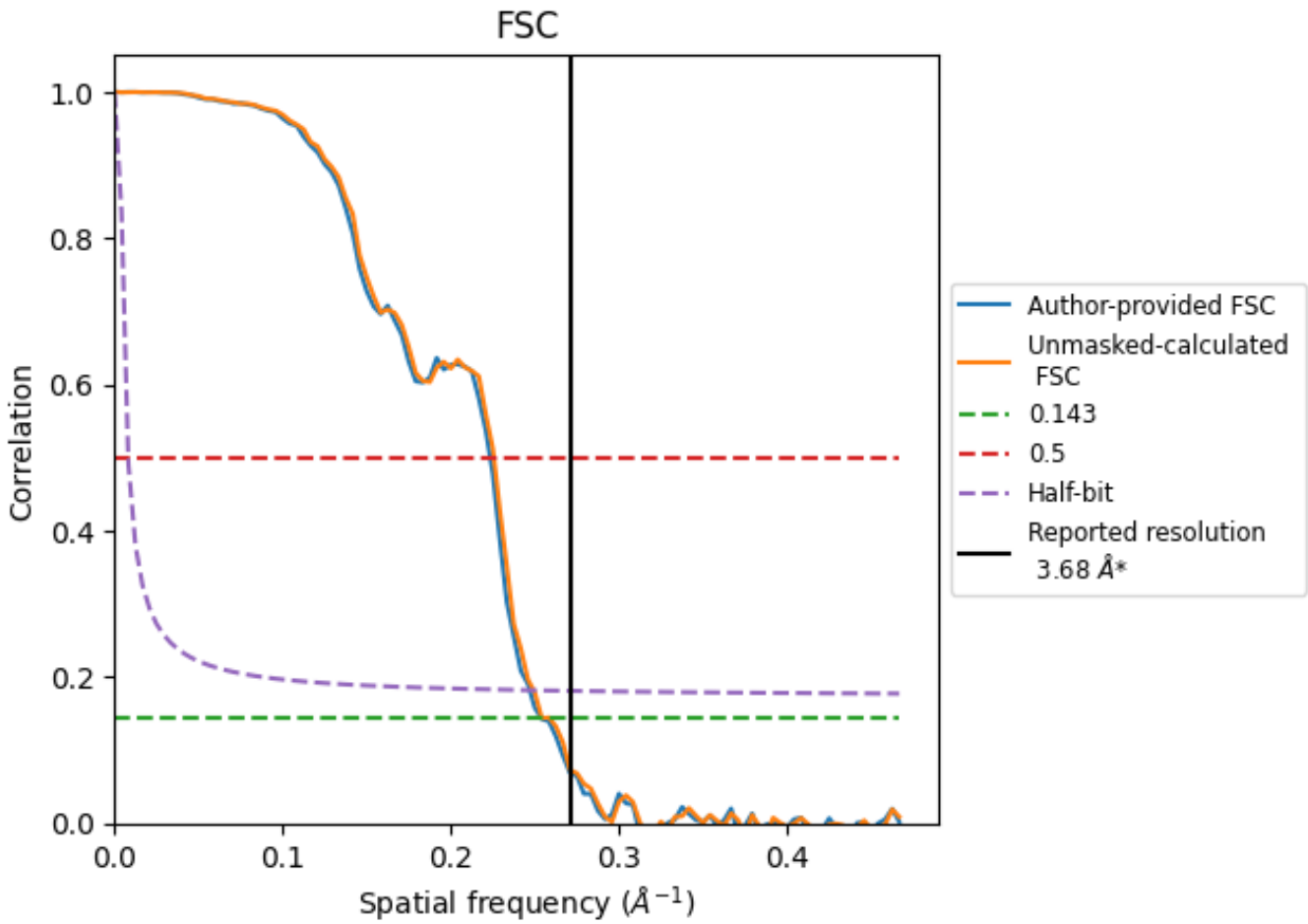


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.272 Å^{-1}

8 Fourier-Shell correlation (i)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC (i)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.272 Å^{-1}

8.2 Resolution estimates (i)

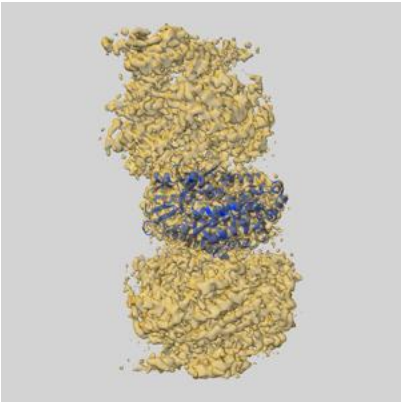
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	3.68	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	3.93	4.47	4.04
Unmasked-calculated*	3.86	4.43	4.01

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps.

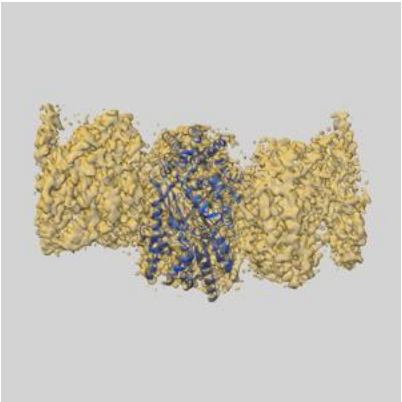
9 Map-model fit (i)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-4338 and PDB model 6G19. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 5.

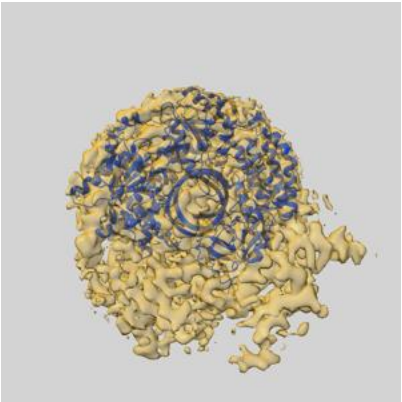
9.1 Map-model overlay (i)



X



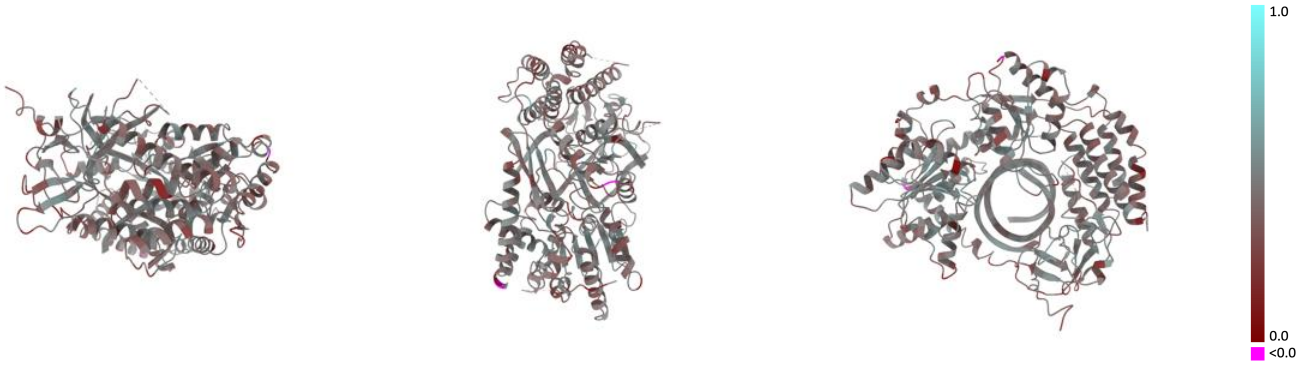
Y



Z

The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.0611 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

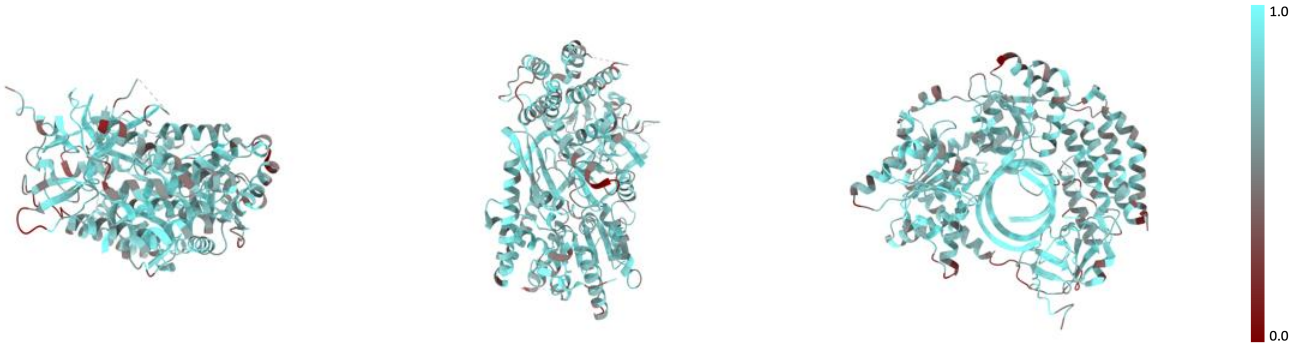
9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model (i)



X Y Z

The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

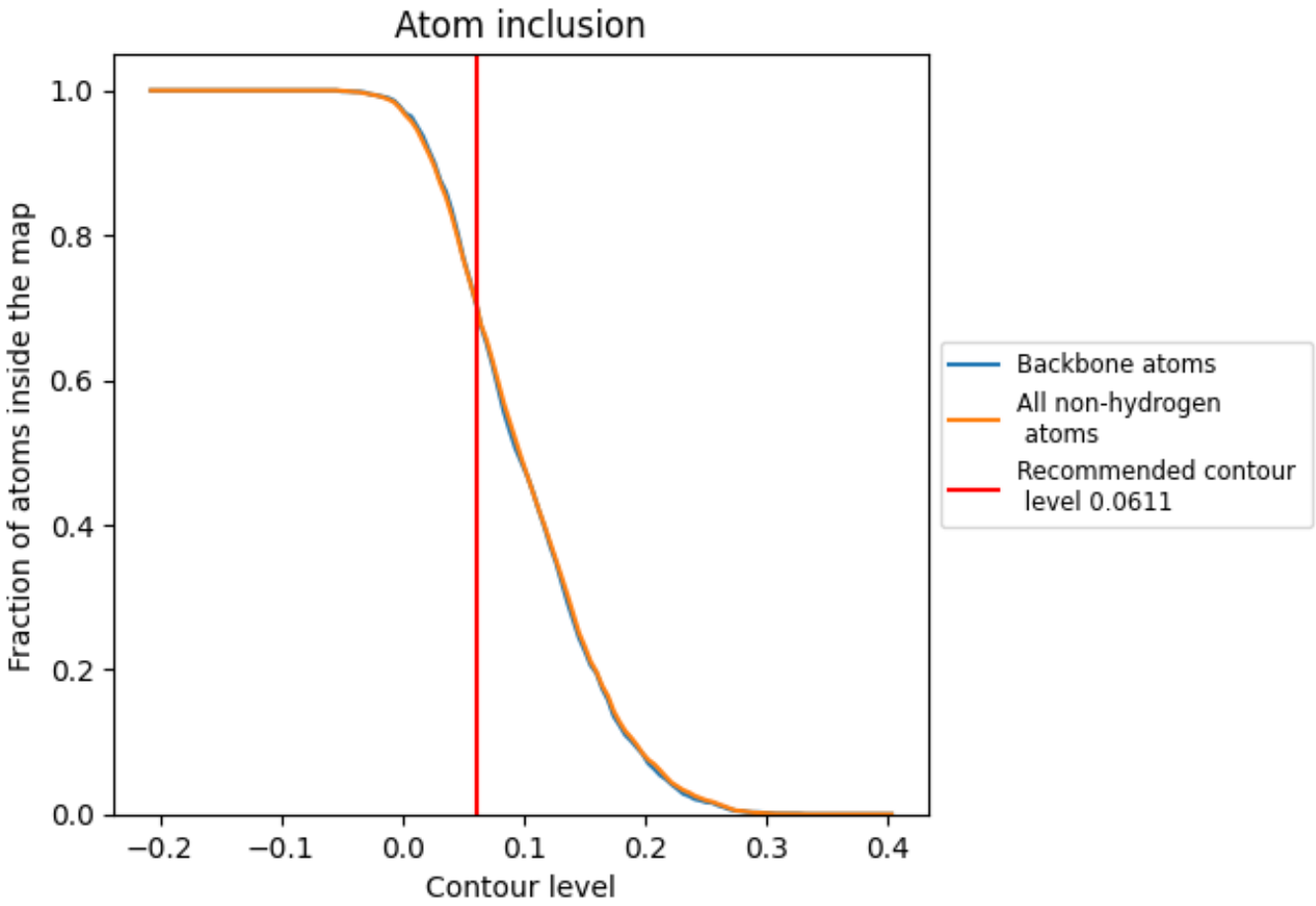
9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model (i)



X Y Z

The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.0611).

9.4 Atom inclusion (i)



At the recommended contour level, 70% of all backbone atoms, 70% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary (i)

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.0611) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.7048	0.4220
A	0.6978	0.4190
X	0.8864	0.4330
Y	0.9170	0.4820