



# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Mar 30, 2025 – 03:37 am BST

PDB ID : 9ESO / pdb\_00009eso  
Title : CDK2-cyclin A in complex with FragLite 27  
Authors : Hope, I.; Martin, M.P.; Waring, M.J.; Noble, M.E.M.; Endicott, J.A.; Tatum, N.J.  
Deposited on : 2024-03-26  
Resolution : 2.40 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Mogul : ?? (???), CSD ??CSD?? (????)  
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13  
EDS : 3.0  
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)  
Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)  
CCP4 : 9.0.003 (Gargrove)  
Density-Fitness : 1.0.11  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.42

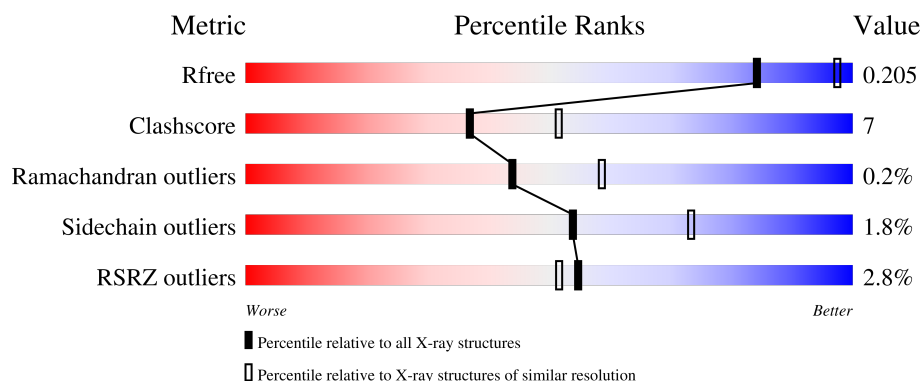
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.40 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	164625	4642 (2.40-2.40)
Clashscore	180529	5218 (2.40-2.40)
Ramachandran outliers	177936	5158 (2.40-2.40)
Sidechain outliers	177891	5159 (2.40-2.40)
RSRZ outliers	164620	4642 (2.40-2.40)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	302	<div> <div>5%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>79%</div> <div>19%</div> <div>.</div> </div> </div>
1	C	302	<div> <div>3%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>80%</div> <div>18%</div> <div>.</div> </div> </div>
2	B	268	<div> <div></div> <div> <div></div> <div>90%</div> <div>7%</div> <div>.</div> </div> </div>
2	D	268	<div> <div>2%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>84%</div> <div>13%</div> <div>..</div> </div> </div>

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard

residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
3	W3A	A	301[B]	-	-	X	-
3	W3A	C	303	-	-	X	-

## 2 Entry composition

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 9475 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Cyclin-dependent kinase 2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	302	Total	C	N	O	P	S	0	4	0
			2455	1588	419	439	1	8			
1	C	297	Total	C	N	O	P	S	0	0	0
			2388	1550	404	425	1	8			

There are 8 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	-3	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P24941
A	-2	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP P24941
A	-1	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P24941
A	0	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P24941
C	-3	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P24941
C	-2	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP P24941
C	-1	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P24941
C	0	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P24941

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Cyclin-A2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	B	262	Total	C	N	O	S	0	3	0
			2133	1378	347	397	11			
2	D	262	Total	C	N	O	S	0	2	0
			2127	1375	346	396	10			

There are 14 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

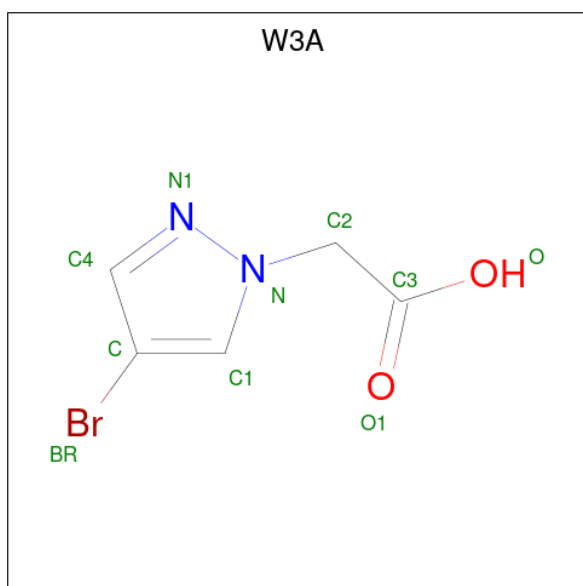
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
B	171	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P30274
B	433	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P30274
B	434	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P30274
B	435	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P30274

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Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
B	436	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P30274
B	437	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P30274
B	438	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P30274
D	171	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P30274
D	433	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P30274
D	434	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P30274
D	435	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P30274
D	436	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P30274
D	437	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P30274
D	438	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P30274

- Molecule 3 is (4-bromo-1H-pyrazol-1-yl)acetic acid (CCD ID: W3A) (formula: C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>5</sub>BrN<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total	Br	C	N	O	0	1
			20	2	10	4	4		
3	B	1	Total	Br	C	N	O	0	1
			20	2	10	4	4		
3	B	1	Total	Br	C	N	O	0	0
			10	1	5	2	2		
3	C	1	Total	Br	C	N	O	0	0
			10	1	5	2	2		
3	C	1	Total	Br	C	N	O	0	0
			10	1	5	2	2		

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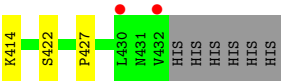
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Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	D	1	Total	Br	C	N	O	0	0
			10	1	5	2	2		

- Molecule 4 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	96	Total	O	0	0
			96	96		
4	B	87	Total	O	0	0
			87	87		
4	C	51	Total	O	0	0
			51	51		
4	D	48	Total	O	0	0
			48	48		





## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	74.09Å 134.01Å 147.98Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	74.10 – 2.40 74.10 – 2.40	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	92.9 (74.10-2.40) 92.8 (74.10-2.40)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.19	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	0.86 (at 2.40Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0425	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.218 , 0.221 0.203 , 0.205	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	2834 reflections (5.11%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	65.5	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.259	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.35 , 42.0	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.50$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.34$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	9475	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	64.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.11% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

## 5 Model quality

### 5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: TPO, W3A

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$
1	A	0.49	0/2506	0.87	0/3400
1	C	0.45	1/2438 (0.0%)	0.83	0/3308
2	B	0.44	0/2183	0.82	0/2968
2	D	0.43	0/2177	0.79	0/2960
All	All	0.45	1/9304 (0.0%)	0.83	0/12636

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	6
1	C	0	2
2	B	0	1
2	D	0	3
All	All	0	12

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	C	41	THR	C-N	5.33	1.46	1.34

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 12 planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	122	ARG	Sidechain

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	150	ARG	Sidechain
1	A	200	ARG	Sidechain
1	A	245	ARG	Sidechain
1	A	36	ARG	Sidechain

## 5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2455	0	2487	55	0
1	C	2388	0	2430	49	0
2	B	2133	0	2140	14	0
2	D	2127	0	2136	18	0
3	A	20	0	0	7	0
3	B	30	0	0	2	0
3	C	30	0	0	10	0
3	D	10	0	0	1	0
4	A	96	0	0	2	0
4	B	87	0	0	4	0
4	C	51	0	0	2	0
4	D	48	0	0	1	0
All	All	9475	0	9193	129	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 7.

The worst 5 of 129 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:73:GLU:OE2	1:C:2:GLU:HB2	1.59	1.02
1:C:19:TYR:CE2	3:C:303:W3A:C4	2.59	0.85
2:B:379:LYS:HD2	4:B:842:HOH:O	1.78	0.83
1:C:6:LYS:HB2	3:C:301:W3A:BR	2.32	0.83
1:C:17:VAL:HG21	1:C:19:TYR:CZ	2.13	0.83

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

### 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	303/302 (100%)	291 (96%)	11 (4%)	1 (0%)	37	51
1	C	294/302 (97%)	282 (96%)	11 (4%)	1 (0%)	37	51
2	B	263/268 (98%)	261 (99%)	2 (1%)	0	100	100
2	D	262/268 (98%)	256 (98%)	6 (2%)	0	100	100
All	All	1122/1140 (98%)	1090 (97%)	30 (3%)	2 (0%)	44	59

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	164	VAL
1	C	164	VAL

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	268/264 (102%)	260 (97%)	8 (3%)	36	57
1	C	261/264 (99%)	256 (98%)	5 (2%)	52	72
2	B	237/240 (99%)	236 (100%)	1 (0%)	89	95
2	D	236/240 (98%)	232 (98%)	4 (2%)	56	75
All	All	1002/1008 (99%)	984 (98%)	18 (2%)	54	73

5 of 18 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	D	177	ASP
2	D	346	PRO
2	D	250	ARG
2	B	199	TYR
1	C	296	LEU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 14 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	C	246	GLN
1	C	265	GLN
2	D	425	ASN
2	D	317	GLN
2	D	395	HIS

### 5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

2 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry ⓘ

9 ligands are modelled in this entry.

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

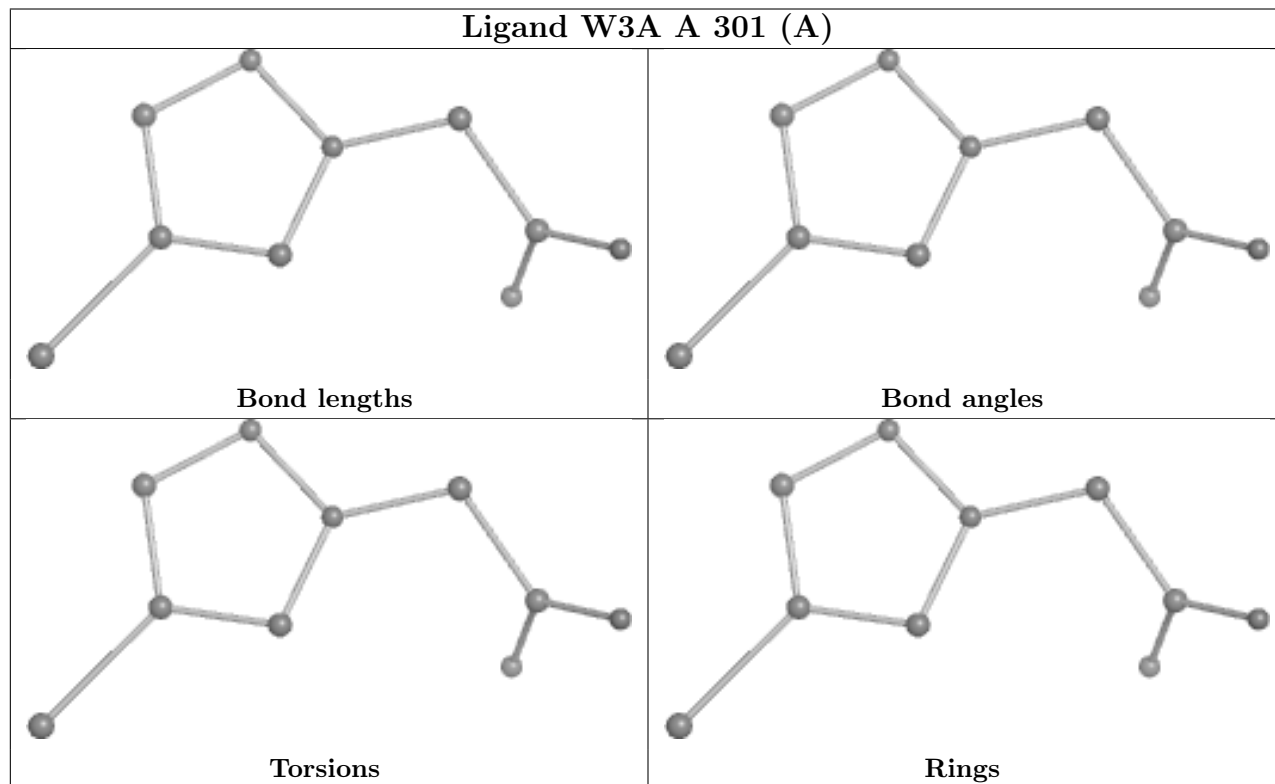
There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

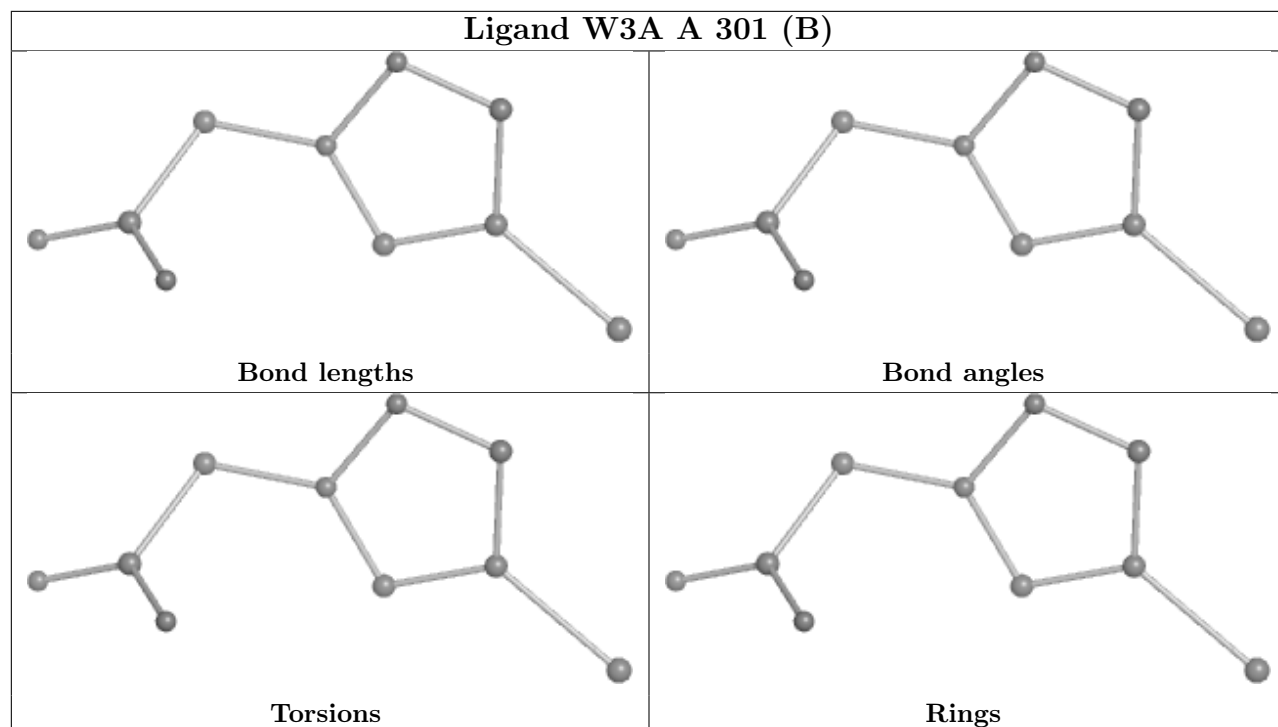
There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

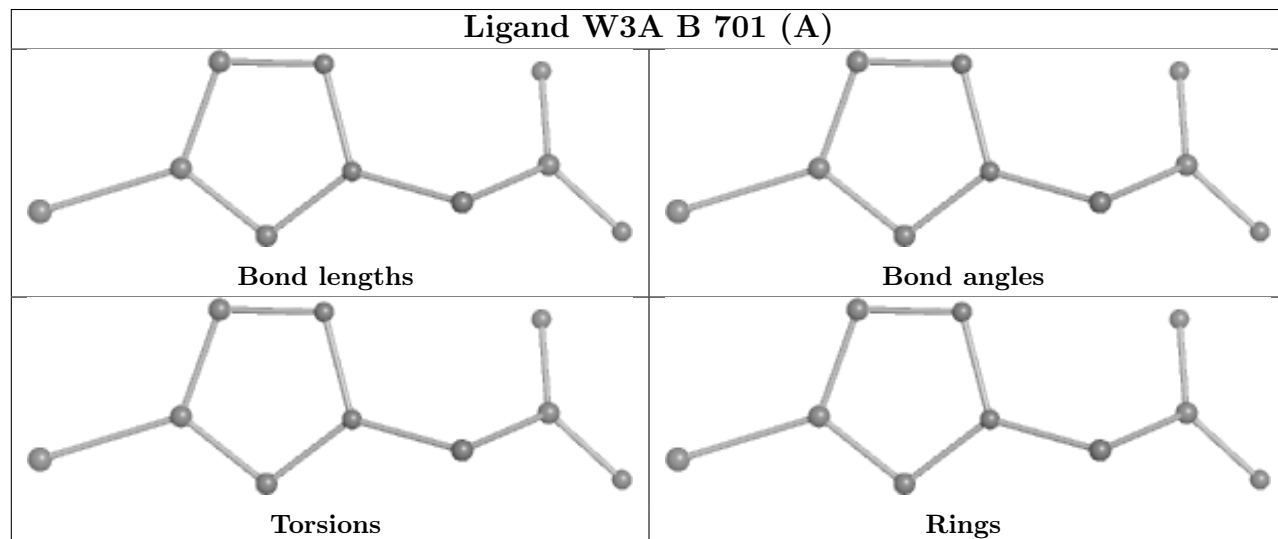
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

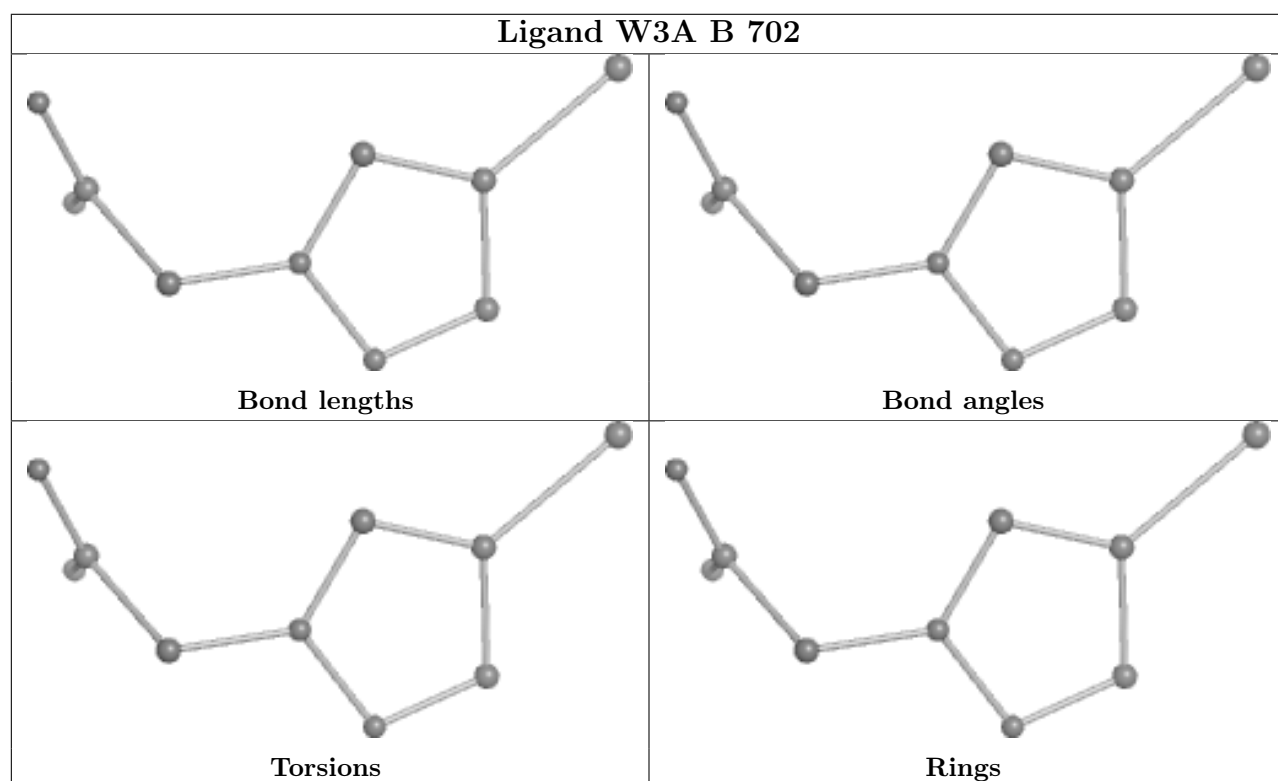
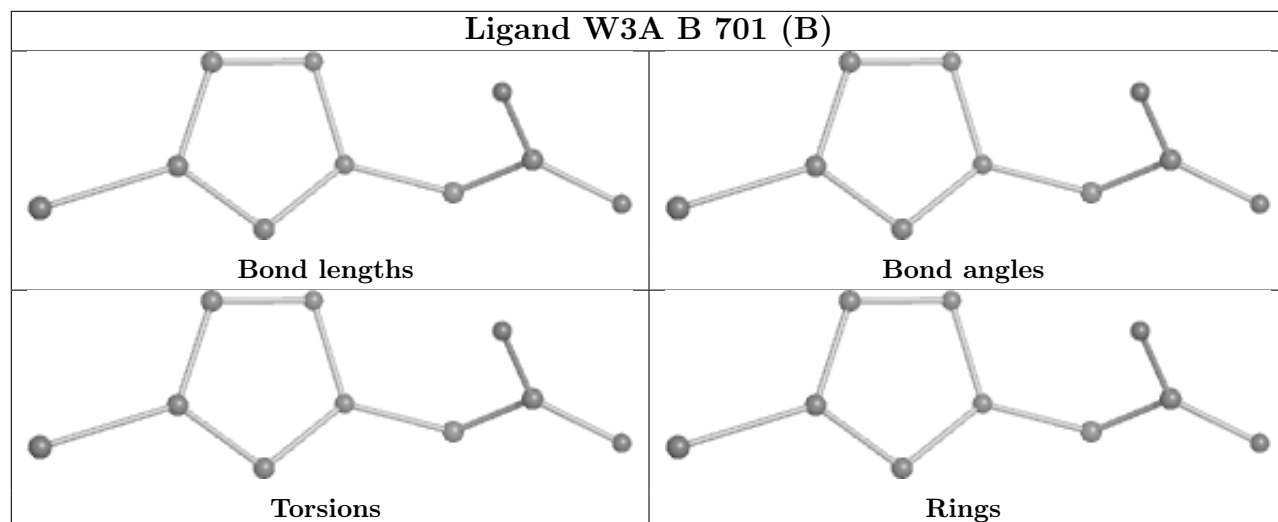


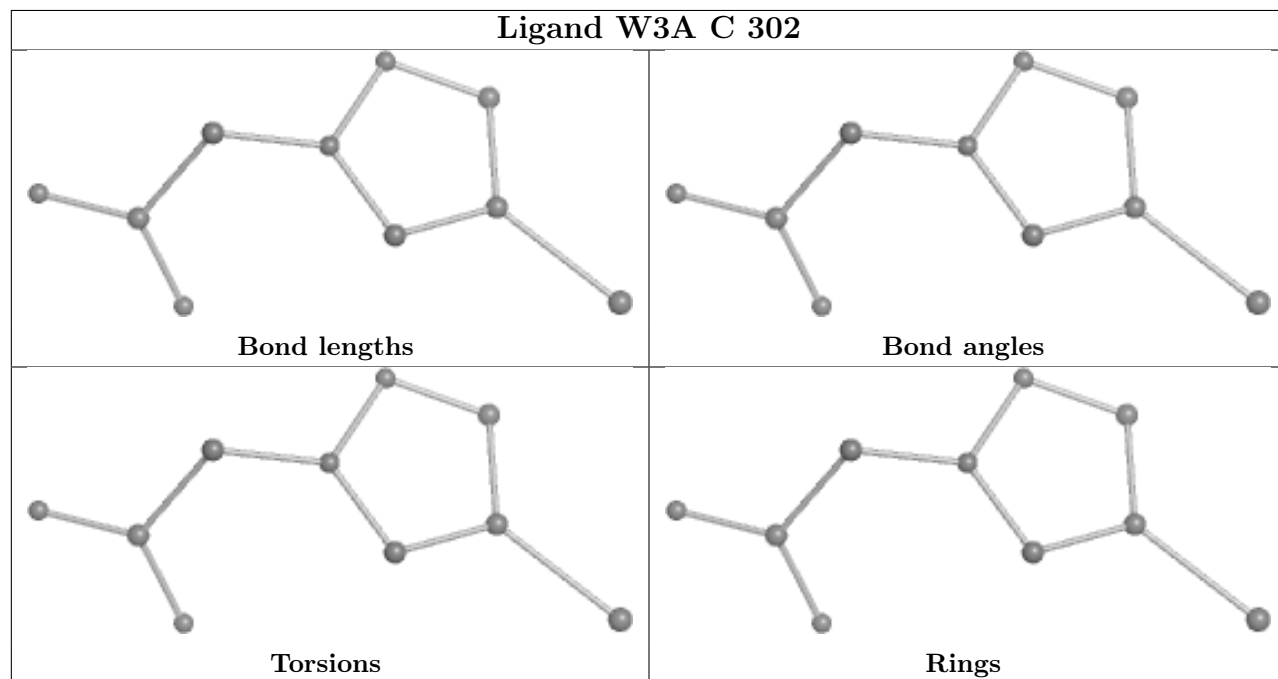
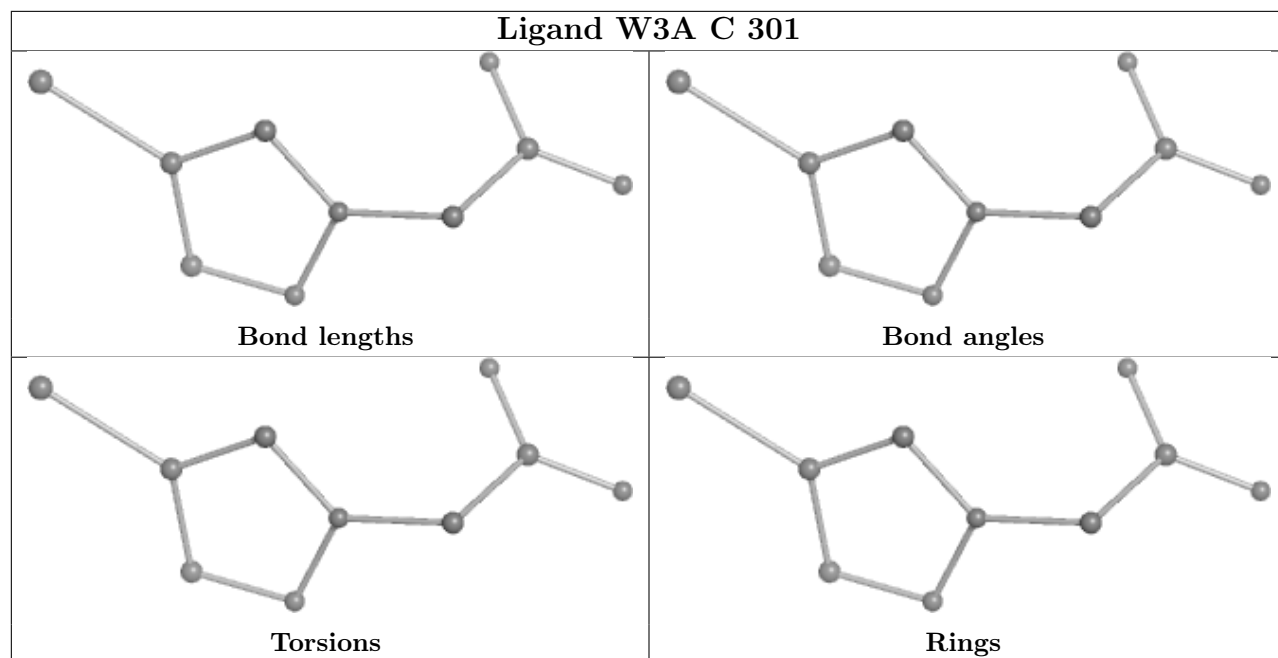
## Ligand W3A A 301 (B)

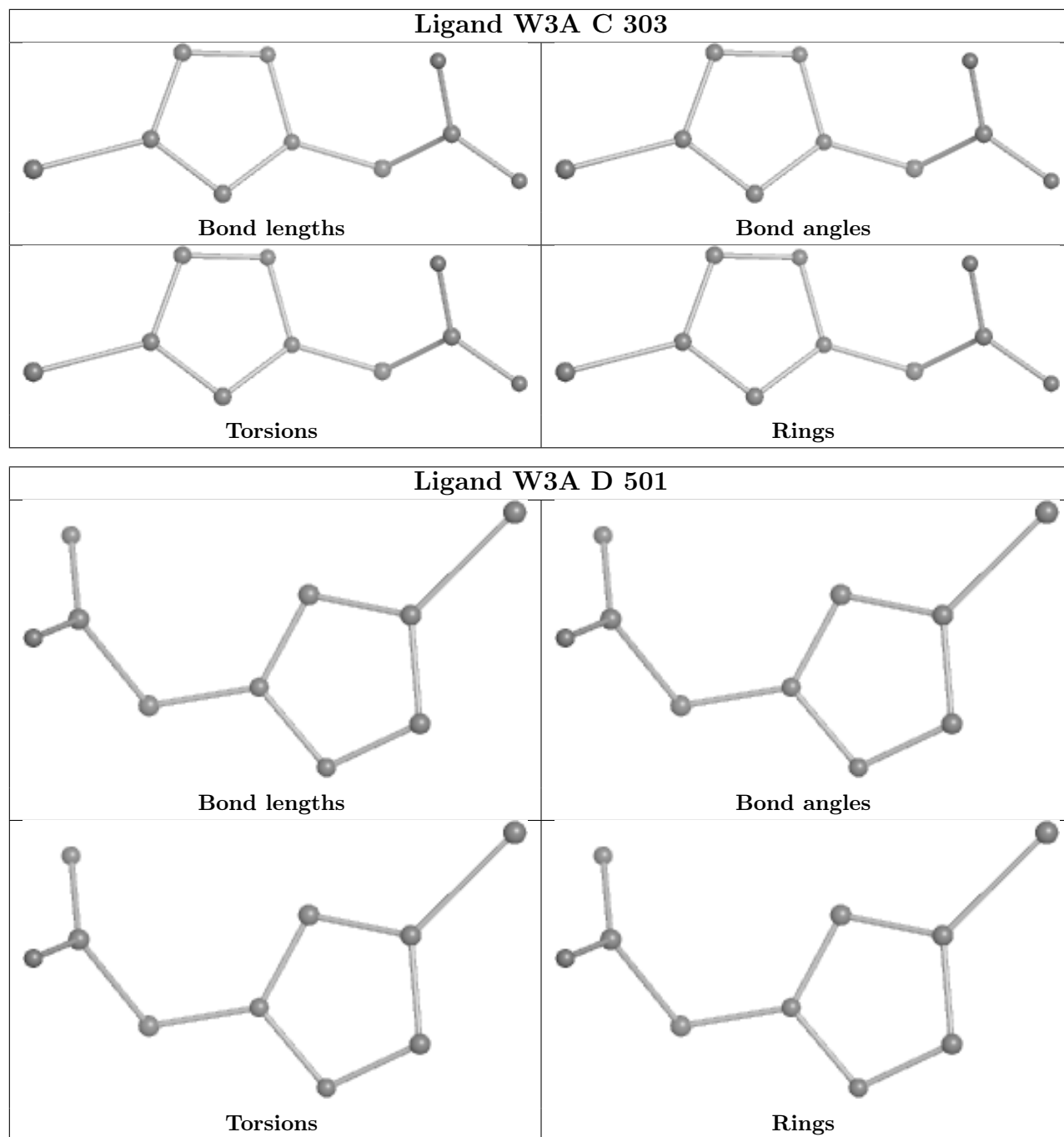


## Ligand W3A B 701 (A)









## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ > 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q < 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	301/302 (99%)	0.06	16 (5%) 33 30	25, 51, 106, 157	4 (1%)
1	C	296/302 (98%)	0.14	9 (3%) 52 49	45, 64, 97, 133	0
2	B	262/268 (97%)	-0.21	1 (0%) 89 87	24, 55, 82, 118	3 (1%)
2	D	262/268 (97%)	0.25	5 (1%) 66 62	27, 66, 103, 139	2 (0%)
All	All	1121/1140 (98%)	0.06	31 (2%) 55 51	24, 59, 101, 157	9 (0%)

The worst 5 of 31 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
2	D	432	VAL	6.2
1	C	296	LEU	6.0
1	A	296	LEU	4.5
1	A	96	LEU	4.1
1	A	291	LYS	4.0

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled ‘Q < 0.9’ lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	TPO	A	160	11/12	0.97	0.06	42,46,50,50	0
1	TPO	C	160	11/12	0.97	0.06	51,58,62,62	0

### 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

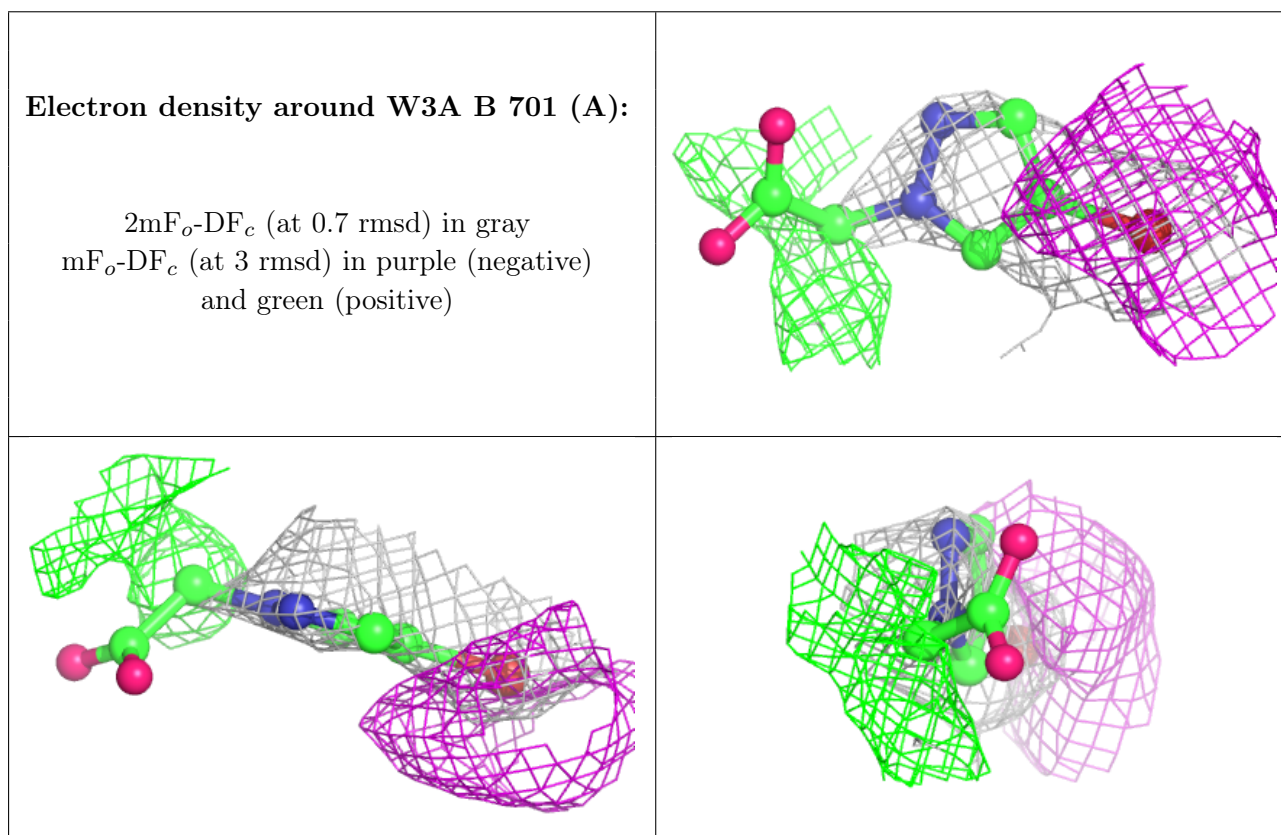
There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 6.4 Ligands ⓘ

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q<0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

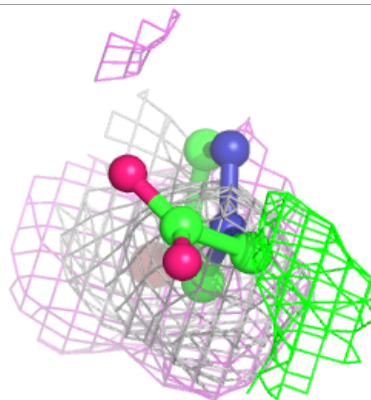
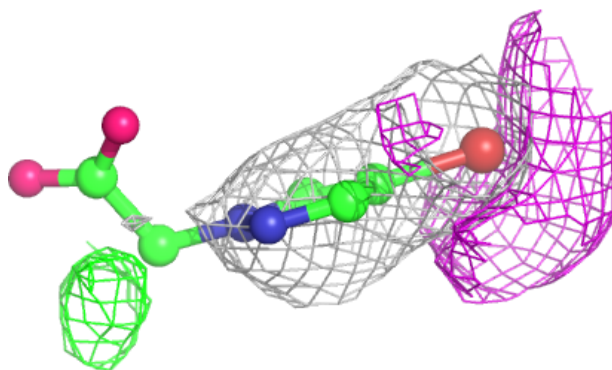
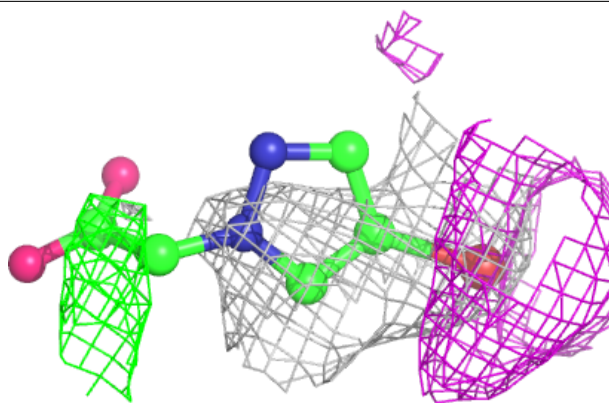
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
3	W3A	B	701[A]	10/10	0.63	0.37	87,105,118,150	10
3	W3A	B	701[B]	10/10	0.63	0.37	92,97,106,148	10
3	W3A	C	301	10/10	0.69	0.20	155,160,166,171	0
3	W3A	C	303	10/10	0.72	0.16	146,172,189,194	0
3	W3A	A	301[A]	10/10	0.74	0.31	123,129,137,138	10
3	W3A	A	301[B]	10/10	0.74	0.31	101,106,119,119	10
3	W3A	D	501	10/10	0.76	0.23	121,145,160,172	0
3	W3A	C	302	10/10	0.81	0.18	86,106,117,135	0
3	W3A	B	702	10/10	0.90	0.14	102,107,117,121	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

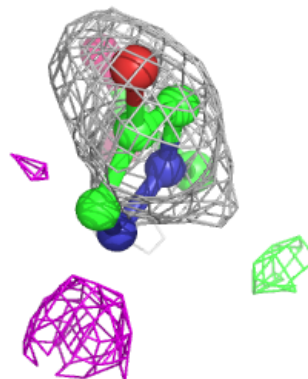
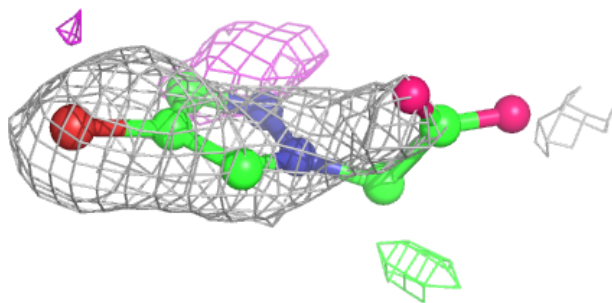
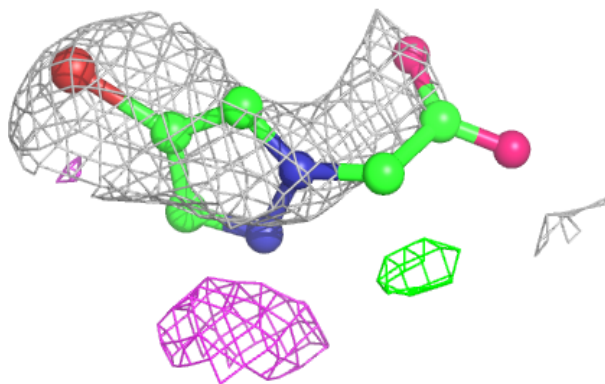


**Electron density around W3A B 701 (B):**

$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)

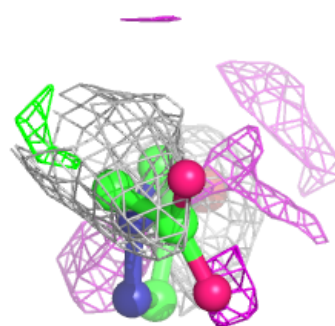
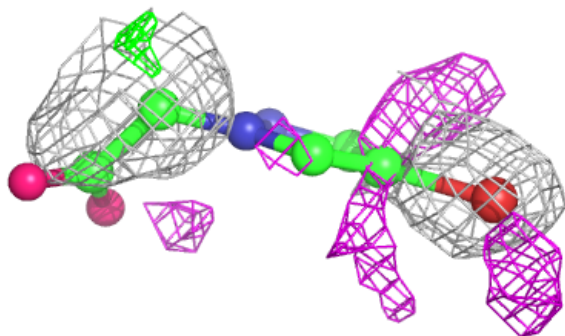
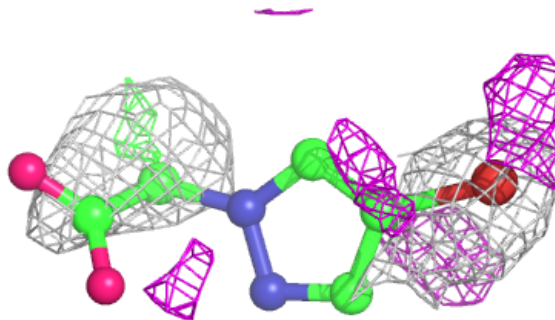
**Electron density around W3A C 301:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)



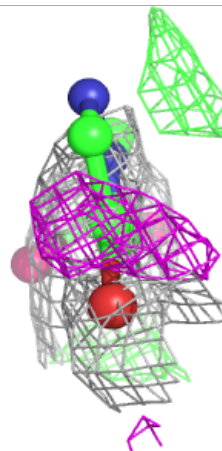
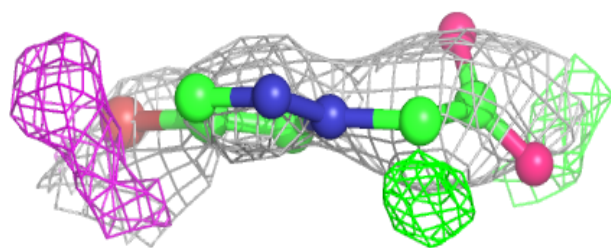
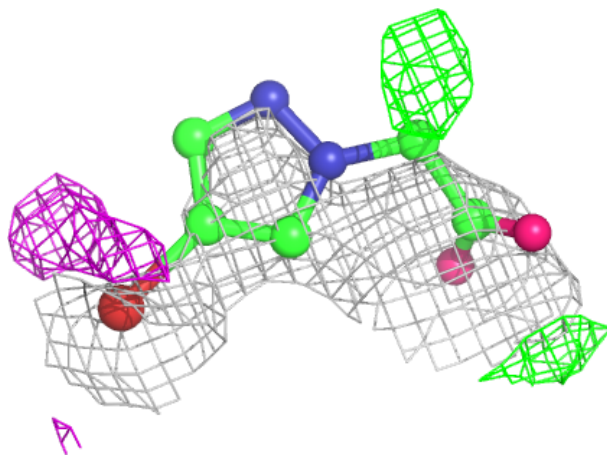
**Electron density around W3A C 303:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)



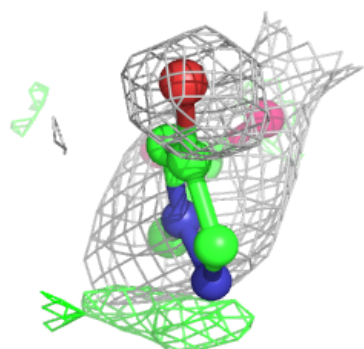
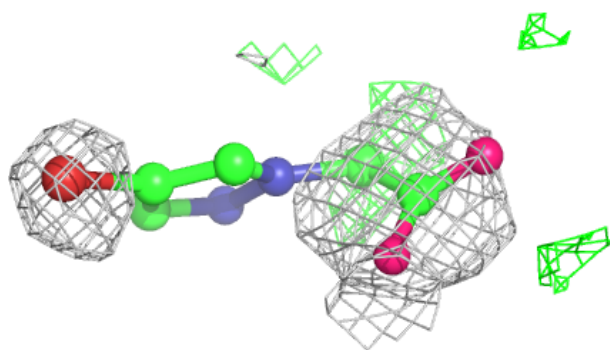
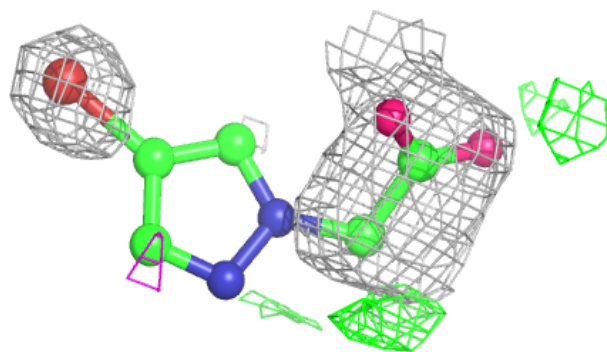
**Electron density around W3A A 301 (A):**

$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)

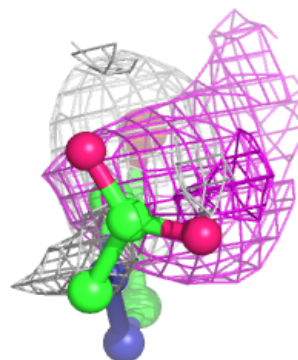
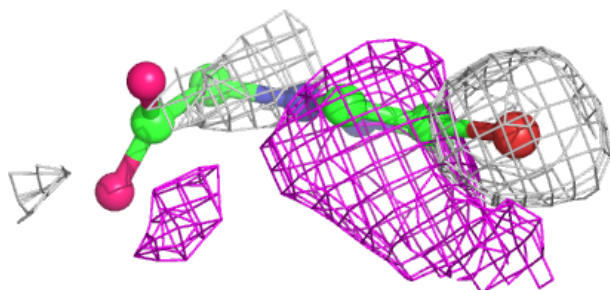
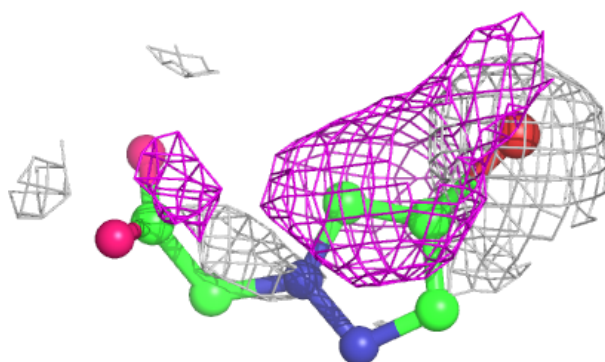


**Electron density around W3A A 301 (B):**

$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)

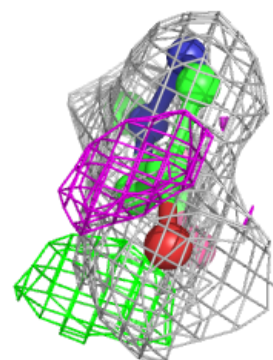
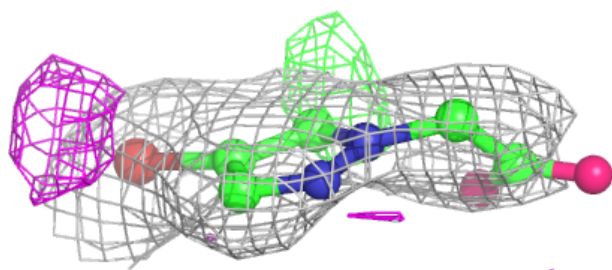
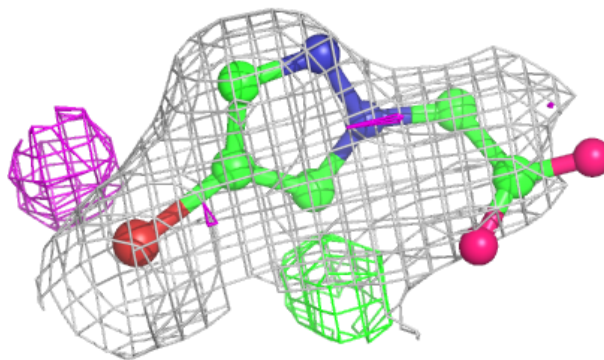
**Electron density around W3A D 501:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)

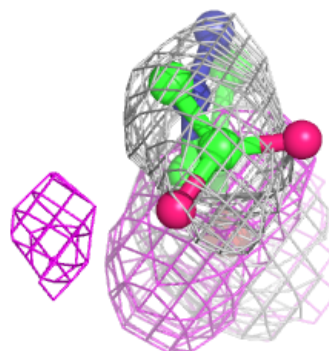
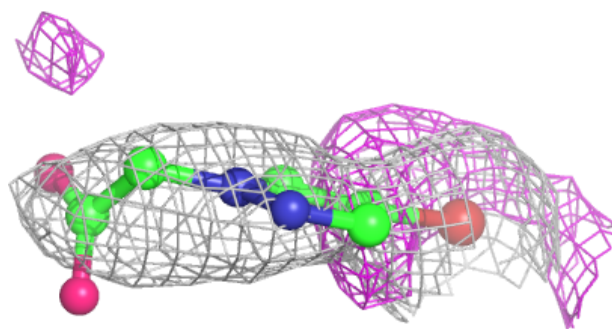
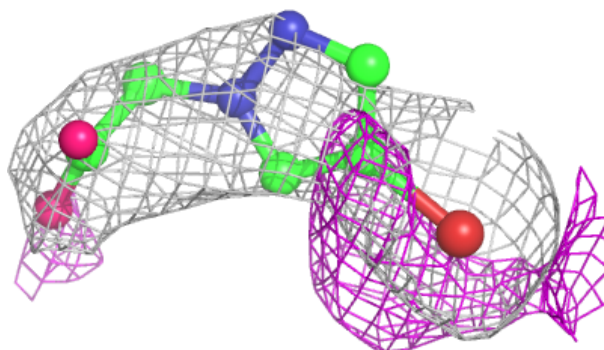


**Electron density around W3A C 302:**

$2mF_o - DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o - DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)

**Electron density around W3A B 702:**

$2mF_o - DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o - DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)



## 6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.