wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Nov 28, 2023 – 07:27 pm GMT

PDB ID	:	1E03
Title	:	PLASMA ALPHA ANTITHROMBIN-III AND PENTASACCHARIDE
Authors	:	McCoy, A.J.; Jin, L.; Abrahams, J.-P.; Skinner, R.; Carrell, R.W.
Deposited on	:	2000-03-09
Resolution	:	2.90 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at
http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

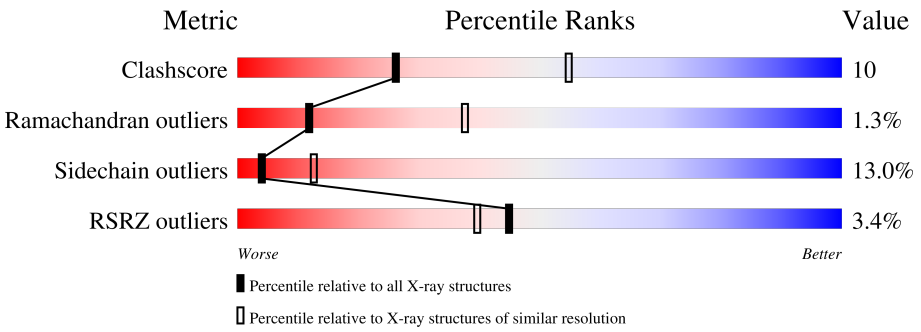
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
EDS	:	2.36
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.36

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.90 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	141614	2172 (2.90-2.90)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	2115 (2.90-2.90)
Sidechain outliers	138945	2117 (2.90-2.90)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1906 (2.90-2.90)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	I	432	3%, 62%, 30%, 5% •
1	L	432	3%, 70%, 24% • • •
2	A	2	100%
3	B	3	33%, 67%
3	C	3	67%, 33%
3	D	3	33%, 67%
4	E	5	80%, 20%

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
4	F	5	40% 60%

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
2	NAG	A	2	X	-	-	X
3	BMA	B	3	-	-	-	X
3	BMA	C	3	-	-	-	X
3	NAG	D	2	-	-	-	X
3	BMA	D	3	-	-	-	X
4	GU1	E	4	-	-	X	-
5	NAG	I	821	-	-	-	X
5	NAG	L	801	-	-	-	X

2 Entry composition (i)

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 7001 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

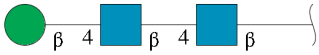
- Molecule 1 is a protein called ANTITHROMBIN-III.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	I	418	3279	2090	546	626	17	0	0	0
1	L	423	3335	2122	560	635	18	0	0	0

- Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O			
2	A	2	28	16	2	10	0	0	0

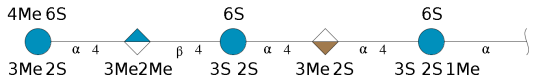
- Molecule 3 is an oligosaccharide called beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O			
3	B	3	39	22	2	15	0	0	0
3	C	3	39	22	2	15	0	0	0
3	D	3	39	22	2	15	0	0	0

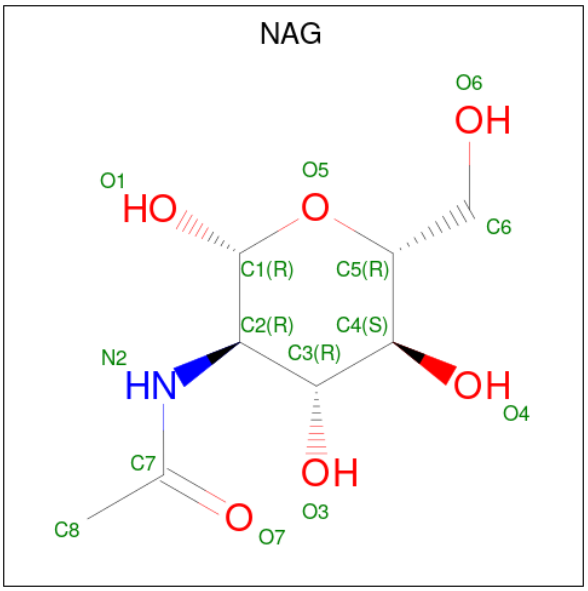
- Molecule 4 is an oligosaccharide called 3,4-di-O-methyl-2,6-di-O-sulfo-alpha-D-glucopyranos

e-(1-4)-2,3-di-O-methyl-beta-D-glucopyranuronic acid-(1-4)-2,3,6-tri-O-sulfo-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-3-O-methyl-2-O-sulfo-alpha-L-idopyranuronic acid-(1-4)-methyl 2,3,6-tri-O-sulfo-alpha-D-glucopyranoside.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	O	S			
4	E	5	100	36	55	9	0	0	0
			Total	C	O	S			
4	F	5	100	36	55	9	0	0	0

- Molecule 5 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula: $C_8H_{15}NO_6$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	C	N	O		
5	I	1	14	8	1	5	0	0
			Total	C	N	O		
5	L	1	14	8	1	5	0	0

- Molecule 6 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	O		
6	I	6	6	6	0	0

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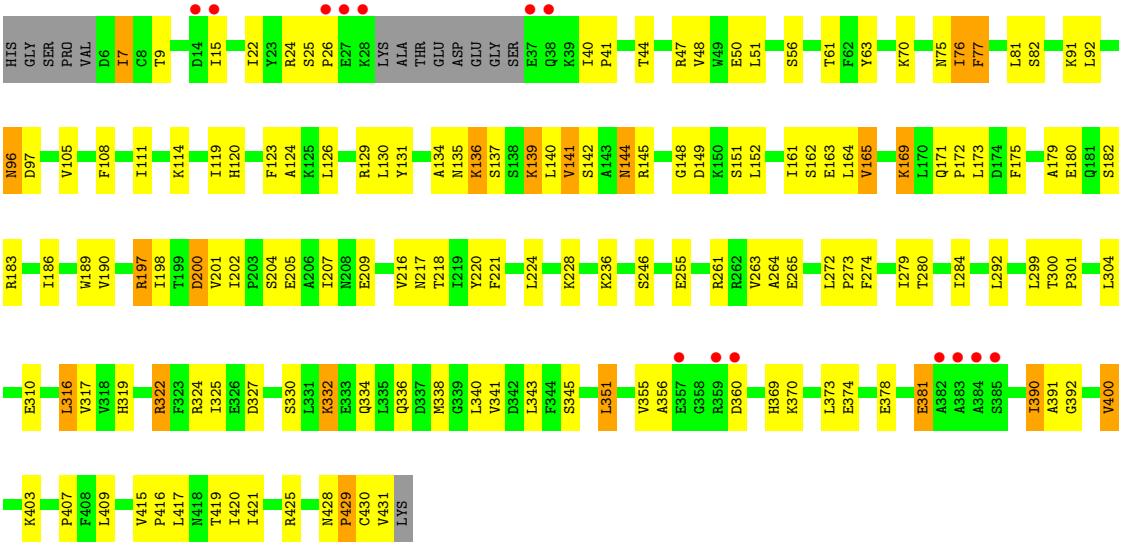
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	O		
6	L	8	8	8	0	0

3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

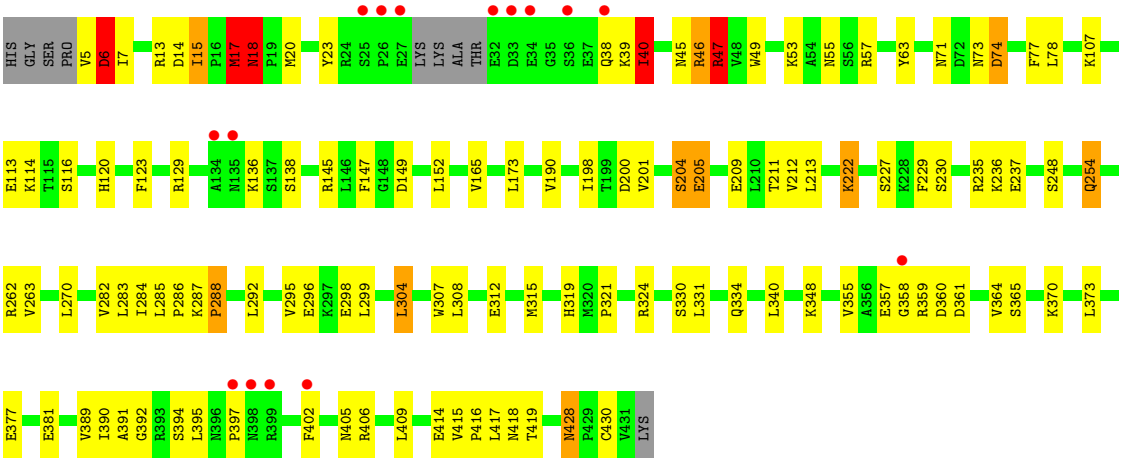
- Molecule 1: ANTITHROMBIN-III

Chain I:



- Molecule 1: ANTITHROMBIN-III

Chain L:



• Molecule 2: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain A: 100%

NAG1 NAG2

• Molecule 3: beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain B: 33% 67%

NAG1 NAG2 BMA3

• Molecule 3: beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain C: 67% 33%

NAG1 NAG2 BMA3

• Molecule 3: beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain D: 33% 67%

NAG1 NAG2 BMA3

• Molecule 4: 3,4-di-O-methyl-2,6-di-O-sulfo-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2,3-di-O-methyl-beta-D-glucopyranuronic acid-(1-4)-2,3,6-tri-O-sulfo-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-3-O-methyl-2-O-sulfo-alpha-L-idopyranuronic acid-(1-4)-methyl 2,3,6-tri-O-sulfo-alpha-D-glucopyranoside

Chain E: 80% 20%

Z9L1 Z9K2 GU63 GU14 Z9H5

• Molecule 4: 3,4-di-O-methyl-2,6-di-O-sulfo-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2,3-di-O-methyl-beta-D-glucopyranuronic acid-(1-4)-2,3,6-tri-O-sulfo-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-3-O-methyl-2-O-sulfo-alpha-L-idopyranuronic acid-(1-4)-methyl 2,3,6-tri-O-sulfo-alpha-D-glucopyranoside

Chain F: 40% 60%

Z9L1 Z9K2 GU63 GU14 Z9H5

4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α, β, γ	70.51Å 87.07Å 97.35Å 90.00° 108.88° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	20.00 – 2.90 19.94 – 2.90	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	94.2 (20.00-2.90) 94.6 (19.94-2.90)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.12	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) >$ [1]	3.87 (at 2.88Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.199 , 0.252 0.201 , (Not available)	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	No test flags present.	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å^2)	45.6	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.353	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)	0.31 , 64.8	EDS
L-test for twinning[2]	$< \|L\| > = 0.48$, $< L^2 > = 0.31$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.023 for h,-k,-h-l	Xtriage
F_o,F_c correlation	0.93	EDS
Total number of atoms	7001	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å^2)	44.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 5.65% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

[1]Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

[2]Theoretical values of $< |L| >$, $< L^2 >$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: Z9H, GU6, BMA, Z9K, GU1, Z9L, NAG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\#\|Z\|>5$	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\|>5$
1	I	0.46	0/3345	1.00	2/4531 (0.0%)
1	L	0.47	0/3401	1.04	6/4601 (0.1%)
All	All	0.47	0/6746	1.02	8/9132 (0.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand.A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	L	0	1

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 8 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
1	L	47	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	8.64	124.62	120.30
1	L	47	ARG	CD-NE-CZ	7.05	133.47	123.60
1	I	200	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	6.14	123.83	118.30
1	L	200	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	6.14	123.82	118.30
1	L	222	LYS	N-CA-CB	5.57	120.63	110.60

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	L	6	ASP	Mainchain

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	I	3279	0	3200	76	0
1	L	3335	0	3278	57	0
2	A	28	0	25	0	0
3	B	39	0	34	1	0
3	C	39	0	34	2	0
3	D	39	0	34	1	0
4	E	100	0	16	6	0
4	F	100	0	16	6	0
5	I	14	0	13	1	0
5	L	14	0	13	0	0
6	I	6	0	0	0	0
6	L	8	0	0	1	0
All	All	7001	0	6663	142	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 10.

The worst 5 of 142 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
4:F:5:Z9H:O9	4:F:5:Z9H:C8	1.90	1.17
4:F:4:GU1:H82	4:F:5:Z9H:C1	1.85	1.07
4:F:5:Z9H:C8	4:F:5:Z9H:S2	2.64	0.85
1:L:20:MET:HE2	3:C:1:NAG:H4	1.62	0.82
4:E:4:GU1:C8	4:E:4:GU1:O2	2.31	0.79

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	I	414/432 (96%)	371 (90%)	36 (9%)	7 (2%)	9	31
1	L	419/432 (97%)	376 (90%)	39 (9%)	4 (1%)	15	45
All	All	833/864 (96%)	747 (90%)	75 (9%)	11 (1%)	12	37

5 of 11 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	I	136	LYS
1	I	179	ALA
1	I	356	ALA
1	L	357	GLU
1	L	358	GLY

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	I	356/383 (93%)	309 (87%)	47 (13%)	4	12
1	L	365/383 (95%)	318 (87%)	47 (13%)	4	13
All	All	721/766 (94%)	627 (87%)	94 (13%)	4	12

5 of 94 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	L	78	LEU
1	L	236	LYS
1	L	116	SER
1	L	205	GLU
1	L	262	ARG

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (5) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	I	120	HIS
1	I	428	ASN
1	L	118	GLN
1	L	120	HIS
1	L	428	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

21 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$
2	NAG	A	1	2,1	14,14,15	1.67	2 (14%)	17,19,21	3.69	4 (23%)
2	NAG	A	2	2	14,14,15	1.63	3 (21%)	17,19,21	1.60	3 (17%)
3	NAG	B	1	3,1	14,14,15	1.26	1 (7%)	17,19,21	0.80	0
3	NAG	B	2	3	14,14,15	1.36	1 (7%)	17,19,21	1.52	3 (17%)
3	BMA	B	3	3	11,11,12	1.04	1 (9%)	15,15,17	0.94	0
3	NAG	C	1	3,1	14,14,15	1.28	1 (7%)	17,19,21	0.96	1 (5%)
3	NAG	C	2	3	14,14,15	1.59	4 (28%)	17,19,21	2.80	7 (41%)
3	BMA	C	3	3	11,11,12	0.97	1 (9%)	15,15,17	1.14	2 (13%)
3	NAG	D	1	3,1	14,14,15	1.33	2 (14%)	17,19,21	1.81	5 (29%)
3	NAG	D	2	3	14,14,15	1.29	1 (7%)	17,19,21	2.19	4 (23%)
3	BMA	D	3	3	11,11,12	1.09	2 (18%)	15,15,17	1.37	1 (6%)
4	Z9L	E	1	4	25,25,25	1.04	1 (4%)	30,39,39	1.51	4 (13%)

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$
4	Z9K	E	2	4	17,17,18	1.31	2 (11%)	17,25,27	1.26	1 (5%)
4	GU6	E	3	4	23,23,24	1.47	3 (13%)	25,36,38	1.87	4 (16%)
4	GU1	E	4	4	14,14,15	1.00	1 (7%)	15,19,21	1.02	1 (6%)
4	Z9H	E	5	4	21,21,22	1.00	1 (4%)	25,31,33	1.01	1 (4%)
4	Z9L	F	1	4	25,25,25	1.11	1 (4%)	30,39,39	1.06	1 (3%)
4	Z9K	F	2	4	17,17,18	1.28	2 (11%)	17,25,27	1.16	2 (11%)
4	GU6	F	3	4	23,23,24	1.30	3 (13%)	25,36,38	0.95	0
4	GU1	F	4	4	14,14,15	1.03	2 (14%)	15,19,21	1.15	2 (13%)
4	Z9H	F	5	4	21,21,22	0.96	0	25,31,33	1.20	1 (4%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAG	A	1	2,1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	A	2	2	1/1/5/7	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	B	1	3,1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	B	2	3	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	BMA	B	3	3	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	C	1	3,1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	C	2	3	-	3/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	BMA	C	3	3	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	D	1	3,1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	D	2	3	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	BMA	D	3	3	-	1/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	Z9L	E	1	4	-	7/18/38/38	0/1/1/1
4	Z9K	E	2	4	-	0/11/28/31	0/1/1/1
4	GU6	E	3	4	-	5/16/33/36	0/1/1/1
4	GU1	E	4	4	-	2/8/25/28	0/1/1/1
4	Z9H	E	5	4	-	5/15/32/35	0/1/1/1
4	Z9L	F	1	4	-	6/18/38/38	0/1/1/1
4	Z9K	F	2	4	-	0/11/28/31	0/1/1/1
4	GU6	F	3	4	-	5/16/33/36	0/1/1/1
4	GU1	F	4	4	-	2/8/25/28	0/1/1/1
4	Z9H	F	5	4	-	7/15/32/35	0/1/1/1

The worst 5 of 35 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
4	E	3	GU6	O2-C2	-4.31	1.40	1.47
2	A	1	NAG	O5-C5	-4.15	1.35	1.43
3	C	2	NAG	O7-C7	-3.90	1.14	1.23
3	B	2	NAG	O7-C7	-3.79	1.14	1.23
3	D	2	NAG	O7-C7	-3.76	1.14	1.23

The worst 5 of 47 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
2	A	1	NAG	C1-O5-C5	12.89	129.66	112.19
4	E	3	GU6	O2-C2-C3	6.87	114.26	106.65
2	A	1	NAG	C4-C3-C2	-5.76	102.58	111.02
3	C	2	NAG	C2-N2-C7	5.37	130.54	122.90
3	D	2	NAG	C1-O5-C5	5.05	119.04	112.19

All (1) chirality outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom
2	A	2	NAG	C1

5 of 48 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	C	2	NAG	C3-C2-N2-C7
4	E	1	Z9L	C4-C5-C6-O6
4	E	1	Z9L	C2-O2-S3-O12
4	E	3	GU6	C1-C2-O2-S2
4	E	3	GU6	C6-O6-S6-O19

There are no ring outliers.

9 monomers are involved in 16 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	B	2	NAG	1	0
4	F	4	GU1	1	0
3	D	2	NAG	1	0
3	B	1	NAG	1	0
4	E	4	GU1	6	0
3	D	1	NAG	1	0
4	F	3	GU6	1	0
4	F	5	Z9H	5	0

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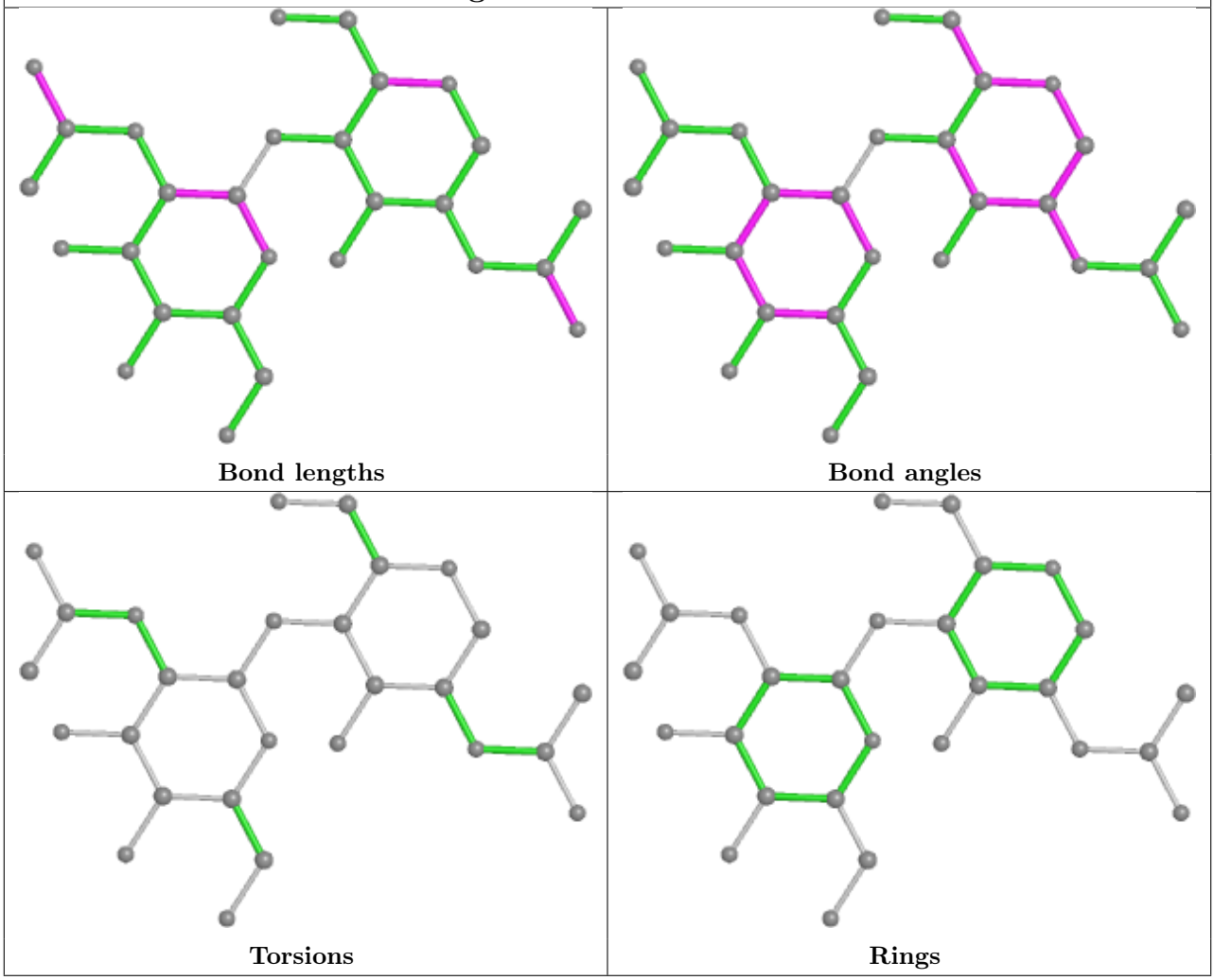
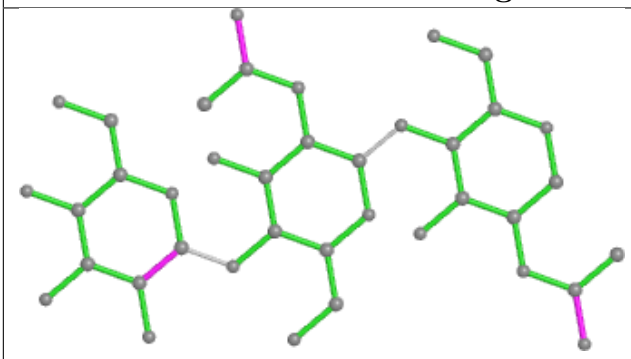
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	C	1	NAG	2	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.

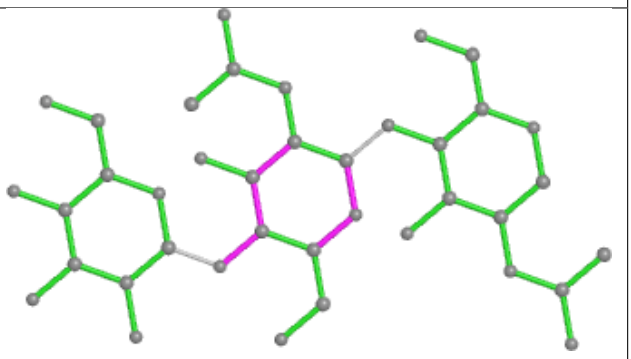
Oligosaccharide Chain A



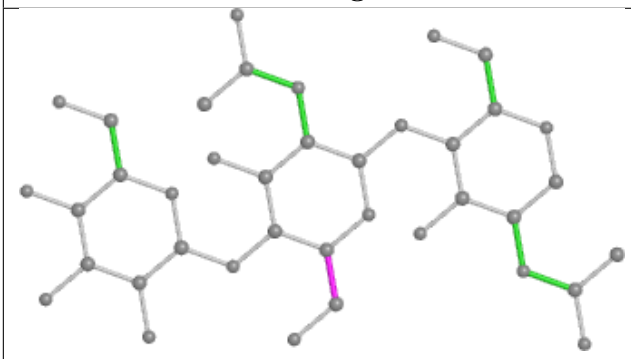
Oligosaccharide Chain B



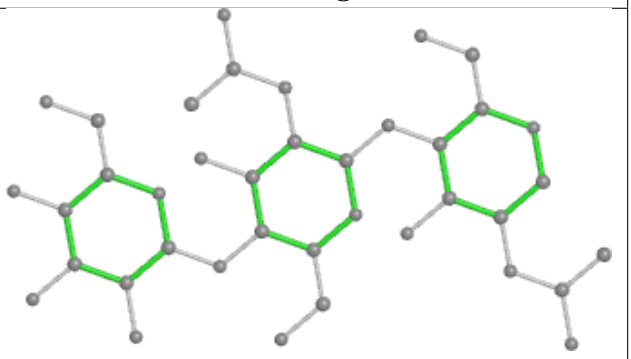
Bond lengths



Bond angles

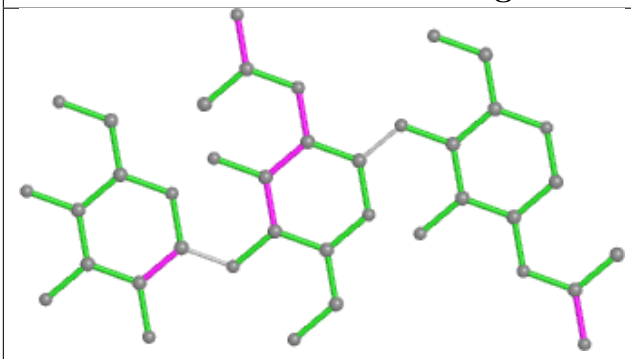


Torsions

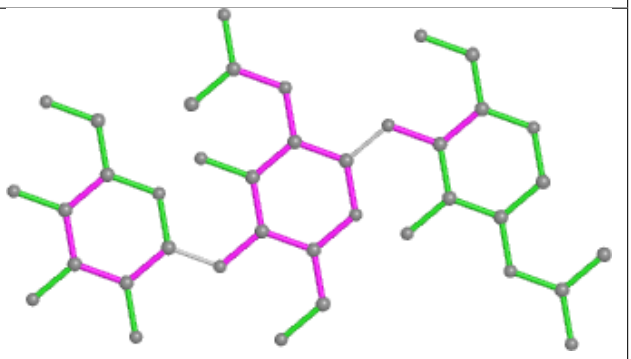


Rings

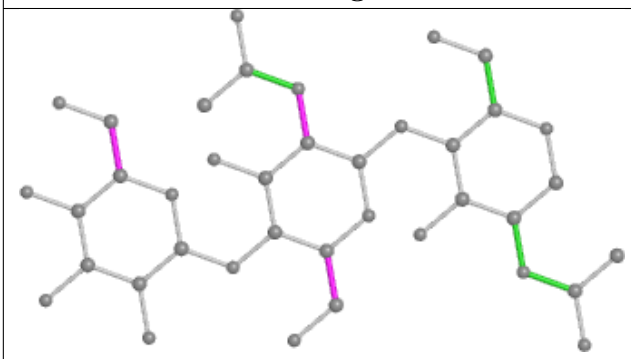
Oligosaccharide Chain C



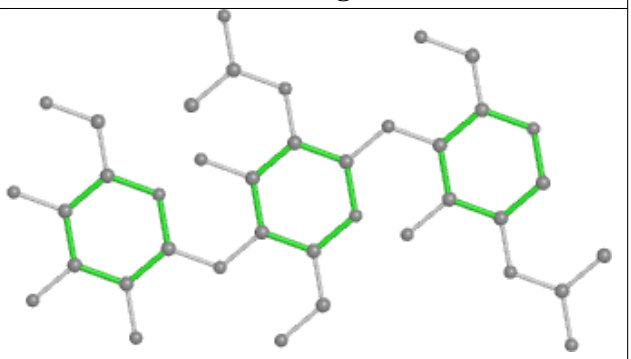
Bond lengths



Bond angles

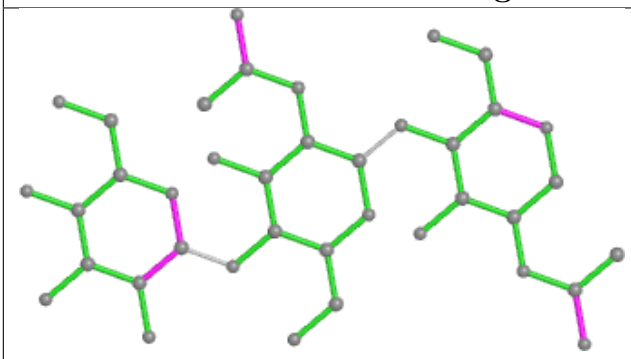


Torsions

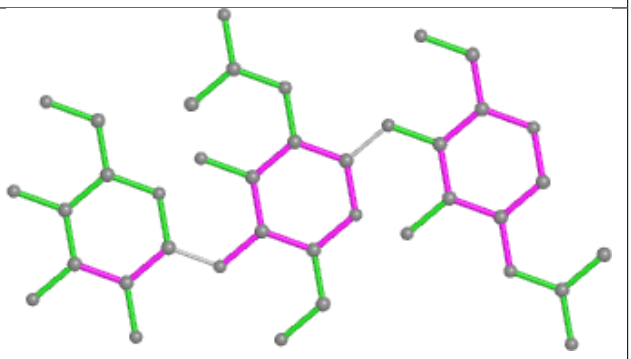


Rings

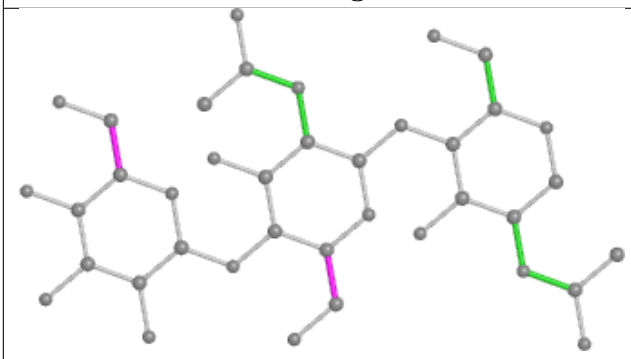
Oligosaccharide Chain D



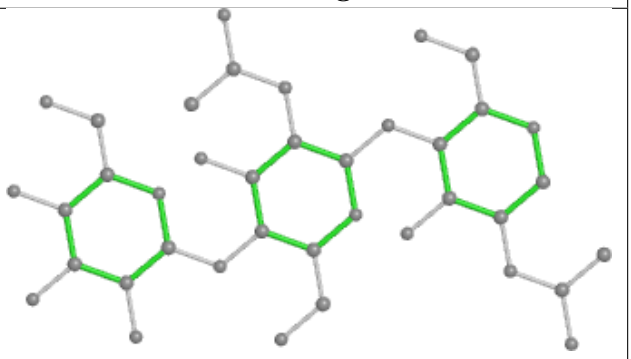
Bond lengths



Bond angles

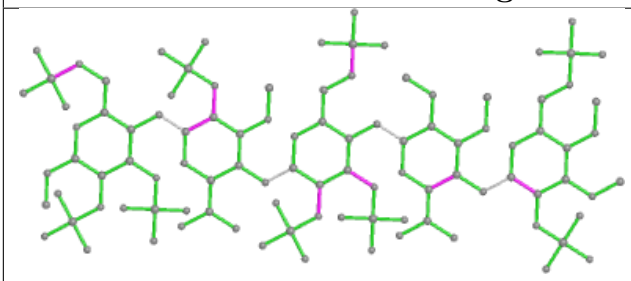


Torsions

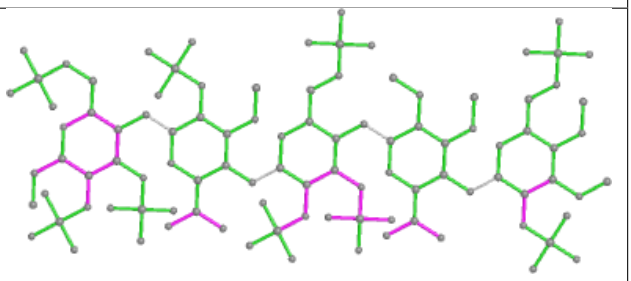


Rings

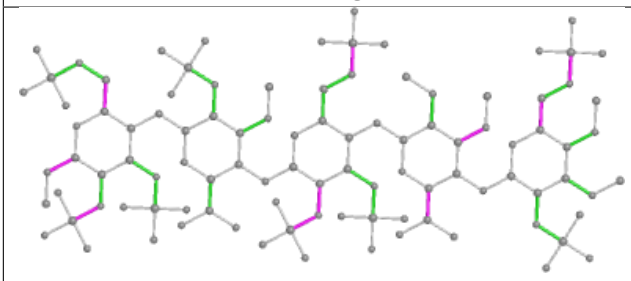
Oligosaccharide Chain E



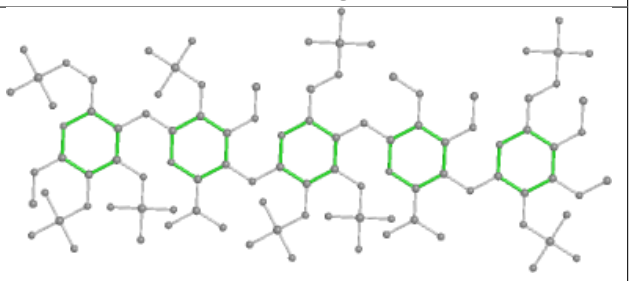
Bond lengths



Bond angles

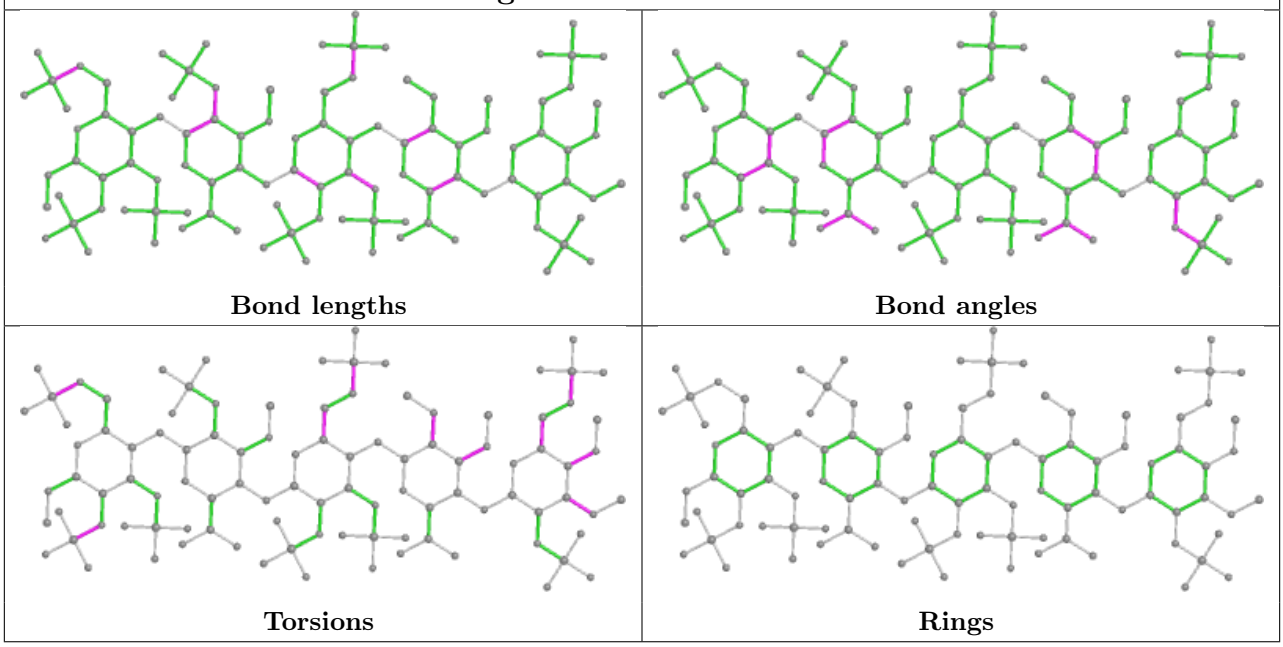


Torsions



Rings

Oligosaccharide Chain F



5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

2 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$
5	NAG	I	821	1	14,14,15	1.27	1 (7%)	17,19,21	0.89	0
5	NAG	L	801	1	14,14,15	1.35	1 (7%)	17,19,21	1.83	1 (5%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	NAG	I	821	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	L	801	1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
5	L	801	NAG	O7-C7	-3.71	1.14	1.23
5	I	821	NAG	O7-C7	-3.67	1.14	1.23

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
5	L	801	NAG	C1-O5-C5	6.54	121.05	112.19

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	L	801	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
5	L	801	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	I	821	NAG	1	0

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2			OWAB(Å^2)	Q<0.9
1	I	418/432 (96%)	-0.36	14 (3%)	46	41	13, 43, 90, 126	0
1	L	423/432 (97%)	-0.47	15 (3%)	44	38	11, 33, 86, 133	0
All	All	841/864 (97%)	-0.41	29 (3%)	45	40	11, 38, 90, 133	0

The worst 5 of 29 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	L	38	GLN	5.1
1	I	384	ALA	4.4
1	I	28	LYS	4.4
1	L	34	GLU	4.2
1	I	385	SER	4.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å^2)	Q<0.9
3	BMA	B	3	11/12	0.40	0.51	141,145,146,147	0
3	NAG	C	2	14/15	0.69	0.34	94,100,105,107	0
3	NAG	D	1	14/15	0.70	0.35	85,95,98,106	0
3	BMA	D	3	11/12	0.70	0.42	116,117,118,118	0

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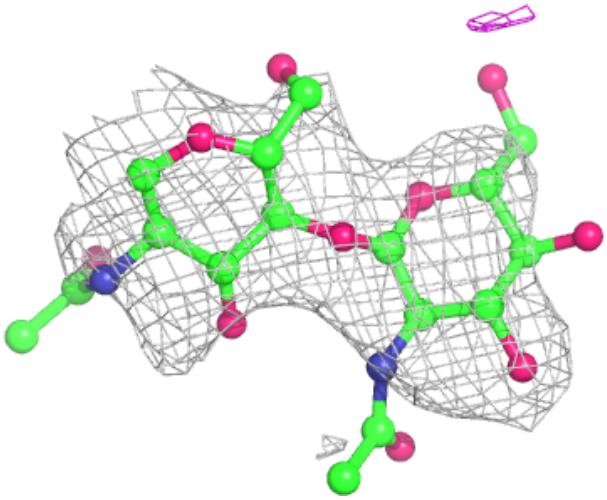
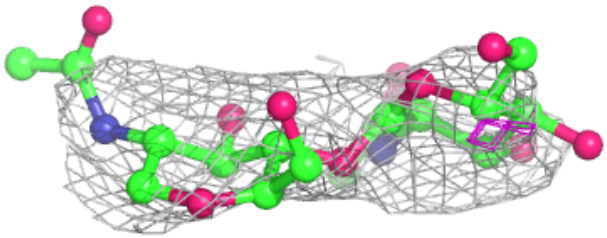
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å^2)	Q<0.9
2	NAG	A	2	14/15	0.74	0.60	127,128,131,132	0
3	BMA	C	3	11/12	0.74	0.41	109,109,110,111	0
3	NAG	B	2	14/15	0.76	0.36	106,112,123,132	0
3	NAG	D	2	14/15	0.77	0.41	113,119,122,123	0
2	NAG	A	1	14/15	0.83	0.46	116,122,125,125	0
3	NAG	C	1	14/15	0.86	0.24	74,81,91,94	0
4	Z9K	E	2	17/18	0.89	0.20	64,69,76,77	0
3	NAG	B	1	14/15	0.91	0.19	63,68,81,94	0
4	GU1	E	4	14/15	0.92	0.16	49,54,57,57	0
4	GU6	E	3	23/24	0.95	0.11	61,66,77,77	0
4	Z9H	E	5	21/22	0.95	0.12	42,56,60,61	0
4	GU1	F	4	14/15	0.95	0.15	39,46,48,49	0
4	Z9H	F	5	21/22	0.95	0.14	27,51,54,56	0
4	Z9K	F	2	17/18	0.97	0.11	29,34,43,45	0
4	GU6	F	3	23/24	0.97	0.10	29,36,41,43	0
4	Z9L	E	1	25/25	0.97	0.15	49,57,66,69	0
4	Z9L	F	1	25/25	0.97	0.12	29,37,42,43	0

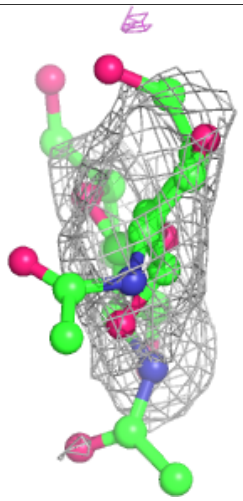
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

Electron density around Chain A:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

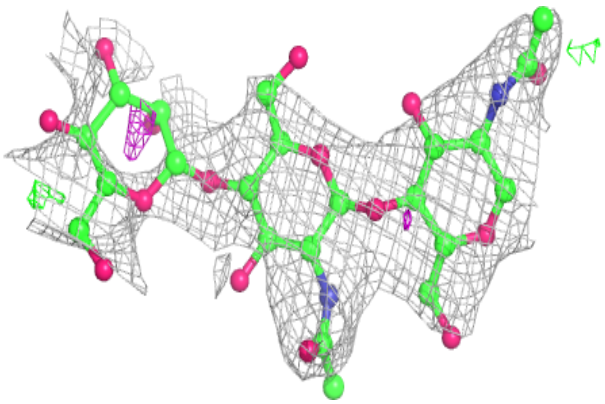


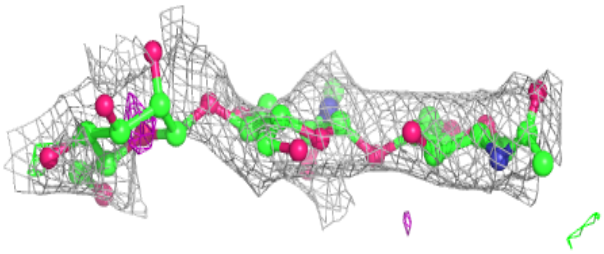


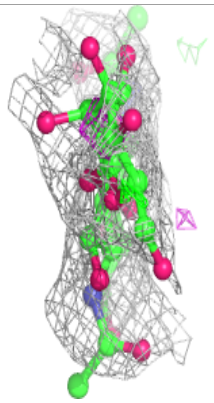


Electron density around Chain B:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

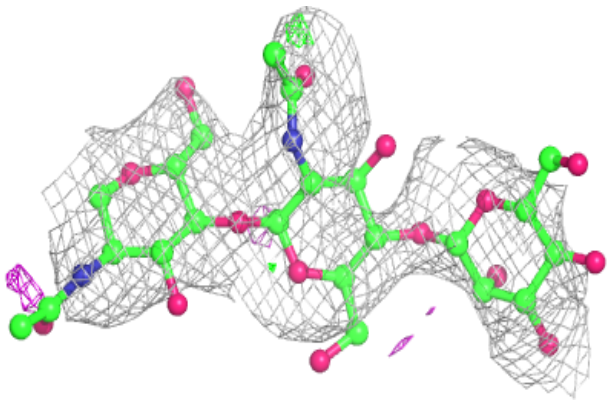


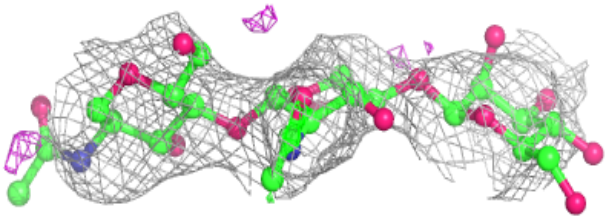


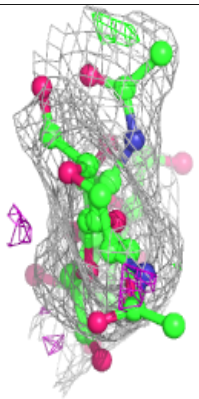


Electron density around Chain C:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

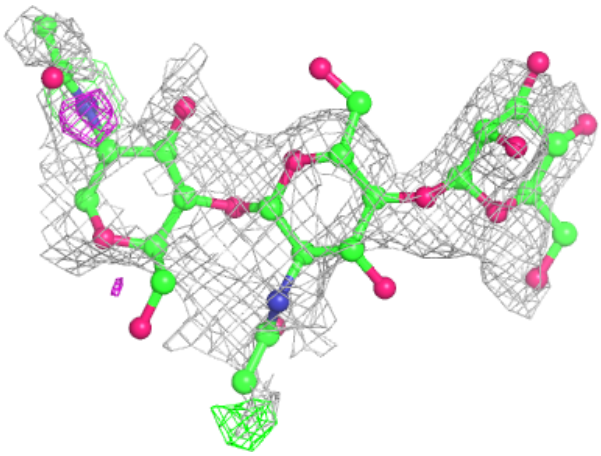


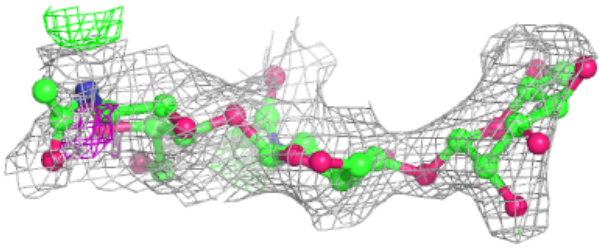


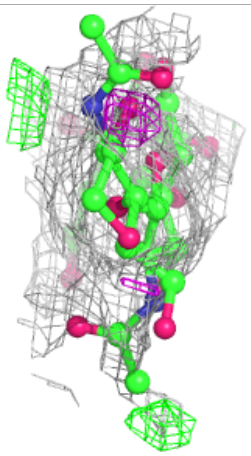


Electron density around Chain D:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

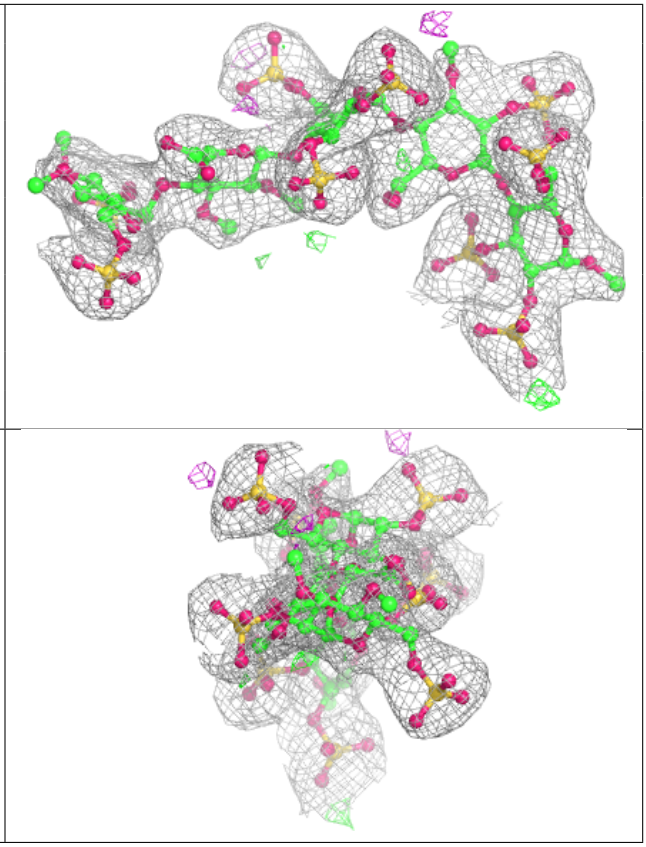






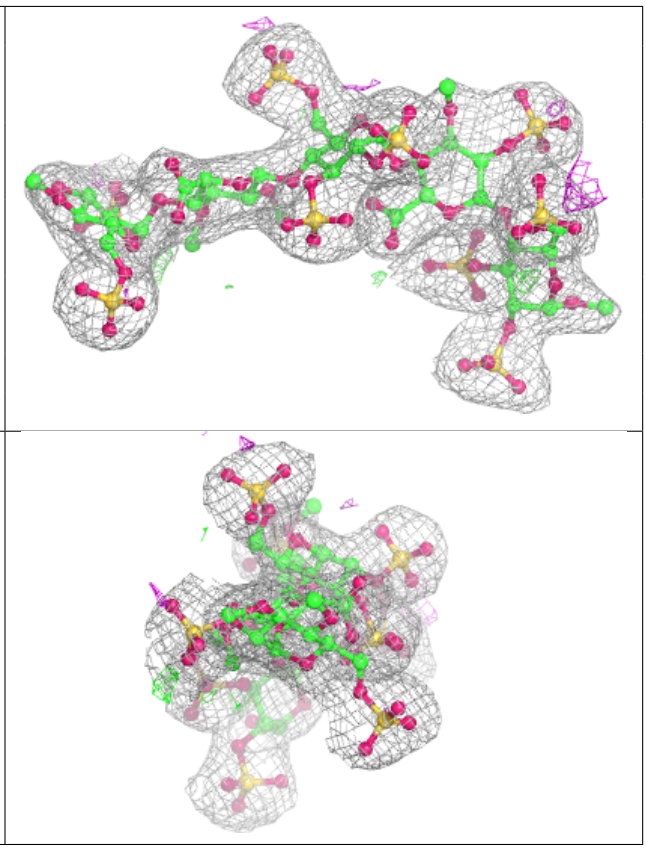
Electron density around Chain E:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



Electron density around Chain F:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å^2)	Q<0.9
5	NAG	I	821	14/15	0.70	0.55	125,127,130,131	0
5	NAG	L	801	14/15	0.75	0.49	103,110,114,114	0

6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.