wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Sep 5, 2023 – 05:17 PM EDT

PDB ID	:	4DD8
Title	:	ADAM-8 metalloproteinase domain with bound batimastat
Authors	:	Hall, T.; Shieh, H.S.; Day, J.E.; Caspers, N.; Chrencik, J.E.; Williams, J.M.; Pegg, L.E.; Pauley, A.M.; Moon, A.F.; Krahn, J.M.; Fischer, D.H.; Kiefer, J.R.; Tomasselli, A.G.; Zack, M.D.
Deposited on	:	2012-01-18
Resolution	:	2.10 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at
http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

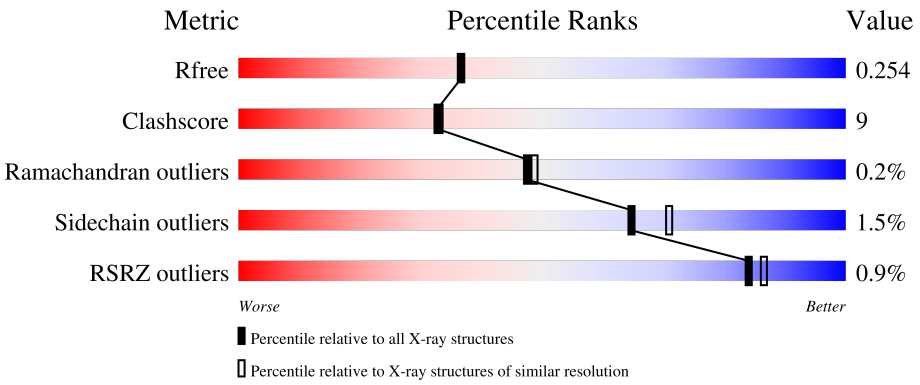
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
EDS	:	2.35
buster-report	:	1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.35

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.10 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	130704	5197 (2.10-2.10)
Clashscore	141614	5710 (2.10-2.10)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5647 (2.10-2.10)
Sidechain outliers	138945	5648 (2.10-2.10)
RSRZ outliers	127900	5083 (2.10-2.10)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	208	76% 20% • •
1	B	208	77% 21% •
1	C	208	.% 78% 18% •
1	D	208	.% 79% 21%

2 Entry composition (i)

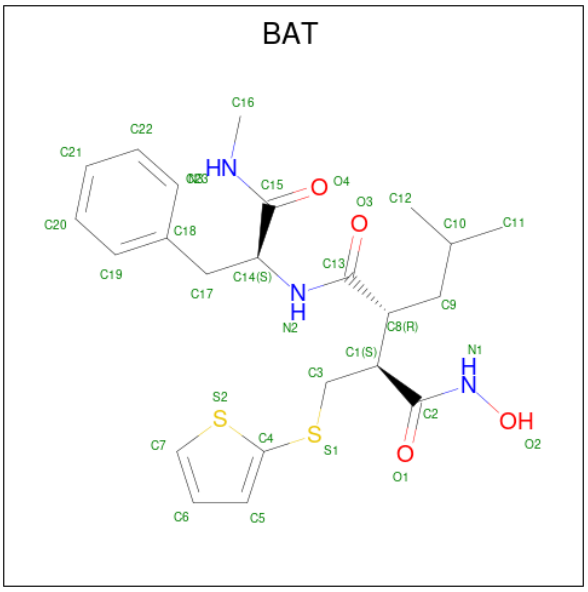
There are 8 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 6917 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Disintegrin and metalloproteinase domain-containing protein 8.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	A	201	1551	959	277	300	15	0	3	0
1	B	205	1603	989	300	300	14	0	2	0
1	C	201	1575	974	289	297	15	0	3	0
1	D	208	1623	1002	296	309	16	0	3	0

- Molecule 2 is 4-(N-HYDROXYAMINO)-2R-ISOBUTYL-2S-(2-THIENYLTHIOMETHYL) SUCCINYL-L-PHENYLALANINE-N-METHYLAMIDE (three-letter code: BAT) (formula: $C_{23}H_{31}N_3O_4S_2$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	C	N	O	S		
2	A	1	32	23	3	4	2	0	0

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Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	C	N	O	S		
2	B	1	32	23	3	4	2	0	0
			Total	C	N	O	S		
2	C	1	32	23	3	4	2	0	0
			Total	C	N	O	S		
2	D	1	32	23	3	4	2	0	0

- Molecule 3 is CALCIUM ION (three-letter code: CA) (formula: Ca).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	Ca		
3	A	1	1	1	0	0
			Total	Ca		
3	B	1	1	1	0	0
			Total	Ca		
3	C	1	1	1	0	0
			Total	Ca		
3	D	1	1	1	0	0

- Molecule 4 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	Zn		
4	A	1	1	1	0	0
			Total	Zn		
4	B	1	1	1	0	0
			Total	Zn		
4	C	1	1	1	0	0
			Total	Zn		
4	D	1	1	1	0	0

- Molecule 5 is SODIUM ION (three-letter code: NA) (formula: Na).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	Na		
5	A	2	2	2	0	0
			Total	Na		
5	B	2	2	2	0	0
			Total	Na		
5	C	2	2	2	0	0
			Total	Na		
5	D	2	2	2	0	0

- Molecule 6 is CHLORIDE ION (three-letter code: CL) (formula: Cl).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	Cl		
6	A	1	1	1	0	0
6	B	1	1	1	0	0
6	C	1	1	1	0	0
6	D	1	1	1	0	0

- Molecule 7 is POTASSIUM ION (three-letter code: K) (formula: K).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	K		
7	A	2	2	2	0	0

- Molecule 8 is water.

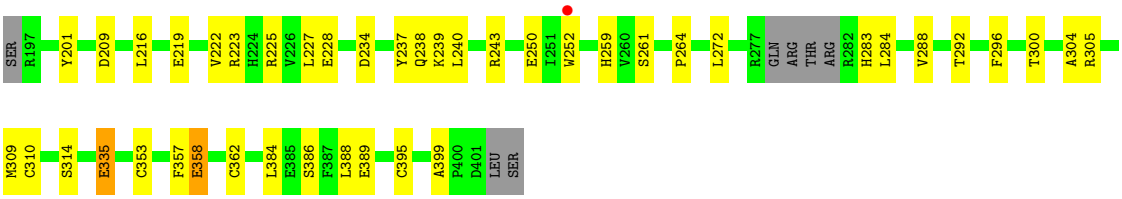
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	O		
8	A	105	105	105	0	0
8	B	101	101	101	0	0
8	C	100	100	100	0	0
8	D	109	109	109	0	0

3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

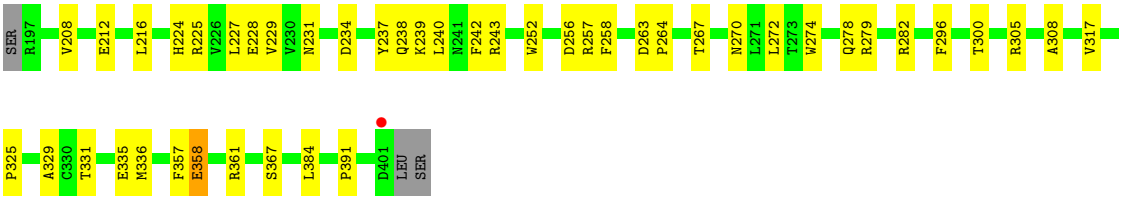
• Molecule 1: Disintegrin and metalloproteinase domain-containing protein 8

Chain A:



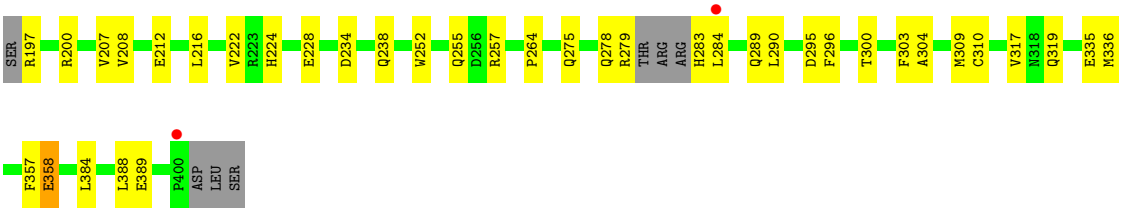
• Molecule 1: Disintegrin and metalloproteinase domain-containing protein 8

Chain B:



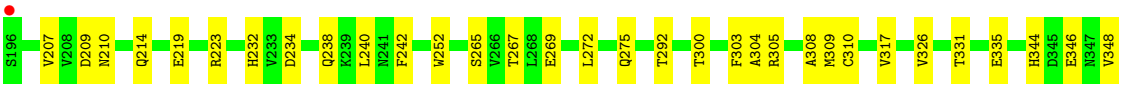
• Molecule 1: Disintegrin and metalloproteinase domain-containing protein 8

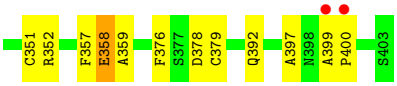
Chain C:



• Molecule 1: Disintegrin and metalloproteinase domain-containing protein 8

Chain D:




C351
R352
F357
E358
A359
F376
S377
D378
C379
Q392
A397
N398
A399
P400
S403

4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α, β, γ	91.60Å 50.90Å 93.50Å 90.00° 102.40° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	44.74 – 2.10 44.75 – 2.10	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	96.0 (44.74-2.10) 90.3 (44.75-2.10)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	0.11	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) >$ [1]	2.60 (at 2.10Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX (phenix.refine: 1.7_650), REFMAC	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.188 , 0.255 0.187 , 0.254	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	2373 reflections (4.81%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å^2)	19.3	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.209	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)	0.36 , 40.4	EDS
L-test for twinning[2]	$< \|L\| > = 0.43$, $< L^2 > = 0.25$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.279 for l,-k,h	Xtriage
Reported twinning fraction	0.260 for l,-k,h	Depositor
Outliers	1 of 49376 reflections (0.002%)	Xtriage
F_o,F_c correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	6917	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å^2)	24.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The analyses of the Patterson function reveals a significant off-origin peak that is 26.77 % of the origin peak, indicating pseudo-translational symmetry. The chance of finding a peak of this or larger height randomly in a structure without pseudo-translational symmetry is equal to 2.4786e-03.*

[1] Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

[2] Theoretical values of $< |L| >$, $< L^2 >$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: K, CA, NA, BAT, CL, ZN

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\#\|Z\|>5$	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\|>5$
1	A	0.24	0/1580	0.40	0/2144
1	B	0.24	0/1635	0.41	0/2216
1	C	0.24	0/1606	0.39	0/2176
1	D	0.23	0/1655	0.40	0/2242
All	All	0.24	0/6476	0.40	0/8778

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1551	0	1437	27	0
1	B	1603	0	1518	30	0
1	C	1575	0	1486	25	0
1	D	1623	0	1519	25	0
2	A	32	0	30	2	0
2	B	32	0	30	1	0
2	C	32	0	30	0	0
2	D	32	0	30	2	0
3	A	1	0	0	0	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	B	1	0	0	0	0
3	C	1	0	0	0	0
3	D	1	0	0	0	0
4	A	1	0	0	0	0
4	B	1	0	0	0	0
4	C	1	0	0	0	0
4	D	1	0	0	0	0
5	A	2	0	0	0	0
5	B	2	0	0	0	0
5	C	2	0	0	0	0
5	D	2	0	0	0	0
6	A	1	0	0	0	0
6	B	1	0	0	0	0
6	C	1	0	0	1	0
6	D	1	0	0	1	0
7	A	2	0	0	0	0
8	A	105	0	0	2	0
8	B	101	0	0	3	0
8	C	100	0	0	0	0
8	D	109	0	0	2	0
All	All	6917	0	6080	110	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 9.

The worst 5 of 110 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:272:LEU:HD12	1:A:305:ARG:HH21	1.41	0.86
1:C:275:GLN:HG3	1:C:284:LEU:HD12	1.56	0.86
1:A:304:ALA:HB2	1:A:335:GLU:HG3	1.57	0.85
1:B:361:ARG:HH22	1:B:367:SER:HB3	1.46	0.81
1:D:348:VAL:HG21	1:D:379[B]:CYS:SG	2.23	0.78

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	200/208 (96%)	191 (96%)	7 (4%)	2 (1%)	15	11
1	B	205/208 (99%)	198 (97%)	7 (3%)	0	100	100
1	C	200/208 (96%)	193 (96%)	7 (4%)	0	100	100
1	D	209/208 (100%)	201 (96%)	8 (4%)	0	100	100
All	All	814/832 (98%)	783 (96%)	29 (4%)	2 (0%)	47	49

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	284	LEU
1	A	283	HIS

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	167/181 (92%)	164 (98%)	3 (2%)	59	65
1	B	174/181 (96%)	172 (99%)	2 (1%)	73	79
1	C	172/181 (95%)	171 (99%)	1 (1%)	86	90
1	D	175/181 (97%)	171 (98%)	4 (2%)	50	55
All	All	688/724 (95%)	678 (98%)	10 (2%)	65	71

5 of 10 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	D	303	PHE
1	D	358	GLU
1	D	392	GLN
1	B	242	PHE
1	B	358	GLU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (4) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	275	GLN
1	C	238	GLN
1	D	210	ASN
1	D	259	HIS

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 26 ligands modelled in this entry, 22 are monoatomic - leaving 4 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$
2	BAT	A	1000	4	31,33,33	1.28	3 (9%)	31,43,43	1.56	5 (16%)

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$
2	BAT	B	1000	4	31,33,33	1.31	3 (9%)	31,43,43	1.56	5 (16%)
2	BAT	C	1000	4	31,33,33	1.30	3 (9%)	31,43,43	1.57	5 (16%)
2	BAT	D	1000	4	31,33,33	1.33	2 (6%)	31,43,43	1.62	6 (19%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	BAT	A	1000	4	-	1/35/37/37	0/2/2/2
2	BAT	B	1000	4	-	1/35/37/37	0/2/2/2
2	BAT	C	1000	4	-	1/35/37/37	0/2/2/2
2	BAT	D	1000	4	-	0/35/37/37	0/2/2/2

The worst 5 of 11 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	D	1000	BAT	C2-N1	5.02	1.40	1.33
2	B	1000	BAT	C2-N1	4.85	1.40	1.33
2	A	1000	BAT	C2-N1	4.69	1.40	1.33
2	C	1000	BAT	C2-N1	4.67	1.39	1.33
2	D	1000	BAT	C15-N3	3.21	1.37	1.33

The worst 5 of 21 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
2	C	1000	BAT	C14-C15-N3	-3.92	111.03	116.99
2	B	1000	BAT	C14-C15-N3	-3.92	111.04	116.99
2	A	1000	BAT	C8-C13-N2	-3.90	111.34	116.00
2	D	1000	BAT	C14-C15-N3	-3.85	111.14	116.99
2	A	1000	BAT	C14-C15-N3	-3.77	111.27	116.99

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	A	1000	BAT	C1-C3-S1-C4
2	C	1000	BAT	C1-C3-S1-C4
2	B	1000	BAT	C1-C3-S1-C4

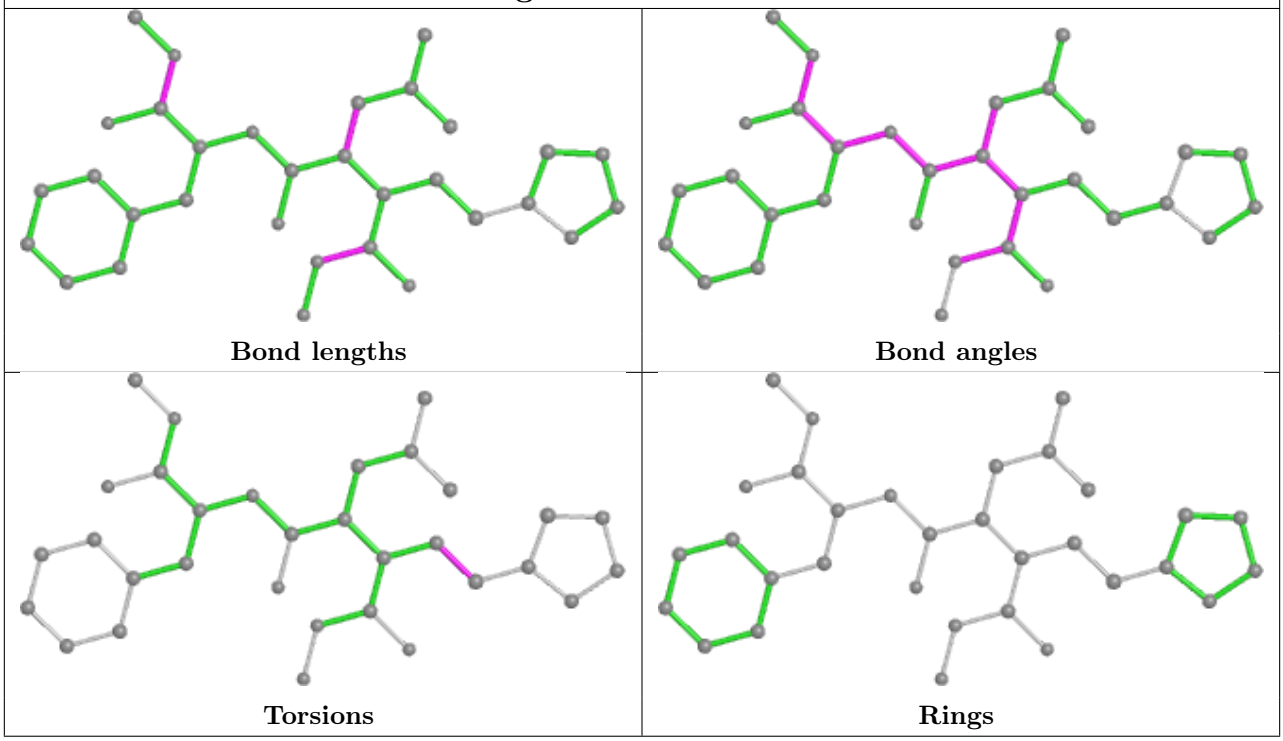
There are no ring outliers.

3 monomers are involved in 5 short contacts:

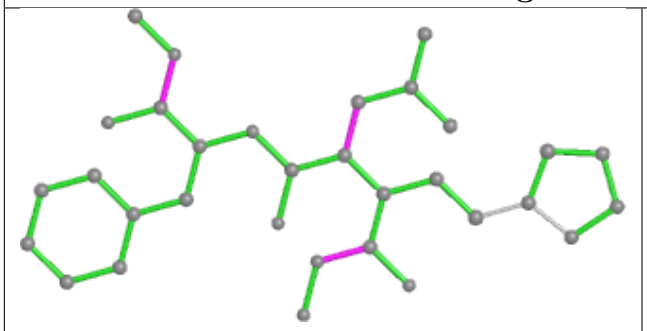
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	A	1000	BAT	2	0
2	B	1000	BAT	1	0
2	D	1000	BAT	2	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

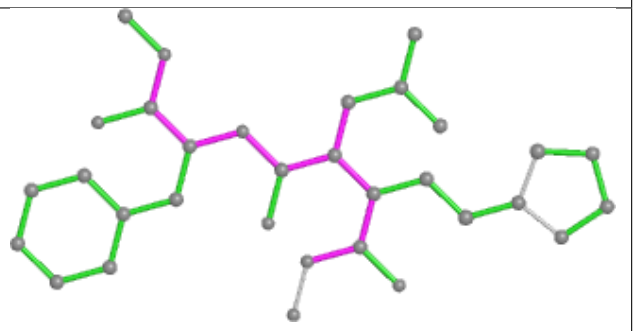
Ligand BAT A 1000



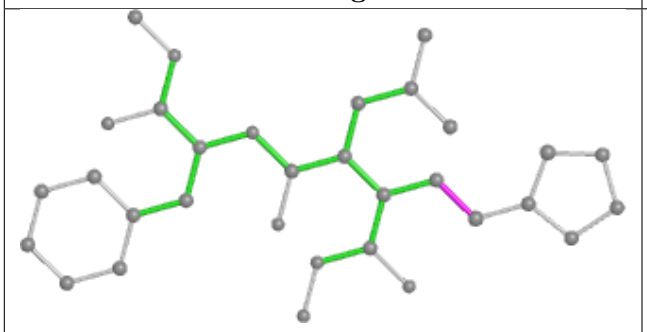
Ligand BAT B 1000



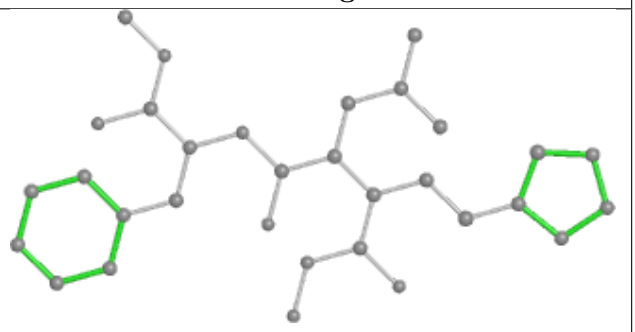
Bond lengths



Bond angles

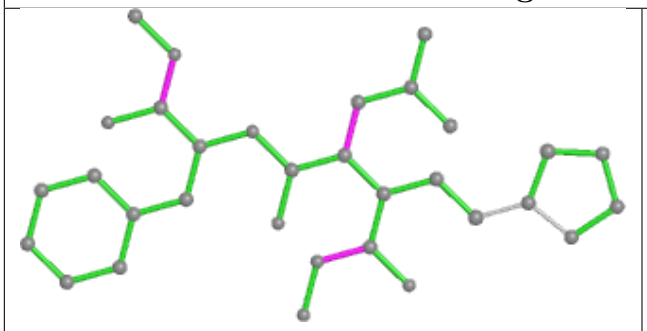


Torsions

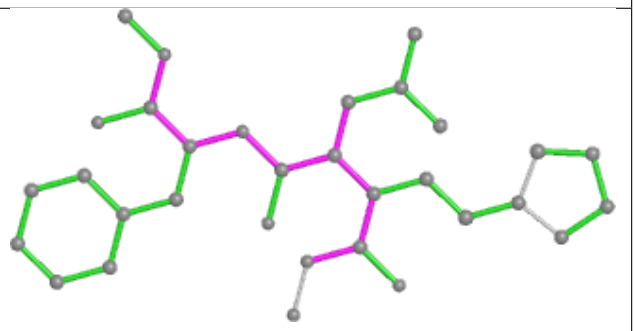


Rings

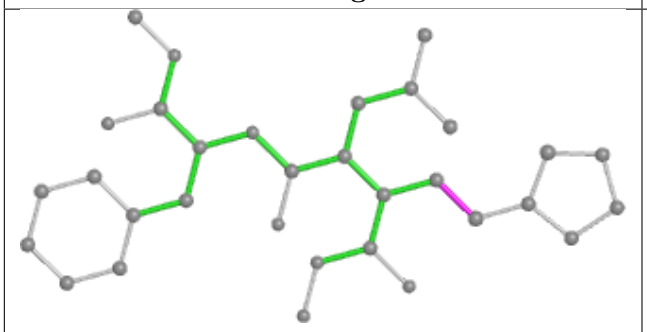
Ligand BAT C 1000



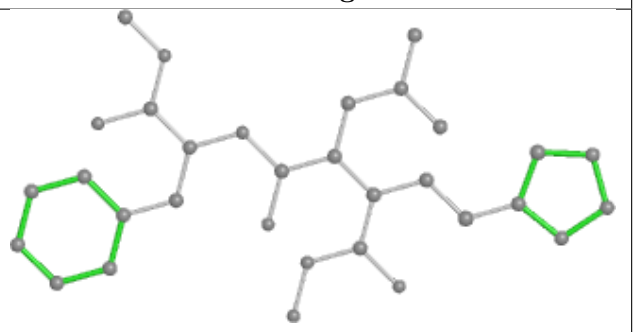
Bond lengths



Bond angles

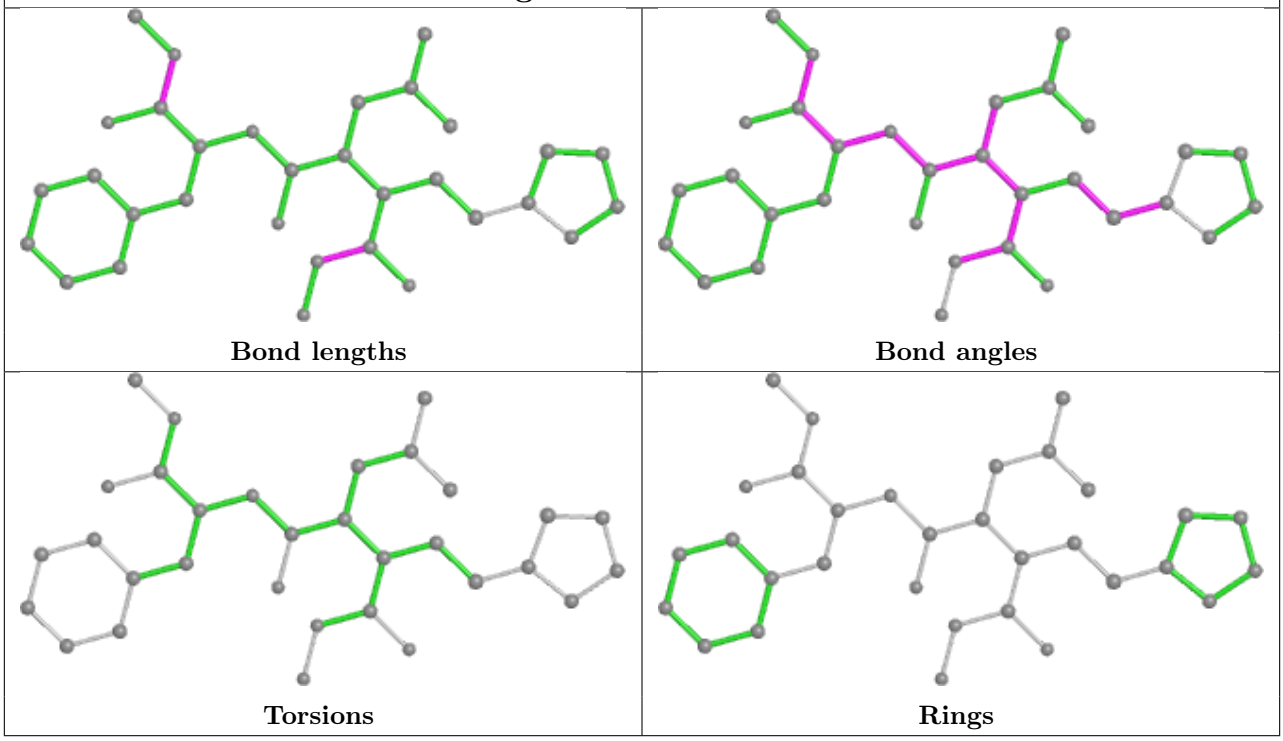


Torsions



Rings

Ligand BAT D 1000



5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2			OWAB(Å^2)	Q<0.9
1	A	201/208 (96%)	-0.00	1 (0%)	91	92	11, 23, 35, 57	0
1	B	205/208 (98%)	-0.07	1 (0%)	91	92	11, 22, 33, 53	0
1	C	201/208 (96%)	-0.01	2 (0%)	82	85	13, 23, 37, 48	0
1	D	208/208 (100%)	0.06	3 (1%)	75	78	12, 26, 37, 61	0
All	All	815/832 (97%)	-0.00	7 (0%)	84	86	11, 23, 36, 61	0

The worst 5 of 7 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	D	399	ALA	3.7
1	D	196	SER	3.6
1	C	400	PRO	3.4
1	C	284	LEU	2.2
1	B	401	ASP	2.2

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands (i)

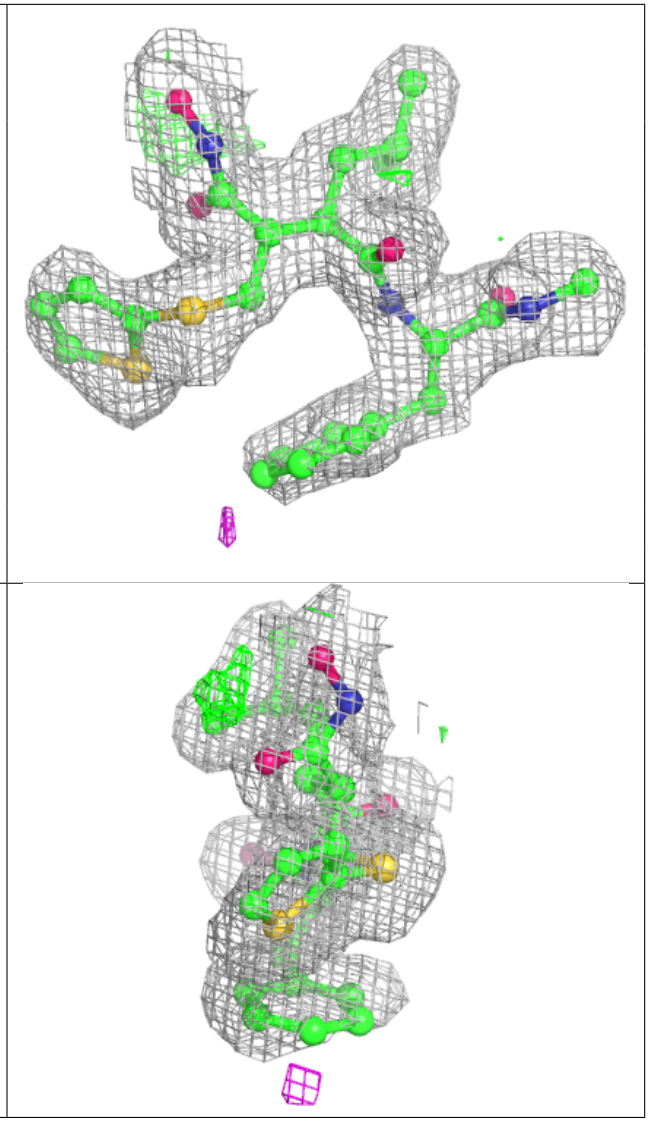
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å^2)	Q<0.9
7	K	A	1007	1/1	0.76	0.15	36,36,36,36	0
5	NA	A	1005	1/1	0.81	0.10	45,45,45,45	0
5	NA	C	1005	1/1	0.87	0.21	39,39,39,39	0
5	NA	B	1005	1/1	0.88	0.06	34,34,34,34	0
2	BAT	B	1000	32/32	0.91	0.14	12,25,35,45	0
2	BAT	C	1000	32/32	0.92	0.12	15,22,35,37	0
2	BAT	D	1000	32/32	0.92	0.13	18,27,33,34	4
5	NA	D	1005	1/1	0.92	0.17	40,40,40,40	0
2	BAT	A	1000	32/32	0.92	0.16	14,25,33,41	5
6	CL	A	1004	1/1	0.94	0.06	34,34,34,34	0
5	NA	C	1003	1/1	0.95	0.06	18,18,18,18	0
5	NA	A	1003	1/1	0.95	0.09	13,13,13,13	0
6	CL	B	1004	1/1	0.95	0.06	33,33,33,33	0
5	NA	D	1003	1/1	0.95	0.07	17,17,17,17	0
3	CA	C	1001	1/1	0.96	0.07	24,24,24,24	0
6	CL	C	1004	1/1	0.96	0.08	37,37,37,37	0
7	K	A	1006	1/1	0.96	0.11	30,30,30,30	0
3	CA	D	1001	1/1	0.96	0.05	31,31,31,31	0
6	CL	D	1004	1/1	0.97	0.05	32,32,32,32	0
3	CA	B	1001	1/1	0.98	0.05	24,24,24,24	0
3	CA	A	1001	1/1	0.98	0.06	20,20,20,20	0
5	NA	B	1003	1/1	0.99	0.08	18,18,18,18	0
4	ZN	C	1002	1/1	1.00	0.10	18,18,18,18	0
4	ZN	D	1002	1/1	1.00	0.10	17,17,17,17	0
4	ZN	A	1002	1/1	1.00	0.12	18,18,18,18	0
4	ZN	B	1002	1/1	1.00	0.13	18,18,18,18	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

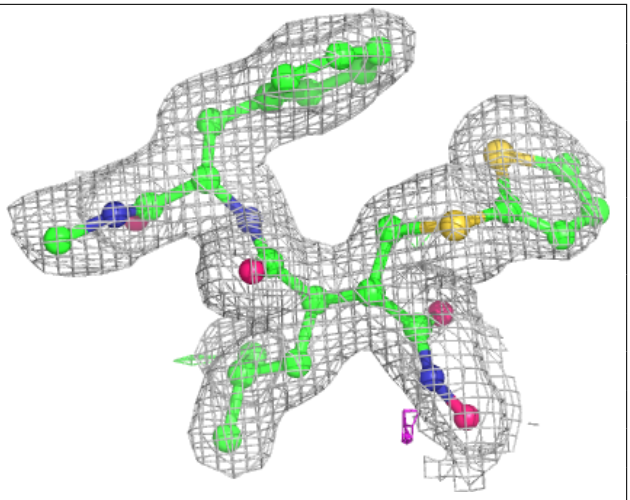
Electron density around BAT B 1000:

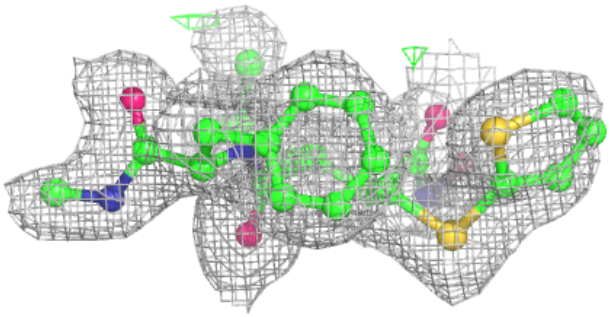
$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

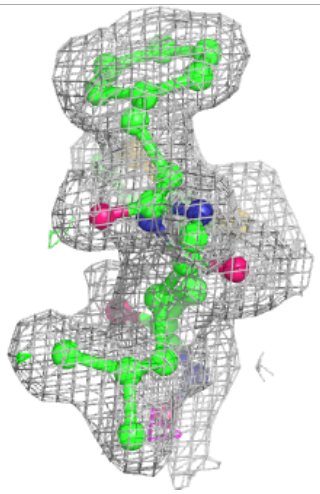


Electron density around BAT C 1000:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

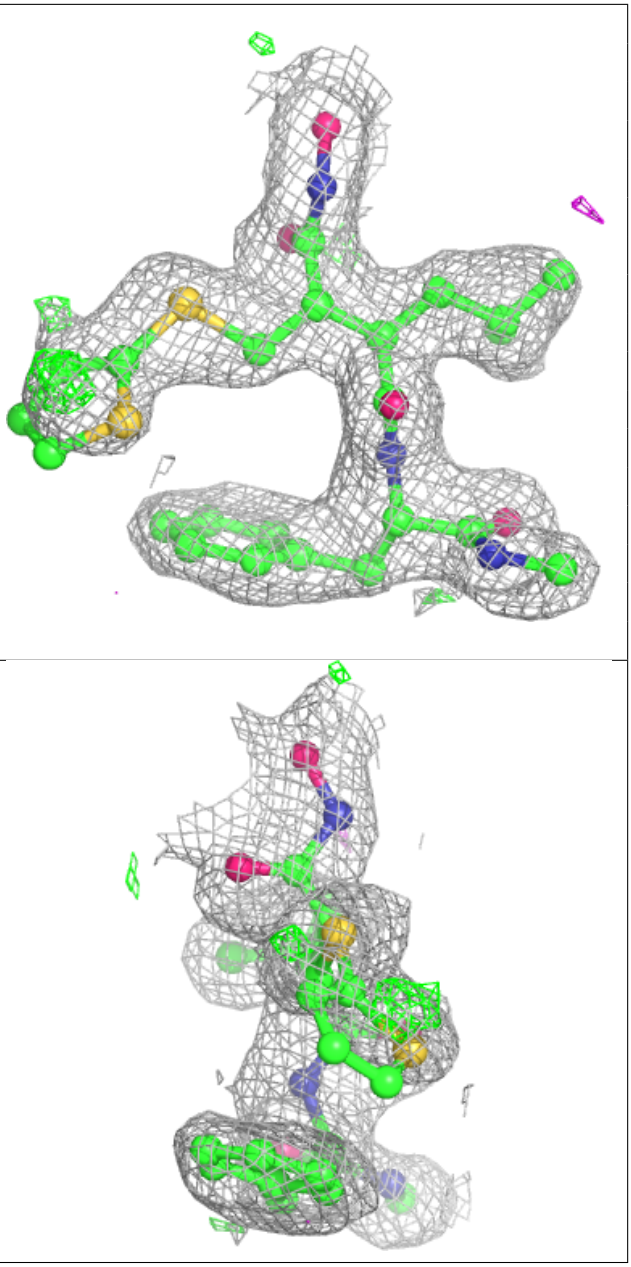






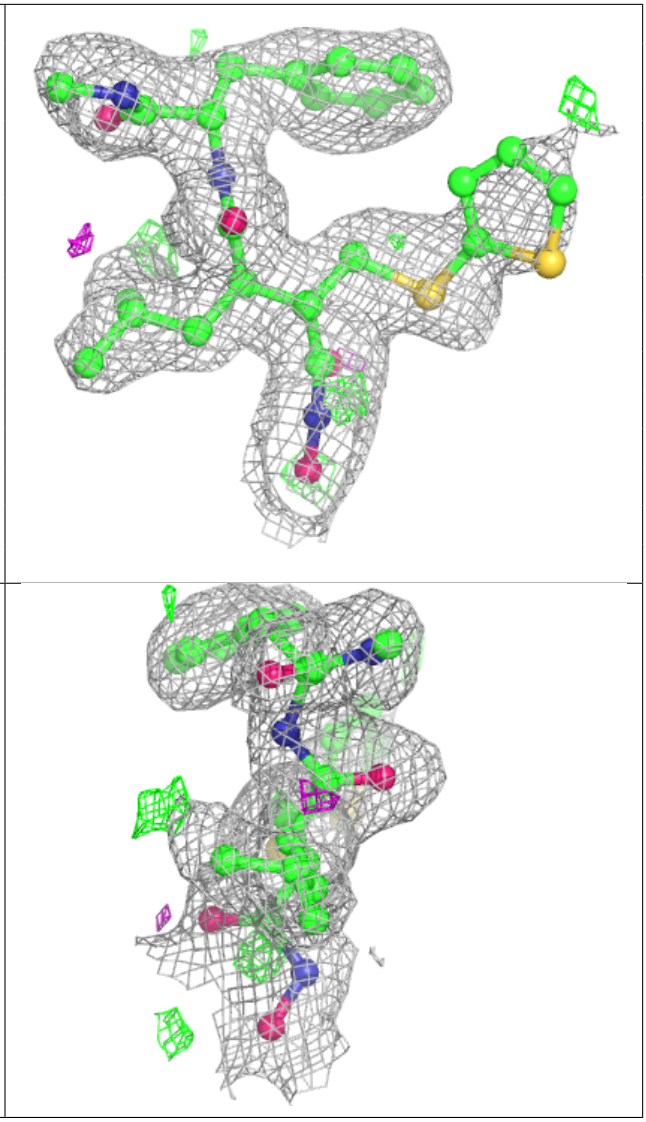
Electron density around BAT D 1000:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



Electron density around BAT A 1000:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.